

FEATURES:

- 3.3V low voltage operation 128K x 8 Bit EEPROM
- RAD-PAK[®] radiation-hardened against natural space radiation
- Total dose hardness:
- > 100 krad (Si), depending upon space mission
- Excellent Single Event Effects:
- SEL_{TH} > 84 MeV/mg/cm²
- SEU_{TH} > 37 Mev/mg/cm² (read mode)
- SEU saturated cross section = 3E-6 cm² (read mode)
- SEU_{TH} = 11.4 Mev/mg/cm² (write mode)
- SEU saturated cross section = 5E-3 cm² (write mode) with hard errors
- Package:
 - 32 Pin Rad-Pak® flat pack
 - 32 Pin Rad-Pak® DIP
 - JEDEC-approved byte-wide pinout
- Address Access Time:
 - 200, 250 ns maximum access times available
- High endurance:
 - 10,000 erase/write (in Page Mode), 10-year data retention
- Page write mode:
- 1 to 128 bytes
- Automatic programming
- 10 ms automatic page/byte write
- Low power dissipation
 - 20 mW/MHz active current (typ.)
 - 72 µW standby (maximum)

Description:

Maxwell Technologies' 28LV010 high density, 3.3V, 1 Megabit EEPROM microcircuit features a greater than 100 krad (Si) total dose tolerance, depending upon space mission. The 28LV010 is capable of in-system electrical Byte and Page programmability. It has a 128-Byte Page Programming function to make its erase and write operations faster. It also features Data Polling and a Ready/Busy signal to indicate the completion of erase and programming operations. In the 28LV010, hardware data protection is provided with the RES pin, in addition to noise protection on the WE signal and write inhibit on power on and off. Meanwhile, software data protection is implemented using the JEDEC-optional Standard algorithm. The 28LV010 is designed for high reliability in the most demanding space applications.

Maxwell Technologies' patented RAD-PAK® packaging technology incorporates radiation shielding in the microcircuit package. It eliminates the need for box shielding while providing the required radiation shielding for a lifetime in orbit or space mission. In a GEO orbit, RAD-PAK provides greater than 100 krad (Si) radiation dose tolerance. This product is available with screening up to Class S.

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| Pin | Symbol | DESCRIPTION |
|--|-----------------|---------------|
| 12-5, 27, 26, 23, 25, 4, 28, 3, 31, 2 | A0-A16 | Address |
| 13-15, 17-21 | 1/00 - 1/07 | Input/Output |
| 24 | OE | Output Enable |
| 22 | CE | Chip Enable |
| 29 | WE | Write Enable |
| 32 | V _{CC} | Power Supply |
| 16 | V _{SS} | Ground |
| 1 | RDY/BUSY | Ready/Busy |
| 30 | RES | Reset |

TABLE 1. 28LV010 PINOUT DESCRIPTION

TABLE 2. 28LV010 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Түр | Мах | Unit |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------|-----|-------|
| Supply Voltage (Relative to Vss) | V _{CC} | -0.6 | | 7.0 | V |
| Input Voltage (Relative to Vss) | V _{IN} | -0.5 ¹ | | 7.0 | V |
| Package Weight | RP | | 7.38 | | Grams |
| | RT | | 2.69 | | |
| | RD | | 10.97 | | |
| Thermal Impedence | οι ^Φ | | 2.17 | | °C/W |
| Operating Temperature Range | T _{OPR} | -55 | | 125 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | T _{STG} | -65 | | 150 | °C |

1. V_{IN} min = -3.0 V for pulse width \leq 50 ns.

TABLE 3. DELTA LIMITS¹

| Parameter | Variation ² |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| I _{CC1} | ±10% |
| I _{CC2} | ±10% |
| I _{CC3A} | ±10% |
| I _{CC3B} | ±10% |

1. Parameters are measured and recorded as Deltas per

MIL-STD-883 for Class S Devices

2. Specified in Table 6

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| Parameter | SYMBOL | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------------------|--|---|---|------|
| Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | 3.0 | 3.6 | V |
| Input Voltage RES_PIN | V _{IL} V _{IH} V _H | -0.3 ¹ 2.0 ² V _{CC} -0.5 | 0.8 V _{CC} +0.3 V _{CC} +1 | V |
| Operating Temperature Range | T _{OPR} | -55 | +125 | °C |

1. V_{IL} min = -1.0 V for pulse width \leq 50 ns.

2. V_{IH} min = 2.2 V for V_{CC} = 3.6 V.

TABLE 5. 28LV010 CAPACITANCE

(T_A = 25°C, F = 1MHz)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Мах | Unit |
|--|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| Input Capacitance: V _{IN} = 0V ¹ | C _{IN} | | 6 | pF |
| Output Capacitance: V _{OUT} = 0V ¹ | C _{OUT} | | 12 | pF |

1. Guaranteed by design.

TABLE 6. 28LV010 DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{CC} = 3.3V ± 0.3, T_A = -55 to +125°C unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | SUBGROUPS | ΜιΝ | Мах | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|-----------|--|----------------|----------|
| Input Leakage Current | V _{CC} = 3.6V, V _{IN} = 3.6V | I _{LI} | 1, 2, 3 | | 2 ¹ | μA |
| Output Leakage Current | V _{CC} = 3.6V, V _{OUT} = 3.6V/0.4V | I _{LO} | 1, 2, 3 | | 2 | μA |
| Standby V _{CC} Current | $\frac{\overline{CE}}{\overline{CE}} = V_{CC}$ | I _{CC1} I _{CC2} | 1, 2, 3 | | 20 1 | μA mA |
| Operating V _{CC} Current | $I_{OUT} = 0mA$, Duty = 100%, Cycle = 1 µs @ V _{CC} = 3.3V $I_{OUT} = 0mA$, Duty = 100%, Cycle = 200 ns @ V _{CC} = 3.3V | I _{CC3} | 1, 2, 3 | | 6 15 | mA |
| Input Voltage | | V _{IL} V _{IH} V _H | 1, 2, 3 | 2.0 ² V _{CC} -0.5 | 0.8 | V |
| Output Voltage ³ | I _{OL} = 2.1 mA I _{OH} = - 0.4 mA I _{OH} = - 0.1 mA | V _{OL} V _{OH} V _{OH} | 1, 2, 3 | V _{CC} x 0.8 V _{CC} - 0.3 | 0.4 | V |

1. I_{LI} on RES = 100 uA max.

2. $V_{IH} \min = 2.2V$ for $V_{CC} = 3.6V$.

3. Rdy/\overline{Bsy} is an open collector output.

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| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | SUBGROUPS | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|---|------------------|-----------|--------|------------|------|
| Address Access Time -200 -250 | $\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}, \overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ | t _{ACC} | 9, 10, 11 | | 200 250 | ns |
| Chip Enable Access Time -200 -250 | $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}, \overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ | t _{CE} | 9, 10, 11 | | 200 250 | ns |
| Output Enable Access Time -200 -250 | $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}, \overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ | t _{oe} | 9, 10, 11 | 0 0 | 110 120 | ns |
| Output Hold to Address Change -200 -250 | $\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}, \overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ | t _{oH} | 9, 10, 11 | 0 0 | | ns |
| Output Disable to High-Z ² -200 -250 | $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}, \overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ | t _{DF} | 9, 10, 11 | 0 0 | 50 50 | ns |
| Output Disable to High-Z -200 -250 | $\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}, \overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ | t _{DFR} | 9, 10, 11 | 0 0 | 300 350 | ns |
| RES to Output Delay ³ -200 -250 | $\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL} \overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ | t _{RR} | 9, 10, 11 | 0 0 | 525 600 | ns |

| TABLE 7. 28LV010 AC (| CHARACTERISTICS FOR | READ OPERATION ¹ |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|
|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|

(V_{CC} = $3.3V \pm 10\%$, T_A = -55 to +125 °C unless otherwise specified)

1. Test conditions: Input pulse levels - 0.4V to 2.4V; input rise and fall times < 20 ns; output load - 1 TTL gate + 100 pF (including scope and jig); reference levels for measuring timing - 0.8V/1.8V.

2. t_{DF} and t_{DFR} is defined as the time at which the output becomes an open circuit and data is no longer driven.

3. Guaranteed by design.

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| TABLE 8. 28LV010 AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ERASE AND WRITE OPERATIONS |
|--|
| (V _{CC} = $3.3V \pm 10\%$, T _A = -55 to +125 °C unless otherwise specified) |

| Parameter | Symbol | SUBGROUPS | Min | Мах | Unit |
|--|------------------|-----------|------------|----------|------|
| Address Setup Time -200 -250 | t _{AS} | 9, 10, 11 | 0 0 | | ns |
| Chip Enable to Write Setup Time (WE controlled) -200 -250 | t _{cs} | 9, 10, 11 | 0 0 | | ns |
| Write Pulse Width (CE controlled) -200 -250 | t _{CW} | 9, 10, 11 | 200 250 | | ns |
| Write Pulse Width (WE controlled) -200 -250 | t _{WP} | 9, 10, 11 | 200 250 | | ns |
| Address Hold Time -200 -250 | t _{AH} | 9, 10, 11 | 125 150 | | ns |
| Data Setup Time -200 -250 | t _{DS} | 9, 10, 11 | 100 100 | | ns |
| Data Hold Time -200 -250 | t _{DH} | 9, 10, 11 | 10 10 | | ns |
| Chip Enable Hold Time (WE controlled) -200 -250 | t _{CH} | 9, 10, 11 | 0 0 | | ns |
| Write Enable to Write Setup Time (CE controlled) -200 -250 | t _{ws} | 9, 10, 11 | 0 0 | | ns |
| Write Enable Hold Time (CE controlled) -200 -250 | t _{wH} | 9, 10, 11 | 0 0 | | ns |
| Output Enable to Write Setup Tim -200 -250 | t _{oes} | 9, 10, 11 | 0 0 | | ns |
| Output Enable Hold Time -200 -250 | t _{oeh} | 9, 10, 11 | 0 0 | | ns |
| Write Cycle Time ^{1,2} -200 -250 | t _{wc} | 9, 10, 11 | | 15 15 | ms |

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| TABLE 8. 28LV010 AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ERASE AND WRITE OPERATIONS |
|--|
| (V _{CC} = $3.3V \pm 10\%$, T _A = -55 to +125 °C unless otherwise specified) |

| Parameter | Symbol | SUBGROUPS | Min | Мах | Unit |
|--|------------------|-----------|------------|----------|------|
| Byte Load Cycle -200 -250 | t _{BLC} | 9, 10, 11 | 1 1 | 30 30 | μs |
| Data Latch Time ² -200 -250 | t _{DL} | 9, 10, 11 | 700 750 | - | ns |
| Byte Load Window ² -200 -250 | t _{BL} | 9, 10, 11 | 100 100 | | μs |
| Time to Device Busy -200 -250 | t _{DB} | 9, 10, 11 | 100 120 | | ns |
| Write Start Time -200 -250 | t _{DW} | 9, 10, 11 | 150 250 | | ns |
| RES to Write Setup Time ² -200 -250 | t _{RP} | 9, 10, 11 | 100 100 | | μs |
| V _{cc} to RES Setup Time ² -200 -250 | t _{RES} | 9, 10, 11 | 1 1 | | μs |

1. t_{WC} must be longer than this value unless polling techniques or RDY/BSY are used. This device automatically completes the internal write operation within this value.

2. Guaranteed by design.

| Mode | CE | ŌE | WE | RES | RDY/BUSY | I/O |
|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Read | V _{IL} | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | V _H | High-Z | D _{OUT} |
| Standby | V _{IH} | Х | Х | Х | High-Z | High-Z |
| Write | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | V _{IL} | V _H | High-Z> V _{OL} | D _{IN} |
| Deselect | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | V _{IH} | V _H | High-Z | High-Z |
| Write Inhibit | Х | Х | V _{IH} | Х | | |
| | Х | V _{IL} | Х | Х | | |
| Data Polling | V _{IL} | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | V _H | V _{OL} | Data Out (I/O7) |
| Program | Х | Х | Х | V _{IL} | High-Z | High-Z |

TABLE 9. 28LV010 MODE SELECTION^{1,2}

1. X = Don't care.

2. Refer to the recommended DC operating conditions.

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Address CE OE WE High Tacc tac

