

# 2-channel BTL driver for CD players

## BA5912AFP-Y

The BA5912AFP-Y is a 2-channel BTL driver developed to drive CD player motors and actuators. Perfect for compact applications with the use of the HSOP 25-pin package.

### ●Applications

CD players, CD-ROM

### ●Features

- 1) 2-channel BTL driver.
- 2) Perfect for compact applications with the use of the HSOP 25-pin power package.
- 3) Wide dynamic range.
- 4) External mute pin enables the muting of the output current (independent muting for channels 1 and 2). Muting both channels causes the IC to enter the standby mode.
- 5) Two internal multi-purpose operational amplifiers.
- 6) Power supply is divided into three systems (Pre  $V_{CC}$ , Pow  $V_{CC}$  for channel 1, and Pow  $V_{CC}$  for channel 2)
- 7) Internal standard two operational amplifier.
- 8) Internal thermal shutdown circuit.

### ●Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25 °C)

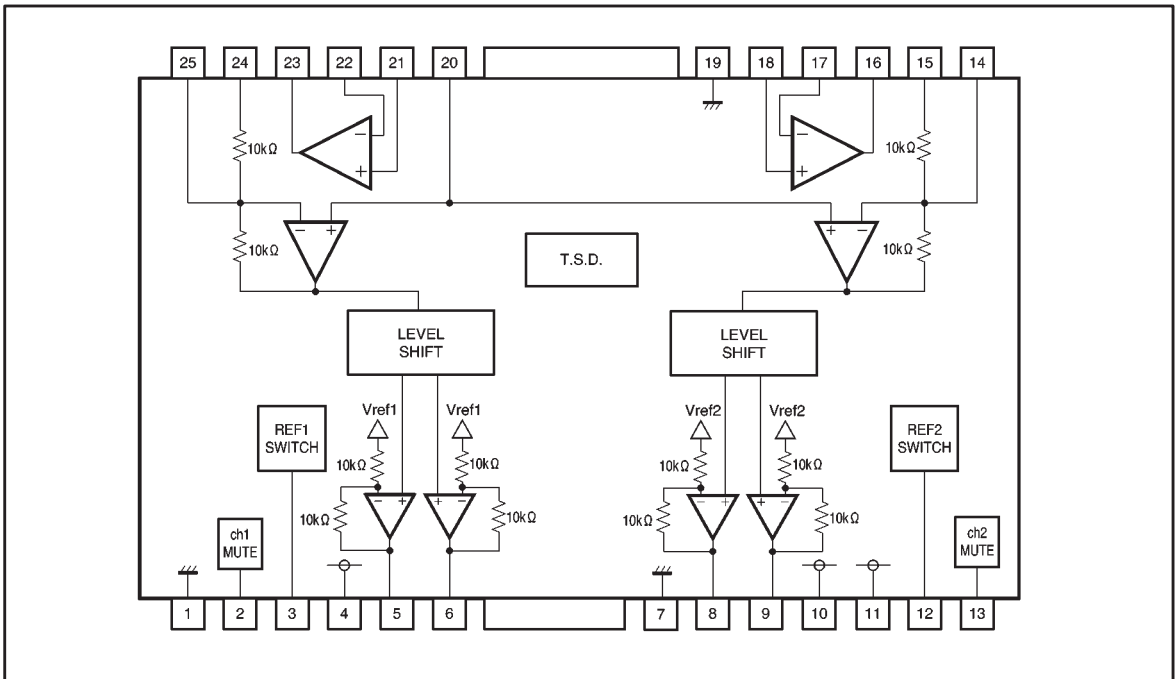
Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	13.5	V
Power dissipation	$P_d$	1.45*1	W
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$	-35~+85	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55~+150	°C

\*1 When mounted on a 70mm×70mm×1.6mm glass epoxy board with copper foil coverage of less than 3%.  
Reduced by 11.6mW for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C.

### ●Recommended operating conditions (Ta = 25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Power supply voltage	Pre $V_{CC}$	4.5~13.2	V
Power-stage power supply voltage	Pow $V_{CC}$	4.5~Pre $V_{CC}$	V

## ● Block diagram

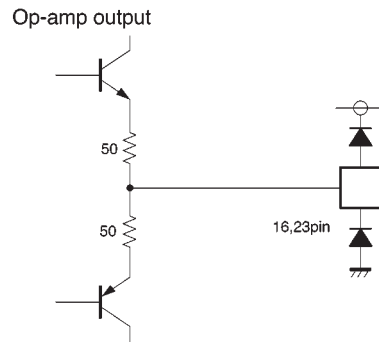
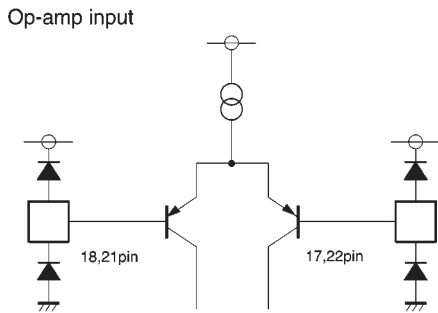
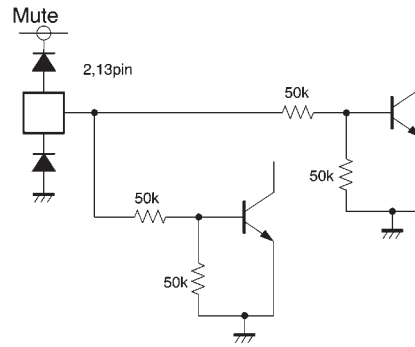
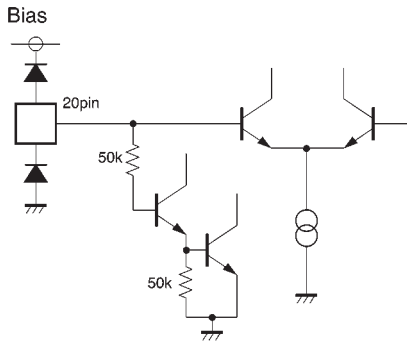
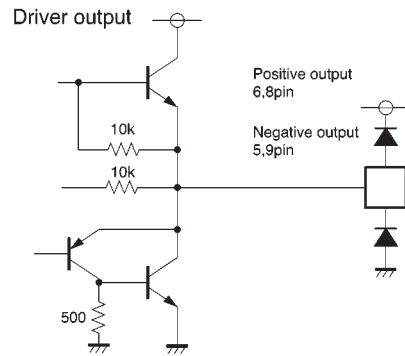
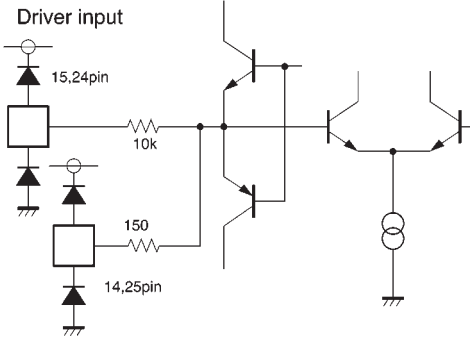


