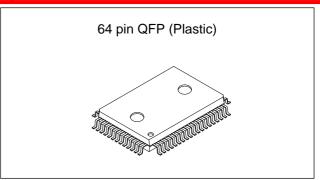
CXA2000Q

Y/C/RGB/D for PAL/NTSC Color TVs

For the availability of this product, please contact the sales office.

Description

The CXA2000Q is a bipolar IC which integrates the luminance signal processing, chroma signal processing, RGB signal processing, and sync and deflection signal processing functions for NTSC/PAL system color TVs onto a single chip. This IC includes deflection processing functions for wide-screen TVs, and is also equipped with a SECAM decoder interface, making it possible to construct a TV system that supports multiple color systems.



Features

- I²C bus compatible
- Compatible with both PAL and NTSC systems
 (also compatible with SECAM if a SECAM decoder is connected)
- Built-in deflection compensation circuit capable of supporting various wide modes
- Countdown system eliminates need for H and V oscillator frequency adjustment
- Automatic identification of 50/60Hz vertical frequency (forced control possible)
- Non-interlace display support (even/odd selectable)
- Automatic identification of PAL, NTSC, and SECAM color systems (forced control possible)
- Automatic identification of 4.43MHz/3.58MHz crystal (forced control possible)
- Non-adjusting Y/C block filter
- One CV input, one set of Y/C inputs, two sets of analog RGB inputs (one set of which can serve as both analog and digital inputs)
- Built-in AKB circuit
- Support for forcing YS1 off

Applications

Color TVs (4:3, 16:9)

Structure

Bipolar silicon monolithic IC

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C, SGND, DGND = 0V)

 Supply voltage 	SVcc1, 2, D\	/cc1, 2 -0.3 to	12 V
 Operating temperature 	Topr	–20 to +	-65 °C
 Storage temperature 	Tstg	-65 to +	150 °C
 Allowable power dissipation 	Po	1.7	W
	/ 1		50 1 1)

(when mounted on $50\text{mm} \times 50\text{mm}$ board)

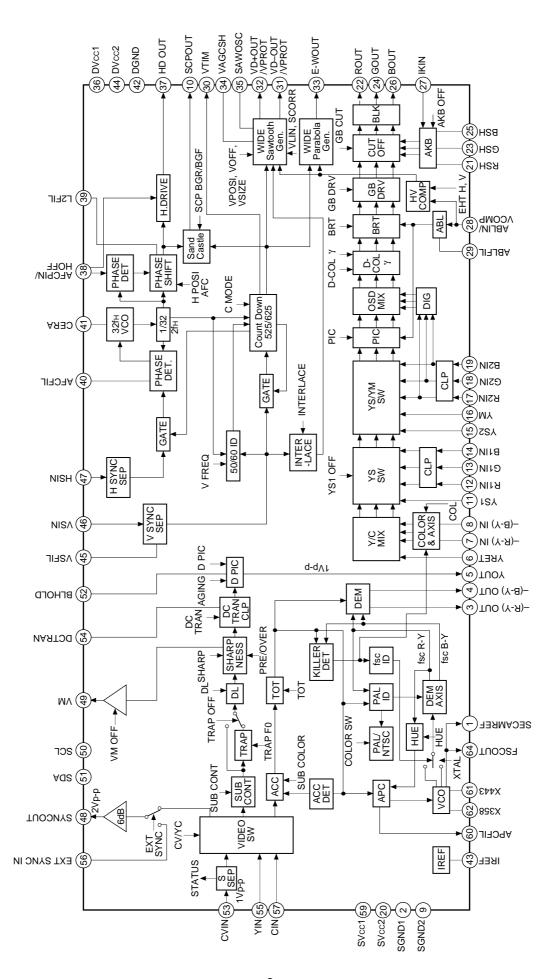
• Voltages at each pin -0.3 to SVcc1, SVcc2,

DVcc1, DVcc2 + 0.3 V

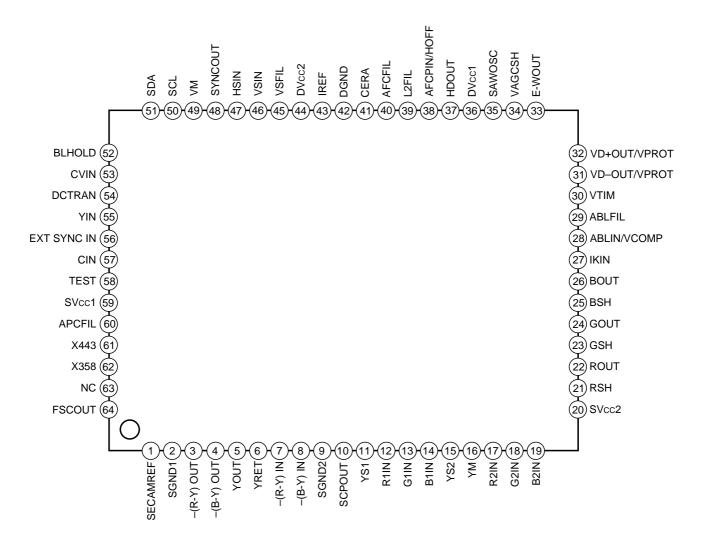
Operating Conditions

Supply voltage	SVcc1, 2	9.0 ± 0.5	V
	DVcc1, 2	9.0 ± 0.5	V

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Pin Configuration



Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Description
1	SECAMREF	1 250μA 7/77	SECAM decoder interface. This pin serves as both a 4.43MHz output and as a SECAM identification input/output pin.
2	SGND1	_	GND for Y/C block.
3 4	–(R-Y) OUT –(B-Y) OUT	200μA 3 4) 7/// 7///	Color difference signal outputs. Go to high impedance when the SECAM system is detected. Standard output levels for 75% CB: B-Y: 0.665Vp-p R-Y: 0.525Vp-p
5	YOUT	5 500 30k 400μΑ	Luminance signal output. Black level is 3.5VDC. Standard output level for 100 IRE input: 1Vp-p
6	YRET	6 1.5k 70k	Luminance signal input. Clamped to 4.8V at the burst timing. Standard input level for 100 IRE input: 1Vp-p
7 8	–(R-Y) IN –(B-Y) IN	7 8 1.5k 70k	Color difference signal inputs. Clamped to 5.5V at the burst timing. Standard input levels for 75% CB: B-Y: 1.33Vp-p R-Y: 1.05Vp-p
9	SGND2		GND for the RGB block.

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Description
10	SCPOUT	10 \$\frac{1}{10k} \frac{1}{1k} \frac{1}{177}	Sand castle pulse output. The 0 to 5V BGP pulse, the phase of which is controlled through the bus, is superimposed with the 0 to 2V H and VBLK pulse for output.
11	YS1	100μA 100μA 11 × 40k	YSSW control input. When YS is high, the RGB1 block signal is selected; when YS is low, the Y/C block is selected. This function can be disabled by the YS10FF setting for the I ² C bus. VILMAX = 0.4V VIHMIN = 1.0V
12 13 14	R1IN G1IN B1IN	12 13 14 14 30k	Analog R, G and B signal inputs. Input a 0.7Vp-p (no sync, 100 IRE) signal via a capacitor. The signal is clamped to 5.7V at the burst timing of the signal input to the HSIN input pin (Pin 47).
15	YS2	100μA 15 40k	YS/YMSW YS control input. When YS is high, the RGB2 block signal is selected; when YS is low, the YSSW output signal is selected. VILMAX = 0.4V VIHMIN = 1.0V
16	YM	16 100µA 10	YS/YMSW YM control input. When YM is high, the YSSW output signal is attenuated by 9.6dB. VILMAX = 0.4V VIHMIN = 1.0V

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Description
17 18 19	R2IN G2IN B2IN	100µA \$200 18 19 7///	Analog/digital (dual-purpose) RGB signal inputs. The input signals are input via capacitors. When using analog input, input a 0.7Vp-p signal (no sync, 100 IRE); when using digital input, input a signal of at least 1.5Vp-p (Vth = 1.2V). The display level is 67 IRE. When using digital input, digital input is selected regardless of the YS setting. In addition, the VM output is turned off. These pins are clamped to 5.7V at the burst timing of the signal input to the sync input pin (Pin 47).
20	SVcc2		Power supply for RGB block.
21 23 25	RSH GSH BSH	21) \$\frac{1}{23}\$ 200	Sample-and-hold for R, G and B AKB. Connect to GND via a capacitor. When not using AKB (manual CUTOFF mode), R, G and B cut-off voltage can be controlled by applying a control voltage to each pin. The control voltage is 4.5 ± 1V.
22 24 26	ROUT GOUT BOUT	2200 24 26 1.1mA	R, G and B signal outputs. 2.5Vp-p is output during 100% white input.
27	IKIN	27 1k 50μA	Input the signal converted from the CRT beam current (cathode current Ik) to a voltage via a capacitor. The V blanking part is clamped to 2.7V at the V retrace timing. The input for this pin is the reference pulse return, and the loop operates so that the Rch is 1Vp-p and the G and Bch are 0.81Vp-p. The G and Bch can be varied by ±0.5V by the bus CUTOFF control. When not using AKB, this pin should be open.

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Description
28	ABLIN/VCOMP	1.5V — 7/7/ 147	ABL control signal input and VSAW high voltage fluctuation compensation signal input. High voltage compensation has linear control characteristics for the pin voltage range of about 8V to 1V. The control characteristics can be varied through EHT-V control of the bus. ABL begins to have effect below a threshold voltage of about 1.2V. ABL functions as PIC/BRT-ABL (average value type).
29	ABLFIL	29 100k 1.2k	Connect a capacitor to form the LPF of the ABL control signal.
30	VTIM	30 \$\frac{1}{10k} \frac{1}{1k}	V timing pulse output. Outputs the timing pulse from V sync identification to the end of V blanking. Pulses are positive polarity from 1 to 6V. During zoom mode, the V blanking pulse which has been expanded before and after the V sync is superimposed and output as the 1 to 3V pulse.
31	VD-OUT/VPROT	31	V sawtooth wave output and V protect signal input. When a large current (3mA) is drawn from this pin, the RGB outputs are all blanked and "1" is output to the status register VNG.
32	VD+OUT/VPROT	32 ₹700 ₹30k 400µA 24k	Serves as both a V sawtooth wave output with the reverse polarity of VD–OUT, and a Vprotect signal input. The Vprotect function can even be applied to this pin.

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Description
33	E-WOUT	33 1.4k	V parabola wave output.
34	VAGCSH	34 - W. 1.2k	Sample-and-hold for AGC which maintains the V sawtooth wave at a constant amplitude. Connect to GND via a capacitor.
35	SAWOSC	35 300 W 100	Connect a capacitor to generate the V sawtooth wave. For the capacitor, use an MPS (metalized polyester capacitor), etc., with a small tan δ .
36	DVcc1		Power supply for the V deflection block.
37	HD OUT	37 - W 20k 7777 7777	H drive signal output. This signal is output with the open collector.
38	AFCPIN/HOFF	38 10k 68k 4.2V	H deflection pulse input for H AFC. Input an about 5Vp-p pulse via a capacitor. Set the pulse width to 10 to 12µs. This pin is also used as the hold-down signal input for the HD output, and if this pin is 1V or less for a 7V cycle or longer, the hold-down function operates and the HD output is held to 9VDC. In addition, the RGB outputs are all blanked. Outputs "1" to the status register XRAY.

