

Quad Low Power Line Receivers

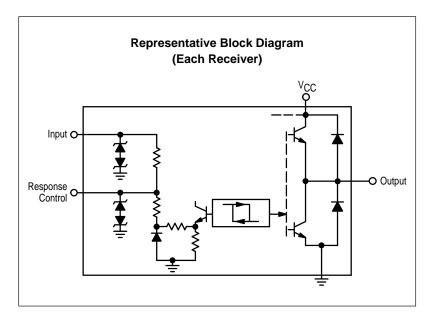
The MC14C89B and MC14C89AB are low monolithic quad line receivers using bipolar technology, which conform to the EIA–232–E, EIA–562 and CCITT V.28 Recommendations. The outputs feature LSTTL and CMOS compatibility for easy interface to +5.0 V digital systems. Internal time–domain filtering eliminates the need for external filter capacitors in most cases.

The MC14C89B has an input hysteresis of 0.35 V, while the MC14C89AB hysteresis is 0.95 V. The response control pins allow adjustment of the threshold level if desired. Additionally, an external capacitor may be added for additional noise filtering.

The MC14C89B and MC14C89AB are available in both a 14 pin dual—in-line plastic DIP and SOIC package.

Features:

- Low Power Consumption
- Meets EIA-232-E, EIA-562, and CCITT V.28 Recommendations
- TTL/CMOS Compatible Outputs
- Standard Power Supply: + 5.0 V ±10%
- Pin Equivalent to MC1489, MC1489A, TI's SN75C189/A, SN75189/A and National Semiconductor's DS14C89/A
- External Filtering Not Required in Most Cases
- Threshold Level Externally Adjustable
- Hysteresis: 0.35 V for MC14C89B, 0.95 V for MC14C89AB
- Available in Plastic DIP, and Surface Mount Packaging
- Operating Ambient Temperature: –40° to +85°C



MC14C89B, AB

QUAD LOW POWER LINE RECEIVERS

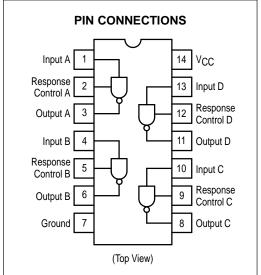
SEMICONDUCTOR
TECHNICAL DATA



P SUFFIX
PLASTIC PACKAGE
CASE 646



D SUFFIXPLASTIC PACKAGE
CASE 751A
(SO-14)



ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Operating Temperature Range	Package
MC14C89BP		Plastic DIP
MC14C89ABP	$T_A = -40^{\circ} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	Plastic DIP
MC14C89ABD		SO-14

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage VCC(max) VCC(min)	Vcc	+ 7.0 - 0.5	Vdc
Input Voltage	V _{in}	± 30	Vdc
Output Load Current	IO	Self-Limiting	_
Junction Temperature	TJ	− 65, + 150	°C

Devices should not be operated at these limits. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table provides for actual device operation.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	Vdc
Input Voltage	V _{in}	-25	_	25	Vdc
Output Current Capability	lo	-7.5	_	6.0	mA
Operating Ambient Temperature	TA	-40	_	85	°C

All limits are not necessarily functional concurrently.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $(-40^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)*