FIGURE 1. READ TIMING WAVEFORM

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t_{WC} Address t_{CS} t_{AH} t_{CH} CE t_{AS} ₄^t_{BL} ⊾ t_{WP} WE t_{OES} t_{oeh} OE t_{DS} t_{DH} Din t_{DW} t_{DB} High-Z High-Z RDY/ Busy t_{RP} ^t_{RES} RES V_{CC}



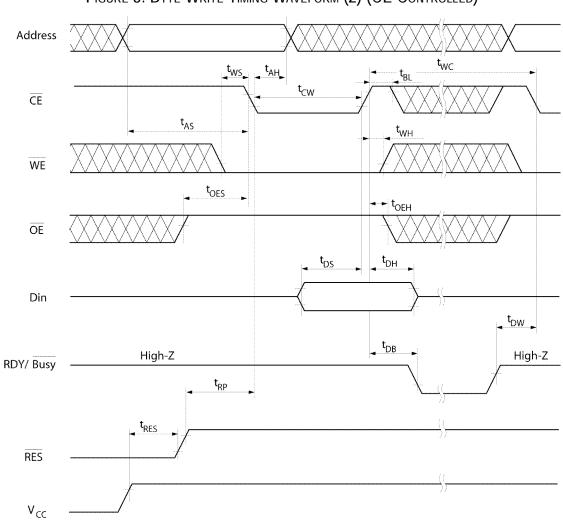


FIGURE 3. BYTE WRITE TIMING WAVEFORM (2) (CE CONTROLLED)

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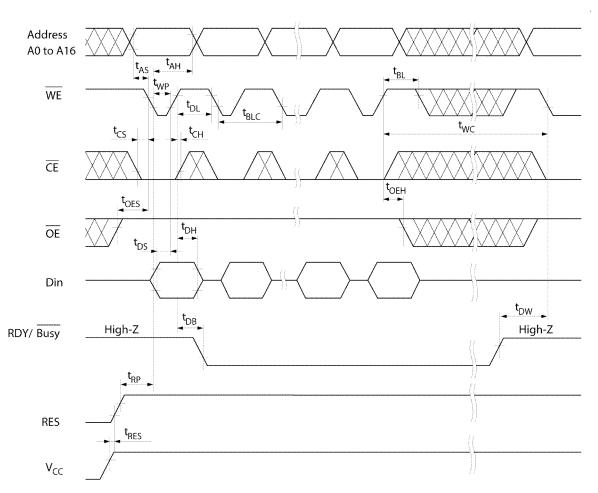
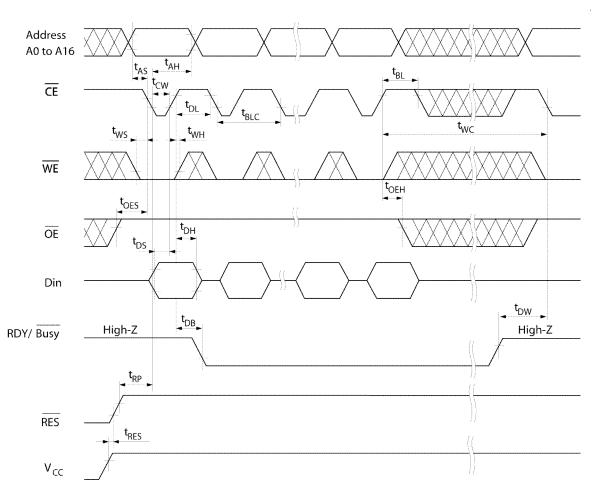
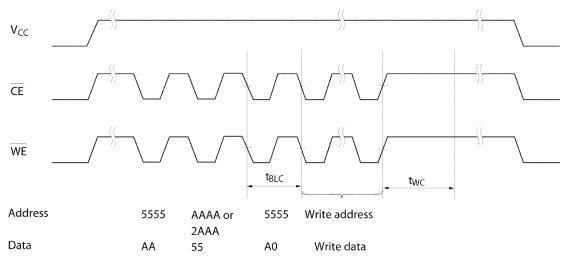


