CY62256

32Kx8 Static RAM

Features

- **4.5V–5.5V Operation**
- **Low active power (70 ns, LL version)**
  — 275 mW (max.)
- **Low standby power (70 ns, LL version)**
  — 28 μW (max.)
- **55, 70 ns access time**
- **Easy memory expansion with CE and OE features**
- **TTL-compatible inputs and outputs**
- **Automatic power-down when deselected**
- **CMOS for optimum speed/power**

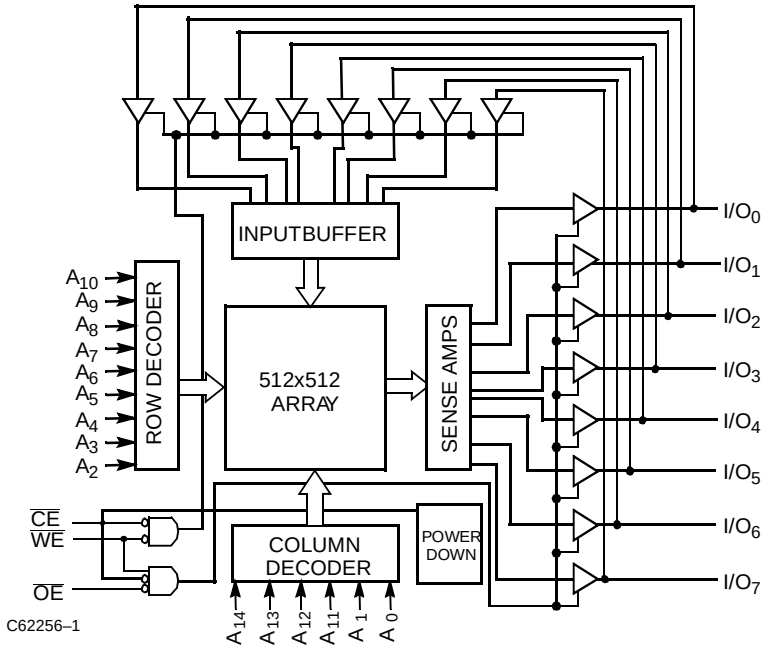
Functional Description

The CY62256 is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 32,768 words by 8 bits. Easy memory expansion is provided by an active LOW chip enable ($\overline{CE}$) and active LOW output enable ($\overline{OE}$) and three-state drivers. This device has an automatic power-down feature, reducing the power consumption by 99.9% when deselected. The CY62256 is in the standard 450-mil-wide (300-mil body width) SOIC, TSOP, and 600-mil PDIP packages.

An active LOW write enable signal ($\overline{WE}$) controls the writing/reading operation of the memory. When $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{WE}$ inputs are both LOW, data on the eight data input/output pins (I/O_0 through I/O_7) is written into the memory location addressed by the address present on the address pins (A_0 through A_{14}). Reading the device is accomplished by selecting the device and enabling the outputs, $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{OE}$ active LOW, while $\overline{WE}$ remains inactive or HIGH. Under these conditions, the contents of the location addressed by the information on address pins are present on the eight data input/output pins.

The input/output pins remain in a high-impedance state unless the chip is selected, outputs are enabled, and write enable ($\overline{WE}$) is HIGH.

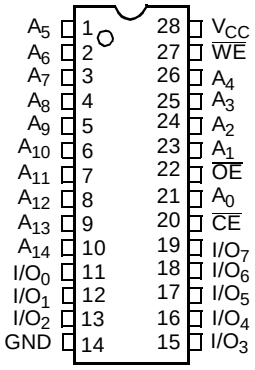
Logic Block Diagram



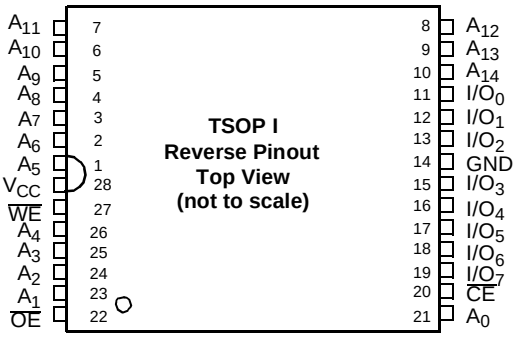
C62256–1

Pin Configurations

SOIC/DIP
Top View

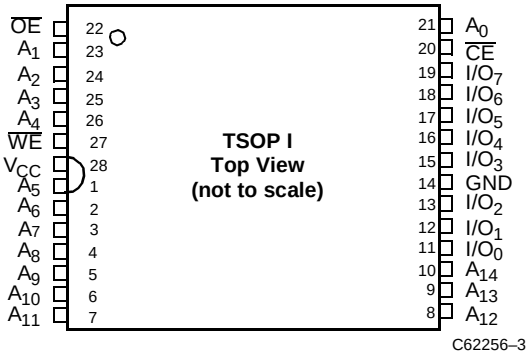


C62256–2



TSOP I
Reverse Pinout
Top View
(not to scale)