## ● Pin descriptions

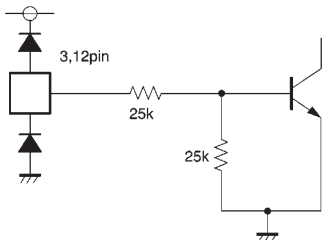
Pin No.	Pin name	Function	Pin No.	Pin name	Function
1	GND	Substrate GND	14	IN2'	Input for channel 2 gain adjustment
2	MUTE1	Channel 1 mute	15	IN2	Channel 2 gain fixed input
3	REF1	Channel 1 Vref switch	16	OP1-OUT	Op-amp 1 output
4	Pow Vcc1	Pow Vcc (channel 1)	17	OP1-IN-	Op-amp 1 negative input
5	OUT1-	Channel 1 negative output	18	OP1-IN+	Op-amp 1 positive input
6	OUT1+	Channel 1 positive output	19	GND	Substrate GND
7	GND	Substrate GND	20	BIAS	Bias input
8	OUT2+	Channel 2 positive output	21	OP2-IN+	Op-amp 2 positive input
9	OUT2-	Channel 2 negative output	22	OP2-IN-	Op-amp 2 negative input
10	Pow Vcc2	Pow Vcc (channel 2)	23	OP2-OUT	Op-amp 2 output
11	Pre Vcc	PreVcc	24	IN1	Channel 1 gain fixed input
12	REF2	Channel 2 Vref switch	25	IN1'	Input for channel 1 gain adjustment
13	MUTE2	Channel 2 mute			

Note: Positive output and negative output are the polarities with respect to the input.

● Input / output circuits



Vref switch



●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25 °C, Pre V<sub>CC</sub> = Pow V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V, BIAS = 2.5V, R<sub>L</sub> = 8Ω)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Circuit current	I <sub>CC</sub>	—	9.0	14.0	mA	No load, REF1, 2 ≥ 2.0V
Circuit current during standby	I <sub>SCC</sub>	—	0	100	μA	No load, REF1, 2 ≤ 0.5V
〈Driver〉						
Output offset voltage	V <sub>OO</sub>	−50	—	50	mV	
Maximum output amplitude 1	V <sub>OM1</sub>	3.2	3.5	—	V	REF1, 2 ≤ 0.5V
Maximum output amplitude 2	V <sub>OM2</sub>	3.7	4.0	—	V	Pre V <sub>CC</sub> =12V, Pow V <sub>CC</sub> =5V REF1, 2 > 2.0V
Closed-loop voltage gain	G <sub>VC</sub>	10.0	11.5	13.0	dB	V <sub>IN</sub> =BIAS ± 0.5V
Mute on voltage	V <sub>MON</sub>	GND	—	0.5	V	
Mute off voltage	V <sub>MOFF</sub>	2.0	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
Vref switch voltage 1	V <sub>ref1</sub>	GND	—	0.5	V	Pre V <sub>CC</sub> =Pow V <sub>CC</sub>
Vref switch voltage 2	V <sub>ref2</sub>	2.0	—	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	Pre V <sub>CC</sub> >Pow V <sub>CC</sub> +VF
〈Operational amplifier〉						
Offset voltage	V <sub>OPOP</sub>	−5	0	5	mV	
Input bias current	I <sub>BOP</sub>	—	—	300	nA	
Output high level voltage	V <sub>OHOP</sub>	4.00	4.36	—	V	
Output low level voltage	V <sub>OLOP</sub>	—	0.74	1.1	V	
Output drive current sink	I <sub>SINK</sub>	10	50	—	mA	50 Ω at V <sub>CC</sub>
Output drive current source	I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	10	40	—	mA	50 Ω at GND
Slew rate	S <sub>ROP</sub>	—	1	—	V/μs	100kHz rectangular wave, 4V <sub>P-P</sub> output

● Measurement circuits

(Driver block)

