

**Major Ratings and Characteristics**

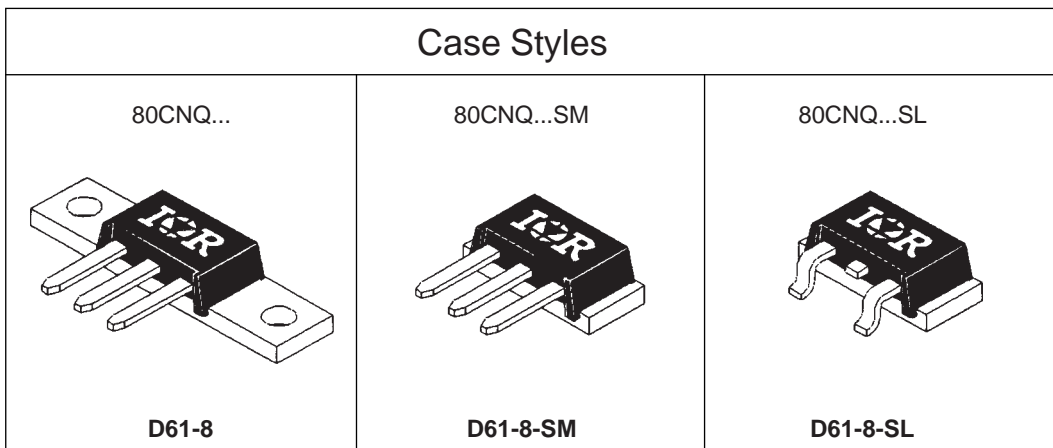
Characteristics	80CNQ...	Units
$I_{F(AV)}$ Rectangular waveform	80	A
$V_{RRM}$ range	35 to 45	V
$I_{FSM}$ @ tp = 5 $\mu$ s sine	5800	A
$V_F$ @ 40 Apk, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ (per leg)	0.47	V
$T_J$ range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

**Description/Features**

The 80CNQ center tap Schottky rectifier module series has been optimized for very low forward voltage drop, with moderate leakage. The proprietary barrier technology allows for reliable operation up to 150 $^\circ\text{C}$  junction temperature. Typical applications are in switching power supplies, converters, free-wheeling diodes, and reverse battery protection.

- 150 $^\circ\text{C}$   $T_J$  operation
- Center tap module
- Very low forward voltage drop
- High purity, high temperature epoxy encapsulation for enhanced mechanical strength and moisture resistance
- High frequency operation
- Guard ring for enhanced ruggedness and long term reliability
- Low profile, small footprint, high current package

**Case Styles**



### Voltage Ratings

Part number	80CNQ035	80CNQ040	80CNQ045
$V_R$ Max. DC Reverse Voltage (V)	35	40	45
$V_{RWM}$ Max. Working Peak Reverse Voltage (V)			

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	80CNQ	Units	Conditions
$I_{F(AV)}$ Max. Average Forward Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 5 (Per Device)	40 80	A	50% duty cycle @ $T_C = 114^\circ\text{C}$ , rectangular wave form
$I_{FSM}$ Max. Peak One Cycle Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 7	5800 750	A	5 $\mu\text{s}$ Sine or 3 $\mu\text{s}$ Rect. pulse 10ms Sine or 6ms Rect. pulse Following any rated load condition and with rated $V_{RWM}$ applied
$E_{AS}$ Non-Repetitive Avalanche Energy (Per Leg)	54	mJ	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{AS} = 8$ Amps, $L = 1.7$ mH
$I_{AR}$ Repetitive Avalanche Current (Per Leg)	8	A	Current decaying linearly to zero in 1 $\mu\text{sec}$ Frequency limited by $T_J$ max. $V_A = 1.5 \times V_R$ typical

### Electrical Specifications

Parameters	80CNQ	Units	Conditions
$V_{FM}$ Max. Forward Voltage Drop (Per Leg) * See Fig. 1 (1)	0.52	V	@ 40A $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
	0.66	V	@ 80A
	0.47	V	@ 40A $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
	0.61	V	@ 80A
$I_{RM}$ Max. Reverse Leakage Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 2 (1)	5	mA	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
	250	mA	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = \text{rated } V_R$
$V_{F(TO)}$ Threshold Voltage	0.26	V	$T_J = T_J \text{ max.}$
$r_t$ Forward Slope Resistance	3.93	m $\Omega$	
$C_T$ Max. Junction Capacitance (Per Leg)	2600	pF	$V_R = 5V_{DC}$ , (test signal range 100Khz to 1Mhz) $25^\circ\text{C}$
$L_S$ Typical Series Inductance (Per Leg)	5.5	nH	Measured lead to lead 5mm from package body
dv/dt Max. Voltage Rate of Change (Rated $V_R$ )	10,000	V/ $\mu\text{s}$	

