SIEMENS

5-V Low-Drop Voltage Regulator

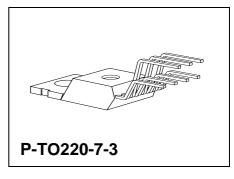
TLE 4267

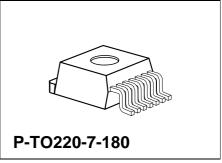
Bipolar IC

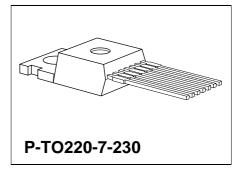
Features

- Output voltage tolerance ≤ ± 2 %
- Low-drop voltage
- Very low standby current consumption
- Input voltage up to 40 V
- Overvoltage protection up to 60 V (≤ 400 ms)
- Reset function down to 1 V output voltage
- ESD protection up to 2000 V
- Adjustable reset time
- On/off logic
- Overtemperature protection
- Reverse polarity protection
- Short-circuit proof
- Wide temperature range
- Suitable for use in automotive electronics

Туре	Ordering Code	Package
TLE 4267	Q67000-A9153	P-TO220-7-3
TLE 4267 G	Q67006-A9169	P-TO220-7-180 (SMD)
TLE 4267 S	Q67000-A9246	P-TO220-7-230







Functional Description

TLE 4267 is a 5-V low-drop voltage regulator in a

TO220-7 package. It supplies an output current of > 400 mA. The IC is shortcircuit-proof and incorporates temperature protection that disables the IC at overtemperature.

Application

The IC regulates an input voltage $V_{\rm I}$ in the range 5.5 V < $V_{\rm I}$ < 40 V to $V_{\rm Qrated}$ = 5.0 V. A reset signal is generated for an output voltage $V_{\rm Q}$ of < 4.5 V. The reset delay can be set with an external capacitor. The device has two logic inputs. It is turned-ON by a voltage of > 4 V on E2 by the ignition for example. It remains active as a function of the voltage on E6, even if the voltage on E2 goes Low. This makes it possible to implement a self-holding circuit without external components. When the device is turned-OFF, the output voltage drops to 0 V and current consumption tends towards 0 μ A.

Design Notes for External Components

The input capacitor $C_{\rm I}$ is necessary for compensation line influences. The resonant circuit consisting of lead inductance and input capacitance can be damped by a resistor of approx. 1 Ω in series with $C_{\rm I}$. The output capacitor is necessary for the stability of the regulating circuit. Stability is guaranteed at values of \geq 22 μ F and an ESR of \leq 3 Ω within the operating temperature range.

Circuit Description

The control amplifier compares a reference voltage, which is kept highly accurate by resistance adjustment, to a voltage that is proportional to the output voltage and drives the base of the series transistor via a buffer. Saturation control as a function of the load current prevents any over-saturating of the power element.

A comparator in the reset-generator block compares a reference that is independent of the input voltage to the scaled-down output voltage. If this reaches a value of 4.5 V, the reset-delay capacitor is discharged and then the reset output is set Low. As the output voltage increases again, the reset-delay capacitor is charged with constant current from $V_{\rm Q}$ = 4.5 V onwards. When the capacitor voltage reaches the upper switching threshold, reset goes High again. The reset delay can be set within wide range by selection of the external capacitor.

With the integrated turn-ON/turn-OFF logic it is simple to implement delayed turn-OFF without external components.

Truth Table for Turn-ON/Turn-OFF Logic

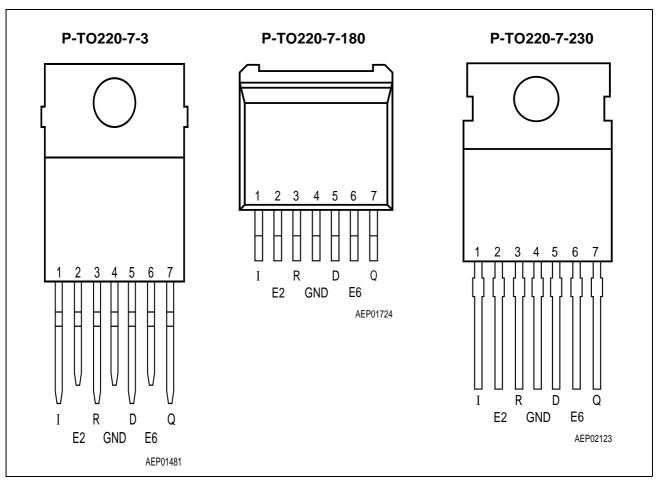
Pin 2	Pin 6	V_{Q}	Remarks
L	Χ	OFF	Initial state, pin 6 internally pulled up
Н	Χ	ON	Regulator switched on via pin 2, by ignition for example
Н	L	ON	Pin 6 clamped active to ground by controller while pin 2 is still high
X	L	ON	Previous state remains, even ignition is shut off: self-holding state
L	L	ON	Ignition shut off while regulator is in self-holding state
L	Н	OFF	Regulator shut down by releasing of pin 6 while pin 2 remains Low, final state. No active clamping required by external self-holding circuit (μ C) to keep regulator shut off.