FIGURE 4. PAGE WRITE TIMING WAVEFORM(1) (WE CONTROLLED)









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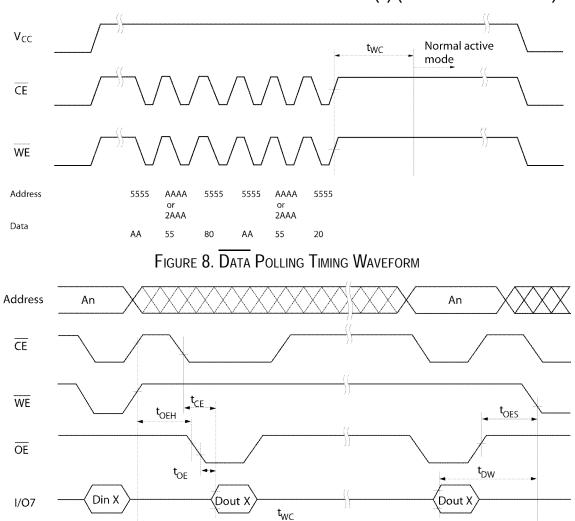
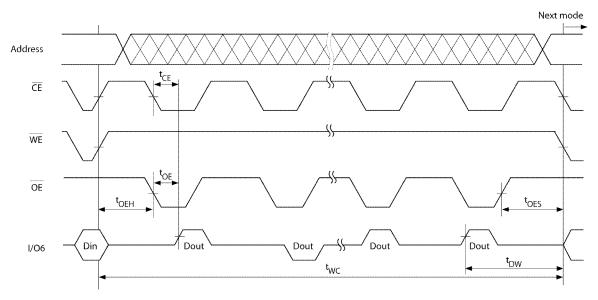


FIGURE 7. SOFTWARE DATA PROTECTION TIMING WAVEFORM(2) (IN NON-PROTECTION MODE)

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FIGURE 9. TOGGLE BIT WAVEFORM



EEPROM APPLICATION NOTES

This application note describes the programming procedures for the EEPROM modules and with details of various techniques to preserve data protection.

Automatic Page Write

Page-mode write feature allows 1 to 128 bytes of data to be written into the EEPROM in a single write cycle, and allows the undefined data within 128 bytes to be written corresponding to the undefined address (A0 to A6). Loading the first byte of data, the data load window opens $30 \mu s$ for the second byte. In the same manner each additional byte of data can be loaded within $30 \mu s$. In case CE and WE are kept high for 100(s after data input, EEPROM enters erase and write mode automatically and only the input data are written into the EEPROM.

WE CE Pin Operation

During a write cycle, addresses are latched by the falling edge of \overline{WE} or \overline{CE} , and data is latched by the rising edge of \overline{WE} or \overline{CE} .

Data Polling

Data Polling function allows the status of the EEPROM to be determined. If EEPROM is set to read mode during a write cycle, an inversion of the last byte of data to be loaded outputs from I/O 7 to indicate that the EEPROM is performing a write operation.

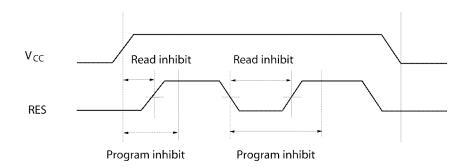
RDY/Busy Signal

RDY/Busy signal also allows a comparison operation to determine the status of the EEPROM. The RDY/Busy signal has high <u>impe</u>dance except in write cycle and is lowered to V_{OL} after the first write signal. At the-end of a write cycle, the RDY/Busy signal changes state to high impedance.

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RES Signal

When $\overline{\text{RES}}$ is LOW, the EEPROM cannot be read and programmed. Therefore, data can be protected by keeping $\overline{\text{RES}}$ low when V_{CC} is switched. $\overline{\text{RES}}$ should be high during read and programming because it doesn't provide a latch function.

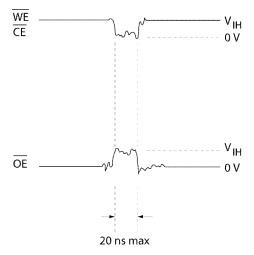


Data Protection

To protect the data during operation and power on/off, the EEPROM has the internal functions described below.

