

## N-Channel Power MOSFET (3A, 900Volts)

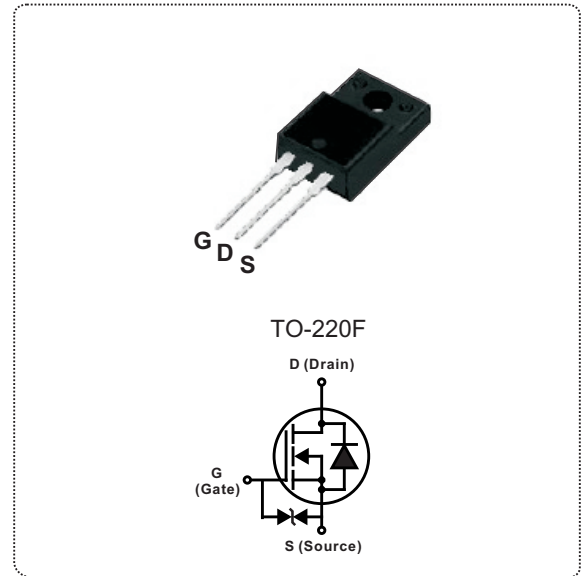
### DESCRIPTION

The Nell **2SK3564** is a three-terminal silicon device with current conduction capability of 3A, fast switching speed, low on-state resistance, breakdown voltage rating of 900V, and max. threshold voltage of 4 volts.

They are designed for use in applications such as switched mode power supplies, DC to DC converters, motor control circuits, UPS, switching regulator relay drive and general purpose switching applications.

### FEATURES

- $R_{DS(ON)} = 3.70\Omega @ V_{GS} = 10V$
- Ultra low gate charge(17nC typical)
- Low reverse transfer capacitance ( $C_{RSS} = 15pF$  typical)
- Fast switching capability
- 100% avalanche energy specified
- Improved dv/dt capability
- 150°C operation temperature



### PRODUCT SUMMARY

$I_D$ (A)	3
$V_{DSS}$ (V)	900
$R_{DS(ON)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	3.70 @ $V_{GS} = 10V$
$Q_G$ (nC) max.	17

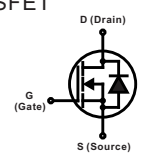
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_C = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$V_{DSS}$	Drain to Source voltage	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$	900	V
$V_{DGR}$	Drain to Gate voltage	$R_{GS} = 20K\Omega$	900	
$V_{GS}$	Gate to Source voltage		$\pm 30$	
$I_D$	Continuous Drain Current ( $V_{GS} = 10V$ )	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	3	A
		$T_C = 100^\circ C$	1.9	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain current(Note 1)		9	
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche current(Note 1)		3	
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive avalanche energy(Note 1)	$I_{AR} = 3A, R_{GS} = 50\Omega, V_{GS} = 10V$	4.0	mJ
$E_{AS}$	Single pulse avalanche energy(Note 2)	$I_{AS} = 3A, L = 83mH$	408	mJ
dv/dt	Peak diode recovery dv/dt(Note 3)		3.5	V/ns
$P_D$	Total power dissipation	$T_C = 25^\circ C$ TO-220F	40	W
$T_J$	Operation junction temperature		-55 to 150	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage temperature		-55 to 150	
$T_L$	Maximum soldering temperature, for 10 seconds	1.6mm from case	300	
	Mounting torque, #6-32 or M3 screw		10 (1.1)	lbf-in (N·m)

Note: 1. Repetitive rating: pulse width limited by junction temperature.  
 2.  $I_{AS} = 3A, L = 83mH, V_{DD} = 90V, R_G = 25\Omega$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ C$ .  
 3.  $I_{SD} \leq 3A, di/dt \leq 100A/\mu s, V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ C$ .