Pin 2: (Inhibit, E2) Enable function, active High

Pin 6: (Hold, E6) Hold and release function, active Low

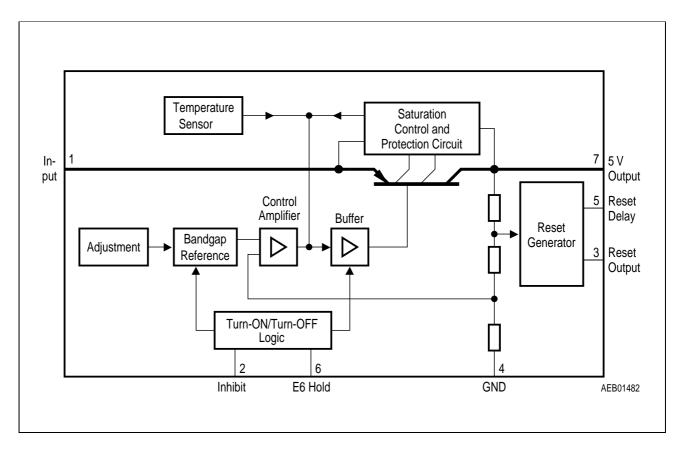
Pin Configuration

(top view)



Pin Definitions and Functions

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	Ι	Input; block to ground directly at the IC by a ceramic capacitor
2	E2	Inhibit; device is turned-ON by High signal on this pin; internal pulldown resistor of 100 $k\Omega$
3	R	Reset Output; open-collector output internally connected to the output via a resistor of 30 k Ω
4	GND	Ground; connected to rear of chip
5	D	Reset Delay; connect with capacitor to GND for setting delay
6	E6	Hold; see truth table above for function; this input is connected to output voltage across pullup resistor of 50 $kΩ$
7	Q	5-V Output ; block to GND with 22-μF capacitor, ESR < 3 Ω



Block Diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $T_{\rm J}$ = - 40 to 150 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Lim	it Values	Unit	Notes
		min.	max.		
Input					
Voltage	V_{I}	- 42	42	V	_
Voltage	V_1	_	60	V	<i>t</i> ≤ 400 ms
Current	I_1	_	_	_	Limited internally
Reset Output					
Voltage	V_{R}	- 0.3	7	V	_
Current	I_{R}	_	_	_	Limited internally
Reset Delay					
Voltage	$V_{\sf d}$	- 0.3	42	V	_

Absolute Maximum Ratings (cont'd)

 $T_{\rm J} = -40$ to 150 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Lim	it Values	Unit	Notes
		min.	max.		
Current	$I_{\sf d}$	_	_	_	_
Output					
Voltage	V_{Q}	- 0.3	7	V	_
Current	I_{Q}	_	_	_	Limited internally
Inhibit					
Voltage	V_{E2}	- 42	42	V	
Current	I_{E2}	- 5	5	mA	<i>t</i> ≤ 400 ms
Hold					
Voltage	$V_{\sf E6}$	- 0.3	7	V	_
Current	I_{E6}	_	_	mA	Limited internally
GND					
Current	I_{GND}	- 0.5	_	А	_
Temperatures	·	•		•	•
Junction temperature	T.	_	150	°C	_

Junction temperature	T_{J}	_	150	°C	_
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	- 50	150	°C	_

Operating Range

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Notes
		min.	max.		
Input voltage	V_{l}	5.5	40	V	see diagram
Junction temperature	T_{J}	- 40	150	°C	_

Thermal Resistance

Junction ambient	R_{thja}	_	70	K/W	_
Junction-case	$R_{ m thjc}$	_	6	K/W	_
Junction-case	R_{thjc}	_	2	K/W	<i>t</i> < 1 ms

