# AS1751, AS1752, AS1753 High-Speed, Low-Voltage, Single-Supply, $0.9\Omega$ , Quad SPST Analog Switches

**Data Sheet** 

### 1 General Description

The AS1751/AS1752/AS1753 are high-speed, low-voltage, quad single-pole/single-throw (SPST) analog switches.

Fast switching speeds, low ON-resistance, and low power consumption make these devices ideal for single-cell battery powered applications.

These highly-reliable devices operate from a single +1.6 to +3.6V supply, and are differentiated by the type and number of switches:

- AS1751 Four normally open (NO) switches
- AS1752 Four normally closed (NC) switches
- AS1753 Two NO switches and Two NC switches

The AS1753 supports break-before-make switching.

With very low ON-resistance (Ron), Ron matching and Ron flatness, the devices can accurately switch signals for sample and hold circuits, digital filters, and op-amp gain switching networks.

The AS1751/AS1752/AS1753 digital logic input is 1.8V CMOS-compatible when using a +3V supply, and all devices can handle Rail-to-Rail signals.

The devices are available in a 3mm x 3mm 16-pin QFN package and a 14-pin TSSOP package.

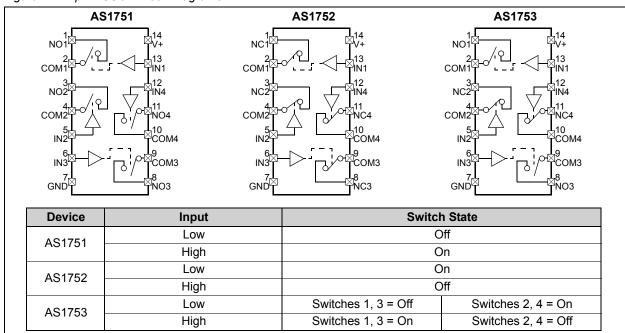
### 2 Key Features

- ON-Resistance:
  - 0.9Ω (+3V supply)
  - $2.5\Omega$  (+1.8V supply)
- Ron Matching:
  - $0.12\Omega$  (+3V supply)
  - $0.25\Omega$  (+1.8V supply)
- Ron Flatness: 0.1Ω (+3V Supply)
- Supply Voltage Range: +1.6 to +3.6V
- Switching Speed: ton = 22ns, toff = 14ns
- Current-Handling: 250mA Continuous
- Break-Before-Make Switching (AS1753)
- Rail-to-Rail Signal Handling
- 1.8V CMOS Logic Compatible (+3V Supply)
- Operating Temperature Range: -40 to +85°C
- Package Types:
  - 16-pin QFN (3mm x 3mm)
  - 14-pin TSSOP

### 3 Applications

The devices are ideal for use in power routing systems, cordless and mobile phones, MP3 players, CD and DVD players, PDAs, handheld computers, digital cameras, hard drives, and any other application where high-speed signal switching is required.

Figure 1. 14-pin TSSOP Block Diagrams



### **4 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses beyond those listed in Table 1 may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in Section 5 Electrical Characteristics on page 3 is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Min	Max	Units	Comments
V+, INx to GND		-0.3	+5	V	
COMx, NOx, NCx to GND <sup>†</sup>		-0.3	V+ + 0.3	V	
COMx, NOx, NCx Continu	uous Current	-250	+250	mA	
COMx, NOx, NCx Pea	k Current	-350	+350	mA	Pulsed at 1ms 10% duty cycle
Continuous Power	16-pin QFN		727	mW	Derate at 9.1W/°C above +70°C
Dissipation (TAMB = +70°C)	14-pin TSSOP		1349	IIIVV	Derate at 16.9W/°C above +70°C
Operating Temperatur	e Range	-40	+85	°C	
Electro-Static Disc	harge		2500	V	HBM Mil-Std883E 3015.7 methods
Latch Up Immur	nity		250	mA	Norm: JEDEC 17
Junction Tempera	ature		+150	°C	
Storage Temperature Range		-65	+150	°C	
Package Body Temperature			+260	°C	The reflow peak soldering temperature (body temperature) specified is in accordance with IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020C "Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Non-Hermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Signals on pins COM1, COM3, NO1, NO2, NC1, or NC2 that exceed V+ or GND are clamped by internal diodes. Forward-diode current should be limited to the maximum current rating.