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Description
39	L2FIL	39 W 100	Filter for H AFC. Connect to GND via a capacitor. The H phase can also be controlled from this pin by leading current in and out of this capacitor. As the pin voltage rises, the picture shifts to the left; as the pin voltage drops, the picture shifts to the right.
40	AFCFIL	1.2k W 46k 7///	CR connection for the AFC lag-lead filter.
41	CERA	41 400μA	Connect the 32 × FH VCO ceramic oscillator.
42	DGND		GND for the deflection block.
43	IREF	147 \$ 20k	Internal reference current setting. Connect to GND via a resistor with an error of less than 1% (such as a metal film resistor).
44	DVcc2		Power supply for the H deflection block.
45	VSFIL	1k W	Filter for V sync separation. Connect to GND via a capacitor.

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Description
46	VSIN	147 147 20μΑ 7/// 4.1V	Sync signal input for V sync separation. Input a 2Vp-p Y signal (or a 0.6Vp-p sync signal).
47	HSIN	147 147 10µA 7//7 3.2V	Sync signal input for H sync separation. Input a 2Vp-p Y signal (or a 0.6Vp-p sync signal).
48	SYNCOUT	147 \$\frac{1}{48}\$ 40k 240µA	Sync signal output for VSIN and HSIN. The output can be selected from the internal sync signals (Pin 53 or Pin 55) or the external sync signal (Pin 56) by the I ² C bus. Output signal level: 2Vp-p (0.6Vp-p sync only) Input/output gain: 6dB
49	VM	1.2k 1.2k W 30k 49 400µА	Outputs the differential waveform of the VM (Velocity Modulation) Y signal. (6.6VDC, 1.1Vp-p) The signal advanced for 200ns from YOUT is output. The delay time versus YIN is determined by the DL setting of the I ² C bus. This output can be turned off through the I ² C bus. This output can also be turned off by YS1, YM, and YS2.
50	SCL	(50) 4k	I ² C bus protocol SCL (Serial Clock) input. VILMAX = 1.5V VIHMIN = 3.5V

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Description
51	SDA	(51) 4k W	I ² C bus protocol SDA (Serial Data) I/O. VILMAX = 1.5V VIHMIN = 3.5V VOLMAX = 0.4V
52	BLHOLD	9µA 4k ₹ 7/77 ₹ 20k 20k ₹ 1.2k	Capacitor connection for black peak hold of the dynamic picture (black expansion).
53	CVIN	53 1μA	Composite video signal input. Input the 1Vp-p (100% white including sync) CV signal via a capacitor. The sync level of the input signal is clamped to 3.8V. In addition, this pin detects input video signal HSYNC, and outputs the status via the status register CVSYNC.
54	DCTRAN	4k 7/1/ 1.2k	Connect a capacitor that determines the DC transmission ratio to GND.
55	YIN	55 1μA	Y signal input. Input a 1Vp-p (100% white including sync) Y signal via a capacitor. The sync level of the input signal is clamped to 3.8V.

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Description
56	EXT SYNC IN	4.6V 777 1μΑ	External sync signal input. Input a 0.3Vp-p sync signal (or a 1Vp-p CV signal or Y signal) via a capacitor. The sync level of the input signal is clamped to 3.8V.
57	CIN	30k W 55.2V 50k \$ 777	Chroma signal input. Input a C signal with a burst level of 300mVp-p via a capacitor. Input signal is biased to 4.5V internally.
58	TEST	58 \$15k	Test pin. Outputs a 0 to 3V V-SYNC SEP with positive polarity. If not used, leave this pin open.
59	SVcc1		Power supply for Y/C block.
60	APCFIL	60 1.2k 7/7/ 1.2k 7/7/ 1.2k	CR connection for the chroma APC laglead filter.
61	X443	61 ★ 4k ★ 4k ★ 200μA	Connect a 4.433619MHz crystal oscillator.

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Description
62	X358	62 W 200μA	Connect a 3.579545MHz crystal oscillator.
63	NC		Not connected. Normally connected to GND to prevent interference with other pins.
64	FSCOUT	64 1.2k 1.2k 280μA	Subcarrier output. Output level: 5.2VDC, 0.4Vp-p

Electrical Characteristics

Setting conditions • $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$, S

• Measures the following after setting the I²C bus register as shown in "I²C Bus Register Initial Settings". • Ta = 25°C, SVcc1, 2 = DVcc1, 2 = 9V, SGND1, 2 = DGND = 0V

9	Item	Symbol	Measurement conditions	Measurement pins	Measurement contents	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-	Signal block current consumption	SICC	Vcc = 9.0V, Bus data = center	20, 59	Measure the pin inflow current.	42	65	86	mA
7	Sync block current consumption	DICC	Vcc = 9.0V, Bus data = center	36, 44	Measure the pin inflow current.	30	48	65	mA
Syn	Sync deflection block items								
က	Horizontal free-running frequency	(HFR	AFC MODE = 0h	37	HDRIVE output frequency	15.55	15.734	15.90	kHz
4	Horizontal sync pull-in range	ΔÍHR	SYNCIN: composite sync	ı	Confirm that I ² C status register HLOCK is 1 (the pull-in range when fH is shifted from 15.734kHz).	-400	I	400	ZH
2	HD output pulse width	HDw	SYNCIN: composite sync	37	Measure the pulse width for the section where the HDRIVE output is high.	24.5	25.5	26.5	sh
9	SCP BLK output pulse width	VBLKh	SCP Measure the pulse width for the section where the BLK output is high.	10	VBGPh→	11.6	12.1	12.6	srl
2	SCP BGP output pulse width	VBGPh	SCP Measure the pulse width for the section where the BGP output is high.	10	√NBLKh	2.5	2.9	3.3	srl
80	VDRIVE output amplitude	VSp-p	SVNCIN: composite evec	31, 32	Measure the VDRIVE output Vp-p.	6.0	1.0	1.1	>
თ	VDRIVE output center potential	VSdc		31, 32	46: VSIN in VDRIVE+	2.9	3.0	3.1	>

ş Š	ltem	Symbol	Measurement conditions	Measurement pins	Measurement contents	Min.	Typ.	Мах.	Unit
10	EWDRIVE output amplitude	VEWp-p	SVNCIN: composite evec	33	Measure the EWDRIVE output Vp-p.	0.42	0.52	0.62	>
	EWDRIVE output center potential	VEWdc		33	46: VSIN in	8. 8.	3.95	1.4	>
Sign	Signal block items								
12	R, G and B output amplitude	VRout1	CVIN: V 100 IRE	22, 24, 26	Output amplitude when a video signal with an amplitude of 0.7Vp-p/100 IRE is input.	2.25	2.5	2.85	>
13	R, G and B output linearity	Lin	CVIN: T 100 IRE	22, 24, 26	$\begin{array}{c} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ \downarrow \\ $	96	100	104	%
14	C-TRAP attenuation (3.58MHz)	C-Trap3.58	CVIN: fsc, 50 IRE TRAPOFF = 0/1 TRAP-F0 = 7h	22	Input fsc to CVIN. Ratio of the fsc component of the Yout amplitude when CTRAP = 1 against the Yout amplitude when CTRAP = 0.	I	-30		dВ

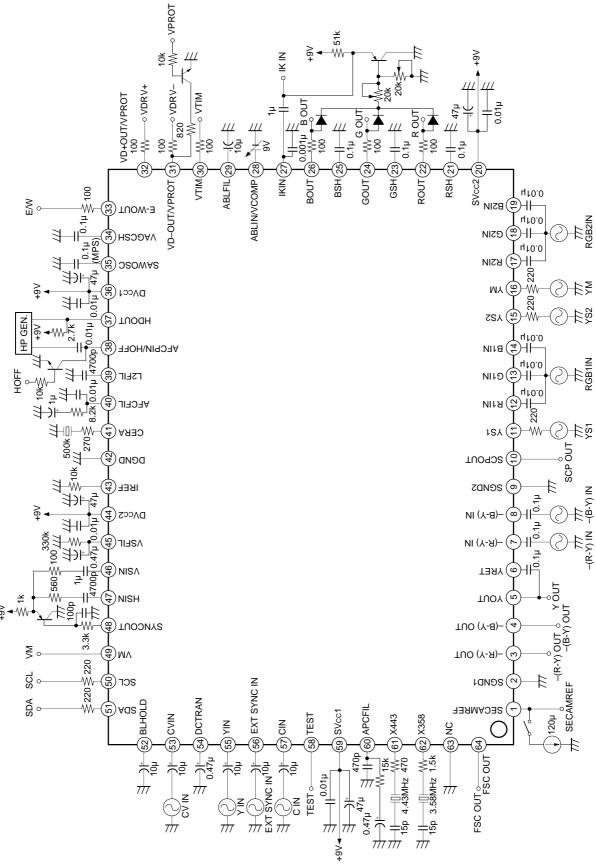
	Item	Symbol	Measurement conditions	Measurement pins	Measurement contents	Min.	Typ.	Мах.	Unit
C-TRAP at (4.43MHz)	C-TRAP attenuation (4.43MHz)	C-Trap4.43	CVIN: fsc, 50 IRE TRAPOFF = 0/1 TRAP-F0 = 7h	22	Input fsc to CVIN. Ratio of the fsc component of the Yout amplitude when CTRAP = 1 against the Yout amplitude when CTRAP = 0.	I	-30	I	ВВ
VM output	out	Vvm	CVIN: 3MHz, 50 IRE VMOFF = 0	49	f = 3MHz	0.75	0.95	1.15	>
Color differen -(R-Y) output	Color difference –(R-Y) output	Vr-y	4.43MHz PAL input burst fsc 300mVp-p 640mVp-p fsc + 90°	е	-(R-Y) OUT	440	510	920	ли /ш
Color differen –(B-Y) output	Color difference –(B-Y) output	Vb-y	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \text{CIN} & & & & & \\ 450\text{mVp-P} & & & & \\ 450\text{mVp-P} & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ \text{SUB-COLOR} = 7\text{h} & & & & \\ \end{array} $	4	_(B-Y) OUT Vb-y	570	640	710	/m
Color gain –(R-Y)	Jain	Vcolr-y	—(R-Y) IN: 525mVp-p PAL input: COLOR = 1Fh	22	ROUT ₩ V∞lr-y	4.	1.6	1.8	>
Color gain –(B-Y)	gain	Vcolb-y	—(B-Y) IN: 665mVp-p PAL input: COLOR = 1Fh	24	BOUT ₩ V∞lb-y	1.1	1.3	1.5	>