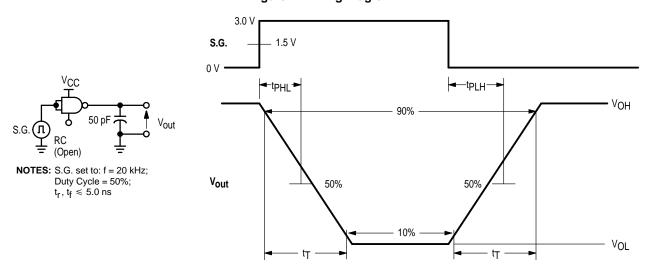
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Current ($I_{Out} = 0$) $I_{CC} @ +4.5 V \le V_{CC} \le +5.5 V$	ICC	_	330	700	μА
$\begin{array}{lll} & \text{Output Voltage} - \text{High, V}_{\text{in}} \leqslant & 0.4 \text{ V (See Figures 2 and 3)} \\ & \text{I}_{\text{out}} = -20 \mu\text{A} & \text{V}_{\text{CC}} = 4.5 \text{ V} \\ & \text{V}_{\text{CC}} = 5.5 \text{ V} \\ & \text{I}_{\text{out}} = -3.2 \text{mA} & \text{V}_{\text{CC}} = 4.5 \text{ V} \\ & \text{V}_{\text{CC}} = 5.5 \text{ V} \\ & \text{Output Voltage} - \text{Low,} & \text{V}_{\text{in}} \geqslant 2.4 \text{ V} \\ & \text{I}_{\text{out}} = 3.2 \text{mA} & \text{V}_{\text{CC}} = 4.5 \text{ V} \\ & \text{V}_{\text{CC}} = 5.5 \text{ V} \\ \end{array}$	VOH	3.5 3.5 2.5 2.5 -	3.8 4.8 3.7 4.7	- - - - 0.4	Vdc
Output Short Circuit Current** (V _{CC} = 5.5 V, see Figure 4) Normally High Output shorted to ground Normally Low Output shorted to V _{CC}	los	-35 -	-13.9 +10.3	- 35	mA
Input Threshold Voltage (V _{CC} = 5.0 V) (MC14C89AB, see Figure 5) Low Level High Level (MC14C89B, see Figure 6) Low Level High Level	V _{IL} VIH VIL VIH	0.75 1.6 0.75 1.0	0.95 1.90 0.95 1.3	1.25 2.25 1.25 1.5	Vdc
Input Impedance (+4.5 V $<$ V _{CC} $<$ +5.5 V $-$ 25 V $<$ V _{in} $<$ +25 V)		3.0	5.5	7.0	kΩ

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Transition Time (10% to 90%) 4.5 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	tΤ	ı	0.08	0.30	μs
Propagation Delay Time 4.5 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V Output Low–to–High Output High–to–Low	^t PLH ^t PHL	<u>-</u>	3.35 2.55	6.0 6.0	μs
Input Noise Rejection (see Figure 9)		1.0	1.5	-	μs

^{*} Typicals reflect performance @ T_A = 25°C **Only one output shorted at a time, for not more than 1.0 seconds.

Figure 1. Timing Diagram

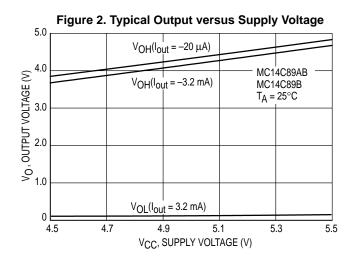


STANDARDS COMPLIANCE

The MC14C89B and MC14C89AB are designed to comply with EIA–232–E (formerly RS–232), the newer EIA–562 (which is a higher speed version of the EIA–232), and CCITT V.28 Recommendations. EIA–562 was written around modern integrated circuit technology, whereas EIA–232 retains many of the specifications written around the

electro-mechanical circuitry in use at the time of its creation. Yet the user will find enough similarities to allow a certain amount of compatibility among equipment built to the two standards. Following is a summary of the key specifications relating to the systems and the receivers.

Parameter	EIA-232-E	EIA-562
Max Data Rate	20 kBaud	38.4 kBaud Asynchronous 64 kBaud Synchronous
Max Cable Length	50 feet	Based on cable capacitance/data rate
Transition Region	-3.0 V to +3.0 V	-3.0 V to +3.0 V
MARK (one, off)	More negative than -3.0 V	More negative than –3.3 V
SPACE (zero, on)	More positive than +3.0 V	More positive than +3.3 V
Fail Safe	Output = Binary 1	Output = Binary 1
Open Circuit Input Voltage	< 2.0 V	Not Specified
Slew Rate (at the driver)	≤30 V/µs anywhere on the waveform	≤30 V/μs anywhere on the waveform, ≥4.0 V/μs between +3.0 V and −3.0 V
Loaded Output Voltage (at the driver)	$5.0~\text{V} \leqslant \text{V}_{\mbox{O}} \leqslant 15~\text{V}$ for loads between $3.0~\text{k}\Omega$ and $7.0~\text{k}\Omega$	$ V_O \ge 3.7 \text{ V for a load of } 3.0 \text{ k}\Omega$



