

# **Stepping Motor Driver series**

# High Performance, High Reliability 36V Stepping Motor Driver

# BD6385EFV-LB

## Description

This is the product guarantees long time support in Industrial market.

BD6385EFV are the high-grade type that provides the highest function and highest reliance in the ROHM stepping motor driver. This has the perfect various protection circuits and reduces IC's generation of heat by adopting low-ON resistance DMOS and high heat-radiation power package.

As for its basic function, it is a low power consumption bipolar PWM constant current-drive driver with power supply's rated voltage of 36V and output current 1.0A. For the input interface, the CLK-IN drive mode and the parallel IN drive mode are compatible with each other, so please choose an input mode according to needs of application. There are excitation modes of FULL STEP & HALF STEP (2 kinds), QUARTER STEP mode, and for current decay mode, the ratio of FAST DECAY & SLOW DECAY can be freely set, so the optimum control conditions for every motor can be realized. In addition, being able to drive with one system of power supply makes contribution to the set design's getting easy.

#### **Features**

- Long Time Support Product for Industrial Applications.
- Power supply: one system drive (rated voltage of 36V)
- Low ON resistance DMOS output
- CLK-IN drive mode (built-in translator circuit)
- Parallel IN drive mode
- Stepping motor ✓ DC motor(×2) drives are
- PWM constant current control (self oscillation)
- Built-in spike noise cancel function (external noise filter is unnecessary)
- FULL STEP & HALF STEP (two kinds), applicable to QUARTER STEP
- Applicable to the µSTEP drive
- Current decay mode switching function (linearly variable FAST/SLOW DECAY ratio)
- Normal rotation & reverse rotation switching function
- Power save function
- Built-in logic input pull-down resistor
- Power-on reset function
- Thermal shutdown circuit (TSD)
- Over current protection circuit (OCP)
- Under voltage lock out circuit (UVLO)
- Over voltage lock out circuit (OVLO)
- Malfunction prevention at the time of no applied power supply (Ghost Supply Prevention)
- Adjacent pins short protection
- Inverted mounting protection

# **Applications**

Industrial Equipment, PPC, multi-function printer, laser beam printer, ink jet printer, monitoring camera, WEB camera, sewing machine, photo printer, FAX, scanner, mini printer, toy, and robot etc.

## **Key Specification**

Supply voltage : 10V ~ 28V

■ Maximum output current : 1.0A

□ Operating temperature range : -25°C ~ +75°C

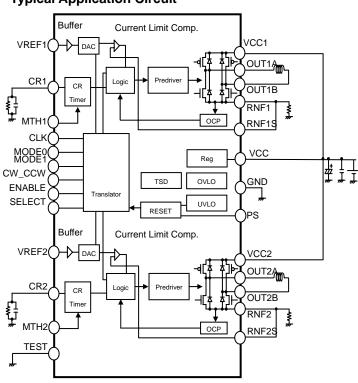
□ Output ON resistance : 1.0Ω (Typ.)

## Package HTSSOP-B40

W(Typ.) x D(Typ.) x H(Max.) 13.60mm x 7.80mm x 1.00mm



# **Typical Application Circuit**



Absolute maximum ratings(Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	BD6385EFV	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC0,1,2</sub>	-0.2~+36.0	٧
D 1:		1.6 <sup>※1</sup>	W
Power dissipation	Pd	4.7 <sup>※2</sup>	W
Input voltage for control pin	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.2 <b>~</b> +5.5	V
RNF maximum voltage	$V_{RNF}$	0.5	٧
Maximum output current	I <sub>OUT</sub>	1.0 <sup>%3</sup>	A/phase
Operating temperature range	T <sub>opr</sub>	-25~+75	°C
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 <b>∼</b> +150	လူ
Junction temperature	T <sub>jmax</sub>	150	°C

<sup>\*1 70</sup>mm × 70mm × 1.6mm glass epoxy board. Derating in done at 12.8mW/°C for operating above Ta=25°C.

# Operating conditions(Ta= -25~+75°C)

Item	Symbol	BD6385EFV	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC0,1,2</sub>	10~28	V
Output current(DC)	I <sub>OUT</sub>	0.7 <sup>**4</sup>	A/phase

<sup>※4</sup> Do not however exceed Pd, ASO.