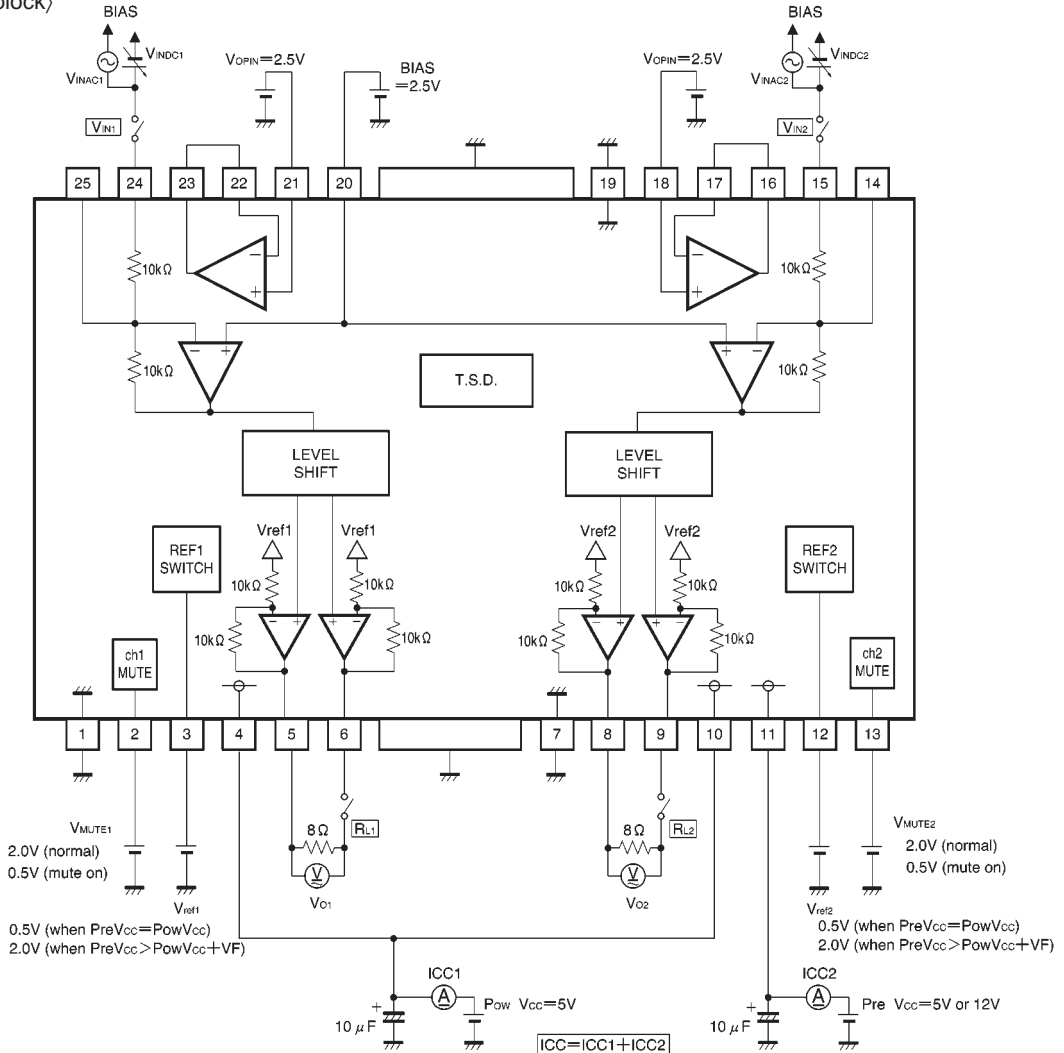


Fig.1

〈Operational amplifier block〉

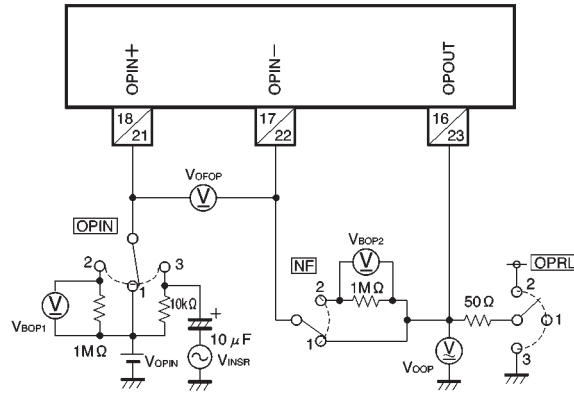


Fig.2

●Application example

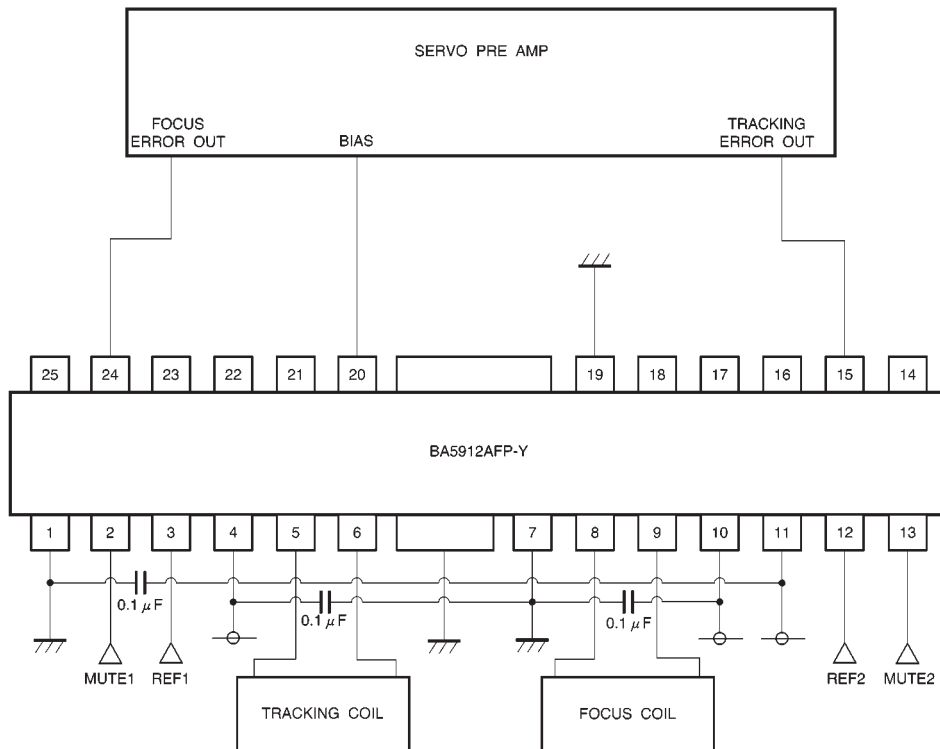


Fig.3

### ● Operation notes

- (1) The BA5912AFP-Y contains a thermal shutdown circuit. When the chip temperature reaches 175 °C (Typ.), the output current is muted. If the chip temperature then drops below 150 °C (Typ.), then the mute is released.
- (2) By having the voltage of the mute pins (pins 2 and 13) open or lowered to 0.5V or below, you can independently mute the output current for channels 1 and 2. For normal conditions, have the voltages for the mute pins (pins 2 and 13) pulled up to 2.0V or greater. If the both mute pins (pins 2 and 13) are open or 0.5V or less, then the IC automatically enters the standby mode.
- (3) If the voltage of the bias pin (pin 20) drops below 1.4V (Typ.), outputs are muted. For normal conditions, have the voltage above 2.0V.
- (4) If the power supply voltage drops below 3.5V (Typ.), internal circuits turn off. If the power supply voltage then rises to 4.0V (Typ.), the circuits turn on.

- (5) If the voltage of the thermal shutdown, mute ON, or bias pin drops, or if the power supply voltage drops, the mute is activated; however, in these situations, only the drivers are muted. Also, the output pin voltage becomes the internal bias voltage.
- (6) When  $Pre V_{CC} = Pow V_{CC}$ , have the Vref switch pin open or at 0.5V or less (internal bias voltage =  $(Pow V_{CC} - VF) / 2$ ). When  $Pre V_{CC} > Pow V_{CC} + VF$ , have the Vref switch pin pulled up to 2.0V (internal bias voltage =  $Pow V_{CC} / 2$ ).
- (7) Connect a bypass capacitor (approx. 0.1μF) between the bases of the power supply pins of this IC.
- (8) Even though the radiation fins are connected to ground within the package, be sure to also connect them to a ground externally as well.