(1) Pulse Width < 300 $\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle < 2%

### Thermal-Mechanical Specifications

Parameters	80CNQ	Units	Conditions
$T_J$ Max. Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{stg}$ Max. Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$R_{thJC}$ Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Per Leg)	0.85	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	DC operation * See Fig. 4
$R_{thJC}$ Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Per Package)	0.42	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	DC operation
$R_{thCS}$ Typical Thermal Resistance, Case to Heatsink <b>(D61-8 Only)</b>	0.30	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	Mounting surface, smooth and greased
wt Approximate Weight	7.8(0.28)	g(oz.)	
T Mounting Torque <b>(D61-8 Only)</b>	Min.	40(35)	Kg-cm (lbf-in)
	Max.	58(50)	

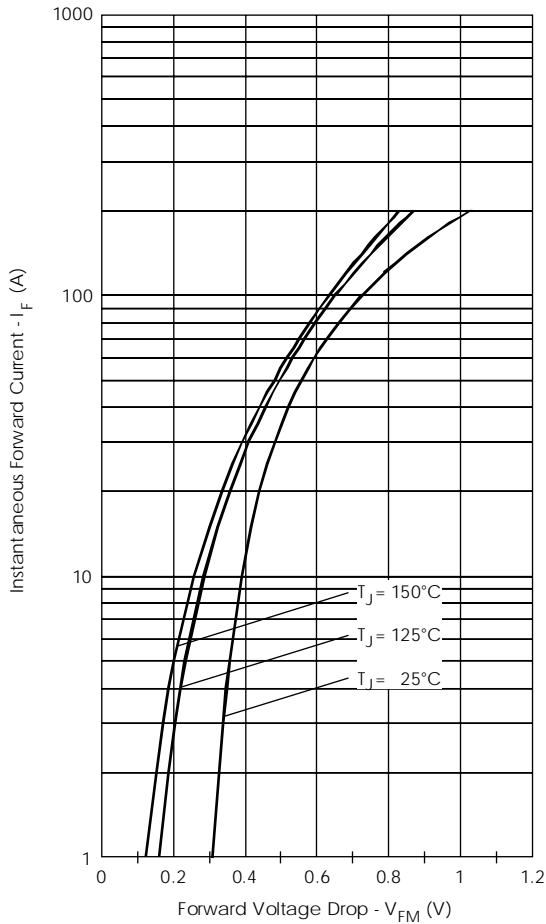


Fig. 1 - Max. Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics (PerLeg)

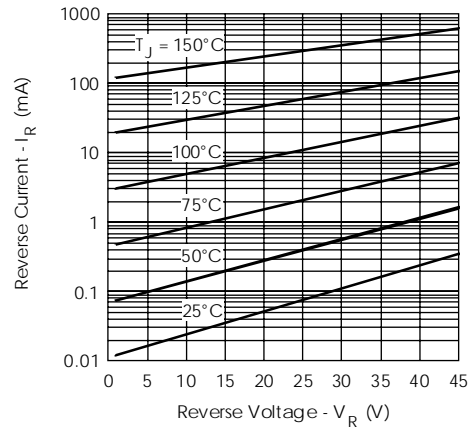


Fig. 2 - Typical Values Of Reverse Current Vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

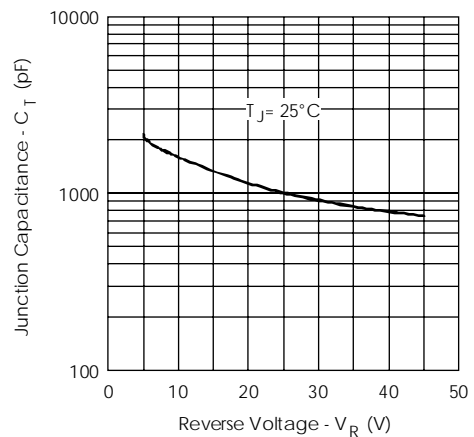


Fig. 3 - Typical Junction Capacitance Vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