### **5 Electrical Characteristics**

Table 2. Power Supply Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Тур	Max	Unit
V+	Power Supply Range	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX	1.6		3.6	V
l+	Positive Supply Current	V+ = 3.6V, V <sub>INx</sub> = 0 or V+, T <sub>AMB</sub> = +25°C			0.1	μA

V+=+2.7 to +3.6V,  $V_{IH}=+1.4V$ ,  $V_{IL}=+0.5V$ ,  $V_{IL}=+0.5V$ ,  $V_{IH}=+0.5V$ ,  $V_{IH}$ 

Table 3. +3V Supply Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	ons	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Analog Swi	tch							
VCOMx, VNOx, VNCx	Analog Signal Range			0		V+	V	
Ron	ON Posistance	V+ = 2.7V, ICOMx = 100mA,	TAMB = +25°C		0.4	0.9		
Ron ON-Resistance		$V_{NOx}$ or $V_{NCx} = 1.5V$	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX			1	Ω	
ΛRON	ON-Resistance Match	V+ = 2.7V, $ICOMx = 100mA$ ,	TAMB = +25°C		0.03	0.12	Ω	
ΔIXON	Between Channels <sup>1</sup>	$V_{NOx}$ or $V_{NCx} = 1.5V$	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX			0.15	52	
RFLAT(ON)	ON-Resistance	V+ = 2.7V, ICOMx = 100mA,	TAMB = +25°C		0.02	0.1	Ω	
KFLAT(ON)	Flatness <sup>2</sup>	VNOx or $VNCx = 1, 1.5, or 2V$	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX			0.12	1 22	
INOx(OFF),	NOx or NCx	V+ = 3.6V, $V_{COM}x = 0.3 \text{ or } 3.6V,$	TAMB = +25°C	-2.5		+2.5	<b>π</b> Λ	
INCx(OFF)	Off-Leakage Current	VCOMx = 0.3  or  3.6  v, VNOx  or  VNCx = 3.6  or  0.3  V	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX	-10		+10	nA	
1	COMx Off-Leakage	V+ = 3.6V,	TAMB = +25°C	-2.5		+2.5		
ICOMx(OFF) Current		$V_{COMx} = 0.3 \text{ or } 3.6V,$ $V_{NOx} \text{ or } V_{NCx} = 3.6 \text{ or } 0.3V$	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX	-10		+10	nA	
ICOMx(ON) COMx On-Leakage Current		V+ = 3.6V,	TAMB = +25°C	-2.5		+2.5		
		$V_{COMx} = 0.3 \text{ or } 3.6V,$ $V_{NOx} \text{ or } V_{NCx} = 0.3 \text{ or } 3.6V$	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX	-10		+10	nA	
Switch Dyn	amic Characteristics					l	1	
		VNOx or $VNCx = 1.5V$ ,	TAMB = +25°C		16	22		
ton	Turn On Time <sup>3</sup>	RLOAD = $50\Omega$ , CLOAD = $35pF$ , Figures 11, 12	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX			24	ns	
_	2	VNOx or $V$ NCx = 1.5 $V$ ,			5	14		
toff	Turn Off Time <sup>3</sup>	RLOAD = $50\Omega$ , CLOAD = $35pF$ , Figures 11, 12	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX			15	ns	
	2	$V_{NOx}$ or $V_{NCx} = 1.5V$ ,	TAMB = +25°C		11			
tввм	Break-Before-Make <sup>3</sup>	RLOAD = $50\Omega$ , CLOAD = $35pF$ , Figure 13 (AS1753) TAMB = TMIN to TMA		2			ns	
Q	Charge Injection	VGEN = V+, RGEN = 0, CLOAD = 1.0nF, Figure 14			2		рС	
Coff	NOx, NCx Off-Capacitance	f = 1MHz, Figure 15			45		pF	
CCOMx(OFF)	COM <i>x</i> Off-Capacitance	f = 1MHz, Fiç	gure 15		49		pF	
CCOMx(ON)	COM <i>x</i> On-Capacitance	f = 1MHz, Fiç	gure 15		85		pF	

Table 3. +3V Supply Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Тур	Max	Unit	
Viso	0,5,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	f = 10MHz, RLOAD = $50\Omega$ , CLOAD = $5pF$ , Figure 16		-40		٩D	
<b>V</b> 130	Off-Isolation <sup>4</sup>	f = 1MHz, RLOAD = $50\Omega$ , CLOAD = $5pF$ , Figure 16		-55		dB	
	5	$f = 10MHz$ , RLOAD = $50\Omega$ , CLOAD = $5pF$ , Figure 16		-70		dB	
	Crosstalk <sup>5</sup>	f = 1MHz, RLOAD = $50\Omega$ , CLOAD = 5pF, Figure 16		-80		uБ	
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion	f = 20Hz to 20kHz, $V_{COMx}$ = 2Vp-p, $R_{LOAD}$ = $32\Omega$		0.033		%	
Logic Input	Logic Input						
VIH	Input Logic High		1.4			٧	
VIL	Input Logic Low				0.5	٧	
lin	Input Leakage Current	$V_{INx} = 0$ or $V+$	-1	0.0001	+1	μΑ	

V+=+1.8V,  $V_{IH}=+1.0V$ ,  $V_{IL}=0.4V$ ,  $V_{IL}$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	ıs	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Analog Swite	ch								
VCOMx, VNOx, VNCx	Analog Signal Range		0		V+	>			
Ron ON-Resistance		V+ = 1.8V, ICOMx = 10mA,	TAMB = +25°C		0.9	2.5	0		
KON	ON-Resistance	$V_{NOx}$ or $V_{NCx} = 0.9V$	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX			3	Ω		
_	ON-Resistance	V+ = 1.8V, $ICOMx = 10mA$ ,	TAMB = +25°C		0.05	0.25			
ΔRon	Match Between Channels <sup>1</sup>	VNOx or VNCx = 0.9V	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX			0.25	Ω		
Switch Dyna	mic Characteristics				•				
	T 0 T 3	$V_{NOx} \text{ or } V_{NCx} = 1.0V,$	TAMB = +25°C		22	30			
ton	Turn On Time <sup>3</sup>	RLOAD = $50\Omega$ , CLOAD = $35pF$ , Figures 11, 12	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX			35	ns		
t	3	$V_{NOx} \text{ or } V_{NCx} = 1.0V,$	TAMB = +25°C		12	20			
toff	Turn Off Time <sup>3</sup>	RLOAD = $50\Omega$ , CLOAD = $35pF$ , Figures 11, 12	TAMB = TMIN to TMAX			25	ns		
Q	Charge Injection	VGEN = V+, RGEN = 0, CLOA	VGEN = V+, RGEN = 0, CLOAD = 1.0nF, Figure 14				рC		
Logic Input	Logic Input								
ViH	Input Logic High			1.0			٧		
VIL	Input Logic Low					0.4	V		
lin	Input Leakage Current	$V_{INx} = 0$ or	V+	-1	0.0001	+1	μΑ		

- 1.  $\Delta Ron = Ron(MAX) Ron(MIN)$ .
- 2. Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and the minimum value of ON-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal ranges.
- 3. Guaranteed by design.
- 4. Off-Isolation = 20log10(VCOMx/VNOx), VCOMx = output, VNOx = input to off switch.
- 5. Between two switches.

### **6 Typical Operating Characteristics**

Figure 2. Frequency Response

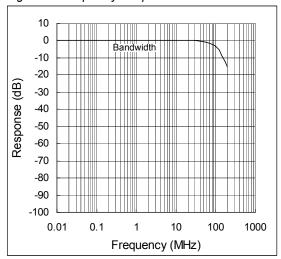


Figure 4. Turn On/Turn Off Time vs. Temperature

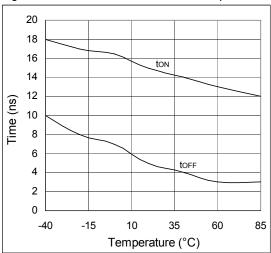


Figure 6. Ron vs. Vcom and Temperature; VDD = 2.7V

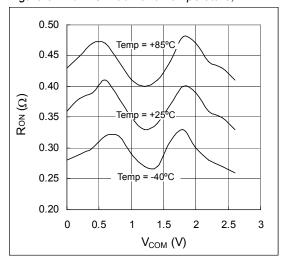


Figure 3. Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Frequency

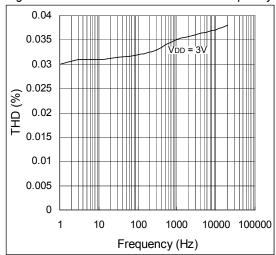


Figure 5. Turn On/Off Time vs. Supply Voltage

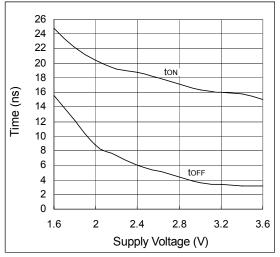


Figure 7. Ron vs. Vcom

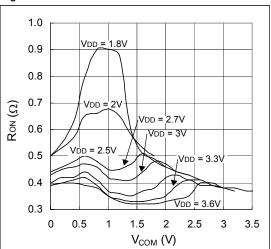
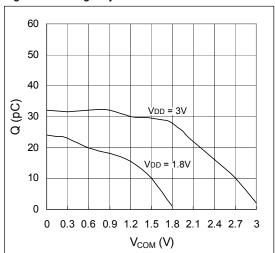


Figure 8. Charge Injection vs. Vcом



Data Sheet ON-Resistance

### 7 Detailed Description

The AS1751/AS1752/AS1753 are low ON-resistance, low-voltage, quad analog SPST switches that operate from a single +1.6 to +3.6V supply.

CMOS process technology allows switching of analog signals that are within the supply voltage range (GND to V+).

Figure 9. 16-pin QFN Block Diagrams

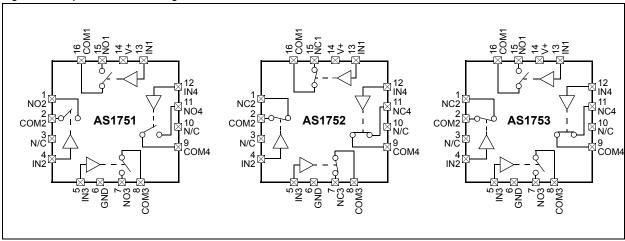


Table 5. Truth Tables

Device	Input	Switch State				
AS1751	Low	Off				
ASTI	High	On				
AS1752	Low	On				
A31732	High	Off				
AS1753	Low	Switches 1, 3 = Off	Switches 2, 4 = On			
A31733	High	Switches 1, 3 = On	Switches 2, 4 = Off			

#### **ON-Resistance**

When powered from a +3V supply, the low  $(0.9\Omega, \text{max})$  ON-resistance allows high-speed, continuous signals to be switched in a variety of applications.

#### **Bi-Directional Switching**

Pins NOx, NCx, and COMx are bi-directional, thus they can be used as inputs to- or outputs from other components.

#### **Analog Signal Levels**

Analog signals ranging over the entire supply voltage range (V+ to GND) can be switched with very little change in ON-resistance (see Typical Operating Characteristics on page 5).

#### **Logic Inputs**

The devices' logic inputs can be driven up to +3.6V regardless of the supply voltage value. For example, with a +1.8V supply, INx may be driven low to GND and high to +3.6V. This allows the devices to interface with +3V systems using a supply of less than 3V.

Power Supply Sequencing

**Data Sheet** 

### **8 Application Information**

#### **Power Supply Sequencing**

Proper power-supply sequencing is critical for proper switch operation. The power supplies should be started up in the following sequence:

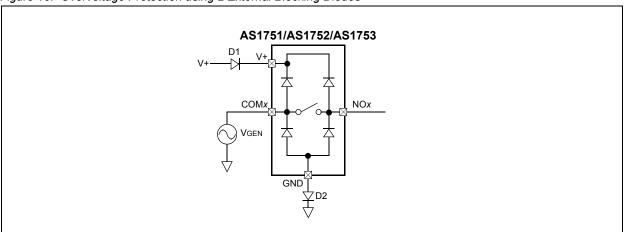
- 1. V+
- 2. NOx, NCx, COMx

Note: Do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings (see page 2).

#### Overvoltage Protection

ON-resistance increases slightly at lower supply voltages.

Figure 10. Overvoltage Protection using 2 External Blocking Diodes



Adding diode D2 to the circuit shown in Figure 10 causes the logic threshold to be shifted relative to GND. Diodes D1 and D2 also protect against overvoltage conditions.

For example, in the circuit shown in Figure 10, if the supply voltage goes below the absolute maximum rating, and if a fault voltage up to the absolute maximum rating is applied to an analog signal pin, no damage will result.

#### **Power Supply Bypass**

Power supply connections to the devices must maintain a low impedance to ground. This can be done using a bypass capacitor, which will also improve noise margin and prevent switching noise propagation from the V+ supply to other components.

A 0.1µF bypass capacitor, connected from V+ to GND (see Figure 16 on page 10), is adequate for most applications.

#### **Logic Inputs**

Driving INx Rail-to-Rail will help minimize power consumption.

#### **Layout Considerations**

High-speed switches require proper layout and design procedures for optimum performance.

- Short, wide traces should be used to reduce stray inductance and capacitance.
- Bypass capacitors should be as close to the device as possible.
- Large ground planes should be used wherever possible.

Timing Diagrams and Test Setups

### Figure 11. AS1751/AS1753 Test Circuit and Timing Diagram

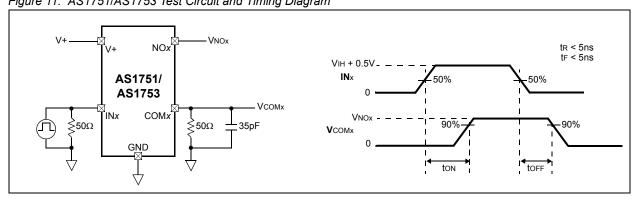


Figure 12. AS1752/AS1753 Test Circuit and Timing Diagram

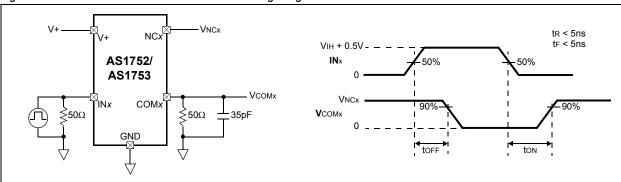


Figure 13. AS1753 Test Circuit and Timing Diagram

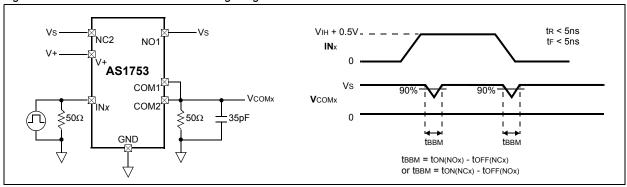


Figure 14. Charge Injection

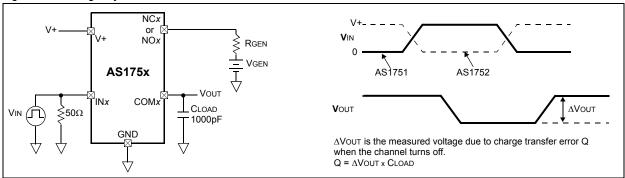


Figure 15. NOx, NCx, and COMx Capacitance

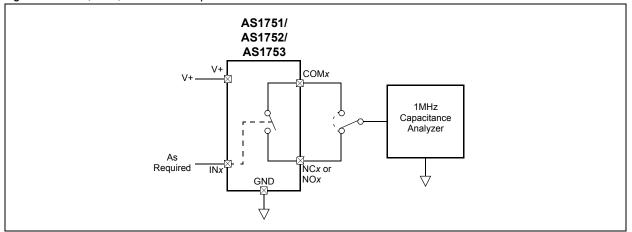
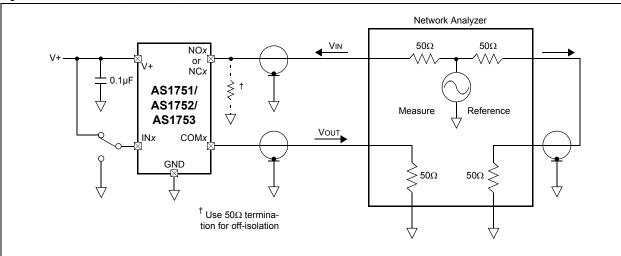


Figure 16. Off-Isolation, On-Loss, and Crosstalk



#### Notes:

- 1. Measurements are standardized against short-circuit at socket terminals.
- 2. Off-isolation is measured between COMx and the off NCx/NOx terminal on each switch. Off-isolation = 20log (Vout/Vin).
- 3. On-loss is measured between COMx and the on NCx/NOx terminal on each switch. On-loss = 20log (VouT/VIN).
- 4. Signal direction through the switch is reversed; worst values are recorded.

Data Sheet Pin Assignments

### 9 Pinout and Packaging

#### **Pin Assignments**

Figure 17. QFN Pin Assignments (Top View)

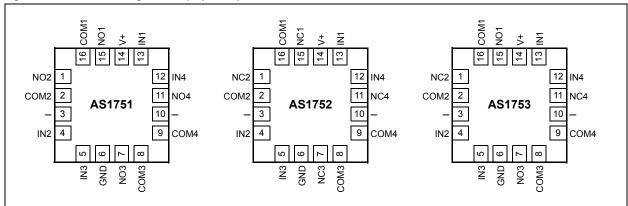
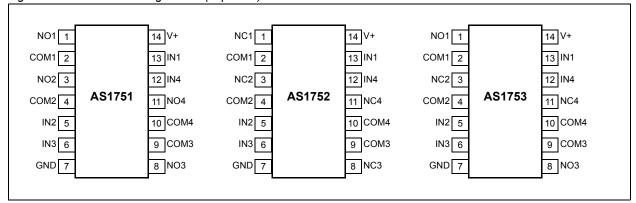


Figure 18. TSSOP Pin Assignments (Top View)



#### **Pin Descriptions**

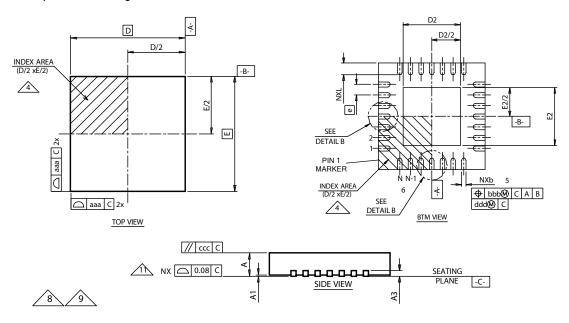
Table 6. Pin Descriptions

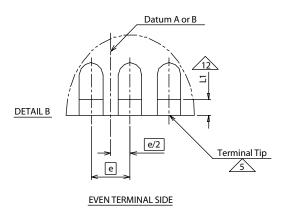
Pin Number	Pin Name	Description		
	COM1: COM4	Analog Switch 1, 2, 3, 4 Common		
	GND	Ground		
(see Figure 17 and Figure 18)	IN1:IN4	Analog Switch 1, 2, 3, 4 Logic Control Input		
and Figure 18)	NC1:NC4	Analog Switch 1, 2, 3, 4 Normally Closed Terminal		
	NO1:NO4	Analog Switch 1, 2, 3, 4 Normally Open Terminal		
	V+ Input Supply Voltage, +1.6 to +3.6V			

### **Package Drawings and Markings**

The devices are available in an 16-pin QFN package and an 14-pin TSSOP package.

Figure 19. 16-pin QFN Package





	Common Dimensions								
Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	Notes					
aaa		0.15		1, 2					
bbb		0.10		1, 2					
ccc		0.10		1, 2					
ddd		0.05		1, 2					
Α	0.70	0.75	0.80						
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05						
А3		0.20 Ref							
L1	0.03		0.15						
D BSC		3.00		1, 2, 10					
E BSC		3.00		1, 2, 10					
D2	1.30	1.45	1.55	1, 2, 10					
E2	1.30	1.45	1.55	1, 2, 10					
L	0.30	0.40	0.50	1, 2, 10					
N		16		1, 2, 10					
ND		4		1, 2, 10					
NE		4		1, 2, 10					