Characteristics

 $V_{\rm I}$ = 13.5 V; -40 °C < $T_{\rm J}$ < 125 °C; $V_{\rm E2}$ > 4 V (unless specified otherwise)

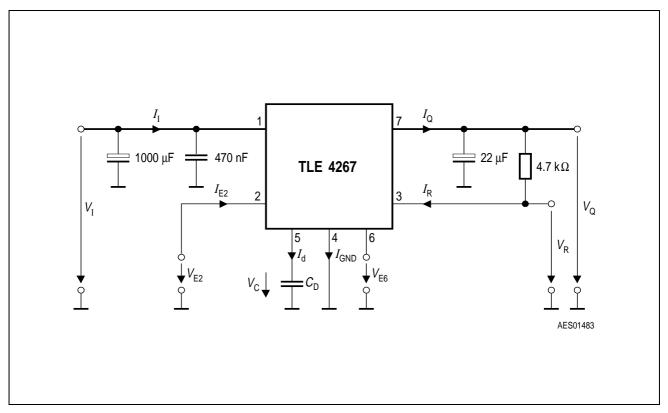
Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition	
		min.	typ.	max.			
Output voltage	V_{Q}	4.9	5	5.1	V	$5 \text{ mA} \le I_{\text{Q}} \le 400 \text{ mA}$ $6 \text{ V} \le V_{\text{I}} \le 26 \text{ V}$	
Output voltage	V_{Q}	4.9	5	5.1	V	$5 \text{ mA} \le I_{\text{Q}} \le 150 \text{ mA}$ $6 \text{ V} \le V_{\text{I}} \le 40 \text{ V}$	
Output-current limiting	I_{Q}	500	_	_	mA	<i>T</i> _J = 25 °C	
Current consumption $I_{q} = I_{l} - I_{Q}$	I_{q}	_	_	50	μΑ	Regulator-OFF	
Current consumption $I_{q} = I_{l} - I_{Q}$	I_{q}	_	1.0	10	μΑ	$T_{\rm J}$ = 25 °C IC turned off	
Current consumption $I_{q} = I_{l} - I_{Q}$	I_{q}	_	1.3	4	mA	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 5 mA IC turned on	
Current consumption $I_{q} = I_{l} - I_{Q}$	I_{q}	_	_	60	mA	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 400 mA	
Current consumption $I_{q} = I_{l} - I_{Q}$	I_{q}	_	_	80	mA	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 400 mA $V_{\rm I}$ = 5 V	
Drop voltage	V_{Dr}	_	0.3	0.6	V	$I_{\rm Q} = 400 \; {\rm mA^{1)}}$	
Load regulation	ΔV_{Q}	_	_	50	mV	$5 \text{ mA} \le I_Q \le 400 \text{ mA}$	
Supply-voltage regulation	$\Delta V_{ m Q}$	_	15	25	mV	$V_{\rm I}$ = 6 to 36 V; $I_{\rm Q}$ = 5 mA	
Supply-voltage rejection	SVR	_	54		dB	$f_{\rm r}$ = 100 Hz; $V_{\rm r}$ = 0.5 $V_{\rm pp}$	
Longterm stability	ΔV_{Q}	_	0	_	mV	1000 h	

¹⁾ Drop voltage = $V_{\rm l} - V_{\rm Q}$ (measured when the output voltage $V_{\rm Q}$ has dropped 100 mV from the nominal value obtained at $V_{\rm l}$ = 13.5 V)

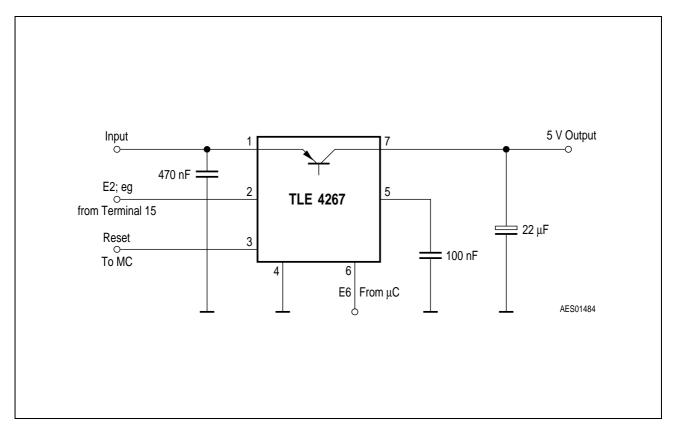
Characteristics (cont'd)

