

SILICON EPITAXIAL BASE POWER TRANSISTORS

T-33-09

N-P-N silicon transistors in a plastic envelope intended for use in output stages of audio and television amplifier circuits where high peak powers can occur.

P-N-P complements are BD934; 936; 938; 940 and 942.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

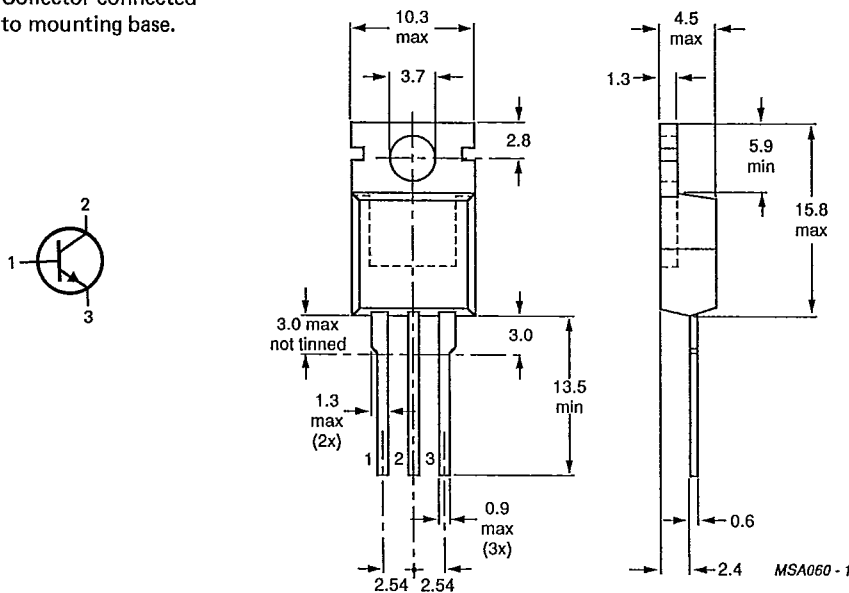
			BD933	935	937	939	941
Collector-base voltage	$V_{CBO}$	max.	45	60	100	120	140 V
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CEO}$	max.	45	60	80	100	120 V
Collector current (d.c.)	$I_C$	max.			3		A
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	max.			30		W
Junction temperature	$T_j$	max.			150		$^\circ\text{C}$
D.C. current gain					40 to 250		
$I_C = 150\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$	$h_{FE}$				25		
$I_C = 1\text{ A}; V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$	$h_{FE}$	>					
Transition frequency					3		MHz
$I_C = 250\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	$f_T$	>					

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig. 1 TO-220.

Collector connected to mounting base.



See also chapters Mounting instructions and Accessories.

BD933; 935  
BD937; 939  
BD941

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**RATINGS**

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

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		BD933	935	937	939	941	
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	$V_{CBO}$	max.	45	60	100	120	140 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	$V_{CEO}$	max.	45	60	80	100	120 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	$V_{EBO}$	max.			5		V
Collector current (d.c.)	$I_C$	max.			3		A
Collector current (peak value)	$I_{CM}$	max.			7		A
Base current (d.c.)	$I_B$	max.			0,5		A
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	max.			30		W
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-65 to + 150				$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction temperature	$T_j$	max.			150		$^\circ\text{C}$

**THERMAL RESISTANCE**

From junction to mounting base	$R_{th\ j-mb}$	=		4,17		K/W
From junction to ambient in free air	$R_{th\ j-a}$	=		70		K/W

