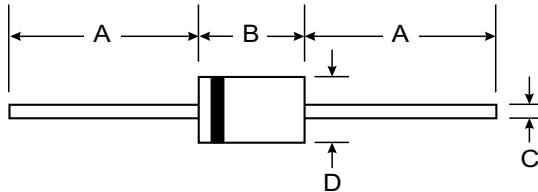


Features

- Low cost
- Diffused junction
- Low leakage
- Low forward voltage drop
- High current capability
- Easily cleaned with Freon, Alcohol, Isopropanol and similar solvents
- The plastic material carries U/L recognition 94V-0



Mechanical Data

- Case: JEDEC DO-41, molded plastic
- Terminals: Axial lead, solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
- Polarity: Color band denotes cathode
- Weight: 0.012 ounces, 0.34 grams
- Mounting position: Any

DO-41		
Dim	Min	Max
A	25.40	—
B	4.06	5.21
C	0.71	0.864
D	2.00	2.72

All Dimensions in mm

Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics

® $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

		ERA32 - 01	ERA32 - 02	UNITS
Maximum recurrent peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	100	200	V
Maximum RMS voltage	V_{RMS}	70	140	V
Maximum DC blocking voltage	V_{DC}	100	200	V
Maximum average forward rectified current 9.5mm lead length, $@T_A=75^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{F(AV)}$	1.0		A
Peak forward surge current 8.3ms single half-sine-wave superimposed on rated load $@T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	I_{FSM}	40.0		A
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage $@ 1.0\text{A}$	V_F	0.92		V
Maximum reverse current $@T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ at rated DC blocking voltage $@T_A=100^\circ\text{C}$	I_R	5.0 50.0		A
Maximum reverse recovery time (Note1)	t_{rr}	50		ns
Typical junction capacitance (Note2)	C_J	20		pF
Typical thermal resistance (Note3)	$R_{\theta JA}$	60		°C/W
Operating junction temperature range	T_J	- 55 ----- + 150		°C
Storage temperature range	T_{STG}	- 55 ----- + 150		°C

NOTE: 1. Measured with $I_F=0.5\text{A}$, $I_R=1\text{A}$, $I_n=0.25\text{A}$.

2. Measured at 1.0MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V DC.

3. Thermal resistance from junction to ambient.

FIG.1-TEST CIRCUIT DIAGRAM AND REVERSE RECOVERY TIME CHARACTERISTIC

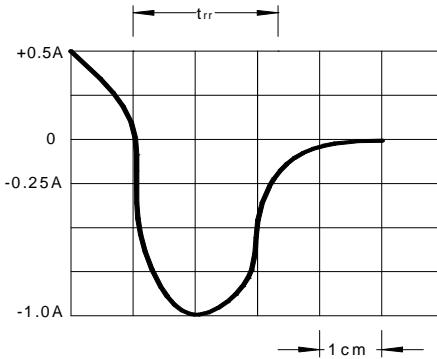
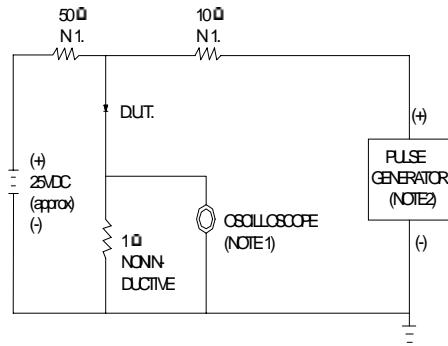


FIG.3 –FORWARD DERATING CURVE

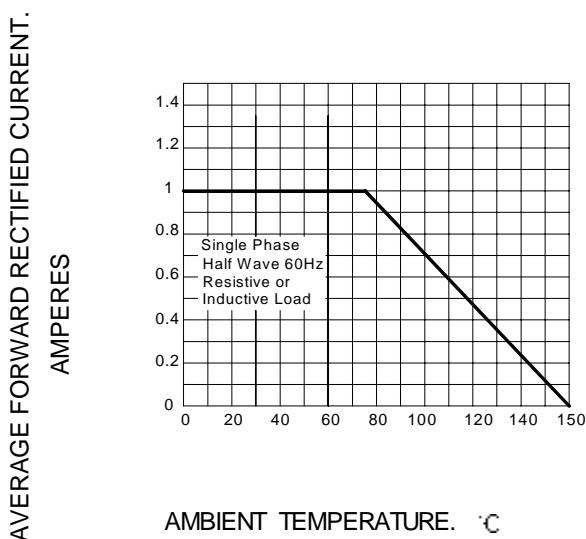


FIG.4-TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

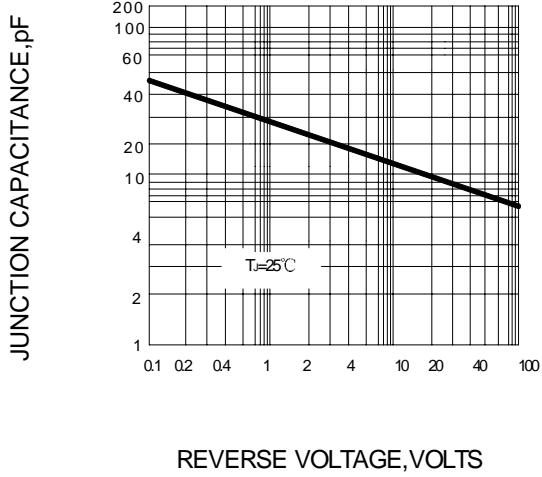


FIG.5-PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

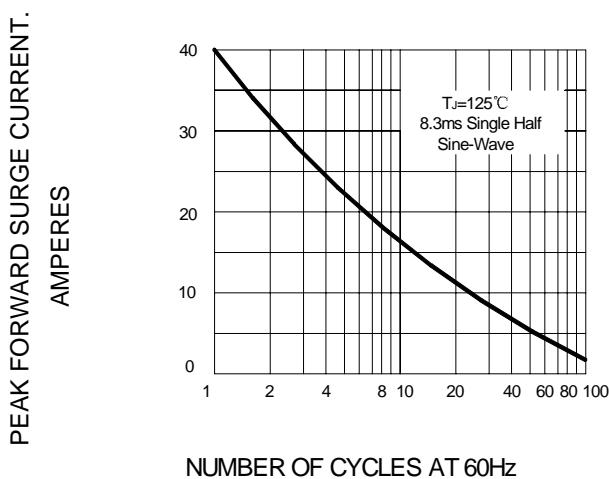


FIG.1 – TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTIC

