March 2001 Advance Information



3.3V 512K × 16/18 pipeline burst synchronous SRAM

Features

- Organization: 524,288 words × 16 or 18 bits
- Fast clock speeds to 166 MHz in LVTTL/LVCMOS
- Fast clock to data access: 3.5/3.8/4.0/5.0 ns
- Fast OE access time: 3.5/3.8/4.0/5.0 ns
- Fully synchronous register-to-register operation
- "Flow-through" mode
- Single-cycle deselect
- Dual-cycle deselect also available (AS7C33512PFD16A/ AS7C33512PFD18A)
- ${\ensuremath{\cdot}}\xspace{1.5mm} {\ensuremath{\mathsf{Pentium}}\xspace{1.5mm}}^*$ compatible architecture and timing

Logic block diagram



- Asynchronous output enable control
- Economical 100-pin TQFP package
- Byte write enables
- Multiple chip enables for easy expansion
- 3.3V core power supply
- 2.5V or 3.3V I/O operation with separate V_{DDO}
- 30 mW typical standby power in power down mode
- NTD^{TM*} pipeline architecture available
 - (AS7C33512NTD16A/AS7C33512NTD18A)

Pin arrangement



Note: pins 24, 74 are NC for ×16.

Selection guide

	AS7C33512PFS16A -166	AS7C33512PFS16A -150	AS7C33512PFS16A -133	AS7C33512PFS16A -100	Units
Minimum cycle time	6	6.7	7.5	10	ns
Maximum pipelined clock frequency	166.7	150	133.3	100	MHz
Maximum pipelined clock access time	3.5	3.8	4	5	ns
Maximum operating current	475	450	425	325	mA
Maximum standby current	130	110	100	90	mA
Maximum CMOS standby current (DC)	30	30	30	30	mA

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Functional description

The AS7C33512PFS16A and AS7C33512PFS18A are high performance CMOS 8-Mbit synchronous Static Random Access Memory (SRAM) devices organized as 524,288 words × 16 or 18 bits and incorporate a pipeline for highest frequency on any given technology.

Timing for this device is compatible with existing Pentium[®] synchronous cache specifications. This architecture is suited for ASIC, DSP (TMS320C6X), and PowerPC^{TMR}-based systems in computing, datacomm, instrumentation, and telecommunications systems.

Fast cycle times of 6/6.7/7.5/10 ns with clock access times (t_{CD}) of 3.5/3.8/4.0/5.0 ns enable 167, 150, 133 and 100 MHz bus frequencies. Three chip enable inputs permit easy memory expansion. Burst operation is initiated in one of two ways: the controller address strobe (\overline{ADSC}), or the processor address strobe (\overline{ADSP}). The burst advance pin (\overline{ADV}) allows subsequent internally generated burst addresses.

Read cycles are initiated with $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ (regardless of $\overline{\text{WE}}$ and $\overline{\text{ADSC}}$) using the new external address clocked into the on-chip address register. When $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ is sampled LOW, the chip enables are sampled active, and the output buffer is enabled with $\overline{\text{OE}}$. In a read operation the data accessed by the current address, registered in the address registers by the positive edge of CLK, are carried to the data-out registers and driven on the output pins on the next positive edge of CLK. $\overline{\text{ADV}}$ is ignored on the clock edge that samples $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ asserted but is sampled on all subsequent clock edges. Address is incremented internally for the next access of the burst when $\overline{\text{ADV}}$ is sampled LOW and both address strobes are HIGH. Burst operation is selectable with the $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ input. With $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ unconnected or driven HIGH, burst operations use a Pentium[®] count sequence. With $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ driven LOW the device uses a linear count sequence suitable for PowerPCTM and many other applications.

Write cycles are performed by disabling the output buffers with \overline{OE} and asserting a write command. A global write enable \overline{GWE} writes all 16/18 bits regardless of the state of individual $\overline{BW[a:b]}$ inputs. Alternately, when \overline{GWE} is HIGH, one or more bytes may be written by asserting \overline{BWE} and the appropriate individual byte \overline{BWn} signal(s).

 $\overline{\text{BWn}}$ is ignored on the clock edge that samples $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ LOW, but is sampled on all subsequent clock edges. Output buffers are disabled when $\overline{\text{BWn}}$ is sampled LOW (regardless of $\overline{\text{OE}}$). Data is clocked into the data input register when $\overline{\text{BWn}}$ is sampled LOW. Address is incremented internally to the next burst address if $\overline{\text{BWn}}$ and $\overline{\text{ADV}}$ are sampled LOW.

Read or write cycles may also be initiated with ADSC instead of ADSP. The differences between cycles initiated with ADSC and ADSP follow.

- ADSP must be sampled HIGH when ADSC is sampled LOW to initiate a cycle with ADSC.
- WE signals are sampled on the clock edge that samples ADSC LOW (and ADSP HIGH).
- Master chip select CE0 blocks ADSP, but not ADSC.

The AS7C33512PFS16A and AS7C33512PFS18A operate from a 3.3V supply. I/Os use a separate power supply that can operate at 2.5V or 3.3V. These devices are available in a 100-pin 14×20 mm TQFP packaging.

*PowerPC^{TM} is a tradenark International Business Machines Corporation

Capacitance

Parameter	Symbol	Signals	Test conditions	Max	Unit
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	Address and control pins	$V_{IN} = 0V$	5	pF
I/O capacitance	C _{I/O}	I/O pins	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} = 0V$	7	pF

Write enable truth table (per byte)

GWE	BWE	BWn	WEn
L	Х	Х	Т
Н	L	L	T
Н	Н	Х	F*
Н	L	Н	F*

Key:

X = Don't Care, L = Low, H = High, T=True, F=False

 $\overline{\text{WE}}$, $\overline{\text{WEn}}$ = internal write signal

^{*} valid read

n = a, b



Signal	I/O	Properties	Description
CLK	Ι	CLOCK	Clock. All inputs except OE, FT, ZZ, LBO are synchronous to this clock.
A0-A18	Ι	SYNC	Address. Sampled when all chip enables are active and $\overline{\text{ADSC}}$ or $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ are asserted.
DQ[a,b]	I/O	SYNC	Data. Driven as output when the chip is enabled and \overline{OE} is active.
CE0	Ι	SYNC	Master chip enable. Sampled on clock edges when $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ or $\overline{\text{ADSC}}$ is active. When $\overline{\text{CE0}}$ is inactive, $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ is blocked. Refer to the Synchronous Truth Table for more information.
CE1, CE2	Ι	SYNC	Synchronous chip enables. Active HIGH and active LOW, respectively. Sampled on clock edges when $\overline{\text{ADSC}}$ is active or when $\overline{\text{CE0}}$ and $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ are active.
ADSP	Ι	SYNC	Address strobe (processor). Asserted LOW to load a new address or to enter standby mode.
ADSC	Ι	SYNC	Address strobe (controller). Asserted LOW to load a new address or to enter standby mode.
ADV	Ι	SYNC	Burst advance. Asserted LOW to continue burst read/write.
GWE	Ι	SYNC	Global write enable. Asserted LOW to write all $16/18$ bits. When HIGH, $\overline{\text{BWE}}$ and $\overline{\text{BW}[a,b]}$ control write enable.
BWE	Ι	SYNC	Byte write enable. Asserted LOW with $\overline{\text{GWE}}$ = HIGH to enable effect of $\overline{\text{BW}[a,b]}$ inputs.
BW[a,b]	Ι	SYNC	Write enables. Used to control write of individual bytes when $GWE = HIGH$ and $\overline{BWE} = LOW$. If any of $\overline{BW[a,b]}$ is active with $\overline{GWE} = HIGH$ and $\overline{BWE} = LOW$ the cycle is a write cycle. If all $\overline{BW[a,b]}$ are inactive, the cycle is a read cycle.
ŌĒ	Ι	ASYNC	Asynchronous output enable. I/O pins are driven when $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is active and the chip is in read mode.
LBO	Ι	STATIC default = HIGH	Count mode. When driven HIGH, count sequence follows Intel XOR convention. When driven LOW, count sequence follows linear convention. This signal is internally pulled HIGH.
FT	Ι	STATIC	Flow-through mode. When LOW, enables single register flow-through mode. Connect to $\rm V_{DD}$ if unused or for pipelined operation.
ZZ	Ι	ASYNC	Sleep. Places device in low power mode; data is retained. Connect to GND if unused.

Signal descriptions

Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage relative to GND	V _{DD} , V _{DDQ}	-0.5	+4.6	V
Input voltage relative to GND (input pins)	V _{IN}	-0.5	$V_{\rm DD} + 0.5$	V
Input voltage relative to GND (I/O pins)	V _{IN}	-0.5	$V_{DDQ} + 0.5$	V
Power dissipation	P _D	_	1.8	W
DC output current	I _{OUT}	_	50	mA
Storage temperature (plastic)	T _{stg}	-65	+150	°C
Temperature under bias	T _{bias}	-65	+135	°C

Note: Stresses greater than those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect reliability.