Parameter	Symbol	Li	mit Val	ues	Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		
Reset Generator						
Switching threshold	V_{rt}	4.2	4.5	4.8	V	_
Reset High level	_	4.5	_	_	V	$R_{\rm ext} = \infty$
Saturation voltage	V_{R}	_	0.1	0.4	V	$R_{\rm R}$ = 4.7 k Ω ¹⁾
Pullup	R_{R}	_	30	_	kΩ	_
Saturation voltage	$V_{\sf D,sat}$	_	50	100	mV	$V_{\rm Q} < V_{\rm RT}$
Charge current	I_{d}	8	15	25	μΑ	$V_{\rm D}$ = 1.5 V
Delay switching threshold	V_{dt}	2.6	3	3.3	V	_
Delay	$t_{\sf d}$	_	20	_	ms	$C_{\rm d}$ = 100 nF
Switching threshold	V_{st}	_	0.43	_	V	_
Delay	t_{t}	_	2	_	μs	$C_{\rm d}$ = 100 nF
Inhibit				•		
Turn-ON voltage	V_{E2}	_	3	4	V	IC turned-ON
Turn-OFF voltage	V_{E2}	2	_	_	V	IC turned-OFF
Pulldown	R_{E2}	50	100	200	kΩ	_
Hysteresis	$\Delta V_{\sf E2}$	0.2	0.5	0.8	V	_
Input current	I_{E2}	_	35	100	μΑ	$V_{\rm IP2}$ = 4 V
Holding voltage	$V_{\sf E6}$	30	35	40	%	Referred to V_{Q}
Turn-OFF voltage	$V_{\sf E6}$	60	70	80	%	Referred to V_{Q}
Pullup	R_{E6}	20	50	100	kΩ	_
Overvoltage Protection						
Turn-OFF voltage	$V_{i,ov}$	42	44	46	V	_
Turn-ON hysteresis	$\Delta V_{i,ov}$	2	_	6	V	_

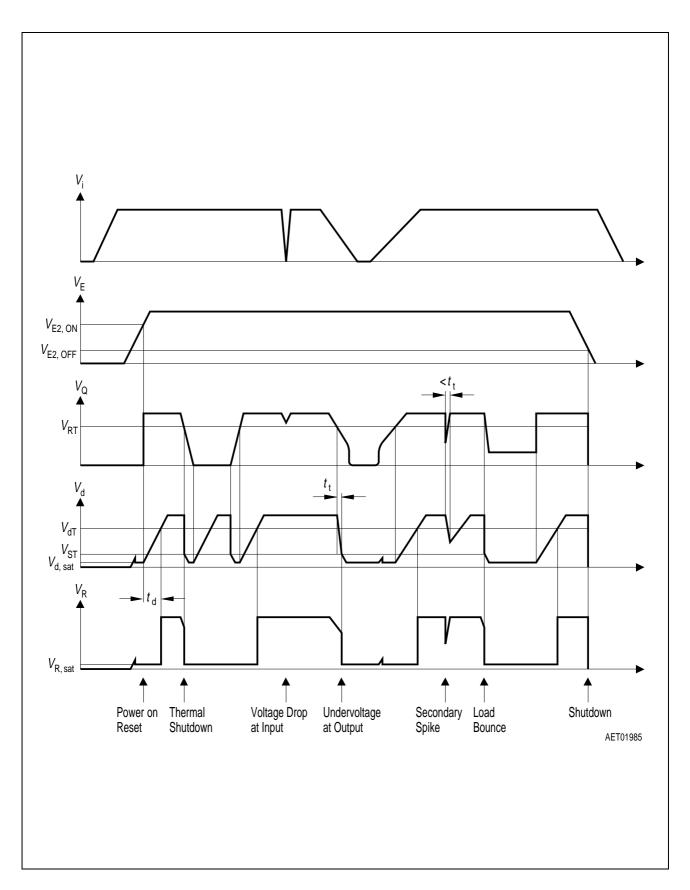
¹⁾ The reset output is Low between $V_{\rm Q}$ = 1 V and $V_{\rm RT}$



