# CHOPPER-STABILIZED, PRECISION HALL-EFFECT SWITCH 



Pinning is shown viewed from branded side.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

 at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$Supply Voltage, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ 26.5 ~ V ~ V ~$
Reverse Battery Voltage, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RCC}}$.......... - $\mathbf{3 0} \mathrm{V}$
Magnetic Flux Density, B ............ Unlimited
Output OFF Voltage, V out ................. 26 V
Continuous Output Current,
$\mathrm{I}_{\text {Out }}$
25 mA *
Reverse Output Current, I Iout ......... -50 mA
Package Power Dissipation, $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ See Graph
Junction Temperature, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ $\qquad$ $+165^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Operating Temperature Range, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$
Range ' $E$ ' $\qquad$ $.40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Range 'L'................... $\mathbf{4 0}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+\mathbf{1 5 0}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage Temperature Range,
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{S}}$
$-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+170^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
*Internal current limiting is intended to protect the device from output short circuits.

The A3240-- Hall-effect switch is an extremely temperature-stable and stress-resistant sensor especially suited for operation over extended temperature ranges to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Superior high-temperature performance is made possible through dynamic offset cancellation, which reduces the residual offset voltage normally caused by device overmolding, temperature dependencies, and thermal stress.

The device includes on a single silicon chip a voltage regulator, Hallvoltage generator, small-signal amplifier, chopper stabilization, Schmitt trigger, and a short-circuit protected open-collector output to sink up to 25 mA . A south pole of sufficient strength will turn the output on. An on-board regulator permits operation with supply voltages of 4.2 to 24 volts.

Three package styles provide a magnetically optimized package for most applications. Package type LH is a modified SOT23W surfacemount package, LT is a miniature SOT89/TO-243AA transistor package for surface-mount applications; while UA is a three-lead ultra-mini-SIP for through-hole mounting. The LH and UA packages are also available in a lead $(\mathrm{Pb})$ free version (suffix, $-T$ ), with a $100 \%$ matte tin plated leadframe.

## FEATURES

- Resistant to Physical Stress
- Superior Temperature Stability

■ Output Short-Circuit Protection
■ Operation From Unregulated Supply

- Reverse Battery Protection
- Solid-State Reliability
- Small Size


## Product Selection Guide

| Part Number | Pb-free ${ }^{1}$ | Packing ${ }^{2}$ | Mounting | Ambient, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ ( $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{RP} \text { (MIN) }}$ (G) | $B_{\mathrm{OP}(\mathrm{MAX})}$ <br> (G) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3240ELHLT-T | Yes | 7-in. reel, 3000 pieces/reel | Surface Mount | -40 to 85 | 5.0 | 50 |
| A3240EUA-T | Yes | Bulk, 500 pieces/bag | SIP through hole |  |  |  |
| A3240LLHLT-T | Yes | 7-in. reel, 3000 pieces/reel | Surface Mount | -40 to 150 |  |  |
| A3240LUA-T | Yes | Bulk, 500 pieces/bag | SIP through hole |  |  |  |

1 Pb -based variants are being phased out of the product line. Certain variants cited in this footnote are in production but have been determined to be NOT FOR NEW DESIGN. This classification indicates that sale of this device is currently restricted to existing customer applications. The device should not be purchased for new design applications because obsolescence in the near future is probable. Samples are no longer available. Status change: May 1, 2006. These variants include: A3240ELHLT, A3240ELT, A3240ELTTR, A3240EUA, A3240LLHLT, A3240LLT, A3240LLTTR, and A3240LUA.
${ }^{2}$ Contact Allegro for additional packing options.


## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS over operating temperature range.

| Characteristic | Symbol | Test Conditions | Limits |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
| Supply Voltage Range | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Operating, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}<165^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{1}$ | 4.2 | - | 24 | V |
| Output Leakage Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OFF }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=24 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~B}<\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{RP}}$ | - | - | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Output Saturation Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT(SAT) }}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=20 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~B}>\mathrm{B}_{\text {OP }}$ | - | 185 | 500 | mV |
| Output Current Limit | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OM}}$ | $\mathrm{B}>\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{OP}}$ | 30 | - | 60 | mA |
| Power-On Time | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{po}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}>4.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 50 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Chopping Frequency | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{C}}$ |  | - | 340 | - | kHz |
| Output Rise Time | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=820 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=20 \mathrm{pF}$ | - | 0.2 | 2.0 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Output Fall Time | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=820 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=20 \mathrm{pF}$ | - | 0.1 | 2.0 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Supply Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $\mathrm{B}<\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{RP}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=12 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 3.0 | 6.0 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{B}>\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{OP}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=12 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 4.0 | 6.0 | mA |
| Reverse Battery Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RCC}}=-30 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | -5.0 | mA |
| Zener Voltage | $V_{z}+V_{D}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 28 | 32 | 37 | V |
| Zener Impedance | $z_{z}+z_{D}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 50 | - | $\Omega$ |

NOTES: 1. Maximum voltage must be adjusted for power dissipation and junction temperature.
2. $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{OP}}=$ operate point (output turns on); $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{RP}}=$ release point (output turns off).
3. Typical Data is at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=12 \mathrm{~V}$ and is for design information only.