**CHARACTERISTICS**

$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Collector cut-off current							
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = V_{CBOmax}$	$I_{CBO}$	<		50		$\mu\text{A}$	
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = V_{CBOmax}; T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{CBO}$	<		1		mA	
$I_E = 0; V_{CE} = V_{CEOmax}$	$I_{CEO}$	<		0,1		mA	
Emitter cut-off current							
$I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 5\text{ V}$	$I_{EBO}$	<		0,2		mA	
D.C. current gain *							
$I_C = 150\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$	$h_{FE}$			40 to 250			
$I_C = 1\text{ A}; V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$	$h_{FE}$	>		25			
Base-emitter voltage **							
$I_C = 1\text{ A}; V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$	$V_{BE}$	<		1,3		V	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage *							
$I_C = 1\text{ A}; I_B = 0,1\text{ A}$	$V_{CEsat}$	<		0,6		V	
Transition frequency at $f = 1\text{ MHz}$							
$I_C = 250\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	$f_T$	>		3		MHz	
Switching times							
$I_{Con} = 1\text{ A}; I_{Bon} = -I_{Boff} = 0,1\text{ A}$	$t_{on}$	typ		0,4		$\mu\text{s}$	
turn-on time		<		1		$\mu\text{s}$	
Turn-off time	$t_{off}$	typ.		1,5		$\mu\text{s}$	
		<		3		$\mu\text{s}$	
Second-breakdown collector current							
$V_{CE} = 40\text{ V}; t_p = 0,1\text{ s};$ non-repetitive	$I_{(SB)}$	>		0,75		A	

\* Measured under pulse conditions:  $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}; \delta < 2\%$ .

\*\*  $V_{BE}$  decreases by about 2,3 mV/K with increasing temperature.

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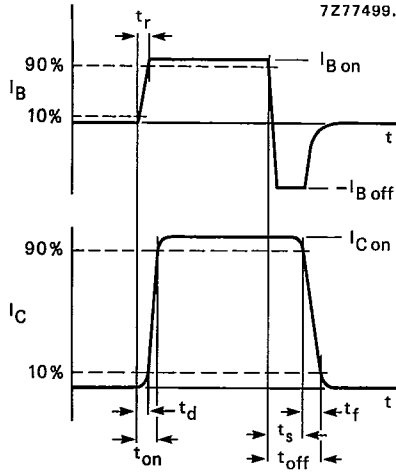


Fig. 2 Switching times waveforms.

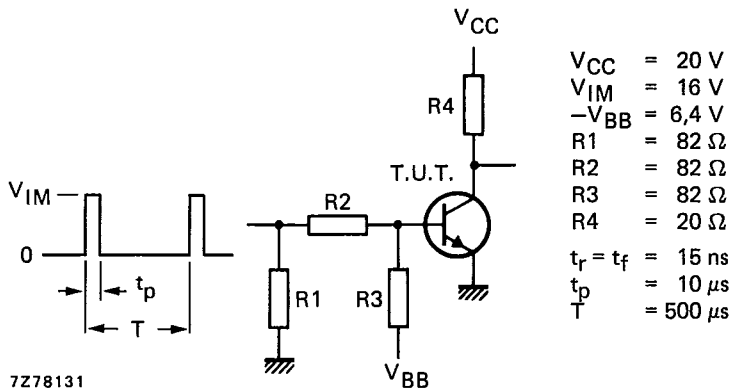


Fig. 3 Switching times test circuit.