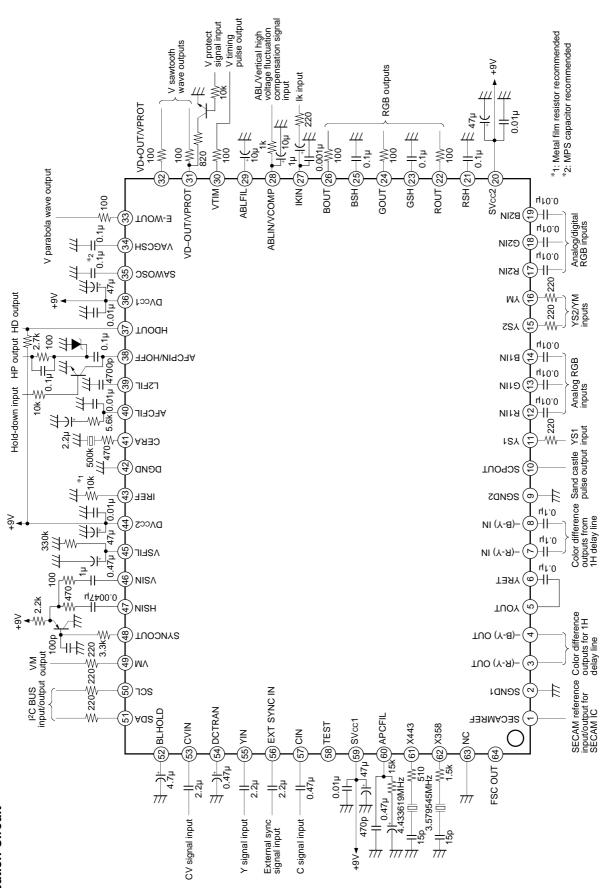
No Item	_									
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Here center offset Aceta	Max.	8	1	400	86	106	-8.6	2.25	2.25	2.25
Hue center offset Apple Abassurement conditions Measurement contents	Typ.	0	-35	1	96	104	9.6	2.05	2.05	2.05
Item Symbol Measurement conditions Measurement pins Measurement pins Measurement pins Hue center offset 40fset HUE = 1Fh, SUB - HUE = 7h — Confirm that the Less pins pins that the Less pins pins pins that the Less pins pins pins pins pins peration R output AAPC AAPC <t< td=""><td>Min.</td><td>8-</td><td>1</td><td>-400</td><td>94</td><td>102</td><td>-10.6</td><td>1.85</td><td>1.85</td><td>1.85</td></t<>	Min.	8-	1	-400	94	102	-10.6	1.85	1.85	1.85
Hue center offset Symbol Measurement pins Measurement pins of instance of input amplitude Measurement pins	nent contents			ne burst frequency 3.58MHz ±400Hz.		-p (DCOL = 1) -p (DCOL = 0) -p (DCOL = 1) -p (DCOL = 1) -p (DCOL = 0)	ude ratio when the IT YM = 1 and 0	VLR1out = Vout	VLG1out = Vout	VLB1out = Vout
Hue center offset symbol Measurement conditions Hue center offset qoffset HUE = 1Fh, SUB - HUE = 7h Killer point KP CVIN: Burst only APC pull-in range AfAPC Dynamic color operation R output AGdcolR Overation B output R output amplitude authitude G output amplitude VLR1out B output amplitude VLB1out R GB1IN: 0.7Vp-p R Output amplitude VLB1out R GB1IN: 0.7Vp-p R Output amplitude VLB1out R GB1IN: 0.7Vp-p	Measurer			Confirm that the is pulled in at	ROUT, BOUT Vp-	ii ii	Output amplitur, G and BOU	RGB1 ↑	გ. ფ ფ	ont
Hue center offset poffset HUE: Killer point KP CVIIN APC pull-in range AfAPC Dynamic color AGdcolR Operation R output Operation B output AGMOOIR AGMO	Measurement pins	1	1	I	22	24	22, 24, 26	22	24	26
Hue center offset	Measurement conditions	= 1Fh, SUB - HUE	CVIN: Burst only		CVIN: 100 IRE	D-COL = 0/1		YS1: 1V RGB1IN: 0.7Vp-p	YS1: 1V RGB1IN: 0.7Vp-p	YS1: 1V RGB1IN: 0.7Vp-p
	Symbol	φoffset	KP	∆fAPC	ΔGdcolR	∆GdcolB	∆GYM	VLR1out	VLG1out	VLB1out
20 22 23 24 24 29 29 25 26 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	Item	Hue center offset	Killer point	APC pull-in range	Dynamic color operation R output	Dynamic color operation B output	YM gain	R output amplitude during linear R1 input	G output amplitude during linear G1 input	B output amplitude during linear B1 input
	Š	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	59

No. Item Symbol Measurement conditions Measurement of provided and plitted and plitted Number of provided and plitted Number of plate Numbe										
Head Symbol Measurement conditions Measurement pink Measurement conditions Measureme	Unit	>	>	>	IRE	IRE	R	>	>	>
Routput amplitude during linear B2 VLB2out RGBZIN: 0.7Vp-p 22 RGBZ NVB2out amplitude during digital B2 VDBout amplitude d	Max.	2.25	2.25	2.25	75	75	75	1.15	0.5	0.5
Routput amplitude during linear B2 vLB2out RGBZIN: 0.7VP-P 22 RGBZ vour evont input amplitude during digital G2 output amplitude during digital G2 output amplitude during digital G2 vDGout amplitude vDGout amplitude during digital G2 vDGout amplitude during digital G2 vDGout amplitude vDGout amplitude during digital G2 vDGout amplitude vDGOUTOFF = vDCOUTOFF = v	Typ.	2.05	2.05	2.05	67	67	29	1.00	0.35	0.35
Routput amplitude during linear B2 vLG2out RGBZIN: 0.7Vp-p B output amplitude during linear B2 vLG2out registrate input Routput amplitude during linear B2 vLG2out registrate input Routput amplitude during linear B2 vLG2out registrate input Routput amplitude during digital R2 vDGout RGBZIN: 1.5Vp-p B output amplitude during digital R2 vDGout RGBZIN: 1.5Vp-p B output amplitude during digital B2 vDGout RGBZIN: 1.5Vp-p B output amplitude during digital B2 vDGout RGBZIN: 1.5Vp-p B output amplitude during digital B2 vDGout RGBZIN: 1.5Vp-p B output amplitude during digital B2 vDGout RGBZIN: 1.5Vp-p B output amplitude during digital B2 vDGout RGBZIN: 1.5Vp-p IK level R SYNCIN: composite sync Z7 IK level R VIKR SYNCIN: composite sync Z7 IK level B VIKB BCUTOFF = 0h Klevel B VIKB SUTOFF = 0h Klevel B VIKB	Min.	1.85	1.85	1.85	58	58	58	0.85	0.22	0.22
Routput amplitude	ent contents	VLR2out = Vout	VLG2out = Vout	VLB2out = Vout	VDRout = Vout	VDGout = Vout	VDBout = Vout			R VIKB
R output amplitude during digital R2 input B output amplitude during digital R2 input G output amplitude during digital B2 input B output amplitude during digital B2 input R level R output amplitude during digital B2 input R level B output amplitude during digital B2 input R level B output amplitude during digital B2 input R level B output amplitude during digital B2 input R level B output amplitude during digital B2 input R level B output amplitude during digital B2 input R level B output amplitude during digital B2 input R level B output amplitude during digital B2 input R output amplitude during digital B2 input R output amplitude during digital B2 input R output amplitude during B3 input R output amplitude dur	Measureme	RGB2	χ Θ΄, Β΄,		RGB2	4 ∞ ∞ ∞	ont			`¥ >
R output amplitude during linear R2 during digital R2 input R output amplitude during linear B2 during digital R2 during digital R2 vDRout RGB2 input B output amplitude during digital B2 vDGout RGB2 input B output amplitude during digital B2 vDGout RGB2 input R output amplitude during digital B2 vDGout RGB2 input R level R vVIKR SYNC IK level R VIKB BCUT RGB3	Measurement pins	22	24	26	22	24	26	27	27	27
R output amplitude during linear R2 Input G output amplitude during linear B2 Input Input R output amplitude during digital R2 Input G output amplitude during digital G2 Input Input B output amplitude during digital B2 Input Input IK level R IK level R IK level R IK level G IK level G IK level G IK level B IK level G IK level B IK level G IK level B IK INII IK INIII IK INII IK IN	Measurement conditions	YS2: 1V RGB2IN: 0.7Vp-p	YS2: 1V RGB2IN: 0.7Vp-p	YS2: 1V RGB2IN: 0.7Vp-p	RGB2IN: 1.5Vp-p	RGB2IN: 1.5Vp-p	RGB2IN: 1.5Vp-p	SYNCIN: composite sync	GCUTOFF = 0h	BCUIOFF = 0h
	Symbol	VLR2out	VLG2out	VLB2out	VDRout	VDGout	VDBout	VIKR	VIKG	VIKB
No. 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 5 3 6 3 7 3 8 3 8 3 8 4 8 4 8 6 9 6 9 6 9 7 9 7 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9<	ltem	R output amplitude during linear R2 input	G output amplitude during linear G2 input	B output amplitude during linear B2 input	R output amplitude during digital R2 input	G output amplitude during digital G2 input	B output amplitude during digital B2 input	IK level R	IK level G	IK level B
	Š.	30	33	32	33	34	35	36	37	38

Electrical Characteristics Measurement Circuit

Signal sources \bigcirc are all GND unless otherwise specified in the Measurement conditions column of Electrical Characteristics.





Application circuits shown are typical examples illustrating the operation of the devices. Sony cannot assume responsibility for any problems arising out of the use of these circuits or for any infringement of third party patent and other right due to same.

Electrical Characteristics Measurement Conditions "I²C Bus Register Initial Settings"

Register name	No. of bits	Initial setting	Description
PICTURE	6	3Fh	Maximum value
TRAPOFF	1	1h	TRAP off
VMOFF	1	1h	VM off
HUE	6	1Fh	Center value
DCTRAN	1	0h	DCTRAN off
D-PIC	1	0h	DPIC off
COLOR	6	1Fh	Center value
тот	1	0h	TOT off
BRIGHT	6	1Fh	Center value
D-COL	1	0h	DCOL off
SHARPNESS	4	7h	Center value
PRE-OVER	2	3h	Maximum value
COLOR SW	2	0h	Automatic switching
SUB-CONT	4	7h	Center value
TRAP F0	4	7h	Center value
SUB-COLOR	4	7h	Center value
SUB-HUE	4	7h	Center value
SUB-BRIGHT	6	1Fh	Center value
GAMMA	2	0h	Minimum value
G-DRIVE	6	2Ah	Center value
AGING	1	0h	AGING off
B-DRIVE	6	2Ah	Center value
INTERLACE	2	0h	Interlace
G-CUTOFF	4	0h	Minimum value
B-CUTOFF	4	0h	Minimum value
RON	1	1h	R output on
GON	1	1h	G output on
BON	1	1h	B output on
PICON	1	1h	Picture mute off
VOFF	1	0h	VD output on
FHHI	1	0h	FH normal
CD-MODE	1	0h	Automatic switching
AKBOFF	1	0h	AKB on
V-SIZE	6	1Fh	Center value