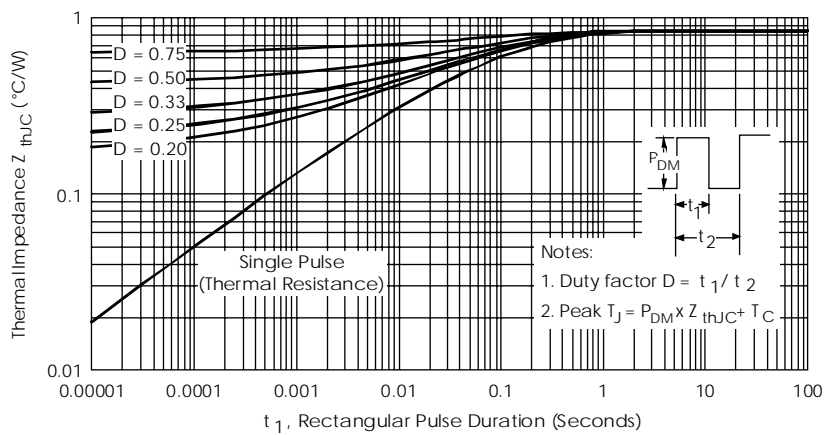


Fig. 4 - Max. Thermal Impedance  $Z_{thJC}$  Characteristics (PerLeg)

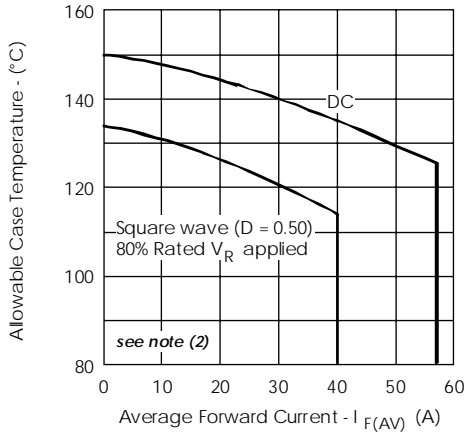


Fig. 5- Max. Allowable Case Temperature Vs. Average Forward Current (Per Leg)

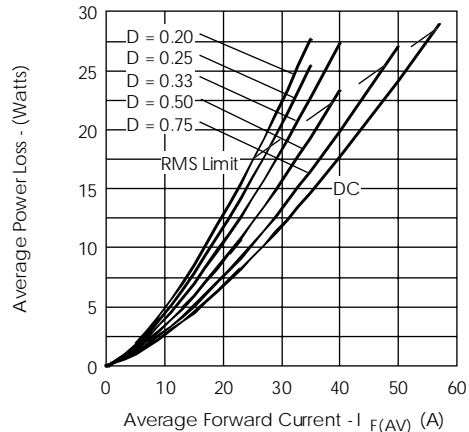


Fig. 6- Forward Power Loss Characteristics (Per Leg)

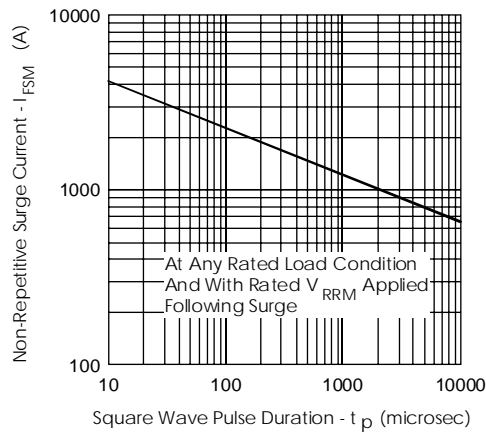


Fig. 7- Max. Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg)