Synchro	onous t	ruth ta	ble								
CE0	CE1	CE2	ADSP	ADSC	ADV	$\overline{\text{WEn}}^1$	OE	Address accessed	CLK	Operation	DQ
Н	Х	Х	Х	L	Х	Х	Х	NA	L to H	Deselect	Hi–Z
L	L	Х	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	NA	L to H	Deselect	Hi–Z
L	L	Х	Η	L	Х	Х	Х	NA	L to H	Deselect	Hi–Z
L	Х	Η	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	NA	L to H	Deselect	Hi–Z
L	Х	Η	Η	L	Х	Х	Х	NA	L to H	Deselect	Hi–Z
L	Η	L	L	Х	Х	Х	L	External	L to H	Begin read	Hi–Z ²
L	Η	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Η	External	L to H	Begin read	Hi–Z
L	Η	L	Η	L	Х	F	L	External	L to H	Begin read	Hi–Z ²
L	Η	L	Η	L	Х	F	Η	External	L to H	Begin read	Hi–Z
Х	Х	Х	Η	Η	L	F	L	Next	L to H	Cont. read	Q
Х	Х	Х	Η	Η	L	F	Η	Next	L to H	Cont. read	Hi–Z
Х	Х	Х	Η	Η	Η	F	L	Current	L to H	Suspend read	Q
Х	Х	Х	Η	Η	Н	F	Η	Current	L to H	Suspend read	Hi–Z
Н	Х	Х	Х	Η	L	F	L	Next	L to H	Cont. read	Q
Н	Х	Х	Х	Η	L	F	Η	Next	L to H	Cont. read	Hi–Z
Н	Х	Х	Х	Η	Н	F	L	Current	L to H	Suspend read	Q
Н	Х	Х	Х	Η	Н	F	Η	Current	L to H	Suspend read	Hi–Z
L	Η	L	Η	L	Х	Т	Х	External	L to H	Begin write	D^3
Х	Х	Х	Η	Η	L	Т	Х	Next	L to H	Cont. write	D
Н	Х	Х	Х	Η	L	Т	Х	Next	L to H	Cont. write	D
Х	Х	Х	Η	Η	Η	Т	Х	Current	L to H	Suspend write	D
Н	Х	Х	Х	Η	Н	Т	Х	Current	L to H	Suspend write	D

Key: X = Don't Care, L = Low, H = High. ¹See "Write enable truth table" on page 2 for more information.

 2 Q in flow through mode 3 For write operation following a READ, \overline{OE} must be HIGH before the input data set up time and held HIGH throughout the input hold time.

Recommended operating conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Nominal	Max	Unit	
Supply voltage		V _{DD}	3.135	3.3	3.6	V	
Supply voltage		V _{SS}	0.0	0.0	0.0	v	
3.3V I/O supply		V _{DDQ}	3.135	3.3	3.6	V	
voltage		V _{SSQ}	0.0	0.0	0.0	v	
2.5V I/O supply		V _{DDQ}	2.35	2.5	2.9	V	
voltage		V _{SSQ}	0.0	0.0	0.0	¥.	
	Address and	V _{IH}	2.0	-	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	
	control pins	V _{IL}	-0.5*	_	0.8	v	
mput voltages	I/O pips	V _{IH}	2.0	_	$V_{DDQ} + 0.3$	V	
	1/ O pills	V _{IL}	-0.5*	-	0.8		
Ambient operating tem	T _A	0	—	70	°C		



* V_{IL} min = -2.0V for pulse width less than 0.2 × t_{RC} . † Input voltage ranges apply to 3.3V I/O operation. For 2.5V I/O operation, contact factory for input specifications.

TQFP thermal resistance

Description	Conditions		Symbol	Typical	Units
Thermal resistance	Test and distance fallows stored and test	1-layer	θ_{JA}	40	°C/W
$($ junction to ambient $)^*$	methods and procedures for measuring	4—layer	θ_{JA}	22	°C/W
Thermal resistance (junction to top of case) [*]	thermal impedance, per EIA/JESD51		θ_{JC}	8	°C/W

* This parameter is sampled.