Register name No. of bits Initial setting V FREQ 2 0h Automatic switching V-POSITION 6 1Fh Center value AFC-MODE 2 1h Low gain S-CORR 4 0h Minimum value V-LIN 4 7h Center value H-SIZE 6 1Fh Center value REF-POSI 2 3h Maximum value PIN-COMP 6 1Fh Center value H-POSITOPN 4 7h Center value PIN-PHASE 4 7h Center value AFC-BOW 4 7h Center value AFC-ANGLE 4 7h Center value SCP BGR 2 1h Center value SCP BGF 3 1h Center value SCP BGF 4 7h Center value SCP BGF 5 1h Center value SCP BGF 6 0h Minimum value SCP SCP SCROLL 6 1Fh Center value JMPSW 1 0h JMPSW off HSIZESW 1 0h HSIZESW off UP-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LEFT-BLK 4 7h Center value RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value SCP SCROLL 1 0h YS1 pormal	_	ı		Г
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S-CORR 4 0h Minimum value V-LIN 4 7h Center value REF-POSI 2 3h Maximum value PIN-COMP 6 1Fh Center value VBLKW 2 0h Minimum value H-POSITOPN 4 7h Center value PIN-PHASE 4 7h Center value AFC-BOW 4 7h Center value SCP BGR 2 1h Center value SCP BGF 2 1h Center value XTAL 2 0h Automatic switching EXT SYNC 1 0h Internal sync CV/YC 1 0h CV input V-ASPECT 6 0h Minimum value JMPSW 1 0h JMPSW off HSIZESW 1 0h HSIZESW off UP-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	V-POSITION	6	1Fh	Center value
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AFC-ANGLE 4 7h Center value SCP BGR 2 1h Center value SCP BGF 2 1h Center value XTAL 2 0h Automatic switching EXT SYNC 1 0h Internal sync CV/YC 1 0h CV input V-ASPECT 6 0h Minimum value ZOOM SW 1 0h ZOOM SW off HBLKSW 1 0h HBLKSW off V-SCROLL 6 1Fh Center value JMPSW 1 0h JMPSW off HSIZESW 1 0h HSIZESW off UP-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LEFT-BLK 4 7h Center value RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	PIN-PHASE	4	7h	Center value
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SCP BGF 2 1h Center value XTAL 2 0h Automatic switching EXT SYNC 1 0h Internal sync CV/YC 1 0h CV input V-ASPECT 6 0h Minimum value ZOOM SW 1 0h ZOOM SW off HBLKSW 1 0h HBLKSW off V-SCROLL 6 1Fh Center value JMPSW 1 0h JMPSW off HSIZESW 1 0h HSIZESW off UP-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LEFT-BLK 4 7h Center value RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	AFC-ANGLE	4	7h	Center value
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CV/YC 1 0h CV input V-ASPECT 6 0h Minimum value ZOOM SW 1 0h ZOOM SW off HBLKSW 1 0h HBLKSW off V-SCROLL 6 1Fh Center value JMPSW 1 0h JMPSW off HSIZESW 1 0h HSIZESW off UP-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LEFT-BLK 4 7h Center value RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	XTAL	2	0h	Automatic switching
V-ASPECT 6 0h Minimum value ZOOM SW 1 0h ZOOM SW off HBLKSW 1 0h HBLKSW off V-SCROLL 6 1Fh Center value JMPSW 1 0h JMPSW off HSIZESW 1 0h HSIZESW off UP-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LEFT-BLK 4 7h Center value RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	EXT SYNC	1	0h	Internal sync
ZOOM SW 1 0h ZOOM SW off HBLKSW 1 0h HBLKSW off V-SCROLL 6 1Fh Center value JMPSW 1 0h JMPSW off HSIZESW 1 0h HSIZESW off UP-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LEFT-BLK 4 7h Center value RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	CV/YC	1	0h	CV input
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V-SCROLL 6 1Fh Center value JMPSW 1 0h JMPSW off HSIZESW 1 0h HSIZESW off UP-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LEFT-BLK 4 7h Center value RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	ZOOM SW	1	0h	ZOOM SW off
JMPSW 1 0h JMPSW off HSIZESW 1 0h HSIZESW off UP-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LEFT-BLK 4 7h Center value RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	HBLKSW	1	0h	HBLKSW off
HSIZESW 1 0h HSIZESW off UP-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LEFT-BLK 4 7h Center value RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	V-SCROLL	6	1Fh	Center value
UP-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LEFT-BLK 4 7h Center value RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	JMPSW	1	0h	JMPSW off
LO-VLIN 4 0h Minimum value LEFT-BLK 4 7h Center value RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	HSIZESW	1	0h	HSIZESW off
LEFT-BLK 4 7h Center value RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	UP-VLIN	4	0h	Minimum value
RIGHT-BLK 4 7h Center value EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	LO-VLIN	4	0h	Minimum value
EHT H 2 0h EHT H off EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	LEFT-BLK	4	7h	Center value
EHT V 2 0h EHT V off CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	RIGHT-BLK	4	7h	Center value
CORNER-PIN 4 7h Center value	EHT H	2	0h	EHT H off
	EHT V	2	0h	EHT V off
YS10FF 1 0h YS1 normal	CORNER-PIN	4	7h	Center value
1 on Tornoma	YS10FF	1	0h	YS1 normal
DL 3 3h Center value	DL	3	3h	Center value

Definition of I²C Bus Registers

Slave Addresses

88h: Slave Receiver 89h: Slave Transmitter

Register Table

"*": Undefined

Control Register

Sub Address	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	
×××00000 00 h			PICT	TURE	'		TRAPOFF	VMOFF	
×××00001 01 h			Н	UE			DC-TRAN	D-PIC	
×××00010 02 h			CO	LOR			TOT	*	
×××00011 03 h			BRI	GHT			D-COL	*	
×××00100 04 h		SHAR	PNESS		PRE-0	OVER	COLO	R SW	
×××00101 05 h		SUB-	CONT			TRA	P F0		
×××00110 06 h		SUB-0	COLOR			SUB	-HUE		
×××00111 07 h			SUB-B	RIGHT			GAN	1MA	
×××01000 08 h			G-D	RIVE			AGING	0	
×××01001 09 h			B-DI	RIVE			INTER	LACE	
×××01010 0A h		G-CL	JTOFF			B-CL	JTOFF		
×××01011 0B h	RON	GON	BON	PICON	VOFF	FHHI	CD-MODE	AKBOFF	
×××01100 0C h		•	V-S	SIZE			V-FF	REQ	
×××01101 0D h			V-POS	SITION			AFC-N	1ODE	
×××01110 0E h		S-C	ORR			V-	LIN		
×××01111 0F h			H-S	SIZE			REF-POSI		
×××10000 10 h			PIN-C	COMP		VBLKW			
×××10001 11 h		H-PO	SITION		PIN-PHASE				
×××10010 12 h		AFC	-BOW		AFC-ANGLE				
×××10011 13 h	SCP	BGR	SCP	BGF	XTAL		EXT SYNC	CV/YC	
×××10100 14 h			V-AS	PECT	<u> </u>		ZOOM SW	HBLKSW	
×××10101 15 h			V-SC	ROLL			JMP SW	HSIZESW	
×××10110 16 h		UP-	VLIN			LO-	VLIN		
×××10111 17 h		LEF	T-BLK			RIGH	IT-BLK		
×××11000 18 h	EH	ΤΗ	EH	IT V		CORN	ER-PIN		
×××11001 19 h	*	*	*	*	YS1 OFF		DL		

Status Register

Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
H LOCK	IKR	VNG	XRAY	C	OLOR SY	S	CV SYNC

SONY

CXA2000Q

Description of Registers

Register name (No. of bits)

1. Video switch register

CV/YC (1) : CV input/YC input selector

0 = CV input selected1 = YC input selected

EXT SYNC (1) : EXT SYNC selector switch

0 = Internal sync (CV or Y) selected

1 = EXT SYNC selected

2. Y signal block register

SUB-CONT (4) : Contrast gain control (Y gain control)

0h = -3.5dB 7h = 0dB Fh = +2.5dB

TRAP-F0 (4) : Chroma trap f0 fine adjustment (Y block chroma trap current control)

0h = High 7h = Center Fh = Low

SHARPNESS (4) : Sharpness gain control (Sharpness F0 3MHz)

0h = -6dB 7h = +2.5dB Fh = +6.5dB

PRE-OVER (2) : Sharpness preshoot/overshoot ratio control

0h = 1:1 (PRE: OVER)

3h = 2:1

VM OFF (1) : Y signal output ON/OFF for VM

0 = ON 1 = OFF

TRAP OFF (1) : Y block chroma trap ON/OFF

0 = Trap ON 1 = Trap OFF

DL (3) : Y signal delay time control (80ns/step)

0h = Max. 7h = Min.

DC-TRAN (1) : Y DC transmission ratio selector switch

0 = 100% 1 = 81%

D-PIC (1) : Y black expansion ON/OFF switch

0 = OFF

1 = ON Point of inflection: 30 IRE

3. C signal block register

TOT (1) : Chroma TOT filter band selector switch

0 = TOT — TRAP OFF

1 = TOT — TRAP ON (TRAP fo 2MHz)

COLOR (6) : Color gain control (Chroma gain control)

0h = Color OFF (-40dB or less)

1Fh = 0dB B output: 1.02Vp-p (I/O gain: +11dB, 0.285Vp-p input)

3Fh = +6dB

SUB-COLOR (4) : Color gain control (ACC reference level control)

0h = -5dB 7h = 0dB Fh = +3dB

HUE (6): Hue control (Phase control for chroma demodulation axis when SUB-HUE is 7h)

Control not possible for a PAL system.

 $0h = +35^{\circ}$ Flesh color appears red.

 $1Fh = 0^{\circ}$

 $3Fh = -35^{\circ}$ Flesh color appears green.

SUB-HUE (4) : Hue control (Phase control for chroma demodulation axis when HUE is 1Fh)

B-Y axis adjustable to 0°.

Control not possible for a PAL system.

 $0h = +10^{\circ}$ $7h = 0^{\circ}$ $Fh = -10^{\circ}$

XTAL (2) : XTAL selection setting switch

0h = Automatic identification 1h = Force to XTAL1 (3.58MHz)

2h = Force to XTAL2 (4.43MHz)

COLOR SW (2) : Color system setting

0h = Automatic identification

1h = Force to PAL 2h = Force to NTSC 3h = Force to SECAM

4. RGB signal block register

PICTURE (6) : Picture gain control (RGB gain control)

0h = -14dB

3Fh = 0dB RGB output: 2.5Vp-p (I/O gain: +8dB, 1Vp-p input)

BRIGHT (6) : Bright control (RGB DC bias control)

0h = -440mV

1Fh = 0mV (-300mV for REF-P level)

3Fh = +450mV

SUB-BRIGHT (6) : Bright control (RGB DC bias control)

0h = -440mV

1Fh = 0mV (-300mV for REF-P level)

3Fh = +450mV

G-DRIVE (6) : Gch drive gain adjustment (Gch gain control)

0h = G/R -4.5dB

2Ah = G/R 0dB (G/R 0dB)

3Fh = G/R + 1.5dB

B-DRIVE (6) : Bch drive gain adjustment (Bch gain control)

0h = B/R -4.5dB

2Ah = B/R 0dB (B/R 0dB)

3Fh = B/R + 1.5dB

G-CUTOFF (4) : Gch cut-off adjustment (Gch reference pulse value control of IKIN pin input)

0h = +34%

7h = +81% (G/R)

Fh = +135%

B-CUTOFF (4): Bch cut-off adjustment (Bch reference pulse value control of IKIN pin input)

0h = +34%

7h = +81% (B/R)

Fh = +135%

D-COL (1) : Dynamic color ON/OFF switch

0 = Dynamic color OFF

1 = Dynamic color ON (R, Bch level control)

GAMMA (2) : Gamma control (RGB gamma correction amount control)