1. Data Protection against Noise of Control Pins (CE, OE, WE) during Operation.

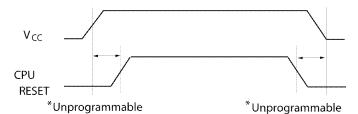
During readout or standby, noise on the control pins may act as a trigger and turn the EEPROM to programming mode by mistake. To prevent this phenomenon, the EEPROM has a noise cancellation function that cuts noise if its width is 20 ns or less in programming mode. Be careful not to allow noise of a width of more than 20 ns on the control pins.



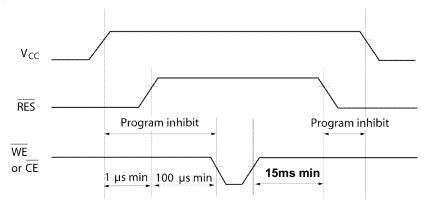
2. Data Protection at $\rm V_{\rm CC}$ on/off

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When V_{CC} is turned on or off, noise on the control pins generated by external circuits, such as CPUs, may turn the EEPROM to programming mode by mistake. To prevent this unintentional programming, the EEPROM must be kept in unprogrammable state during V_{CC} on/off by using a CPU reset signal to RES pin.



RES should be kept at V_{ss} level when V_{cc} is turned on or off. The EEPROM breaks off programming operation when RES become low, programming operation doesn't finish correctly in case that RES falls low during programming operation. RES should be kept high for 10 ms after the last data input.



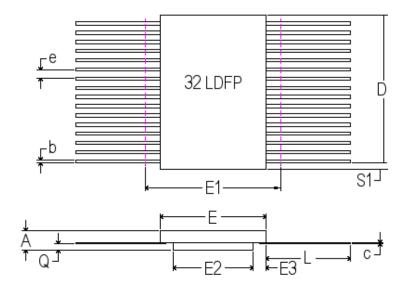
3. Software Data Protection

The software data protection function is to prevent unintentional programming caused by noise generated by external circuits. In software data protection mode, 3 bytes of data must be input before write data as follows. These bytes can switch the non-protection mode to the protection mode.

Software data protection mode can be canceled by inputting the following 6 bytes. Then, the EEPROM turns to the non-protection mode and can write data normally. However, when the data is input in the canceling cycle, the data cannot be written.

| Address | Data |
|--|---|
| 5555 AAAA or 2AAA 5555 5555 AAAA or 2AAA 5555 | $ \begin{array}{c} AA \\ 55 \\ 80 \\ AA \\ 55 \\ 55 \\ 30 \end{array} $ |
| دددد | 20 |

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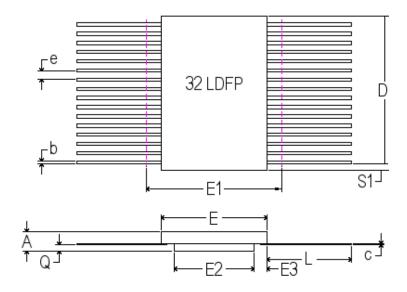


32-PIN RAD-PAK[®] FLAT PACKAGE

| Symbol | Dimension | | |
|--------|-----------|-------|-------|
| | Min | Nом | Мах |
| A | 0.121 | 0.134 | 0.147 |
| b | 0.015 | 0.017 | 0.022 |
| С | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.009 |
| D | | 0.820 | 0.830 |
| E | 0.472 | 0.480 | 0.488 |
| E1 | | | 0.498 |
| E2 | 0.304 | 0.310 | |
| E3 | 0.030 | 0.085 | |
| е | 0.050BSC | | |
| L | 0.355 | 0.365 | 0.375 |
| Q | 0.020 | 0.035 | 0.045 |
| S1 | 0.005 | 0.027 | |
| N | | 32 | |