THERMAL RESISTANCE					
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	Min.	Typ.	Max.	UNIT
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Thermal resistance, junction to case			3.1	°C/W
$R_{th(j-a)}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient			62.5	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)							
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	Min.	Typ.	Max.	UNIT	
◎ <b>STATIC</b>							
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain to source breakdown voltage	$I_D = 10\text{mA}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	900			V	
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown voltage temperature coefficient	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = V_{GS}$		0.99		V/°C	
$I_{DSS}$	Drain to source leakage current	$V_{DS}=900\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			50.0	$\mu\text{A}$	
		$V_{DS}=720\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		500		$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate to source forward leakage current	$V_{GS} = 30\text{V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$	
	Gate to source reverse leakage current	$V_{GS} = -30\text{V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$			-10		
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static drain to source on-state resistance	$I_D = 1.5\text{A}, V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$		3.70	4.30	$\Omega$	
$V_{GS(TH)}$	Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS}=V_{DS}=10\text{V}, I_D=1\text{mA}$	2.0		4.0	V	
$g_{fs}$	Forward transconductance	$V_{DS}=20\text{V}, I_D=1.5\text{A}$	0.65	2.6		S	
◎ <b>DYNAMIC</b>							
$C_{ISS}$	Input capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$		700		pF	
$C_{OSS}$	Output capacitance				75		
$C_{RSS}$	Reverse transfer capacitance				15		
$t_{d(ON)}$	Turn-on delay time	$V_{DD} = 200\text{V}, V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ $I_D = 1.5\text{A}, R_G=50\Omega, R_D = 133\Omega,$ (Note 1,2)		20		ns	
$t_r$	Rise time			60			
$t_{d(OFF)}$	Turn-off delay time			35			
$t_f$	Fall time			125			
$Q_G$	Total gate charge			17			
$Q_{GS}$	Gate to source charge	$V_{DD} = 400\text{V}, V_{GS} = 10\text{V},$ $I_D=3\text{A}$ (Note 1,2)		10		nC	
$Q_{GD}$	Gate to drain charge (Miller charge)			7			

SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)						
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	Min.	Typ.	Max.	UNIT
$V_{SD}$	Diode forward voltage	$I_{SD} = 3\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$			1.9	V
$I_S(I_{SD})$	Continuous source to drain current	Integral reverse P-N junction diode in the MOSFET 			3	A
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed source current				9	
$t_{rr}$	Reverse recovery time	$I_{SD}=3\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V},$ $dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		850		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse recovery charge				4.7	$\mu\text{C}$

Note: 1. Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 10\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 1\%$ .  
2. Essentially independent of operating temperature.

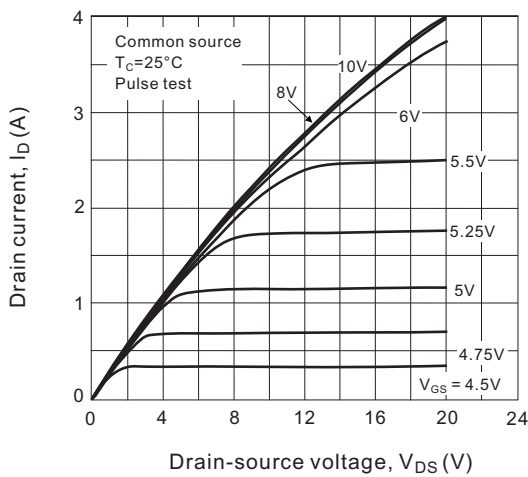
### ORDERING INFORMATION SCHEME

**2SK 3564**

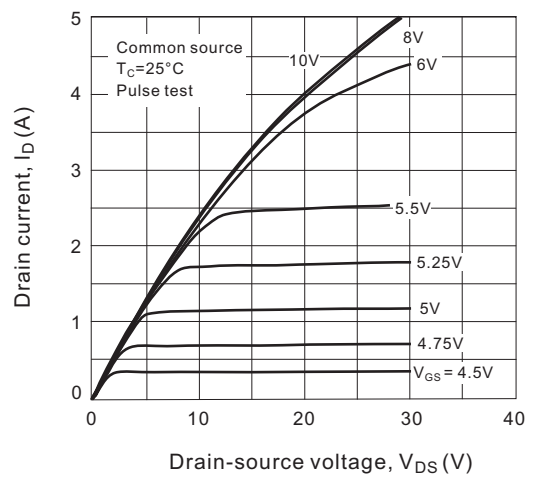
**MOSFET series**  
N-Channel, Toshiba series

**Current & Voltage rating,  $I_D$  &  $V_{DS}$**   
3A / 900V

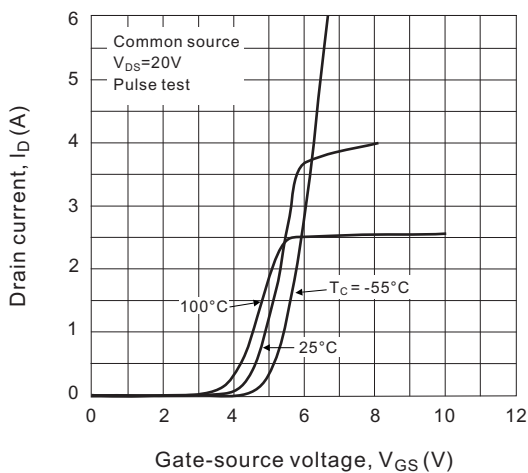
**Fig.1 Typical output characteristics,  $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$**