0h = Gamma OFF

3h = Gamma peak 17 IRE (at input 40 IRE), +400mV (at 2.5Vp-p OUT)

REF-POSITION (2) : Reference pulse timing setting 0h = From rising edge of V TIM: Rch 22H, Gch 23H, Bch 24H 1h = From rising edge of V TIM: Rch 20H, Gch 21H, Bch 22H 2h = From rising edge of V TIM: Rch 18H, Gch 19H, Bch 20H 3h = From rising edge of V TIM: Rch 16H, Gch 17H, Bch 18H PIC-ON (1) : ON/OFF switch for RGB output with a reference pulse (Set to OFF mode at power-on.) 0 = RGB output OFF (All blanked status) 1 = RGB output ON R ON (1) : ON/OFF switch for Rch video output without a reference pulse (Operates when PIC ON = 1, set to OFF mode at power-on.) 0 = Rch video output OFF (Blanked status, reference pulse only output) 1 = Rch video output ON **GON** (1) : ON/OFF switch for Gch video output without a reference pulse (Operates when PIC ON = 1, set to OFF mode at power-on.) 0 = Gch video output OFF (Blanked status, reference pulse only output) 1 = Gch video output ON **BON** (1) : ON/OFF switch for Bch video output without a reference pulse (Operates when PIC ON = 1, set to OFF mode at power-on.) 0 = Bch video output OFF (Blanked status, reference pulse only output) 1 = Bch video output ON **AKB OFF** : AKB ON/OFF switch (Set to ON mode at power-on.) (1) 0 = AKB ON1 = AKB OFF (IK CLAMP, IK S/H and reference pulse fixed to OFF) R, G and B cut-off adjustment at AKB OFF performed by voltage applied to RSH, GSH and BSH pins, respectively. YS1 OFF : YS1 forced OFF mode/YS1 normal mode (1) 0 = YS1 normal mode

1 = YS1 forced OFF mode

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5. Deflection block register

AFC-MODE : AFC loop gain control (PLL between H SYNC and H VCO) (2)0h = H free run mode 1h = Small gain 2h = Medium gain 3h = Large gain FH-HI (1) : H oscillator frequency fixation ON/OFF switch (Set to ON mode at power-on.) 0 = H oscillator frequency fixation OFF AFC normal mode 1 = H oscillator frequency fixation ON Oscillator frequency fixed to maximum value (approx. 16.2kHz). **V FREQ** : V frequency mode setting (1) 0, 1h = Automatic identification 2h = Forced mode (50Hz)3h = Forced mode (60Hz) V OFF (1) : V sawtooth wave oscillation stop ON/OFF switch (Set to OFF mode at power-on.) 0 = Oscillation stop OFF (V DRIVE- and V DRIVE+: normal output) 1 = Oscillation stop ON (V DRIVE- and V DRIVE+: DC output and DC value vary according to V POSITION.) **CD-MODE** (1) : V countdown system mode selector (Set to automatic selection mode during power-on.) 0 = Non-standard signal mode, standard signal mode and no signal mode automatically selected 1 = Fixed to non-standard signal mode (V oscillator frequency is 55Hz during no signal mode "free run".) **VBLKW** (2): VBLK width control (Blanked pulses after reference pulse. Operates when JMPSW = 1; blanked pulses after reference pulse fixed to 1H when JMPSW = 0.) 0h = 12H from Bch reference pulse 1h = 11H from Bch reference pulse 2h = 10H from Bch reference pulse 3h = 9H from Bch reference pulse H-POSITION (4) : Horizontal position adjustment (HAFC phase control) $0h = 1\mu s delay$ Picture position shifts to right. (Picture delayed with respect to HD.) $7h = 0\mu s$ Fh = 1μ s advance Picture position shifts to left. (Picture advanced with respect to HD.) V-POSITION (6) : Vertical position adjustment (V SAW output DC bias control) 0h = -0.09V Picture position drops, V DRIVE+ output DC Down. 0V Center potential: DC 3V

3Fh = +0.09V Picture position rises, V DRIVE+ output DC Up.

V-SIZE	(6)	: Vertical amplitude adjustment (V SAW output gain control) 0h = -14% Vertical picture size decreases. 1Fh = 0% Amplitude: 1.23Vp-p, center potential: DC 3V when V-ASPECT is 2FH. 3Fh = +14% Vertical picture size increases.
V-LIN	(4)	 Vertical linearity adjustment (Gain control for V SAW secondary component) 0h = 115% (Bottom/top of picture) Top of picture compressed; bottom of picture expanded. Th = 100% (Bottom/top of picture) Fh = 85% (Bottom/top of picture) Top of picture expanded; bottom of picture compressed.
S-CORR	(4)	: Vertical S correction amount adjustment (V SAW secondary component gain control) 0h = Secondary component amplitude by adding sawtooth and other signals = 0 Fh = Secondary component amplitude by adding sawtooth and other signals = Maximum
AFC-BOW	(4)	 Vertical line bow compensation amount adjustment (Phase control according to HAFC parabola wave) 0h = Top and bottom of picture delayed 500ns with respect to picture center. 7h = 0 ns Fh = Top and bottom of picture advanced 500ns with respect to picture center.
AFC-ANGLE	(4)	 Vertical line slope compensation amount adjustment (Phase control according to HAFC V SAW) 0h = Top of picture delayed 500ns, bottom of picture advanced 500ns with respect to picture center. 7h = 0 ns Fh = Top of picture advanced 500ns, bottom of picture delayed 500ns with respect to picture center.
PIN-COMP	(6)	 Horizontal pin distortion compensation amount adjustment (V parabola wave gain control) 0h = 0.10Vp-p Horizontal size for top/bottom of picture increases. (Compensation amount minimum) 1Fh = 0.58Vp-p Amplitude, center potential: DC 4V when V-ASPECT is 2Fh 3Fh = 1.06Vp-p Horizontal size for top/bottom of picture decreases. (Compensation amount maximum)
H-SIZE	(6)	: Horizontal amplitude adjustment (V parabola wave DC bias control) 0h = -0.5V Horizontal picture size decreases, EW-DRIVE output DC Down. 1Fh = 0V Amplitude: 0.58Vp-p, center potential: DC 4 V when V-ASPECT is 2Fh 3Fh = +0.5V Horizontal picture size increases, EW-DRIVE output DC Up.
EHT-H	(2)	 Horizontal high-voltage fluctuation compensation amount setting (DC adjustment for parabolic output) 0h = 0V (Compensation amount when 1V is applied to ABL IN versus 8V applied to ABL IN) 3h = -0.1V (Compensation amount when 1V is applied to ABL IN versus 8V applied to ABL IN)
EHT-V	(2)	: Vertical high-voltage fluctuation compensation amount setting (V SAW output gain control) $0h = 0\%$ (Compensation amount when 1V is applied to ABL IN versus 8V applied to ABL IN) $3h = -7\%$ (Compensation amount when 1V is applied to ABL IN versus 8V applied to ABL IN)
INTERLACE	(1)	: Interlace mode and non-interlace display selector switch 0,1h = Interlace mode 2h = Interlace mode; 1/2H shift applied to EVEN lines 3h = Interlace mode; 1/2H shift applied to ODD lines

PIN-PHASE (4)

: Horizontal trapezoidal distortion compensation amount adjustment (V parabola wave

center timing control)

0h = 1.5ms advance Horizontal size for top of picture increases; horizontal size for

bottom of picture decreases.

7h = 0ms 8.9ms from 4VDC VTIM

Fh = 1.5ms delay Horizontal size for top of picture decreases; horizontal size

for bottom of picture increases.

CORNER-PIN (4)

: Horizontal pin distortion compensation amount adjustment for top/bottom of picture

(V parabola wave top/bottom gain control)

0h = -0.2V Horizontal size for top/bottom of picture decreases.

(compensation amount maximum)

7h = 0V (0.7Vp-p 4:3 mode)

Fh = +0.2V Horizontal size for top/bottom of picture increases.

(compensation amount minimum)

V-ASPECT

(6)

(1)

(1)

(6)

(1)

: Aspect ratio control. (Gain control for sawtooth wave)

0h = 75% 16:9 CRT full

2Fh = 100% 4:3 CRT full, amplitude: 1.23Vp-p

3Fh = 112%

ZOOM SW

: Zoom mode ON/OFF switch for 16:9 CRT (25% of video cut)

0 = Zoom OFF Sawtooth wave amplitude: 1.23Vp-p 1 = Zoom ON Sawtooth wave amplitude: 70%

HBLKSW

: HBLK width control ON/OFF switch during 4:3 software full display mode on a 16:9

CRT

0 = Control OFF HBLK pulse generated from HPIN.

1 = Control ON HBLK pulse generated as pulse generated from HPIN or as

pulse generated from HVCO and width adjusted. Width adjustment is performed by the LEFT-BLK and

RIGHT-BLK registers.

V-SCROLL

: Vertical picture scroll control during zoom mode on a 16:9 CRT

(DC component added to sawtooth wave AGC output to control ZOOMSW cut timing.)

0h = -0.2V Scrolled toward top of screen by 32H and top of picture zoomed.

1Fh = 0V

3Fh = +0.2V Scrolled toward bottom of screen by 32H and bottom of picture zoomed.

JUMPSW

: Reference pulse jump mode ON/OFF switch (In addition to V-ASPECT control, sawtooth wave gain control performed for 100% of VBLK interval and 67% of picture interval)

0 = Jump mode OFF

1 = Jump mode ON

On a 4:3 CRT, jump mode expands the sawtooth wave amplitude to 112% with V-ASPECT; on a 16:9 CRT, jump mode compresses the sawtooth wave amplitude to 75% with V-ASPECT. The V blanking width is expanded at both the top and bottom of the picture. Blanking for the bottom of the picture starts 251H after VTIM, and blanking for the top of the picture can be varied as the blanking width after the reference pulse from the VBLKW register.

HSIZESW

(1) : Lowers the E-W OUT DC level (during H-SIZE compression)

0 = Normal

1 = -1.35V

: Vertical linearity adjustment for top of picture (Secondary component gain control for

sawtooth wave added to sawtooth wave AGC output) 0h = 100%(Bottom/top of picture) Fh = 115%(Bottom/top of picture) Top of picture compressed. LO-VLIN (4) : Vertical linearity adjustment for bottom of picture (Tertiary component gain control for sawtooth wave added to sawtooth wave AGC output) 0h = 100%(Bottom/top of picture) Fh = 85%(Bottom/top of picture) Bottom of picture compressed. LEFT-BLK (4) : HBLK width control for the left side of picture when HBLKSW = 1 (Phase control for timing pulse generated from HVCO) $0h = +1.3\mu s$ HBLK width maximum 7h = 0µs Center HBLK: 13µs HBLK width minimum $Fh = -1.3 \mu s$ **RIGHT-BLK** (4) : HBLK width control for the right side of picture when HBLKSW = 1 (Phase control for timing pulse generated from HVCO) $0h = +1.3\mu s$ HBLK width maximum 7h = 0us Center HBLK: 13µs $Fh = -1.3 \mu s$ HBLK width minimum SCP BGR (2) : Controls the phase of the rising edge of the burst pulse in sand castle pulse output $(0.4\mu s/step)$ $0h = +0.4\mu s$

SCP BGF

(2)

UP-VLIN

(4)

Controls the phase of the falling edge of the burst pulse in sand castle pulse output (0.4μs/step)
 0h = +0.4μs

1h = Center $3h = -0.8\mu s$

1h = Center $3h = -0.8\mu s$

6. Other

AGING (1) : White output aging mode ON/OFF switch

(Takes priority over RGB ON and PIC ON control. Set to OFF mode at power-on.)