#### **Electrical characteristics**

Applicable to all the series (Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C, Vcc0.1.2=24V)

ltana	Comple el	Limit			1.126	0 1111	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition	
Whole							
Circuit current at standby	I <sub>CCST</sub>	-	1.0	3.0	mA	PS=L	
Circuit current	I <sub>CC</sub>	-	4.5	10	mA	PS=H, VREFX=2V	
Control input (SELECT, CW_CCW	, CLK, PS, MOD	E0, MODE	E1, ENABI	LE)			
H level input voltage	$V_{INH}$	2.0	-	-	V		
L level input voltage	V <sub>INL</sub>		-	8.0	V		
H level input current	I <sub>INH</sub>	35	50	85	μΑ	V <sub>IN</sub> =5V	
L level input current	I <sub>INL</sub>	-10	0	-	μΑ	V <sub>IN</sub> =0V	
Output (OUT1A, OUT1B, OUT2A, 0	OUT2B)						
Output ON resistance	7		- 1.0	1.3	Ω	$I_{OUT} = \pm 1.0A$ ,	
Output ON resistance	R <sub>ON</sub>	-				Sum of upper and lower	
Output leak current	I <sub>LEAK</sub>	-	-	10	μΑ		
Current control							
RNFXS input current	I <sub>RNFS</sub>	-2.0	-0.2	-	μΑ	RNFXS =0V	
RNFX input current	I <sub>RNF</sub>	-40	-20	-	μΑ	RNFX=0V	
VREFX input current	I <sub>VREF</sub>	-2.0	-0.1	-	μΑ	VREFX=0V	
VREFX input voltage range	$V_{REF}$	0	-	2.0	V		
MTHX input current	I <sub>MTH</sub>	-2.0	-0.1	-	μΑ	MTHX=0V	
MTHX input voltage range	$V_{MTH}$	0	-	3.5	V		
Comparator threshold	V <sub>CTH</sub>	0.36	0.4	0.44	V	VREFX=2V	
Minimum on time	tonmin	0.3	0.7	1.2	μs	R=39kΩ,C=1000pF	

<sup>\*2 4-</sup>layer recommended board. Derating in done at 37.6mW/°C for operating above Ta=25°C.

<sup>\*3</sup> Do not, however exceed Pd, ASO and T<sub>jmax</sub>=150°C.

# **Terminal function**

#### 1) BD6385EFV

1) BD6	385EFV					
Pin No.	Pin name	Function		Pin name	Function	
1	NC	Non connection	21	VCC0	Power supply terminal	
2	RNF1	Connection terminal of resistor for output current detection		NC	Non connection	
3	RNF1S	Input terminal of current limit comparator	23	GND	Ground terminal	
4	NC	Non connection	24	MODE0	Motor excitation mode setting terminal	
5	OUT1B	H bridge output terminal	25	MODE1	Motor excitation mode setting terminal	
6	NC	Non connection	26	ENABLE	Output enable terminal	
7	OUT1A	H bridge output terminal	27	VREF2	Output current value setting terminal	
8	NC	Non connection	28	MTH2	Current decay mode setting terminal	
9	VCC1	Power supply terminal	29	NC	Non connection	
10	NC	Non connection	30	CR2	Connection terminal of CR for setting PWM frequency	
11	CR1	Connection terminal of CR for setting PWM frequency	31	NC	Non connection	
12	NC	Non connection	32	VCC2	Power supply terminal	
13	MTH1	Current decay mode setting terminal	33	NC	Non connection	
14	VREF1	Output current value setting terminal	34	OUT2A	H bridge output terminal	
15	SELECT	Input mode select terminal	35	NC	Non connection	
16	CW_CCW	Motor rotating direction setting terminal	36	OUT2B	H bridge output terminal	
17	NC	Non connection	37	NC	Non connection	
18	CLK	Clock input terminal for advancing the electrical angle.	38	RNF2S	Input terminal of current limit comparator	
19	PS	Power save terminal	39	RNF2	Connection terminal of resistor for output current detection	
20	TEST	Terminal for testing (used by connecting with GND)	40	GND	Ground terminal	