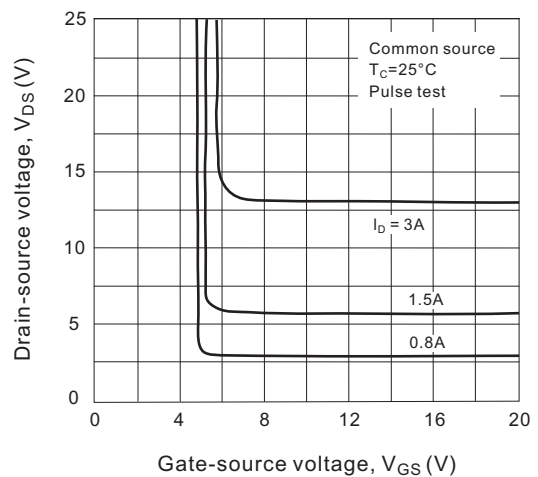
**Fig.2 Typical output characteristics,  $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$**



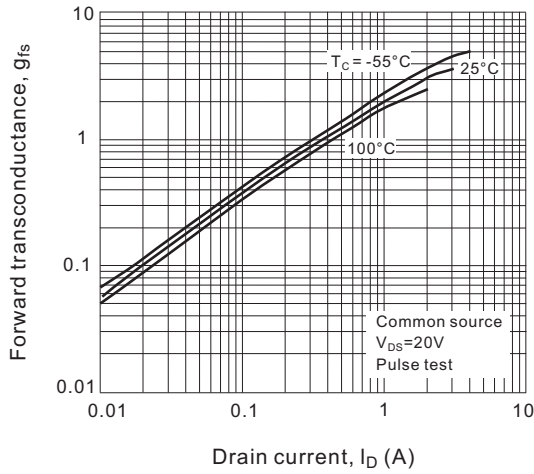
**Fig.3 Typical transfer characteristics**



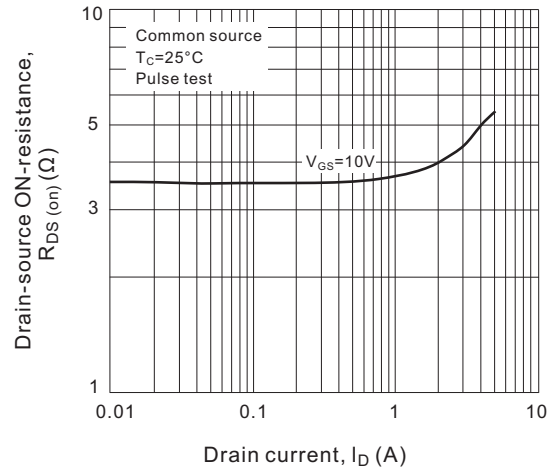
**Fig.4 Drain-source voltage vs. gate-source voltage and drain current**



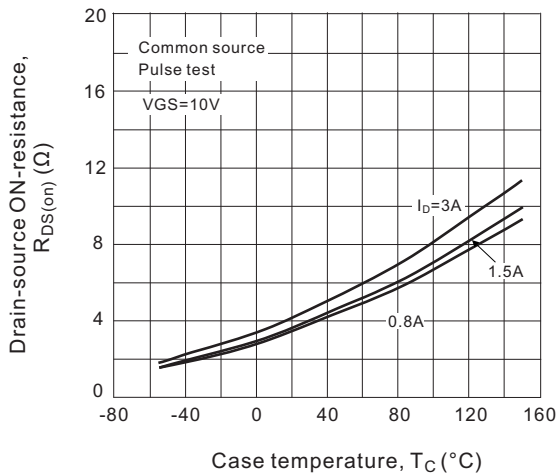
**Fig.5 Forward transconductance characteristics**



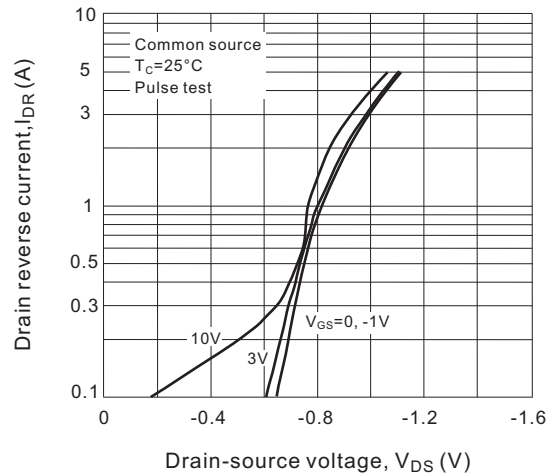
**Fig.6 On-Resistance variation vs. Drain current and gate voltage**