Note: All dimensions in inches

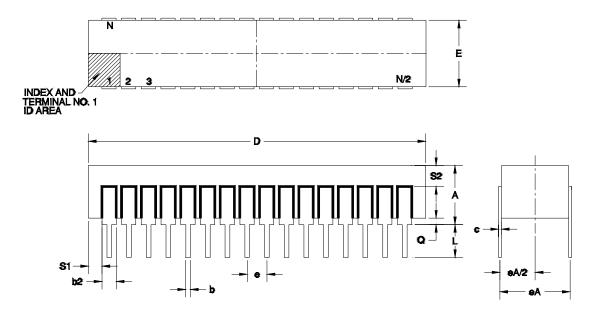
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32 PIN RAD-TOLERANT FLAT PACK

| Symbol | DIMENSION | | |
|--------|-----------|-------|-------|
| | Min | Nом | Мах |
| A | 0.095 | 0.109 | 0.125 |
| b | 0.015 | 0.017 | 0.022 |
| C | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.009 |
| D | | 0.820 | 0.830 |
| E | 0.472 | 0.480 | 0.488 |
| E1 | | | 0.498 |
| E2 | 0.350 | 0.365 | |
| E3 | 0.030 | 0.085 | |
| е | 0.050BSC | | |
| L | 0.355 | 0.365 | 0.375 |
| Q | 0.020 | 0.035 | 0.045 |
| S1 | 0.005 | 0.027 | |
| Ν | | 32 | |

Note: All Dimentions in Inches



32 PIN DUAL IN-LINE PACKAGE¹

| Symbol - | DIMENSION | | | |
|----------|-----------|-------|-------|--|
| | Min | Nом | Мах | |
| Α | | 0.152 | 0.225 | |
| b | 0.014 | 0.018 | 0.026 | |
| b2 | 0.045 | 0.050 | 0.065 | |
| С | 0.008 | 0.010 | 0.018 | |
| D | | 1.600 | 1.680 | |
| E | 0.510 | 0.590 | 0.620 | |
| eA | 0.600 BSC | | | |
| eA/2 | 0.300 BSC | | | |
| е | 0.100 BSC | | | |
| L | 0.135 | 0.145 | 0.155 | |
| Q | 0.015 | 0.037 | 0.070 | |
| S1 | 0.005 | 0.025 | | |
| S2 | 0.005 | | | |
| Ν | 32 | | | |

 Standard Product Screening Flow MIL-STD-883, Method 2001, Constant Acceleration: For this package type Constant Acceleration is 3000g's

Note: All dimensions in inches

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Important Notice:

These data sheets are created using the chip manufacturers published specifications. Maxwell Technologies verifies functionality by testing key parameters either by 100% testing, sample testing or characterization.

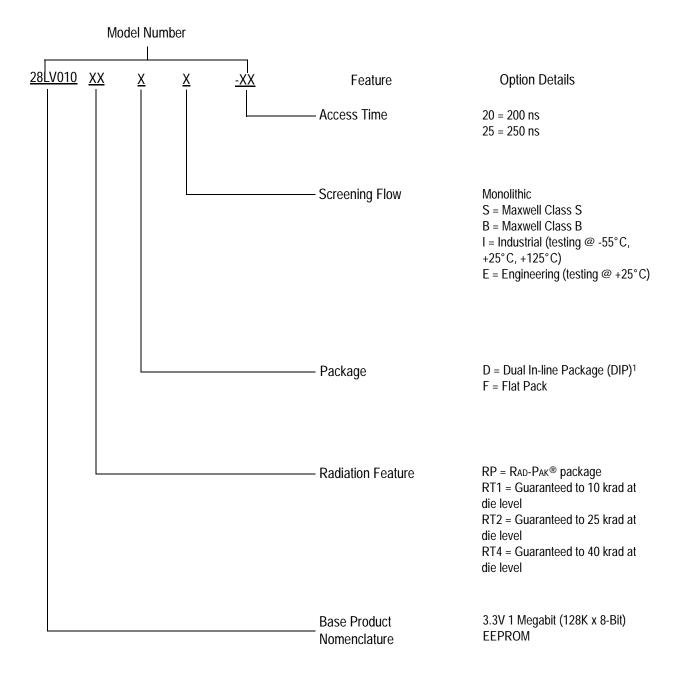
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Product Ordering Options



1.) Standard Product Screening Flow MIL-STD-883, Method 2001, Constant Acceleration :For DIP package type-Constant Acceleration is 3000g's.