### Block diagram · Application circuit diagram · Input output equivalent circuit diagram

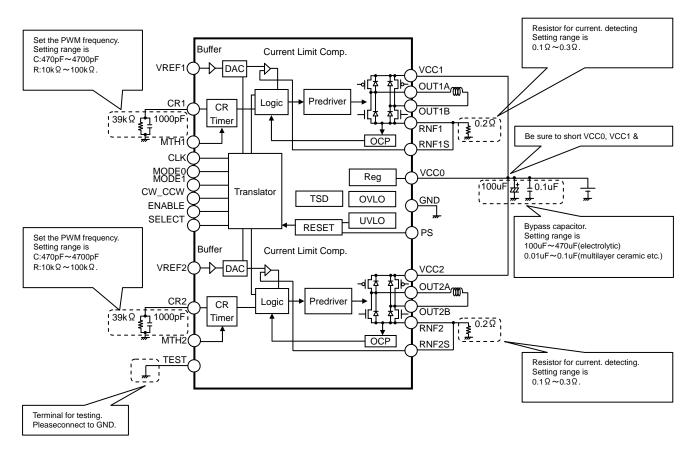


Figure 1. Block diagram & Application circuit diagram of BD6385EFV

# Points to notice for terminal description

#### OCLK/Clock input terminal for advancing the electrical angle

CLK is reflected at rising edge. The Electrical angle advances by one for each CLK input.

Motor's misstep will occur if noise is picked up at the CLK terminal, so please design the pattern in such a way that there is no noise plunging.

#### OMODE0,MODE1/Motor excitation mode setting terminal

Set the motor excitation mode.

MODE0	MODE1	Excitation mode
L	L	FULL STEP
Н	L	HALF STEP A
L	Н	HALF STEP B
Н	Н	QUARTER STEP

# OCW\_CCW Terminal / Motor rotating direction setting terminal

Set the motor's rotating direction. Change in setting is reflected at the CLK's rising edge immediately after the change in setting

CW_CCW	Rotating direction	
L	Clockwise (CH2's current is outputted with a phase lag of 90° in regard to CH1's current)	
Н	Counter Clockwise(CH2's current is outputted with a phase lead of 90° in regard to CH1's current)	

#### OENABLE Terminal / Output enable terminal

Turn off forcibly all the output transistors (motor output is open).

At the time of ENABLE=L, electrical angle or operating mode is maintained even if CLK is inputted.

Please be careful because the electrical angle at the time of ENABLE being released (ENABLE= $L\rightarrow H$ ) is different from the released occasion at the section of CLK=L.

ENABLE	Motor output
L	OPEN (electrical angle maintained)
Н	ACTIVE

#### OPS/Power save terminal

PS can make circuit standby state and make motor output OPEN. In standby state, translator circuit is reset (initialized) and electrical angle is initialized.

Please be careful because there is a delay of 40µs(max.) before it is returned from standby state to normal state and the motor output becomes ACTIVE.

PS	State			
L	Standby state (RESET)			
Н	ACTIVE			

The electrical angle (initial electrical angle) of each excitation mode immediately after RESET is as follows.

Please be careful because the initial state at the time of FULL STEP is different from those of other excitation modes.

Excitation mode	Initial electrical angle
FULL STEP	45°
HALFSTEP A	0°
HALFSTEP B	0°
QUARTER STEP	0°

# OSELECT Terminal / Input mode switching terminal

This is the terminal to set the input mode.

SELECT	Input mode
L	CLK-IN drive
Н	Parallel IN drive

#### Power dissipation

## OHTSSOP-B40 Package

HTSSOP-B40 has exposed metal on the back, and it is possible to dissipate heat from a through hole in the back. Also, the back of board as well as the surfaces has large areas of copper foil heat dissipation patterns, greatly increasing power dissipation. The back metal is shorted with the back side of the IC chip, being a GND potential, therefore there is a possibility for malfunction if it is shorted with any potential other than GND, which should be avoided. Also, it is recommended that the back metal is soldered onto the GND to short. Please note that it has been assumed that this product will be used in the condition of this back metal performed heat dissipation treatment for increasing heat dissipation