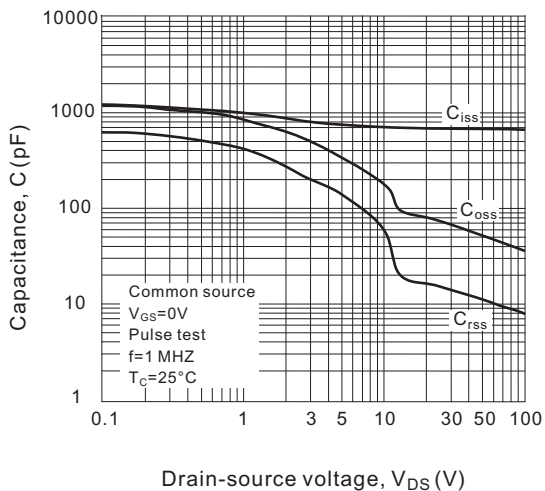
**Fig.7 On-Resistance variation vs. case temperature**



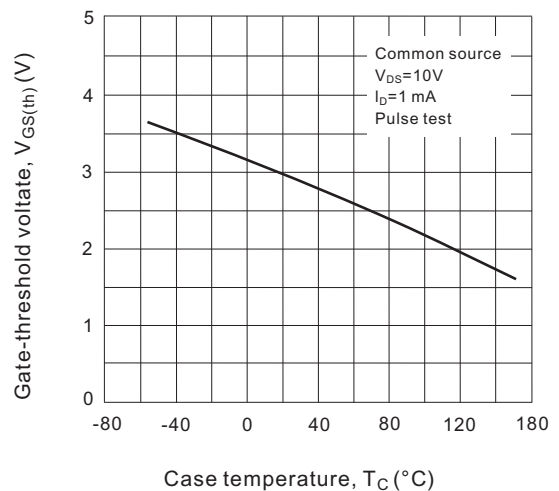
**Fig.8 Drain reverse current vs. Drain-Source voltage**



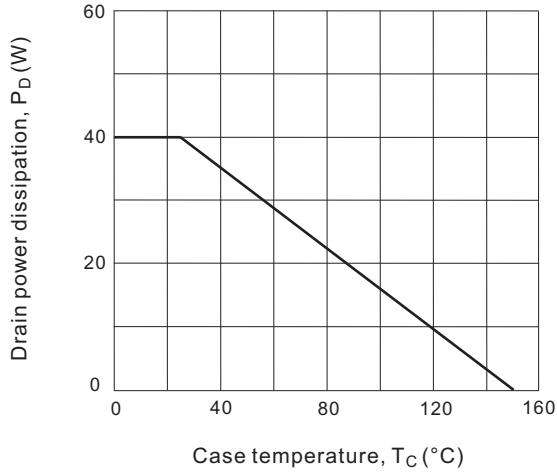
**Fig.9 Capacitance characteristics**



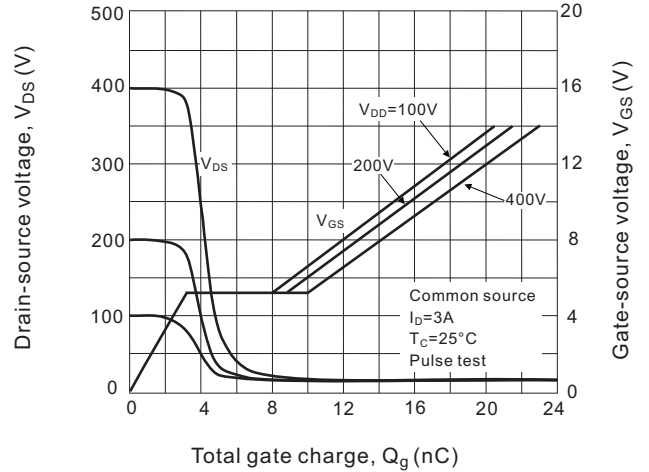
**Fig.10 Gate threshold voltage vs. case temperature**