DC electrical characteristics

			-1	-166		-150		33	-100		
Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Input leakage current [*]	$ I_{LI} $	V_{DD} = Max, V_{IN} = GND to V_{DD}	_	2	-	2	_	2	-	2	μΑ
Output leakage current	$ I_{LO} $	$\overline{\text{OE}} \ge V_{\text{IH}}, V_{\text{DD}} = \text{Max},$ $V_{\text{OUT}} = \text{GND to } V_{\text{DD}}$	_	2	-	2	_	2	_	2	μΑ
Operating power supply current	I _{CC}	$\overline{\text{CE0}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{ CE1} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}, \overline{\text{CE2}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}},$ $f = f_{\text{Max}}, \text{I}_{\text{OUT}} = 0 \text{ mA}$	_	475	-	450	_	425	_	325	mA
	I _{SB}	Deselected, $f = f_{Max}$, $ZZ \le V_{IL}$	-	130	-	110	-	100	-	90	
Standby power supply current	I_{SB1}	Deselected, f = 0, ZZ \leq 0.2V all $V_{\rm IN} \leq$ 0.2V or \geq $V_{\rm DD} - 0.2V$	_	30	-	30	_	30	_	30	mA
11 /	I _{SB2}	$ \begin{split} \text{Deselected, } f &= f_{Max}, ZZ \geq V_{DD} - 0.2V \\ \text{All } V_{IN} \leq V_{IL} \text{ or } \geq V_{IH} \end{split} $	_	30	-	30	_	30	_	30	
Output voltage	V _{OL}	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}, V_{DDQ} = 3.465 \text{V}$	—	0.4	—	0.4	—	0.4	—	0.4	v
Sulput toltage	V _{OH}	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}, V_{DDQ} = 3.135 \text{V}$	2.4	_	2.4	_	2.4	_	2.4	_	*

* $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ pin has an internal pull-up and input leakage = $\pm 10~\mu a.$

Note: ICC give with no output loading. ICC increases with faster cycle times and greater output loading.

DC electrical characteristics for 2.5V I/O operation

			-166		-150		-133		-100		
Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Output leakage current	$ I_{LO} $	$\overline{\text{OE}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{IH}}, \text{ V}_{\text{DD}} = \text{Max},$ $\text{V}_{\text{OUT}} = \text{GND to V}_{\text{DD}}$	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	μΑ
Output voltage	V _{OL}	$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}, V_{DDQ} = 2.65 \text{V}$	-	0.7	_	0.7	_	0.7	_	0.7	v
Sulput totage	V _{OH}	$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}, V_{DDQ} = 2.35 \text{V}$	1.7	-	1.7	-	1.7	_	1.7	_	

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Timing characteristics over operating range

		-1	66	-1	-150		-133		00		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes*
Clock frequency	f _{Max}	-	166	—	150	—	133	—	100	MHz	
Cycle time (pipelined mode)	t _{CYC}	6	-	6.6	_	7.5	-	10	_	ns	
Cycle time (flow-through mode)	t _{CYCF}	10	-	10	—	12	-	12	—	ns	
Clock access time (pipelined mode)	t _{CD}	_	3.5	—	3.8	_	4.0	_	5.0	ns	
Clock access time (flow-through mode)	t _{CDF}	_	9	_	10	_	10	_	12	ns	
Output enable LOW to data valid	t _{OE}	-	3.5	_	3.8	-	4.0	-	5.0	ns	
Clock HIGH to output Low Z	t _{LZC}	0	-	0	—	0	-	0	—	ns	2,3,4
Data output invalid from clock HIGH	t _{OH}	1.5	-	1.5	_	1.5	-	1.5	—	ns	2
Output enable LOW to output Low Z	t _{LZOE}	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	_	ns	2,3,4
Output enable HIGH to output High Z	t _{HZOE}	_	3.5	—	3.8	_	4.0	_	4.5	ns	2,3,4
Clock HIGH to output High Z	t _{HZC}	-	3.5	—	3.8	—	4.0	—	5.0	ns	2,3,4
Output enable HIGH to invalid output	t _{OHOE}	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	_	ns	
Clock HIGH pulse width	t _{CH}	2.4	-	2.5	-	2.5	-	3.5	_	ns	5
Clock LOW pulse width	t _{CL}	2.4	-	2.5	_	2.5	-	3.5	—	ns	5
Address setup to clock HIGH	t _{AS}	1.5	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	2.0	_	ns	6
Data setup to clock HIGH	t _{DS}	1.5	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	2.0	_	ns	6
Write setup to clock HIGH	t _{WS}	1.5	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	2.0	_	ns	6,7
Chip select setup to clock HIGH	t _{CSS}	1.5	-	1.5	—	1.5	-	2.0	—	ns	6,8
Address hold from clock HIGH	t _{AH}	0.5	-	0.5	—	0.5	-	0.5	—	ns	6
Data hold from clock HIGH	t _{DH}	0.5	-	0.5	_	0.5	-	0.5	—	ns	6
Write hold from clock HIGH	t _{WH}	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	_	ns	6,7
Chip select hold from clock HIGH	t _{CSH}	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns	6,8
ADV setup to clock HIGH	t _{ADVS}	1.5	-	1.5	_	1.5	-	2.0	—	ns	6
ADSP setup to clock HIGH	t _{ADSPS}	1.5	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	2.0	_	ns	6
ADSC setup to clock HIGH	t _{ADSCS}	1.5	-	1.5	—	1.5	-	2.0	—	ns	6
ADV hold from clock HIGH	t _{ADVH}	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns	6
ADSP hold fromclock HIGH	t _{ADSPH}	0.5	-	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns	6
ADSC hold from clock HIGH	t _{ADSCH}	0.5	-	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns	6