0 = Aging mode OFF

1 = Aging mode ON (When there is no input signal, a 60 IRE flat signal is output from the Y block)

7. Status register

HLOCK (1) : Lock status between H SYNC and H VCO

0 = HVCO free run status 1 = Locked to H SYNC

IKR (1) : AKB operation status

0 = REF-P at Ik small and AKB loop unstable.1 = REF-P at Ik sufficient and AKB loop stable.

VNG (1) : Signal input status to V PROT pin

0 = No V PROT input

1 = V PROT input (In this case, the RGB output is blanked.)

XRAY (1) : Signal input status to XRAY control pin (HOFF pin)

0 = No XRAY control input

1 = XRAY control input (In this case, the RGB output is blanked.)

COLOR SYS (3) : Color system status

0h = ---

1h = --

2h = NO STANDARD

3h = SECAM

4h = 3.58MHz NTSC

5h = 4.43MHz NTSC

6h = 3.58MHz PAL

7h = 4.43MHz PAL

CV SYNC (1) : CV input SYNC SEP result

When VIDEO is input to CVIN, "1" is returned when the SYNC level is 100mV or

more (standard: 300mV)

0 = No SYNC

1 = SYNC

Description of Operation

1. Power-on sequence

The CXA2000Q does not have an internal power-on sequence. Therefore, power-on sequence is all controlled by the set microcomputer (I²C bus controller).

1) Power-on

The IC is reset and the RGB outputs are all blanked. Hdrive starts to oscillate, but oscillation is at the maximum frequency (16kHz or more) and is not synchronized to the input signal. Output of vertical signal VTIM starts, but Vdrive is DC output. Bus registers which are set by power-on reset are as follows.

AGING = 0: All white output aging mode OFF

RON = 0: Rch video blanking ON GON = 0: Gch video blanking ON BON = 0: Bch video blanking ON **PICON** = 0: RGB all blanking ON

VOFF = 1: VDRIVE output stopped mode

VFREQ = 0: Automatic identification mode (identification starts at 50Hz)

FHHI = 1: H oscillator maximum frequency mode

HSIZESW = 0: Normal

CD-MODE = 0: Automatic selection mode of the countdown mode

AKBOFF = 0: AKB mode

2) Bus register data transfer

The register setting sequence differs according to the set sequence. Register settings for the following sequence are shown as an example.

CXA2000Q register settings Set sequence Power-on Reset status in 1) above. 1

Degauss Reset status in 1) above.

The CRT is degaussed in the completely darkened condition.

VDRIVE oscillation The IC is set to the power-on initial settings. (See the following page.)

A sawtooth wave is output to VDRIVE and the IC waits for the vertical

deflection to stabilize. The HDRIVE oscillator frequency goes to the standard

frequency.

AKB operation start PICON is set to 1 and a reference pulse is output from Rout, Gout and Bout.

Then, the IC waits for the cathode to warm up and the beam current to start

flowing.

 \downarrow

AKB loop stable Status register IKR is monitored.

> IKR = 0: No cathode current IKR = 1: Cathode current

Note that the time until IKR returns to 1 differs according to the initial status

of the cathode.

RON, GON and BON are set to 1 and the video signal is output from Rout, Video output

Gout and Bout.

I²C bus power-on initial settings

The initial settings listed here for power-on when VDRIVE starts to oscillate are reference values; the actual settings may be determined as needed according to the conditions under which the set is to be used.

Register Table

"*" Undefined

Control Register

Sub Address	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
×××00000 00 h	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
×××00001 01 h	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
×××00010 02 h	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	*
×××00011 03 h	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	*
×××00100 04 h	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
×××00101 05 h	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
×××00110 06 h	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
×××00111 07 h	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
×××01000 08 h	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
×××01001 09 h	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
×××01010 0A h	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
×××01011 0B h	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
×××01100 0C h	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
×××01101 0D h	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
×××01110 0E h	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
×××01111 0F h	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
×××10000 10 h	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
×××10001 11 h	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
×××10010 12 h	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
×××10011 13 h	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
×××10100 14 h	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
×××10101 15 h	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
×××10110 16 h	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
×××10111 17 h	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
×××11000 18 h	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
×××11001 19 h	*	*	*	*	0	0	1	1

3) Power-on initial settings

The initial settings listed here for power-on when VDRIVE starts to oscillate are reference values; the actual settings may be determined as needed according to the conditions under which the set is to be used.

PICTURE	= 3Fh	Max (User Control)
TRAP OFF	= 0	Chroma Trap ON
VM OFF	= 0	VM out ON
HUE	= 1Fh	Center (User Control)
DC-TRAN	= 0	Y DC transmission ratio 100%
D-PIC	= 1	Y black expansion ON
COLOR	= 1Fh	Center (User Control)
TOT	= 0	Chroma low frequency increased
BRIGHT	= 1Fh	Center (User Control)
D-COL	= 1	Dynamic Color ON
SHARPNESS	= 7h	Center (User Control)
PRE-OVER	= 0	Sharpness pre/over ratio 1:1
COLOR SW	= 0	AUTO
SUB-CONT	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
TRAP F0	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
SUB-COLOR	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
SUB-HUE	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
SUB-BRIGHT	= 1Fh	Center (Adjust)
GAMMA	= 0	Gamma OFF
G-DRIVE	= 1Fh	Center (Adjust)
AGING	= 0	Aging Mode OFF
B-DRIVE	= 1Fh	Center (Adjust)
INTERLACE	= 0	INTERLACE mode
G-CUTOFF	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
B-CUTOFF	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
RON	= 0	Rch video output OFF
GON	= 0	Gch video output OFF
BON	= 0	Bch video output OFF
PICON	= 0	RGB all blanked
VOFF	= 0	Vdrive oscillation
FHHI	= 0	Horizontal oscillator frequency standard
CD-MODE	= 0	V countdown auto mode
AKBOFF	= 0	AKB ON
V-SIZE	= 1Fh	Center (Adjust)
V-FREQ	= 0	AUTO
V-POSITION	= 1Fh	Center (Adjust)
AFC-MODE	= 2	Center
S-CORR	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
V-LIN	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
H-SIZE	= 1Fh	Center (Adjust)
REF-POSI	= 0	
PIN-COMP	= 1Fh	Center (Adjust)
VBLKW	= 0	

(Power-on initial settings cont.)

H-POSITION	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
PIN-PHASE	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
AFC-BOW	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
AFC-ANGLE	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
SCP BGR	= 1	Center
SCP BGF	= 1	Center
XTAL	= 0	AUTO
EXT SYNC	= 0	Internal SYNC
CV/YC	= 0	CV input
V-ASPECT	= 0h	16:9 CRT Full Mode
ZOOMSW	= 1	16:9 CRT
HBLKSW	= 1	Hblk width adjust ON
V-SCROLL	= 1Fh	Center (User Control)
JMPSW	= 0	16:9 CRT Full Mode
HSIZE SW	= 0	Normal
UP-VLIN	= 7h	16:9 CRT Full Mode
LO-VLIN	= 7h	16:9 CRT Full Mode
LEFT-BLK	= Fh	Hblk width Min.
RIGHT-BLK	= Fh	Hblk width Min.
EHT-H	= 0	Hdrive high-voltage compensation OFF
EHT-V	= 3	Vdrive high-voltage compensation amount maximum
CORNERPIN	= 7h	Center (Adjust)
YS1 OFF	= 0	Normal
DL	= 3	Normal (Adjust)

2. Various mode settings

The CXA2000Q contains bus registers for deflection compensation which can be set for various wide modes. Wide mode setting registers can be used separately from registers for normal picture distortion adjustment, and once deflection adjustment has been performed in full mode, wide mode settings can be made simply by changing the corresponding register data.

- VDRIVE signal picture distortion adjustment registers
 - V-SIZE, V-POSITION, S-CORR, V-LIN
- E/WDRIVE signal picture distortion adjustment registers
 - H-SIZE, PIN-COMP, PIN-PHASE, CORNER-PIN
- Wide mode setting registers
 - V-ASPECT, ZOOMSW, HBLKSW, V-SCROLL, JMPSW, HSIZESW, UP-VLIN, LO-VLIN, LEFT-BLK, RIGHT-BLK

Examples of various modes are listed below. These modes are described using 570 (NTSC: 480) lines as the essential number of display scanning lines. Wide mode setting register data is also listed, but settings may differ slightly due to IC variation. The standard setting data differs for 16:9 CRTs and 4:3 CRTs.

Register	16:9 CRT	4:3 CRT
V-ASPECT	0h	2Fh
V-SCROLL	1Fh	1Fh
ZOOMSW	1	0
UP-VLIN	0h	0h
LO-VLIN	0h	0h
JMPSW	0	0
HSIZESW	0	0
HBLKSW	0	0
LEFT-BLK	7h	7
RIGHT-BLK	7h	7h

1) 16:9 CRT full mode

This mode reproduces the full 570 (NTSC:480) lines on a 16:9 CRT. 4:3 images are reproduced by stretching the picture to the left and right.

Normal images are compressed vertically, but 16:9 images can be reproduced in their original 16:9 aspect ratio with a video source which compresses (squeezes) 16:9 images to 4:3 images. The register settings are the 16:9 CRT standard values.

2) 16:9 CRT normal mode

In this mode, 4:3 images are reproduced without modification. A black border appears at the left and right of the picture. In this mode, the H deflection size must be compressed by 25% compared to full mode. The CXA2000Q permits compression with a register (HSIZESW) that compresses the H size by 25%. Because excessive current flows to the horizontal deflection coil in this case, adequate consideration must be given to the allowable power dissipation, etc., of the horizontal deflection coil in the design of the set. In addition, this concern can also be addressed through measures taken external to the IC, such as by switching the horizontal deflection coil. Full mode should be used when using memory processing to add a black border to the video signal.

H blanking of the image normally uses the flyback pulse input to AFCPIN (Pin 38). However, the blanking width can be varied according to the control register setting when blanking is insufficient for the right and left black borders.

The following three settings are added to the 16:9 CRT standard values for the register settings.

HBLKSW = 1

LEFT-BLK = Adjustment value

RIGHT-BLK = Adjustment value

The H angle of deflection also decreases, causing it to differ from the PIN compensation amount during H size full status. Therefore, in addition to the wide mode registers, PIN-COMP must also be readjusted only for this mode.

3) 16:9 CRT zoom mode

In this mode, 4:3 images are reproduced by enlarging the picture without other modification. The top and bottom of normal 4:3 images are lost, but almost the entire picture can be reproduced for vista size video software, etc. which already has black borders at the top and bottom. The enlargement ratio can be controlled by the V-ASPECT register, and enlarging the picture by 33% compared to full mode allows zooming to be performed for 4:3 images without distortion. In this case, the number of scanning lines is reduced to 430 lines compared to 570 lines for full mode. The zooming position can be shifted vertically by the V-SCROLL register. V blanking of the image normally begins from V sync and continues for 2H after the AKB reference pulse, and the top and bottom parts are also blanked during this mode.