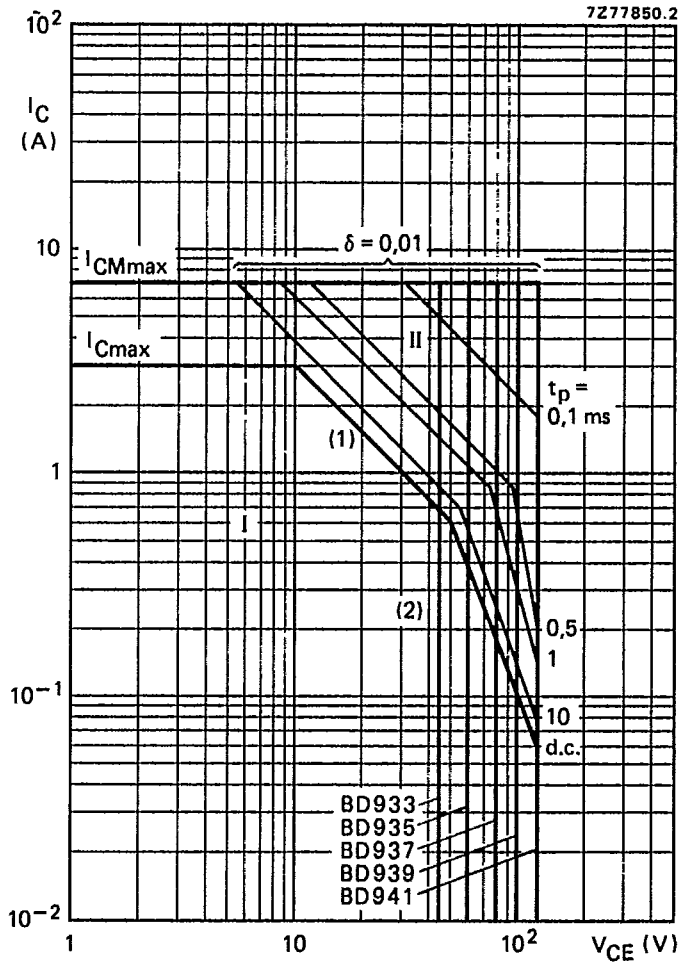


Fig. 4 Safe Operating Area,  $T_{mb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

- I Region of permissible d.c. operation.
- II Permissible extension for repetitive pulse operation.
- (1)  $P_{tot\ max}$  and  $P_{peak\ max}$  lines.
- (2) Second-breakdown limits.

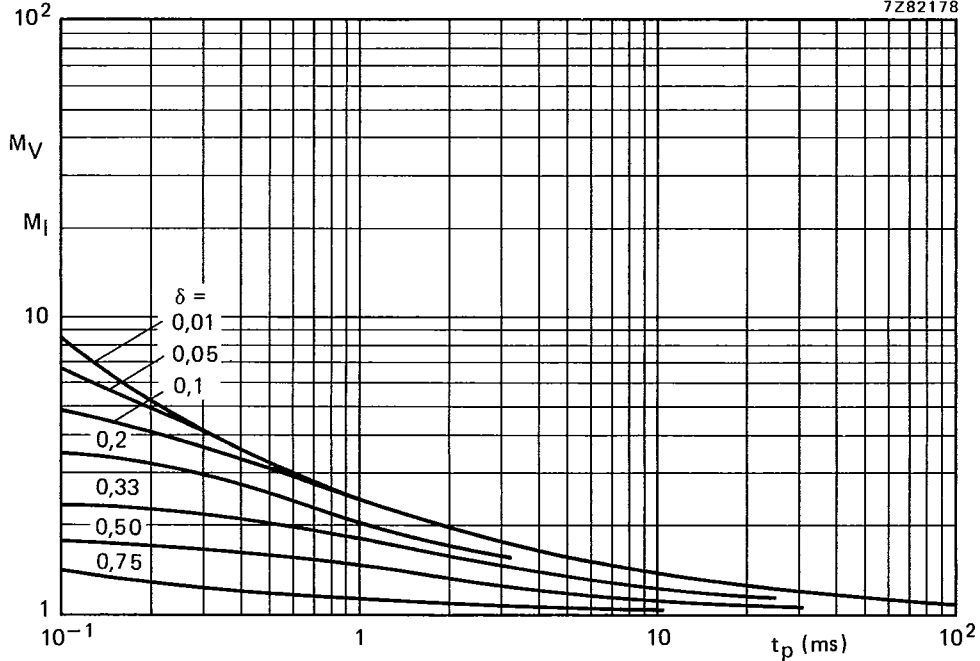


Fig. 5 Second-breakdown voltage multiplying factor at the  $I_{Cmax}$  level and second-breakdown current multiplying factor at the  $V_{CE0max}$  level.

