

6A05 THRU 6A10



6.0 AMP SILICON RECTIFIERS



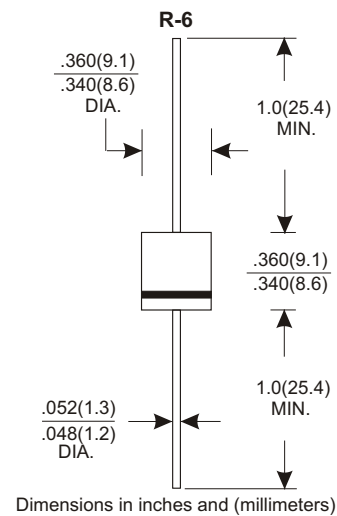
FEATURES

- * Low forward voltage drop
- * High current capability
- * High reliability
- * High surge current capability

MECHANICAL DATA

- * Case: Molded plastic
- * Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- * Lead: Axial leads, solderable per MIL-STD-202, method 208 guaranteed
- * Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end
- * Mounting position: Any

VOLTAGE RANGE
50 TO 1000 Volts
CURRENT
6.0 Amperes



MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
Single phase half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

| TYPE NUMBER | 6A05 | 6A1 | 6A2 | 6A4 | 6A6 | 6A8 | 6A10 | UNITS | |
|--|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------------|------|
| Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage | 50 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 600 | 800 | 1000 | V | |
| Maximum RMS Voltage | 35 | 70 | 140 | 280 | 420 | 560 | 700 | V | |
| Maximum DC Blocking Voltage | 50 | 100 | 200 | 400 | 600 | 800 | 1000 | V | |
| Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current | | | | | | | | | |
| .375" (9.5mm) Lead Length at Ta=60°C | | | | | | | | 6.0 | A |
| Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method) | | | | | | | | 300 | A |
| Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 6.0A | | | | | | | | 1.0 | V |
| Maximum DC Reverse Current Ta=25°C | | | | | | | | 10.0 | μA |
| at Rated DC Blocking Voltage Ta=100°C | | | | | | | | 400 | μA |
| Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 1) | | | | | | | | 100 | pF |
| Typical Thermal Resistance RθJA (Note 2) | | | | | | | | 10 | °C/W |
| Operating and Storage Temperature Range Tj, Tstg | | | | | | | | -65 — +150 | °C |

NOTES:

1. Measured at 1MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V D.C.
2. Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient .375" (9.5mm) lead length.

RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (6A05 THRU 6A10)

FIG.1-TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

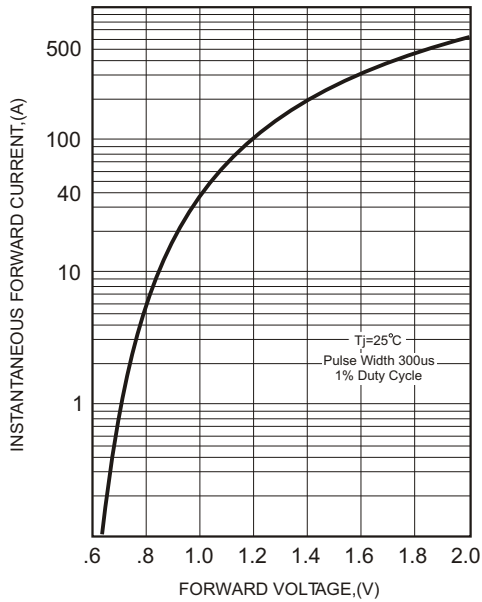


FIG.2-TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

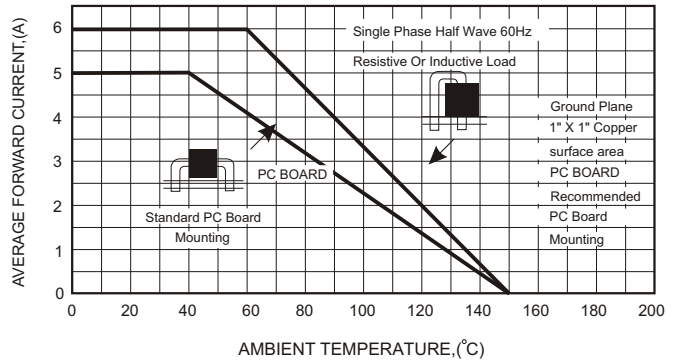


FIG.4-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

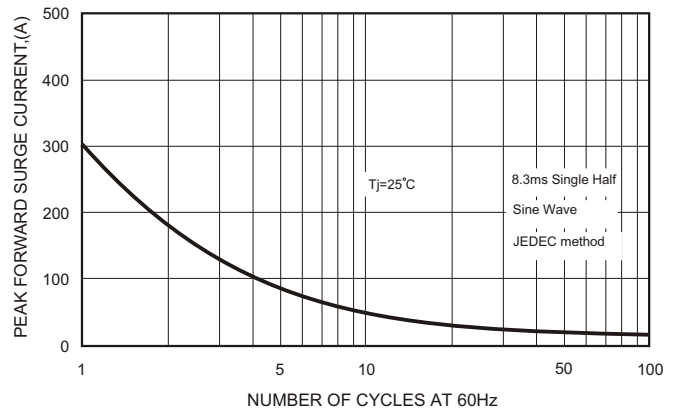


FIG.3 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

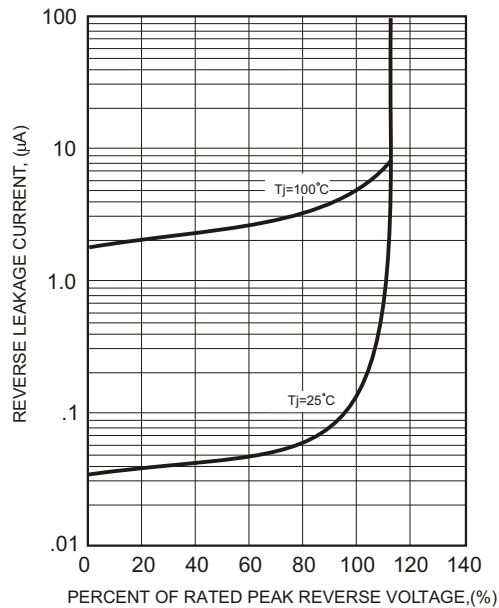


FIG.5 - TYPICAL THERMAL RESISTANCE VS. LEAD LENGTH