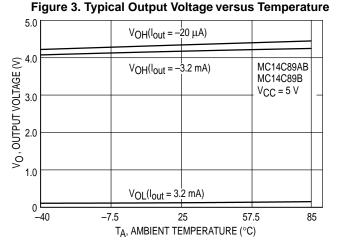


Figure 4. Typical Short Circuit Current versus Temperature 15 SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT (mA) 10 Normally Low Output Shorted to VCC MC14C89AB MC14C89B 5.0 V_CC = 5.5 V 0 -5.0 -10 Normally High Output Shorted to Ground

-40

-7.5

Figure 5. Typical Threshold Voltage versus Temperature 2.0 ۷ін INPUT THRESHOLD VOLTAGE (Vdc) 1.8 MC14C89AB $4.5\,\mathrm{V} < \mathrm{V_{CC}} < 5.5\,\mathrm{V}$ 1.6 1.2 V_{IL} 0.8 -40 -7.5 25 85 TA, AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (°C)

Figure 6. Typical Threshold Voltage versus Temperature

25

T_A, AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (°C)

57.5

85

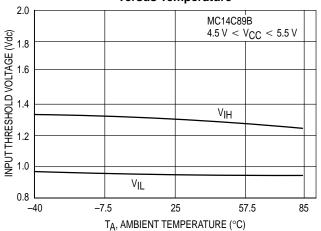


Figure 7. Typical Effect of Response **Control Pin Bias**

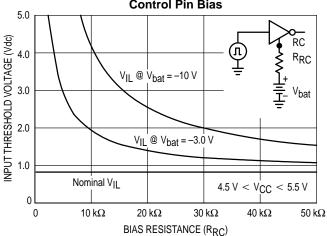
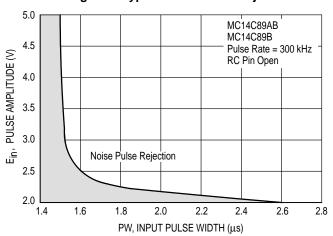


Figure 8. Typical Noise Pulse Rejection



MC14C89B, AB **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

Description

The MC14C89AB and MC14C89B are designed to be direct replacements for the MC1489A and MC1489. Both devices meet all EIA-232 specifications and also the faster EIA-562 and CCITT V.28 specifications. Noise pulse rejection circuitry eliminates the need for most response control filter capacitors but does not exclude the possibility as filtering is still possible at the Response Control (RC) pins. Also, the Response Control pins allow for a user defined selection of the threshold voltages. The MC14C89AB and MC14C89B are manufactured with a bipolar technology using low power techniques and consume at most 700 µA, plus load currents with a +5.0 V supply.

Outputs

The output low or high voltage depends on the state of the inputs, the load current, the bias of the Response Control pins, and the supply voltage. Table 1 applies to each receiver, regardless of how many other receivers within the package are supplying load current.

Table 1. Function Table Receivers

Input*	Output*
Н	L
L	Н

*The asterisk denotes A, B, C, or D.

Receiver Inputs and Response Control

The receiver inputs determine the state of the outputs in accordance with Table 1. The nominal VIL and VIH thresholds are 0.95 V and 1.90 V respectively for the MC14C89AB. For the MC14C89B, the nominal VIL and VIH thresholds are 0.95 and 1.30, respectively. The inputs are able to withstand ±30 V referenced to ground. Should the input voltage exceed ground by more than ±30 V, excessive currents will flow at the input pin. Open input pins will generate a logic high output, but good design practices dictate that inputs should never be left open.

The Response Control (RC) pins are coupled to the inputs through a resistor string. The RC pins provide for adjustment of the threshold voltages of the IC while preserving the amount of hysteresis. Figure 10 shows a typical application to adjust the threshold voltages. The RC pins also provide access to an internal resistor string which permits low pass filtering of the input signal within the IC. Like the input pins. the RC pins should not be taken above or below ground by more than ± 30 V or excessive currents will flow at these pins. The dependence of the low level threshold voltage (VII) upon RRC and V_{bat} can be described by the following equation:

$$V_{IL} \simeq \left\{ V_{0.09} - V_{bat} \left[\frac{505 \Omega}{R_{RC} (1.6) + 2.02 \text{ k}\Omega} \right] \right\}$$
(1)
$$\left[\frac{5.32 \text{ k}\Omega + \frac{6.67 \times 106 \Omega^2}{R_{RC}}}{505 \Omega} \right]$$

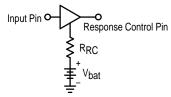
VIH can be found by calculating for VII using equation (1) then adding the hysteresis for each device (0.35 for the MC14C89B or 0.95 V for the MC14C89AB). Figure 7 plots equation (1) for two values of V_{bat} and a range of R_{RC}.