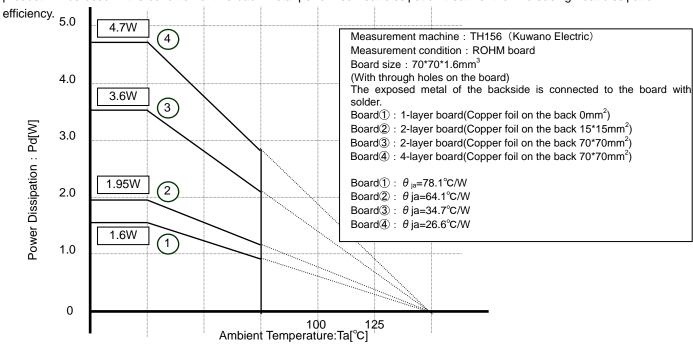


Figure 2. HTSSOP-B40 Derating Curve

#### **Usage Notes**

#### (1) Absolute maximum ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down the devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode, such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any over rated values will expect to exceed the absolute maximum ratings, consider adding circuit protection devices, such as fuses.

#### (2) Connecting the power supply connector backward

Connecting of the power supply in reverse polarity can damage IC. Take precautions when connecting the power supply lines. An external direction diode can be added.

# (3) Power supply Lines

Design PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance GND and supply lines. To obtain a low noise ground and supply line, separate the ground section and supply lines of the digital and analog blocks. Furthermore, for all power supply terminals to ICs, connect a capacitor between the power supply and the GND terminal. When applying electrolytic capacitors in the circuit, not that capacitance characteristic values are reduced at low temperatures.

#### (4) GND Potential

The potential of GND pin must be minimum potential in all operating conditions.

#### (5) Thermal design

Use a thermal design that allows for a sufficient margin in light of the power dissipation (Pd) in actual operating conditions. Users should be aware that BD6387EFV, BD6385EFV and BD6383EFV have been designed to expose their frames at the back of the package, and should be used with suitable heat dissipation treatment in this area to improve dissipation. As large a dissipation pattern should be taken as possible, not only on the front of the baseboard but also on the back surface. BD6389FM and BD6388FM are both equipped with FIN heat dissipation terminals, but dissipation efficiency can be improved by applying heat dissipation treatment in this area. It is important to consider actual usage conditions and to take as large a dissipation pattern as possible.

#### (6) Inter-pin shorts and mounting errors

When attaching to a printed circuit board, pay close attention to the direction of the IC and displacement. Improper attachment may lead to destruction of the IC. There is also possibility of destruction from short circuits which can be caused by foreign matter entering between outputs or an output and the power supply or GND.

# (7) Operation in a strong electric field

Use caution when using the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field as doing so may cause the IC to malfunction.

# (8) ASO

When using the IC, set the output transistor so that it does not exceed absolute maximum ratings or ASO.

#### (9) Thermal shutdown circuit

The IC has a built-in thermal shutdown circuit (TSD circuit). If the chip temperature becomes Tjmax=150°C, and higher, coil output to the motor will be open. The TSD circuit is designed only to shut the IC off to prevent runaway thermal operation. It is not designed to protect or indemnify peripheral equipment. Do not use the TSD function to protect peripheral equipment.

TSD on temperature [°C] (Typ.)	Hysteresis Temperature [°C]	(Typ.)
175	25	

# (10) Inspection of the application board

During inspection of the application board, if a capacitor is connected to a pin with low impedance there is a possibility that it could cause stress to the IC, therefore an electrical discharge should be performed after each process. Also, as a measure again electrostatic discharge, it should be earthed during the assembly process and special care should be taken during transport or storage. Furthermore, when connecting to the jig during the inspection process, the power supply should first be turned off and then removed before the inspection.

#### (11) Input terminal of IC

This IC is a monolithic IC, and between each element there is a P+ isolation for element partition and a P substrate. This P layer and each element's N layer make up the P-N junction, and various parasitic elements are made up. For example, when the resistance and transistor are connected to the terminal as shown in figure 3,

OWhen GND>(Terminal A) at the resistance and GND>(Terminal B) at the transistor (NPN), the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode.

OAlso, when GND>(Terminal B) at the transistor (NPN)

The parasitic NPN transistor operates with the N layers of other elements close to the aforementioned parasitic diode.

Because of the IC's structure, the creation of parasitic elements is inevitable from the electrical potential relationship. The operation of parasitic elements causes interference in circuit operation, and can lead to malfunction and destruction. Therefore, be careful not to use it in a way which causes the parasitic elements to operate, such as by applying voltage that is lower than the GND (P substrate) to the input terminal.