MAGNETIC CHARACTERISTICS over operating supply voltage and temperature ranges.

|  |  |  | Limits |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
| Operate Point | $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{OP}}$ |  | - | 35 | 50 | G |
| Release Point | $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{RP}}$ |  | 5.0 | 25 | - | G |
| Hysteresis | $\mathrm{B}_{\text {hys }}$ | $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{OP}}-\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{RP}}$ | - | 10 | - | G |

NOTES: 1. Typical Data is at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=12 \mathrm{~V}$ and is for design information only.
2. 1 gauss $(\mathrm{G})$ is exactly equal to 0.1 millitesla (mT).

## TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS as a function of temperature

SWITCH POINTS



Dwg. GH-029-4

SUPPLY CURRENT


Dwg. GH-028-5

## TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS as a function of supply voltage

SWITCH POINTS



## SENSOR LOCATIONS

## Package Designator 'LH'



Package Designator 'LT'


Dwg. MH-008-8A

## Package Designator 'UA’



Dwg. MH-011-9B

The products described herein are manufactured under one or more of the following U.S. patents: 5,045,920; 5,264,783; 5,442,283; 5,389,889; 5,581,179; 5,517,112; 5,619,137; 5,621,319; 5,650,719; 5,686,894; 5,694,038; 5,729,130; 5,917,320; and other patents pending.

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## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Chopper-Stabilized Technique. The Hall element can be considered as a resistor array similar to a Wheatstone bridge. A large portion of the offset is a result of the mismatching of these resistors. These devices use a proprietary dynamic offset cancellation technique, with an internal high-frequency clock to reduce the residual offset voltage of the Hall element that is normally caused by device overmolding, temperature dependencies, and thermal stress. The chopper-stabilizing technique cancels the mismatching of the resistor circuit by changing the direction of the current flowing through the Hall plate using CMOS switches and Hall voltage measurement taps, while maintaing the Hall-voltage signal that is induced by the external magnetic flux. The signal is then captured by a sample-andhold circuit and further processed using low-offset bipolar circuitry. This technique produces devices that have an extremely stable quiescent Hall output voltage, are immune to thermal stress, and have precise recoverability after temperature cycling. This technique will also slightly degrade the device output repeatability. A relatively high sampling frequency is used in order that faster signals can be processed.

More detailed descriptions of the circuit operation can be found in: Technical Paper STP 97-10, Monolithic Magnetic Hall Sensor Using Dynamic Quadrature Offset Cancellation and Technical Paper STP 99-1, Chopper-Stabilized Amplifiers With A Track-and-Hold Signal Demodulator.
Operation. The output of these devices switches low (turns on) when a magnetic field (south pole) perpendicular to the Hall sensor exceeds the operate point threshold ( $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{OP}}$ ). After turn-on, the output is capable of sinking 25 mA and the output voltage is $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT(SAT) }}$. When the magnetic field is reduced below the release point ( $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{RP}}$ ), the device output goes high (turns off). The difference in the magnetic operate and release points is the hysteresis ( $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{hys}}$ ) of the device. This built-in hysteresis allows clean switching of the output even in the presence of external mechanical vibration and electrical noise.
Applications. It is strongly recommended that an external bypass capacitor be connected (in close proximity to the Hall sensor) between the supply and ground of the device to reduce both external noise and noise generated by the chopperstabilization technique.

The simplest form of magnet that will operate these devices is a ring magnet. Other methods of operation, such as linear magnets, are possible. Extensive applications information on magnets and Hall-effect sensors is also available in Application Note 27701, or at
www.allegromicro.com


## PACKAGE DESIGNATOR ‘LH’

(fits SC-59A solder-pad layout)


NOTES: 1. Tolerances on package height and width represent allowable mold offsets. Dimensions given are measured at the widest point (parting line).
2. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.
3. Height does not include mold gate flash.
4. Where no tolerance is specified, dimension is nominal.
5. Add "LT" to part number for tape and reel.

## PACKAGE DESIGNATOR ‘LT’

(SOT89/TO-243AA)

## Dimensions in Inches

(for reference only)


Dwg. MA-009-3A in


Pads 1, 2, 3, and A - Standard SOT89 Layout
Pads 1, 2, 3, and B - Low-Stress Version
Pads 1, 2, and 3 only - Lowest Stress, But Not Self Aligning
Dwg. MA-012-3 in

Dimensions in Millimeters
(controlling dimensions)


NOTES: 1. Tolerances on package height and width represent allowable mold offsets. Dimensions given are measured at the widest point (parting line).
2. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.
3. Height does not include mold gate flash.
4. Recommended minimum PWB hole diameter to clear transition area is $0.035{ }^{\prime \prime}(0.89 \mathrm{~mm})$.
5. Where no tolerance is specified, dimension is nominal.
6. Supplied in bulk pack ( 500 pieces per bag).