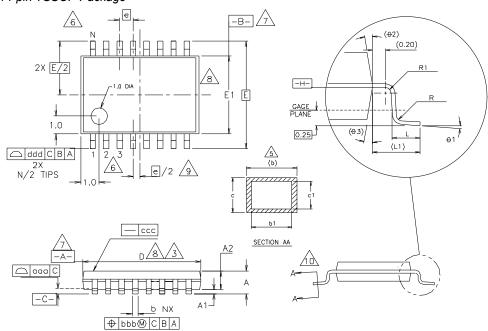
Package Drawings and Markings

Data Sheet

#### Notes:

- 1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. All dimensions are in millimeters; angles in degrees.
- 3. N is the total number of terminals.
- 4. The terminal #1 identifier and terminal numbering convention shall conform to *JEDEC 95 SPP-012*. Details of terminal #1 identifier are optional but must be located within the zone indicated. The terminal #1 identifier may be either a mold or marked feature.
- 5. Dimension b applies to metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15 and 0.30mm from terminal tip. If one end of the terminal has the optional radius, the b dimension should not be measured in that radius area.
- 6. Dimensions ND and NE refer to the number of terminals on each D and E side, respectively.
- 7. Depopulation is possible in a symmetrical fashion.
- 8. Figure 19 is shown for illustration only and does not represent any specific variation.
- 9. All variations may be constructed per Figure 19, however variations may alternately be constructed between square or rectangle shape per dimensions D and E.
- 10. Refer to the Dimensions Table for a complete set of dimensions.
- 11. Bilateral coplanarity zone applies to the exposed heat sink slug as well as the terminals.
- 12. Depending on the method of lead termination at the edge of the package, pullback (L1) may be present. L minus L1 to be ≥ 0.33mm.
- 13. For variations with more than one lead count for a given body size and terminal pitch, each lead count for that variation is denoted by a dash number (e.g., -1 or -2).
- 14. NJR designates non-JEDEC registered package.

Figure 20. 14-pin TSSOP Package



Symbol	0.65m	m Lead Pit	tch <sup>1, 2</sup>	Note	Symbol	0.65mm Lead Pitch 1, 2		Note	
Oymoo.	Min	Nom	Max	-		Min	Min Nom Max		11010
Α	-	-	1.10		θ1	0°	-	8°	
A1	0.05	-	0.15		L1		1.0 Ref		
A2	0.85	0.90	0.95		aaa		0.10		
L	0.50	0.60	0.75		bbb	0.10			
R	0.09	-	-		CCC	0.05			
R1	0.09	-	-		ddd	0.20			
b	0.19	-	0.30	5	е		0.65 BSC		
b1	0.19	0.22	0.25		θ2		12° Ref		
С	0.09	-	0.20		θ3		12º Ref		
c1	0.09	-	0.16						
	Variations								
D	4.90	5.00	5.10	3, 8	е	0.65 BSC			
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50	4, 8	N	14		6	
E		6.4 BSC							

#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters; angles in degrees.
- 2. Dimensions and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 3. Dimension D does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
- 4. Dimension E1 does not include interlead flash or protrusion. Interlead flash or protrusion shall not exceed 0.25mm per side.
- 5. Dimension b does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall be 0.08mm total in excess of dimension b at maximum material condition. Dambar cannot be located on the lower radius of the foot. Minimum space between protrusion and adjacent lead is 0.07mm for 0.5mm pitch packages.
- 6. Terminal numbers shown are for reference only.
- 7. Datums A and B to be determined at datum plane H.
- 8. Dimensions D and E1 to be determined at datum plane H.
- 9. This dimension applies only to variations with an even number of leads per side. For variations with an odd number of leads per package, the center lead must be coincident with the package centerline, datum A.
- 10. Cross section A-A to be determined at 0.10 to 0.25mm from the leadtip.

## **10 Ordering Information**

The devices are available as the standard products shown in Table 7.

Table 7. Ordering Information

Part	Description	Delivery Form	Package
AS1751S	SPST Switch	Tube	14-TSSOP
AS1751S-T	Quad SPST Switch	Tape and Reel	14-TSSOP
AS1751V <sup>†</sup>	Quad SPST Switch	Tray	16-QFN 3mmx3mm
AS1751V-T <sup>†</sup>	Quad SPST Switch	Tape and Reel	16-QFN 3mmx3mm
AS1752S	Quad SPST Switch	Tube	14-TSSOP
AS1752S-T	Quad SPST Switch	Tape and Reel	14-TSSOP
AS1752V <sup>†</sup>	Quad SPST Switch	Tray	16-QFN 3mmx3mm
AS1752V-T <sup>†</sup>	Quad SPST Switch	Tape and Reel	16-QFN 3mmx3mm
AS1753S	Quad SPST Switch	Tube	14-TSSOP
AS1753S-T	Quad SPST Switch	Tape and Reel	14-TSSOP
AS1753V <sup>†</sup>	Quad SPST Switch	Tray	16-QFN 3mmx3mm
AS1753V-T <sup>†</sup>	Quad SPST Switch	Tape and Reel	16-QFN 3mmx3mm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Future Product

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#### **Contact Information**

#### Headquarters

austriamicrosystems AG A-8141 Schloss Premstaetten, Austria

Tel: +43 (0) 3136 500 0 Fax: +43 (0) 3136 525 01

e-mail: info@austriamicrosystems.com

For Sales Offices, Distributors and Representatives, please visit:

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