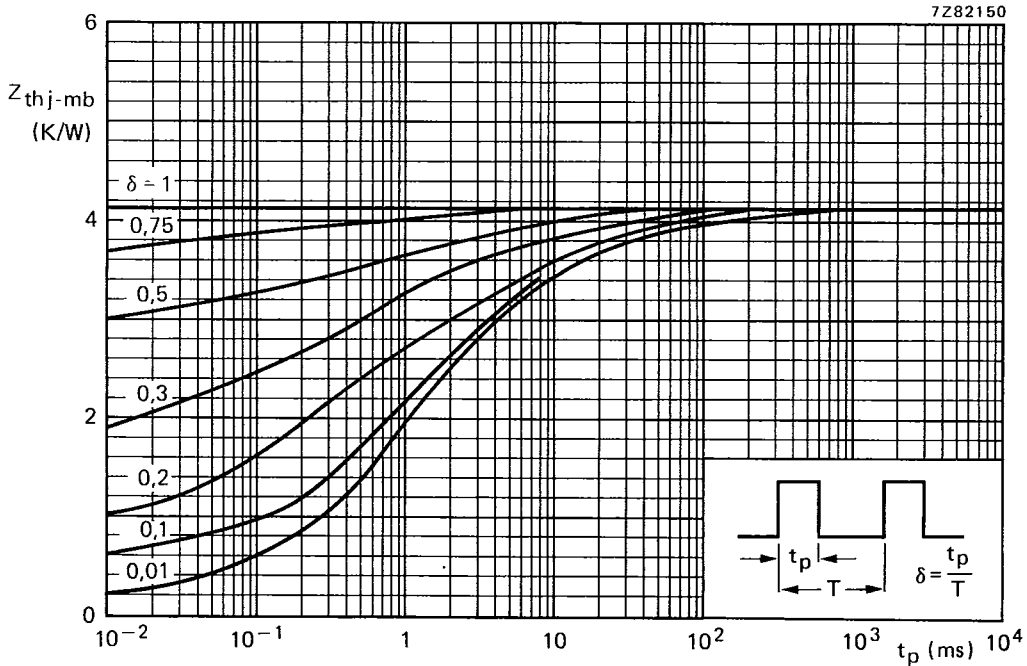


Fig. 6 Pulse power rating chart.

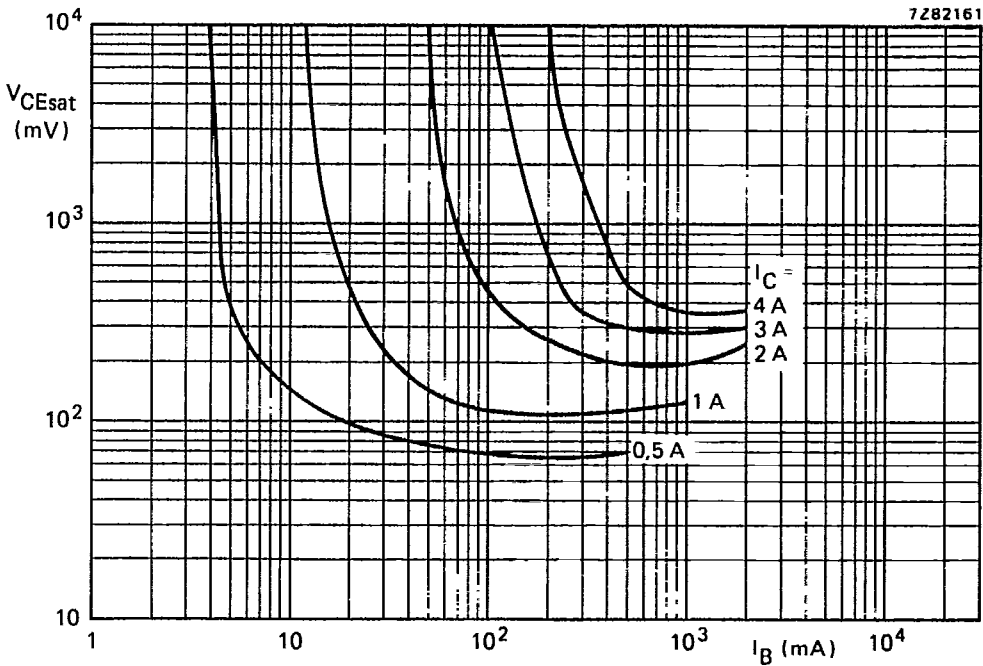


Fig. 7 Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of base current with collector current as a parameter.