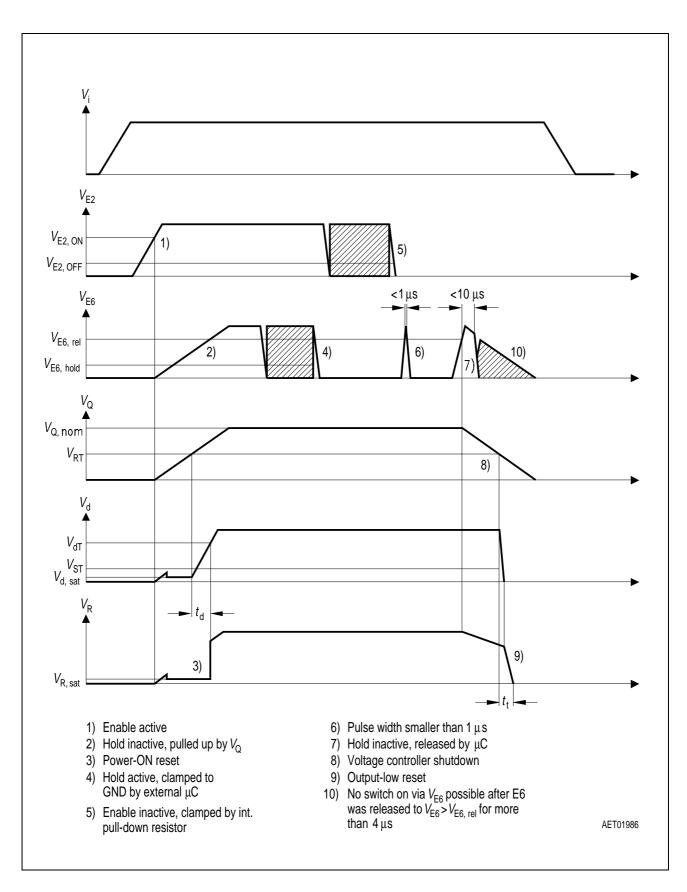
Test Circuit



Application Circuit

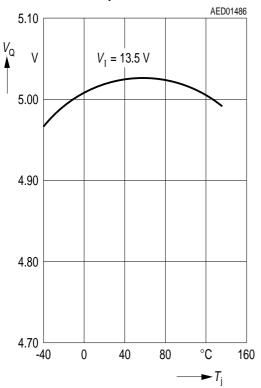


Time Response

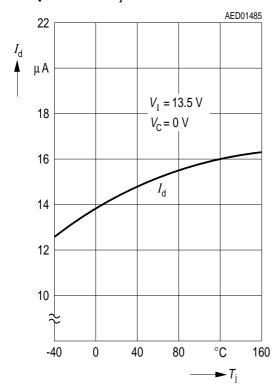


Enable and Hold Behaviour

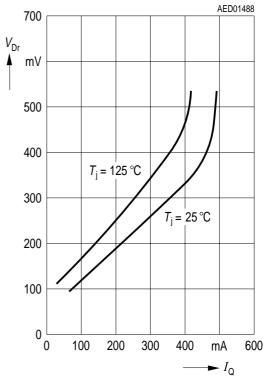
Output Voltage $V_{\rm Q}$ versus Temperature $T_{\rm i}$



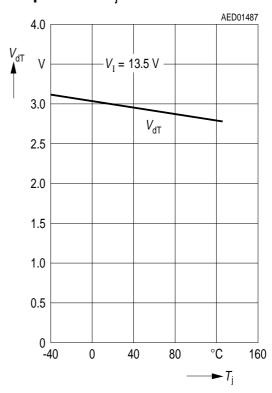
Charge Current I_d versus Temperature T_i



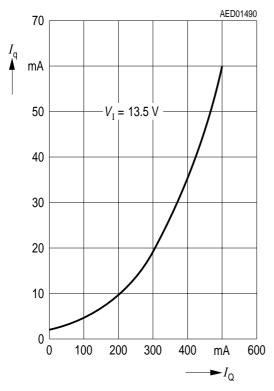
Drop Voltage $V_{\rm Dr}$ versus Output Current $I_{\rm Q}$



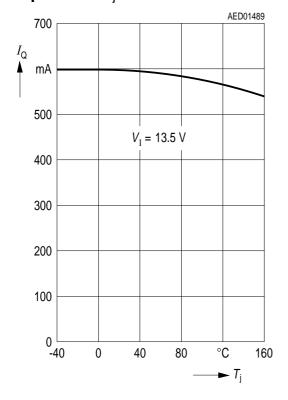
Delay Switching Threshold $V_{\rm dT}$ versus Temperature $T_{\rm i}$



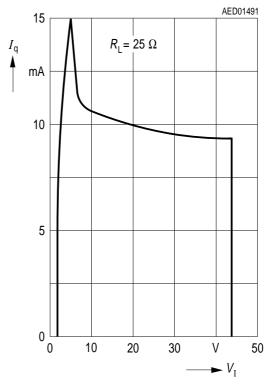
Current Consumption I_q versus Output Current I_Q