### ● Electrical characteristic curves

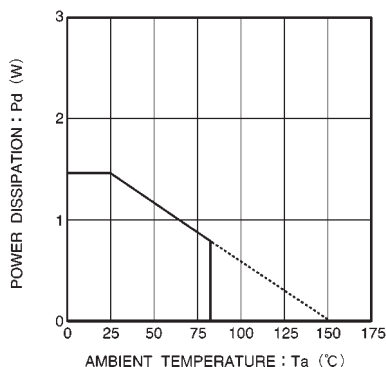


Fig.4 Thermal derating curve

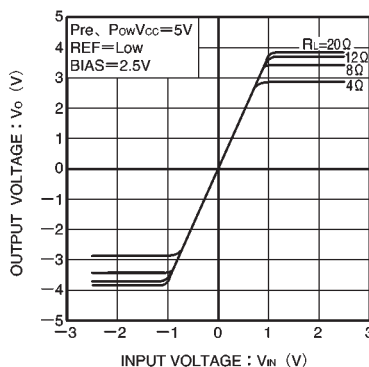


Fig.5 Driver I / O characteristics  
(When  $PreV_{CC}=PowV_{CC}$ , with load regulation)

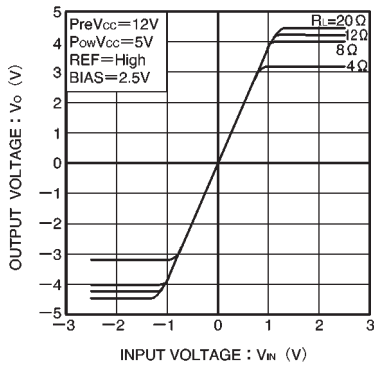


Fig.6 Driver I / O characteristics  
(When  $PreV_{CC} \geq PowV_{CC} + V_F$ , with load regulation)

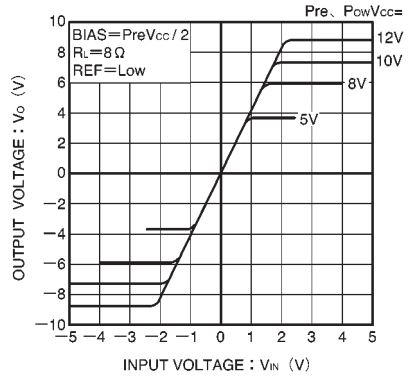


Fig.7 Driver I / O characteristics  
(With  $PreV_{CC}$  and  $PowV_{CC}$  regulation)

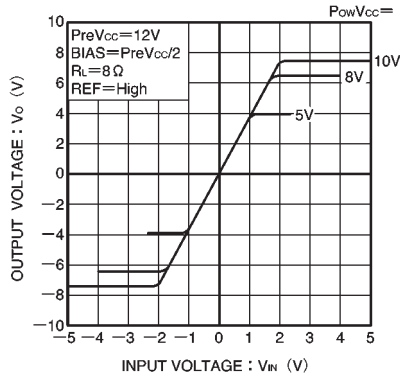


Fig.8 Driver I / O characteristics  
(With  $PowV_{CC}$  regulation)

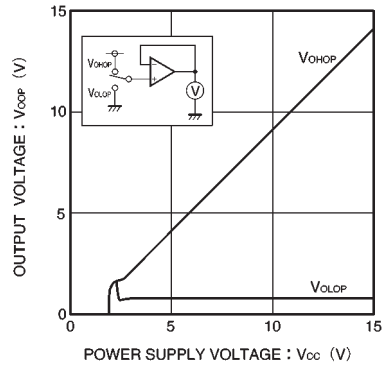


Fig.9 Power supply voltage vs.  
op-amp output voltage

● External dimensions (Units: mm)