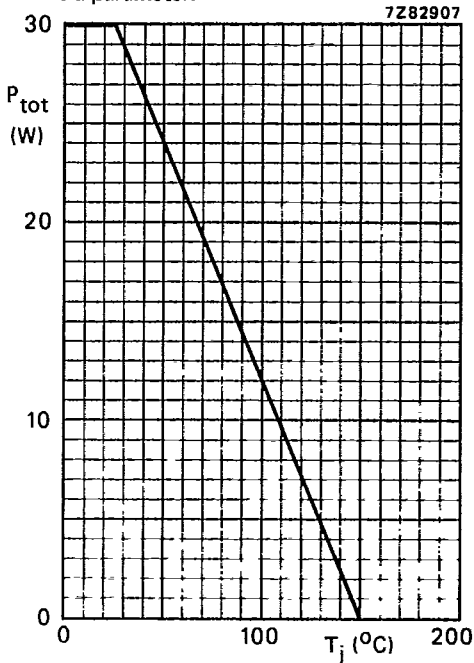


Fig. 8 Power derating curve.

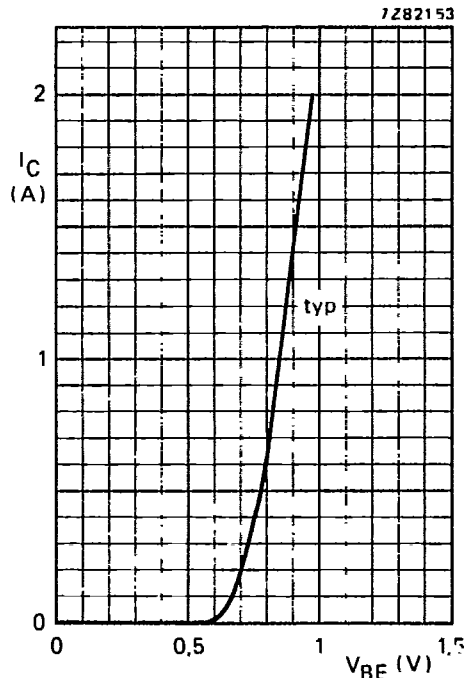


Fig. 9  $V_{CE} = 2 V$ ;  $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ .

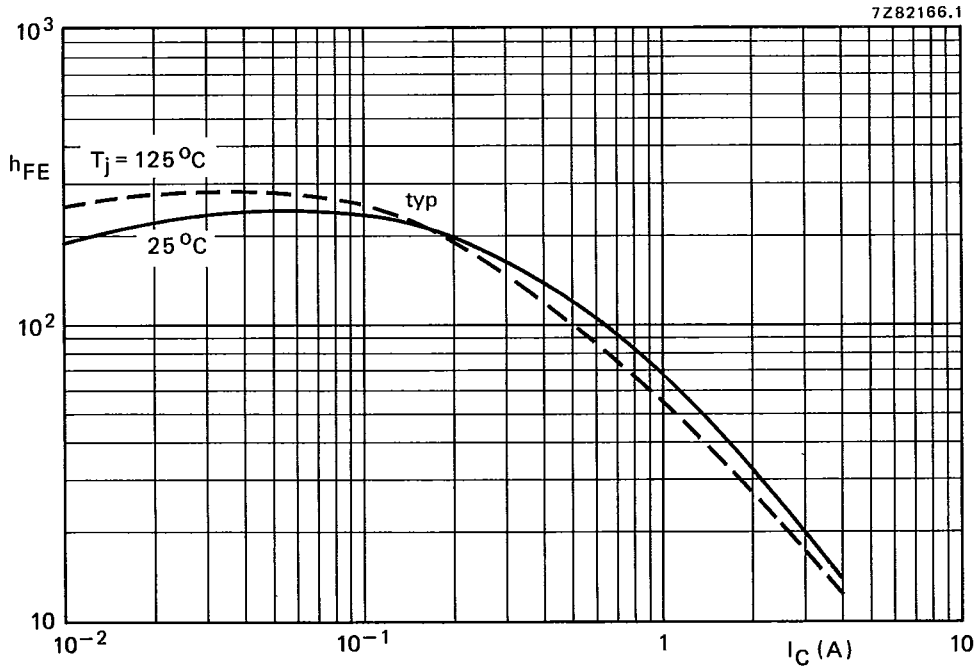


Fig. 10 Typical static forward current transfer ratio as a function of the collector current.  $V_{CE} = 2$  V