C62256–4



TSOP I
Top View
(not to scale)

C62256–3

Maximum Ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature ..... –65°C to +150°C

Ambient Temperature with Power Applied..... 0°C to +70°C

Supply Voltage to Ground Potential (Pin 28 to Pin 14)..... –0.5V to +7.0V

DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High Z State[1] ..... –0.5V to V_{CC} + 0.5V

DC Input Voltage[1]..... –0.5V to V_{CC} + 0.5V

Output Current into Outputs (LOW)..... 20 mA

Static Discharge Voltage ..... >2001V (per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)

Latch-Up Current..... >200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V_{CC}
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	5V ± 10%
Industrial	–40°C to +85°C	5V ± 10%

Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		CY62256–55 Min.	CY62256–55 Typ[2]	CY62256–55 Max.	CY62256–70 Min.	CY62256–70 Typ[2]	CY62256–70 Max.	Unit
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	V_{CC} = Min., I_{OH} = –1.0 mA		2.4			2.4			V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	V_{CC} = Min., I_{OL} = 2.1 mA				0.4			0.4	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage			2.2		V_{CC} +0.5V	2.2		V_{CC} +0.5V	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage			–0.5		0.8	–0.5		0.8	V
I_{IX}	Input Load Current	GND ≤ V_I ≤ V_{CC}		–0.5		+0.5	–0.5		+0.5	µA
I_{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	GND ≤ V_O ≤ V_{CC}, Output Disabled		–0.5		+0.5	–0.5		+0.5	µA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} Operating Supply Current	V_{CC} = Max., I_{OUT} = 0 mA, f = f_{MAX} = $1/t_{RC}$			28	55		28	55	mA
			L		25	50		25	50	mA
			LL		25	50		25	50	mA
I_{SB1}	Automatic CE Power-Down Current—TTL Inputs	Max. V_{CC}, $\overline{CE}$ ≥ V_{IH}, V_{IN} ≥ V_{IH} or V_{IN} ≤ V_{IL}, f = f_{MAX}			0.5	2		0.5	2	mA
			L		0.4	0.6		0.4	0.6	mA
			LL		0.3	0.5		0.3	0.5	mA
I_{SB2}	Automatic CE Power-Down Current—CMOS Inputs	Max. V_{CC}, $\overline{CE}$ ≥ V_{CC} – 0.3V V_{IN} ≥ V_{CC} – 0.3V or V_{IN} ≤ 0.3V, f = 0			1	5		1	5	mA
			L		2	50		2	50	µA
			LL		0.1	5		0.1	5	µA
		Indust'l Temp Range	LL		0.1	10		0.1	10	µA

Shaded area contains preliminary information.

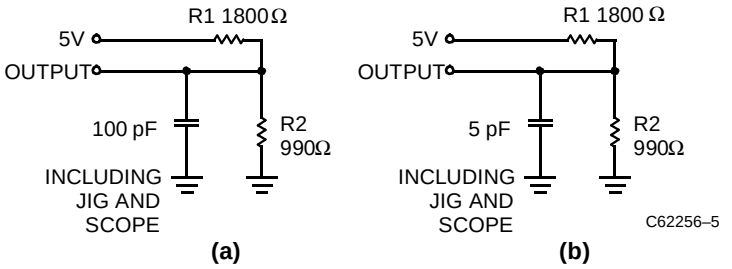
Capacitance[3]

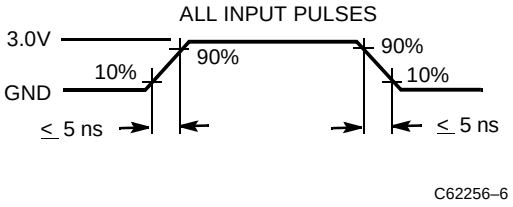
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	T_A = 25°C, f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = 5.0V	6	pF
C_{OUT}	Output Capacitance		8	pF

Note:

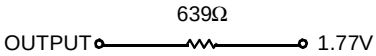
1. V_{IL} (min.) = –2.0V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
2. Typical specifications are the mean values measured over a large sample size across normal production process variations and are taken at nominal conditions (T_A = 25°C, V_{CC}). Parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization, and not 100% tested.
3. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

AC Test Loads and Waveforms





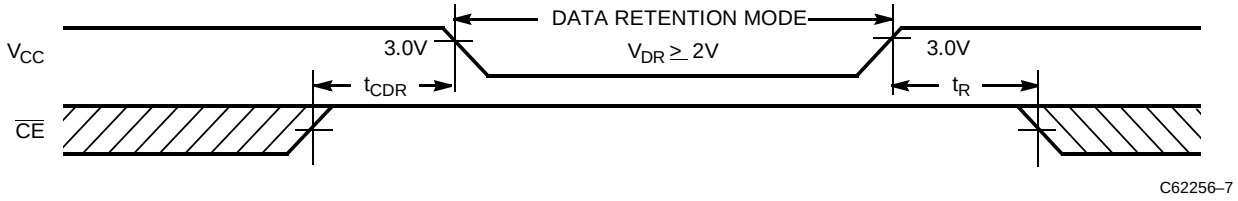
Equivalent to: THÉVENIN EQUIVALENT



Data Retention Characteristics

Parameter	Description		Conditions[4]	Min.	Typ.[2]	Max.	Unit
V_{DR}	V_{CC} for Data Retention		V_{CC} = 3.0V, $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3V$, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.3V$	2.0			V
I_{CCDR}	Data Retention Current	L			2	50	µA
		LL			0.1	5	µA
		LL Indust'l			0.1	10	µA
t_{CDR}[3]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time			0			ns
t_R[3]	Operation Recovery Time			t_{RC}			ns

Data Retention Waveform



Note:
4. No input may exceed V_{CC}+0.5V.