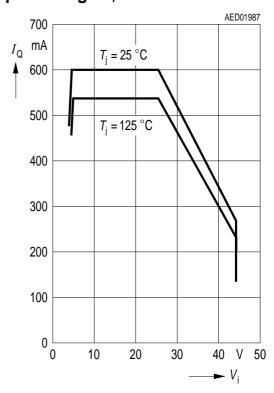
Output Current I_Q versus Temperature T_i



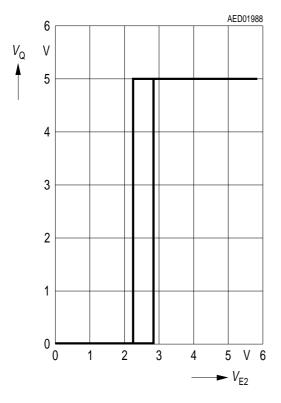
Current Consumption I_q versus Input Voltage V_1



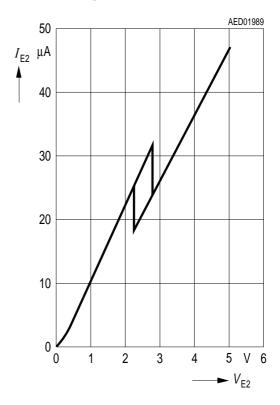
Output Current I_Q versus Input Voltage V_I



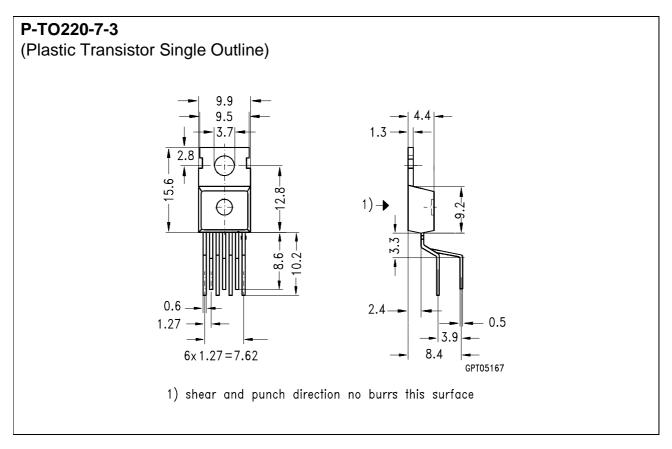
Output Voltage $V_{\rm Q}$ versus Inhibit Voltage $V_{\rm E2}$



Inhibit Current $I_{\rm E2}$ versus Inhibit Voltage $V_{\rm E2}$



Package Outlines



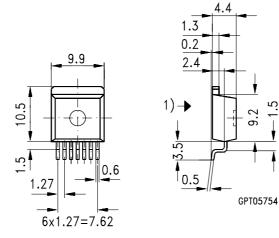
Sorts of Packing

Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information"

Dimensions in mm

P-TO220-7-180

(Plastic Transistor Single Outline)



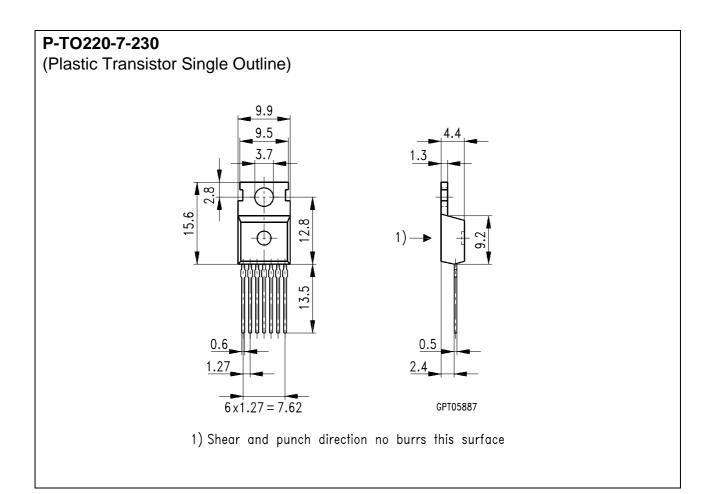
1) shear and punch direction no burrs this surface

Sorts of Packing

Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information"

SMD = Surface Mounted Device

Dimensions in mm



Sorts of Packing

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Dimensions in mm