Adjust the following two registers with respect to the 16:9 CRT standard values for the register settings.

V-ASPECT = 2Fh

V-SCROLL = 1Fh or user control

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4) 16:9 CRT subtitle-in mode

When CinemaScope size images which have black borders at the top and bottom of the picture are merely enlarged with the zoom mode in 3) above, subtitles present in the black borders may be lost. Therefore, this mode is used to super-compress only the subtitle part and reproduce it on the display.

Add the LO-VLIN adjustment to the zoom mode settings for the register settings.

V-ASPECT = 2Fh
V-SCROLL = 1Fh or user control
LO-VLIN = Adjustment value

The LO-VLIN register causes only the linearity at the bottom of the picture to deteriorate. Therefore, UP-VLIN should also be adjusted if the top and bottom of the picture are to be made symmetrical. Since the picture is compressed vertically, the number of scanning lines exceeds 430 lines.

5) 16:9 CRT V compression mode

This mode is used to reproduce two 4:3 video displays such as for PandP. The V size must be compressed to 67% in order to reproduce two displays on a 16:9 CRT without distortion using 480 scanning lines, and this can be set by JMPSW. Compression is performed after the AKB reference pulse, so the reference pulse remains in the overscan position. The V blanking width after the reference pulse becomes larger than normal and can be varied by the VBLKW register. During this mode, the bottom V blanking width is also expanded to 3H wider than normal so that the bottom of the picture is not overscanned.

16:9 CRT standard values are used with only the JMPSW setting changed for the register settings.

JMPSW = 1

6) 16:9 CRT wide zoom mode

This mode reproduces 4:3 video software naturally on wide displays by enlarging 4:3 images without other modification and compressing the parts of the image which protrude from the picture into the top and bottom parts of the picture. The display enlargement ratio is controlled by V-ASPECT, and the compression ratios at the top and bottom of the picture are controlled by UP-VLIN and LO-VLIN.

Adjust the following three registers with respect to the 16:9 CRT standard values for the register settings.

V-ASPECT = Adjustment value
UP-VLIN = Adjustment value
LO-VLIN = Adjustment value

7) 4:3 CRT normal mode

This is the standard mode for 4:3 CRTs.

The register settings are the 4:3 CRT standard values.

8) 4:3 CRT V compression mode

This mode is used to reproduce M-N converter output consisting of 16:9 images expanded to a 4:3 aspect ratio and other squeezed signals without distortion on a 4:3 CRT. The V size must be compressed to 75% in order to reproduce a 4:3 squeezed signal at a 16:9 aspect ratio without any distortion. Compressing the V size with the JMPSW register used in mode 5) above, compresses the V size to 67%. Therefore, V-ASPECT is set to enlarge the V size by 8%. AKB reference pulse handling and V blanking are the same as for mode 5) above.

4:3 CRT standard values are used with the V-ASPECT and JMPSW settings changed for the register settings.

V-ASPECT = 3Fh JMPSW = 1

Mode Settings

Setting	CRT SIZE	SOFT SIZE	MODE NAME	I ² C BUS REGISTER
1)-1	16:9	16:9	16:9 CRT full	V-ASPECT = 0h: V size 75%
1)-2	16:9	4:3	Wide full	V-ASPECT = 0h: V size 75%
2)	16:9	4:3	16:9 CRT normal	V-ASPECT = 0h: V size 75% HBLKSW = 1h: HBLK width adjustment ON LEFT-BLK = Adjustable RIGHT-BLK = Adjustable PIN-COMP = Adjustable (External support: H-DY H amplitude 75%)
3)	16:9	4:3	16:9 CRT zoom	V-ASPECT = 2Fh: V size 100% ZOOMSW = 1h: Zoom ON V size limited at 75% V-SCROLL = 0h: Zoom bottom of video image 1Fh: Zoom center of video image 3Fh: Zoom top of video image Adjustable: Open to user
4)	16:9	4:3 (16:9 + subtitle area)	16:9 CRT with subtitle area on	V-ASPECT = 2Fh: V size 100% UP-VLIN = Adjustable: Slightly compresses top of video image LO-VLIN = Adjustable: Significantly compresses bottom of video image ZOOMSW 1h: V size limited at 75% (V-SCROLL = Adjustable)
5)	16:9	4:3	16:9 CRT V compression	V-ASPECT = 0h: V size 75% JMPSW = 1h: Reference pulse skipping ON V size compressed 67% after the reference pulse (compressed to 50% total) VBLKW = Adjustable: VBLK width expanded at top and bottom of video image
6)	16:9	4:3	16:9 CRT wide zoom	V-ASPECT = Adjustable: V size 90% UP-VLIN = Adjustable: Compression of top and bottom of video image (S-CORR = Adjustable):
7)	4:3	4:3	4:3 CRT normal	V-ASPECT = 2Fh: V size 100%
8)	4:3	16:9	4:3 CRT V compression	V-ASPECT = 3Fh: V size 112% JMPSW = 1h: Reference pulse skipping ON (compressed to 75% total) VBLKW = Adjustable: VBLK width expanded at top and bottom of video image

^{*} The amount of picture distortion compensation in a vertical direction position of the CRT does not change in response to the above modes; as a result, the initial values of each picture distortion register can be used as is.

3. Signal processing

The CXA2000Q is comprised of sync signal processing, H deflection signal processing, V deflection signal processing, and Y/C/RGB signal processing blocks, all of which are controlled by the I²C bus.

1) Sync signal processing

Pin 48 (SYNC OUT) outputs at 2Vp-p either the internal signal (CVIN/YIN) selected by the internal video switch, or the external sync signal input from Pin 56 (EXT SYNC IN).

This selection is controlled by the I²C bus. The signal output from Pin 48 is buffered by a PNP Tr. and is then input to HSIN (Pin 47) or VSIN (Pin 46) through a suitable filter.

The Y signals input to Pins 46 and 47 are sync separated by the horizontal and vertical sync separation circuits. The resulting horizontal sync signal and the signal (FH = 15625Hz or 15734Hz) obtained by frequency dividing the 32FH-VCO output using the ceramic oscillator (frequency 500kHz or 503.5kHz) by 32 are phase-compared, the AFC loop is constructed, and an H pulse synchronized with the H sync is generated inside the IC. Adjustment of the H oscillator frequency is unnecessary. When the AFC is locked to the H sync, 1 is output to the status register (HLOCK) and that can be used to detect the presence of the video signal.

The vertical sync signal is sent to the V countdown block where the most appropriate window processing is performed to obtain V sync timing information which resets the counter. AKB and other V cycle timing are then generated from this reset timing.

2) H deflection signal processing

The H pulse obtained through sync processing is phase-compared with the H deflection pulse input from Pin 38 to control the phase of the HDRIVE output and the horizontal position of the image projected on the CRT. In addition, the compensation signal generated from the V sawtooth wave is superimposed, and the vertical picture distortion is compensated.

The H deflection pulse is used to H blanking of the video signal. When the pulse input from Pin 38 has a narrow width, the pulse generated by the IC can be added to the H deflection pulse and used as the H blanking pulse (HBLKSW).

Pin 38 is normally pulse input, but if the pin voltage drops to the GND level, HDRIVE output stops and 1 is output to the status register (XRAY). To release this status, turn the power off and then on again.

3) V deflection signal processing

The V sawtooth wave is generated at the cycle of the reset pulse output from the countdown system. After performing wide deflection processing for this sawtooth wave, picture distortion adjustment is performed by the VDRIVE and E/WDRIVE function circuits and the signal is output as the VDRIVE and E/WDRIVE signals.

4) Y signal processing

Either CVIN, input from Pin 53, or YIN, output from Pin 55, is selected by the video switch and then is passed to the Y signal processing circuit as the Y signal. The input level is 1Vp-p.

The Y signal passes through the subcontrast control, the trap for eliminating the chroma signal, the delay line, the sharpness control, the clamp and the black expansion circuits, and is then output to Pin 5 as YOUT. The differential waveform of the Y signal, advanced for about 200ns from YOUT is output from Pin 49 as the VM signal. The delay time is set by the bus register (DL).

When CVIN is selected, the trap is on; when YIN is selected, the trap is off.

The f0 of the internal filter is automatically adjusted within the IC. Because the f0 of the filter is not specified when the color killer function is operating, turn the trap off if there are any difficulties. In addition, the f0 of the trap will be affected slightly by variations among IC, so fine adjustment through the I²C bus (TRAP-F0) may be required.

5) C signal processing

The CVBS signal or chroma signal (specified input level: burst level of 300mVp-p) selected by the video switch passes through the ACC, TOT, chroma amplifier and demodulation circuits, becomes the R-Y and B-Y color difference signals, and is inverted for output on Pins 3 and 4. The color difference signals are averaged together by the external 1H delay line, and are input to Pins 7 and 8. Both color difference signals are clamped together with the Y signal input to Pin 5. They are then combined with the G-Y signal in the color control and axis control circuits. After Y/C mixing, the signals become the RGB signals.

If the burst level goes to -35dB or less with respect to the specified input level, the color killer operates.

In addition, the color system (PAL/NTSC) and the subcarrier frequency (4.43MHz/3.58MHz) are automatically identified according to the input chroma signal, and the internal VCO, demodulation circuit, axis control circuit, etc., are adjusted automatically.

Furthermore, SECAM signals can also be identified if an external SECAM decoder is connected to Pin 1. In this case, Pins 3 and 4 and the SECAM decoder color difference output are linked together directly, and automatically one side goes to high impedance, the other goes to low impedance according to the input chroma signal, and then they are input to the external 1H delay line.

System identification can be set to automatic or forced mode by the I²C bus (XTAL and COLOR SW). The color system is output to the status register (COLOR SYS).

6) RGB Signal processing

The RGB signals obtained from the Y/C block pass through the half-tone switch circuit (YM SW), the two switch circuits for the external RGB signals (YS1, YS2 SW), the picture control, dynamic color, gamma compensation, clamp, brightness control, drive adjustment, cut-off adjustment and auto cut-off circuits, and are output to Pins 22, 24 and 26.

The RGB signals input to Pins 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, and 19 are 100 IRE, 100% white 0.7Vp-p signals, in accordance with the standard for normal video signals. If signals of 1.5Vp-p or more are input to Pins 17, 18, and 19, 67 IRE output is obtained (digital input).

The voltage applied to Pin 28 (ABLIN) is compared with the internal reference voltage, integrated by the capacitor which is connected to Pin 29, and performs picture control and brightness control.

In order to adjust the white balance (black balance), this IC has a drive control function which adjusts the gain between the RGB outputs and a cut-off control function which adjusts the DC level between the RGB outputs. Both drive control and cut-off control are adjusted by the I²C bus, with the Rch fixed and the G and Bch variable. An auto cut-off function (AKB) which forms a loop between the IC and CRT and performs adjustment automatically has also been added. This function can compensate for changes in the CRT with time. Auto cut-off operation is as follows.

- R, G and B reference pulses for auto cut-off, shifted 1H each in the order mentioned, appear at the top of the picture (actually, in the overscan portion). The reference pulse uses 1H in the V blanking interval, and is output from each R, G and B output pin.
- The cathode current (lk) of each R, G and B output is converted to a voltage and input to Pin 27.
- The voltage input to Pin 27 is compared with the reference voltage in the IC, and the current generated by the resulting error voltage charges the capacitors connected to Pins 21, 23 and 25 for the reference pulse interval and is held during all other interval.
- The loop functions to change the DC level of the R, G and B outputs in accordance with the capacitor pin voltage so that the Pin 27 voltage matches the reference voltage in the IC.