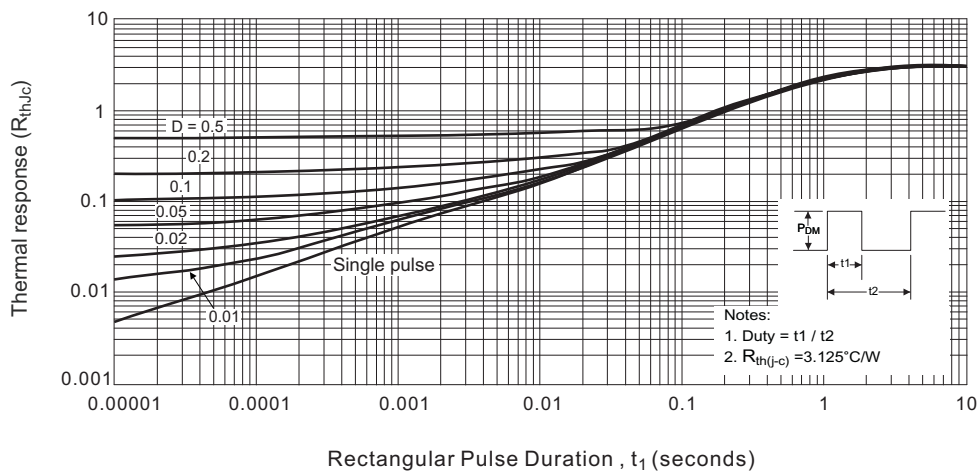
**Fig.11 Drain power dissipation vs. case temperature**



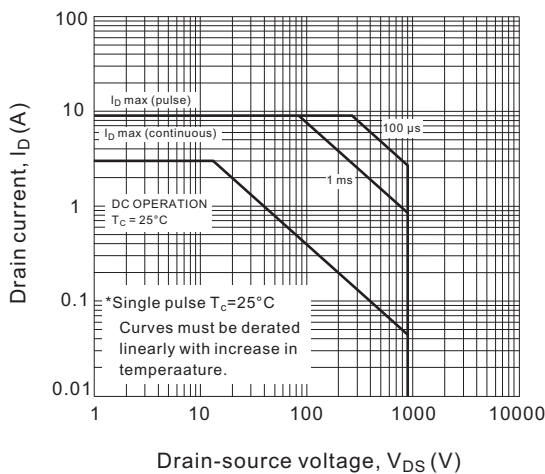
**Fig.12 Dynamic input/output characteristics**



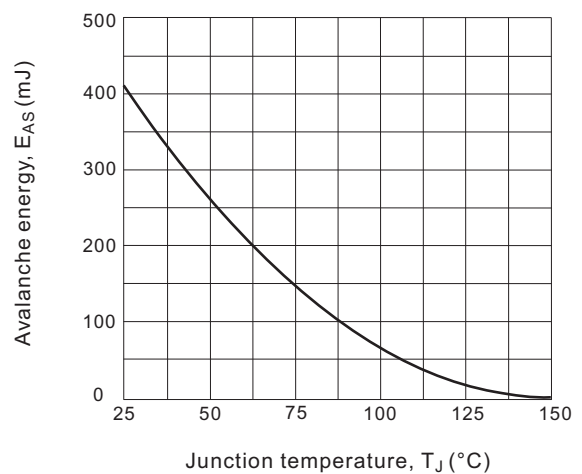
**Fig.13 Transient thermal response curve**



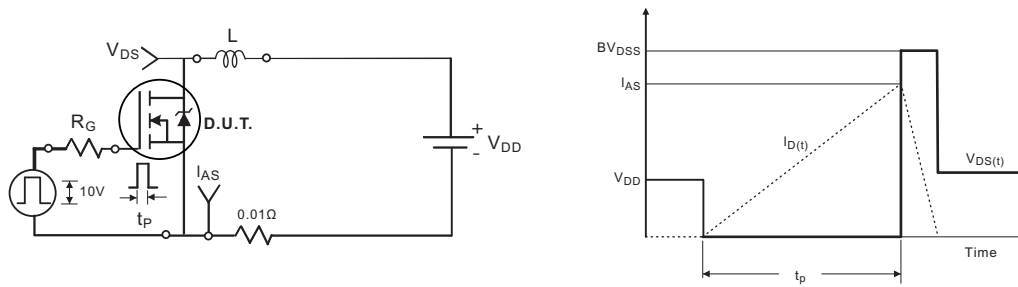
**Fig.14 Maximum safe operating area**



**Fig.15 Single pulse avalanche energy vs. Junction temperature**



**Fig.16 Unclamped inductive test circuit and waveforms**



$R_G = 25\Omega$   
 $V_{DD} = 90V, L = 83mH$

$$E_{AS} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot L \cdot I^2 \cdot \frac{B_{VDS}}{B_{VDS} - V_{DD}}$$

**Case Style**