If an RC pin is to be used for low pass filtering, the capacitor chosen can be calculated by the equation,

$$C_{RC} \simeq \frac{1}{2.02 \text{ k}\Omega 2\pi f_{-3dB}}$$
 (2)

where f_{-3dB} represents the desired -3 dB role-off frequency of the low pass filter.

Figure 9. Application to Adjust Thresholds



Another feature of the MC14C89AB and MC14C89B is input noise rejection. The inputs have the ability to ignore pulses which exceed the VIH and VII thresholds but are less than 1.0 µs in duration. As the duration of the pulse exceeds 1.0 us, the noise pulse may still be ignored depending on its amplitude. Figure 8 is a graph showing typical input noise rejection as a function of pulse amplitude and pulse duration. Figure 8 reflects data taken for an input with an unconnected RC pin and applied to the MC14C89AB and MC14C89B.

Operating Temperature Range

The ambient operating temperature range is listed as -40°C to +85°C, and the devices are designed to meet the EIA-232-E, EIA-562 and CCITT V.28 specifications over this temperature range. The timing characteristics are quaranteed to meet the specifications at +25°C. The maximum ambient operating temperature is listed as +85°C. However, a lower ambient may be required depending on system use (i.e., specifically how many receivers within a package are used), and at what current levels they are operating. The maximum power which may be dissipated within the package is determined by:

$$P_{D(max)} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

where: $R_{\theta,JA}$ = thermal resistance (typ., 100°C/W for the DIP and 125°C/W for the SOIC packages);

 $T_{J(max)}$ = maximum operating junction temperature (150°C); and

 $\begin{aligned} T_{A} &= \text{ambient temperature}. \\ P_{D} &= \{ [(V_{CC} - V_{OH}) \times |I_{OH}|] \text{ or } \end{aligned}$

[(VOL)×|IOL|]}each receiver + (VCC×ICC)

where: V_{CC} = positive supply voltage;

VOH, VOL = measured or estimated from Figure 2

and 3:

ICC = measured quiescent supply current.

As indicated, the first term (in brackets) must be calculated and summed for each of the four receivers, while the last term is common to the entire package.

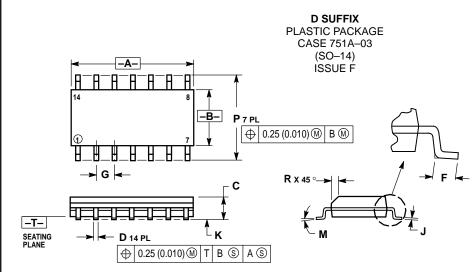
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

P SUFFIX PLASTIC PACKAGE CASE 646-06 ISSUE L В SEATING D

NOTES:

- 1. LEADS WITHIN 0.13 (0.005) RADIUS OF TRUE POSITION AT SEATING PLANE AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
- DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEADS WHEN FORMED PARALLEL
- DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH
- ROUNDED CORNERS OPTIONAL

	INCHES		MILLIN	IETERS
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.715	0.770	18.16	19.56
В	0.240	0.260	6.10	6.60
С	0.145	0.185	3.69	4.69
D	0.015	0.021	0.38	0.53
F	0.040	0.070	1.02	1.78
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
Н	0.052	0.095	1.32	2.41
J	0.008	0.015	0.20	0.38
K	0.115	0.135	2.92	3.43
L	0.300	BSC	BSC 7.62 BS0	
M	0°	10°	0°	10°
N	0.015	0.039	0.39	1.01



NOTES

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
- DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
- MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE
- DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION

	MILLIMETERS		METERS INCHES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	8.55	8.75	0.337	0.344
В	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
С	1.35	1.75	0.054	0.068
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019
F	0.40	1.25	0.016	0.049
G	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
J	0.19	0.25	0.008	0.009
K	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.009
М	0 °	7°	0 °	7°
Р	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244
R	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.019

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