The Rch for the reference voltage in the IC is fixed and the G and Bch are cut-off controlled by the I²C bus. During G/B-CUTOFF center status, the loop functions so that the Rch for the reference pulse input to Pin 27 is 1Vp-p and the G and Bch are 0.81Vp-p.

The reference pulse timing can be varied by the I²C bus.

When AKB is not used, the IC can be set to manual cut-off mode with I²C bus settings. In this case, the DC level of the R, G and B outputs can be varied by applying voltages independently to Pins 21, 23 and 25.

4. Notes on operation

Because the RGB signals and deflection signals output from the CXA2000Q are DC direct connected, the board pattern must be designed consideration given to minimizing interference from around the power supply and GND.

Do not separate the GND patterns for each pin; a solid earth is ideal. Locate the power supply side of the by-pass capacitor which is inserted between the power supply and GND as near to the pin as possible. Also, locate the XTAL oscillator, ceramic oscillator and IREF resistor as near to the pin as possible, and do not wire signal lines near this pin. Drive the Y, external Y/color difference and external RGB signals at a sufficiently low impedance, as these signals are clamped when they are input using the capacitor connected to the input pin. DC bias is applied to the chroma signal within the IC. Input the chroma signal with low impedance via an external capacitor.

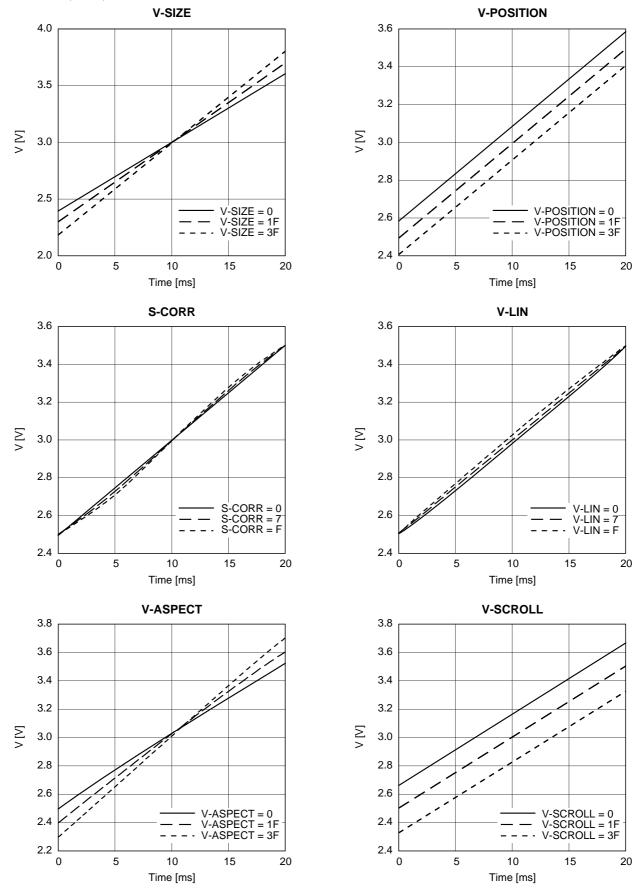
Use a resistor (such as a metal film resistor) with an error of less than 1% for the IREF pin.

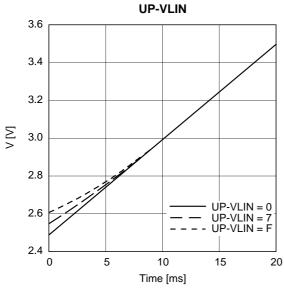
Use a capacitor, such as an MPS (metalized polyester capacitor) with a small tan δ for SAWOSC.

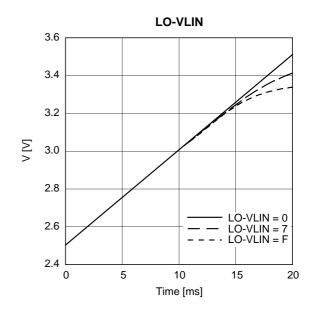
When using a line frequency FH of 15625Hz for the main clock (PAL-B, G, etc.), Murata's Ceralock CSB500F63 is recommended. This will yield a free-run frequency in the neighborhood of 15625Hz.

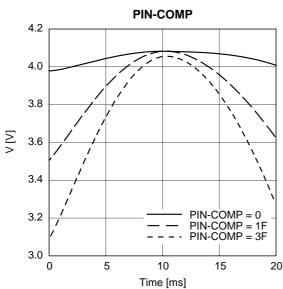
Curve Data

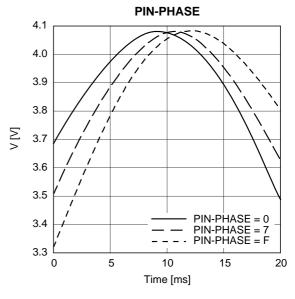
I²C bus data conforms to the "I²C Bus Register Initial Settings" of the Electrical Characteristics Measurement Conditions (P. 22).

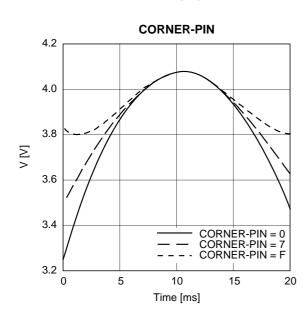


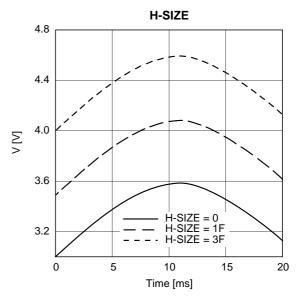


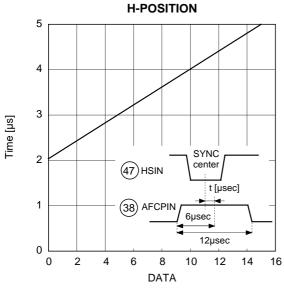


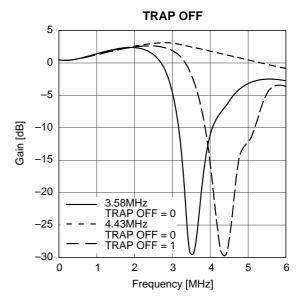


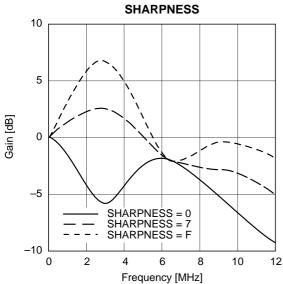


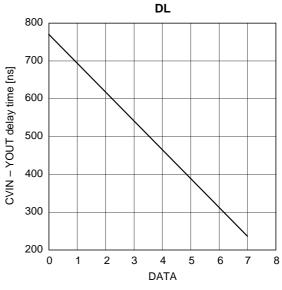


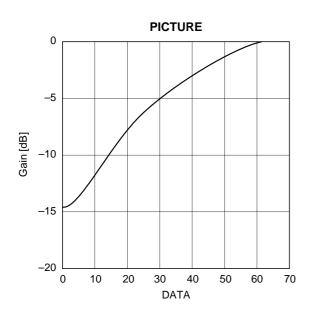


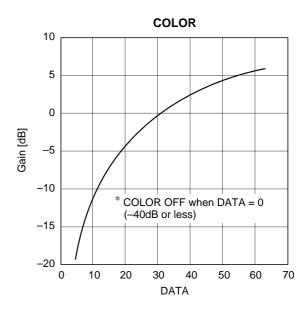


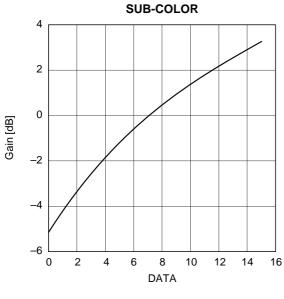


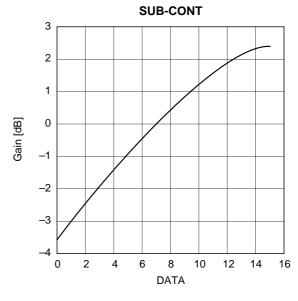


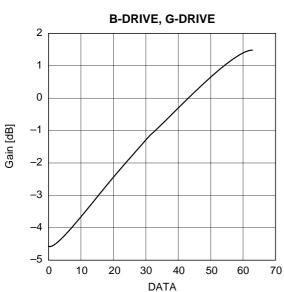


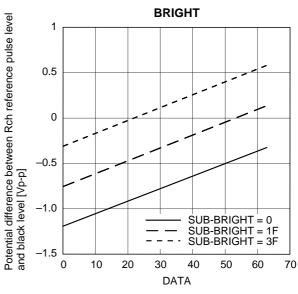


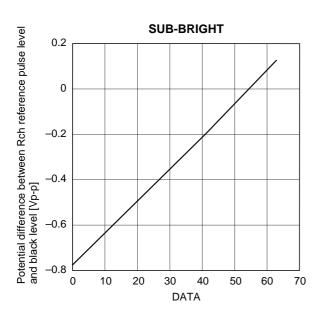


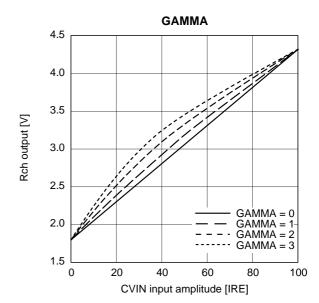


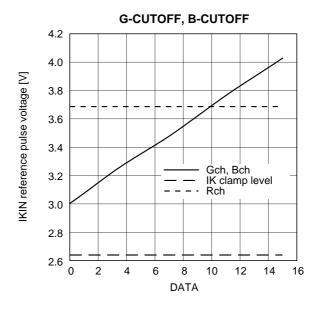


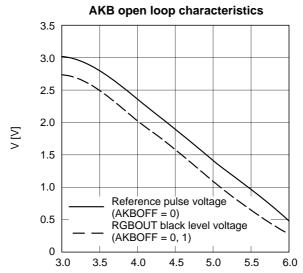








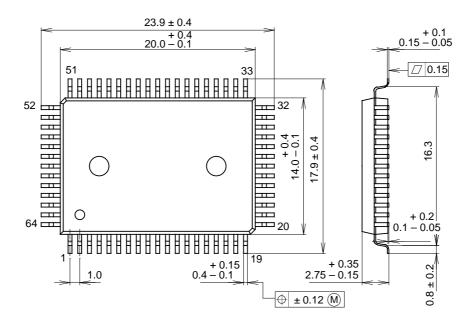




Voltage applied to R, G and B sample-and-hold capacitance pins [V]

Package Outline Unit: mm

64PIN QFP (PLASTIC)



PACKAGE STRUCTURE

SONY CODE	QFP-64P-L01
EIAJ CODE	*QFP064-P-1420-A
JEDEC CODE	

PACKAGE MATERIAL	EPOXY / PHENOL RESIN
LEAD TREATMENT	SOLDER PLATING
LEAD MATERIAL	42 ALLOY
PACKAGE WEIGHT	1.5g