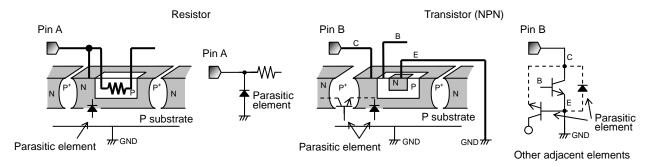


Figure 3. Pattern Diagram of Parasitic Element

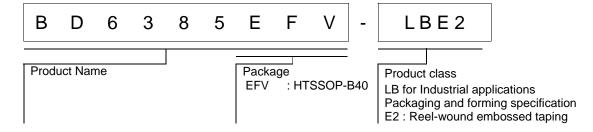
## (12) Ground Wiring Patterns

When using both small signal and large current GND patterns, it is recommended to isolate the two ground patterns, placing a single ground point at the application's reference point so that the pattern wiring resistance and voltage variations caused by large currents do not cause variations in the small signal ground voltage. Be careful not to change the GND wiring pattern potential of any external components, either.

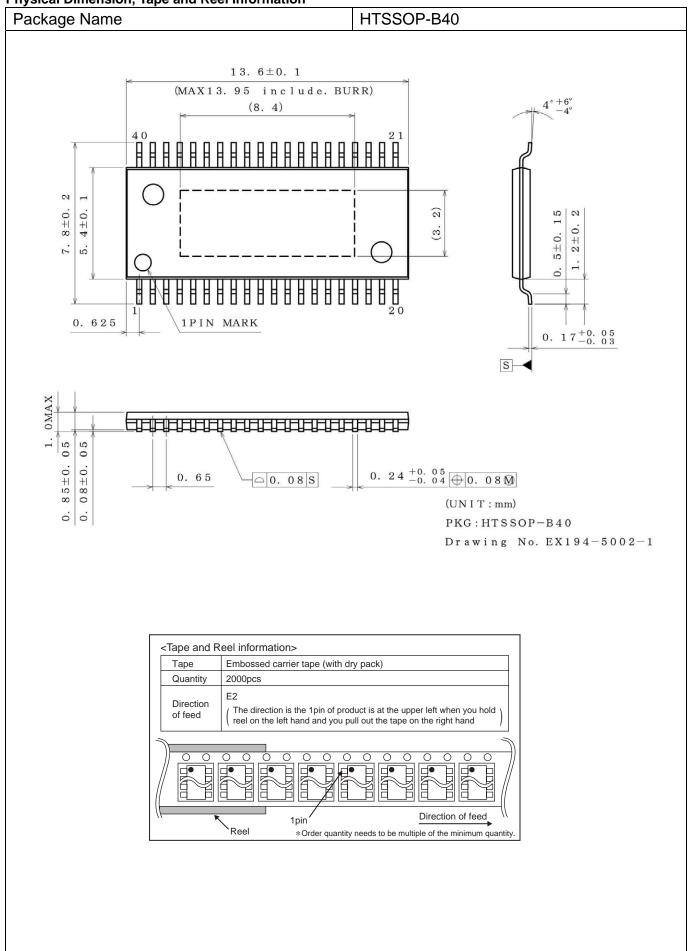
# (13) TEST Terminal

Be sure to connect TEST pin to GND.

## Ordering part number



**Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information** 



# **Revision History**

Date	Revision	Changes
12.Feb.2013	001	New Release
26.Feb.2014	002	Add sentence "This is the product guarantees long time support in Industrial market." in General Description. Change "Industrial machinery" to "Long Time Support a Product for Industrial Applications." In Features. Change "Industrial machinery" to "Industrial Equipment" in Applications. Applied new style ("title", "Ordering Information" and "Physical Dimension Tape and Reel Information").

# **Notice**

### **Precaution on using ROHM Products**

1. If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment (Note 1), aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

JÁPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASS II b	CLASSIII
CLASSIV		CLASSⅢ	

- 2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:
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- 3. Our Products are not designed under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
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  - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
  - [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NH<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, and NO<sub>2</sub>
  - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
  - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
  - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
  - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
  - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

# **Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design**

- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used; if flow soldering method is preferred, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

# **Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits**

- If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
- You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

#### **Precaution for Electrostatic**

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

# **Precaution for Storage / Transportation**

- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
  - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
  - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
  - the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
  - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- 2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

## **Precaution for Product Label**

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

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When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

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