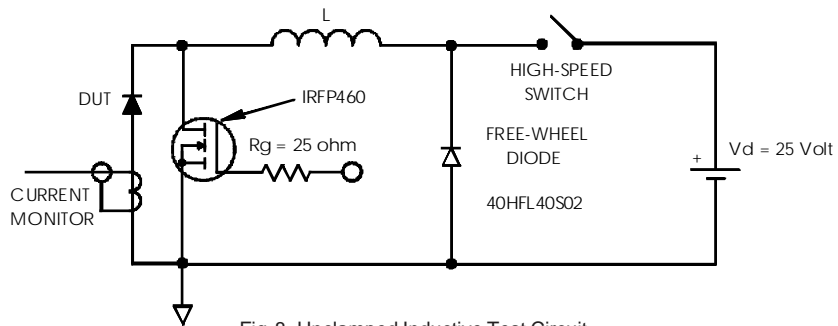
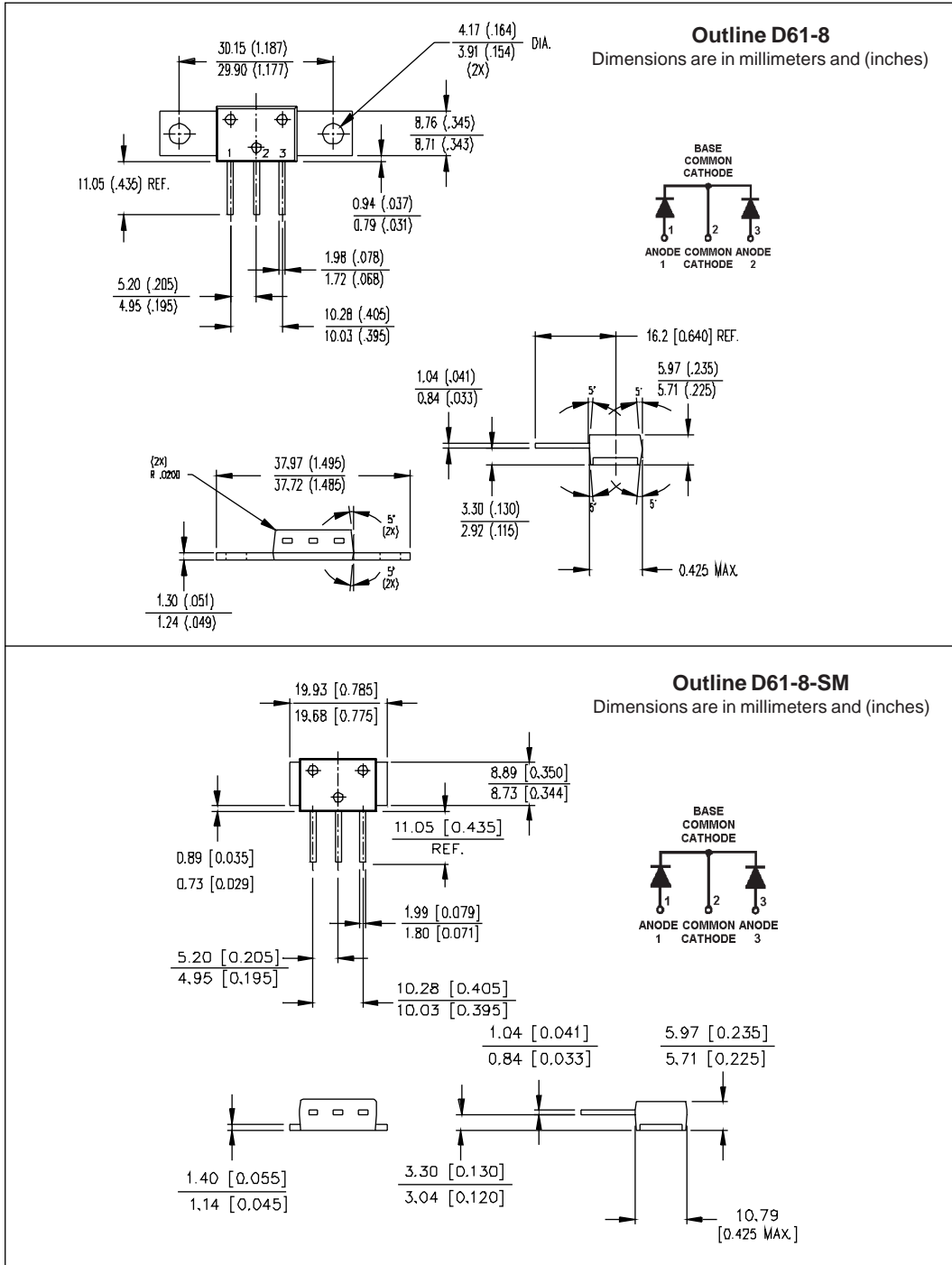


Fig. 8- Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

- (2) Formula used:  $T_c = T_j - (P_d + P_{d_{REV}}) \times R_{thJC}$ ;  
 $P_d = \text{Forward Power Loss} = I_{F(AV)} \times V_{FM} @ (I_{F(AV)} / D)$  (see Fig. 6);  
 $P_{d_{REV}} = \text{Inverse Power Loss} = V_{R1} \times I_R (1 - D)$ ;  $I_R @ V_{R1} = 80\%$  rated  $V_R$

Outline Table



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