CM1000, 1500, 2500, 3500 SERIES

HIGH CURRENT SILICON BRIDGE RECTIFIERS VOLTAGE - 50 to 800 Volts CURRENT - 10 to 35 Amperes

CM-25

FEATURES

- Electrically Isolated Metal Case for Maximum Heat Dissipation
- Surge Overload Ratings to 400

Amperes

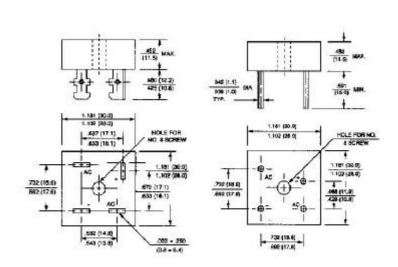
These bridges are on the U/L
 Recognized Products List for currents
 of 10, 25 and 35 amperes

MECHANICAL DATA

Case: Metal, electrically isolated Terminals: Plated .25" FASTON

or wire Lead 40 mils

Weight: 1 ounce, 30 grams Mounting position: Any



CM-25W

Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating at 25 ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.

For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

i oi capacitivo icaa, aciato carront	by 2070.							
		-00	-01	-02	-04	-06	-08	UNITS
Max Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage		50	100	200	400	600	800	V
Max RMS Input Voltage		35	70	140	280	420	560	V
Max DC Blocking Voltage		50	100	200	400	600	800	V
Max Average Forward Current*	CM10	10				Α		
for Resistive Load	CM15	15						Α
at TC=55	CM25			2	:5			Α
	CM35	35						Α
Non-repetitive	CM10	200						Α
Peak Forward Surge Current at	CM15	300						Α
Rated Load	CM25			30	00			Α
	CM35			40	00			Α
Max Forward Voltage	CM10 5A	1.2			V			
per Bridge Element at	CM15 I _F 7.5A							
Specified Current	CM25 12.5A							
	CM35 17.5A							
Max Reverse Leakage Current at Rated DC Blocking		10					Α	
Voltage								
I ² t Rating for fusing (t < 8.3ms)	CM10			374	/ 664			A ² s
	CM15 / CM35							
	CM25							

Typical Thermal Resistance (Fig. 3) R JC	2.5	/VV
Operating Temperature Range T _J	-55 to +150	
Storage Temperature Range T _{STG}		

NOTES:

RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES CM1000 THRU CM3500

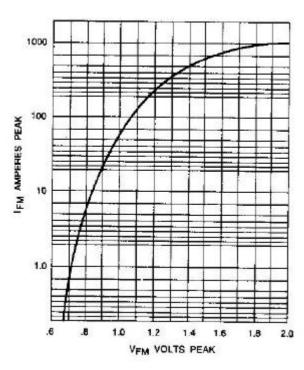


Fig. 1-TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS AT T_J =25

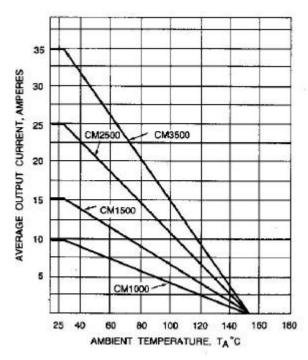


Fig. 3-OUTPUT CURRENT VS. AMBIENT
TEMPERATURE RESISTIVE OR
INDUCTIVE LOAD BRIDGE MOUNTED
ON A8"×8" ALUMINUM PLATE 25" THICK

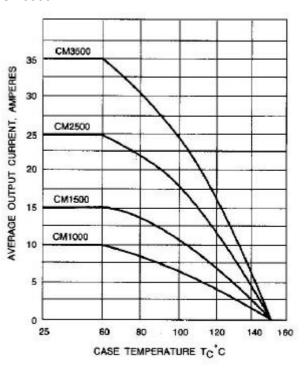


Fig. 2-OUTPUT CURRENT VS. CASE TEMPERATURE RESISTIVE OR INDUCTIVE LOAD T_J =150

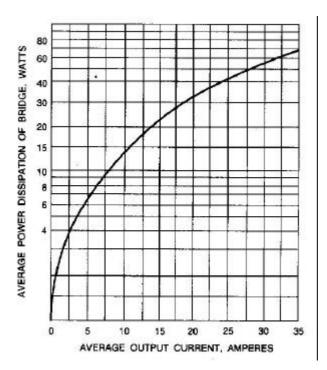


Fig. 4-POWER DISSIPATION VS. AVERAGE OUTPUT CURRENT RESISTIVE OR INDUCTIVE LOAD, $T_{.}$ =150

^{*} Unit mounted on metal heat-sink