*"Notes" column refers to "notes" on page 10.

Key to switching waveforms



Falling input

Undefined/don't care





Note: $\dot{Y} = XOR$ when MODE = HIGH/No Connect; $\dot{Y} = ADD$ when MODE = LOW. $\overline{BW[a:b]}$ is don't care.



Timing waveform of write cycle



Note: $\dot{Y} = XOR$ when MODE = HIGH/No Connect; $\dot{Y} = ADD$ when MODE = LOW.



Timing waveform of read/write cycle



Note: $\acute{Y} = XOR$ when MODE = HIGH/No Connect; $\acute{Y} = ADD$ when MODE = LOW.

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AC test conditions

- Output load: see Figure B, except for $t_{\text{LZC}},\,t_{\text{LZOE}},\,t_{\text{HZOE}},\,t_{\text{HZC}}$ see Figure C.
- Input pulse level: GND to 3V. See Figure A.
- Input rise and fall time (measured at 0.3V and 2.7V): 2 ns. See Figure A.
- Input and output timing reference levels: 1.5V.



Notes

1) For test conditions, see AC Test Conditions, Figures A, B, C.

2) This parameter measured with output load condition in Figure C.

3) This parameter is sampled, but not 100% tested.

4) t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZOE} ; and t_{HZC} is less than t_{LZC} at any given temperature and voltage.

5) tCH measured as HIGH above VIH and tCL measured as LOW below VIL.

6) This is a synchronous device. All addresses must meet the specified setup and hold times for all rising edges of CLK. All other synchronous inputs must meet the setup and hold times with stable logic levels for all rising edges of CLK when chip is enabled.

7) Write refers to GWE, BWE, BW[a:d].

8) Chip select refers to $\overline{CE0}$, CE1, $\overline{CE2}$.

Package Dimensions 100-pin quad flat pack (TQFP)



+3.3V for 3.3V I/O;

Thevenin equivalent:



Ordering information

-166 MHz	-150 MHz	-133 MHz	-100 MHz
AS7C33512PFS16A-166TQC	AS7C33512PFS16A-150TQC	AS7C33512PFS16A-133TQC	AS7C33512PFS16A-100TQC
AS7C33512PFS16A-166TQI	AS7C33512PFS16A-150TQI	AS7C33512PFS16A-133TQI	AS7C33512PFS16A-100TQI
AS7C33512PFS18A-166TQC	AS7C33512PFS18A-150TQC	AS7C33512PFS18A-133TQC	AS7C33512PFS18A-100TQC
AS7C33512PFS18A-166TQI	AS7C33512PFS18A-150TQI	AS7C33512PFS18A-133TQI	AS7C33512PFS18A-100TQI

Part numbering guide

AS7C	33	512	PF	S	16/18	А	-XXX	TQ	C/I
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

1. Alliance Semiconductor SRAM prefix

2.Operating voltage: 33=3.3V

3.Organization: 512=512K

4.Pipeline-Flowthrough (each device works in both modes)

5.Deselect: S=Single cycle deselect

6.Organization: 16=x16; 18=x18

7.Production version: A=first production version

8.Clock speed (MHz)

9.Package type: TQ=TQFP

10.Operating temperature: C=Commercial (0° C to 70° C); I=Industrial (-40° C to 85° C)

3/13/01; v.0.9

Alliance Semiconductor

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