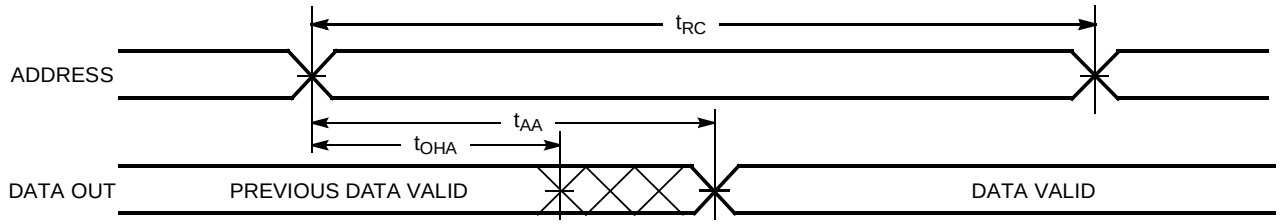
Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range[5]

Parameter	Description	CY62256–55		CY62256–70		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
READ CYCLE						
t_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	55		70		ns
t_{AA}	Address to Data Valid		55		70	ns
t_{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	5		5		ns
t_{ACE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Data Valid		55		70	ns
t_{DOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Data Valid		25		35	ns
t_{LZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Low Z[6]	5		5		ns
t_{HZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to High Z[6, 7]		20		25	ns
t_{LZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Low Z[6]	5		5		ns
t_{HZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to High Z[6, 7]		20		25	ns
t_{PU}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Power-Up	0		0		ns
t_{PD}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to Power-Down		55		70	ns
WRITE CYCLE[8, 9]						
t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	55		70		ns
t_{SCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Write End	45		60		ns
t_{AW}	Address Set-Up to Write End	45		60		ns
t_{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0		0		ns
t_{SA}	Address Set-Up to Write Start	0		0		ns
t_{PWE}	$\overline{WE}$ Pulse Width	40		50		ns
t_{SD}	Data Set-Up to Write End	25		30		ns
t_{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	0		0		ns
t_{HZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to High Z[6, 7]		20		25	ns
t_{LZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to Low Z[6]	5		5		ns

Shaded area contains preliminary information.

Switching Waveforms

Read Cycle No. 1[10,11]



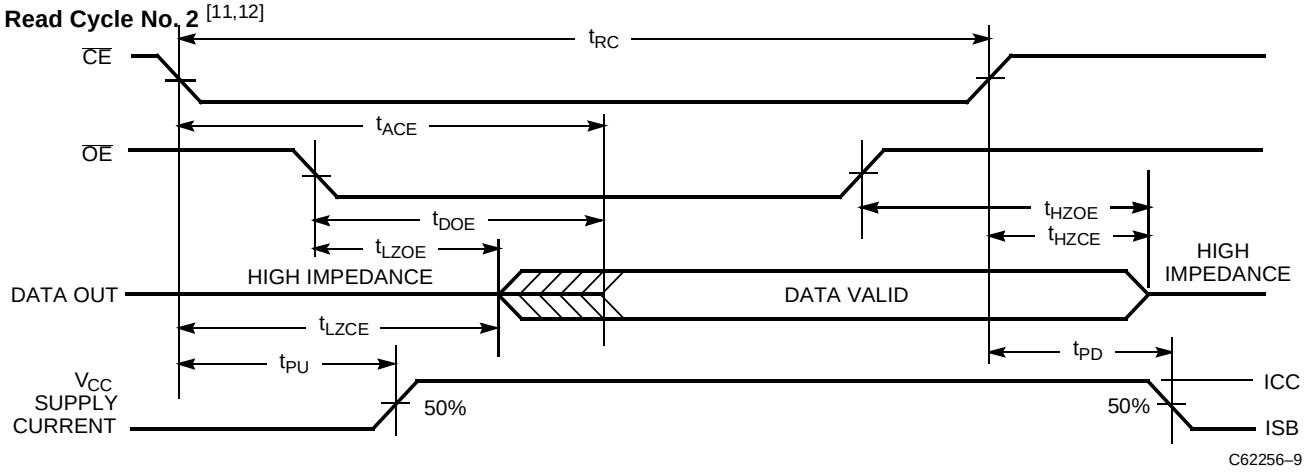
C62256–8

Notes:

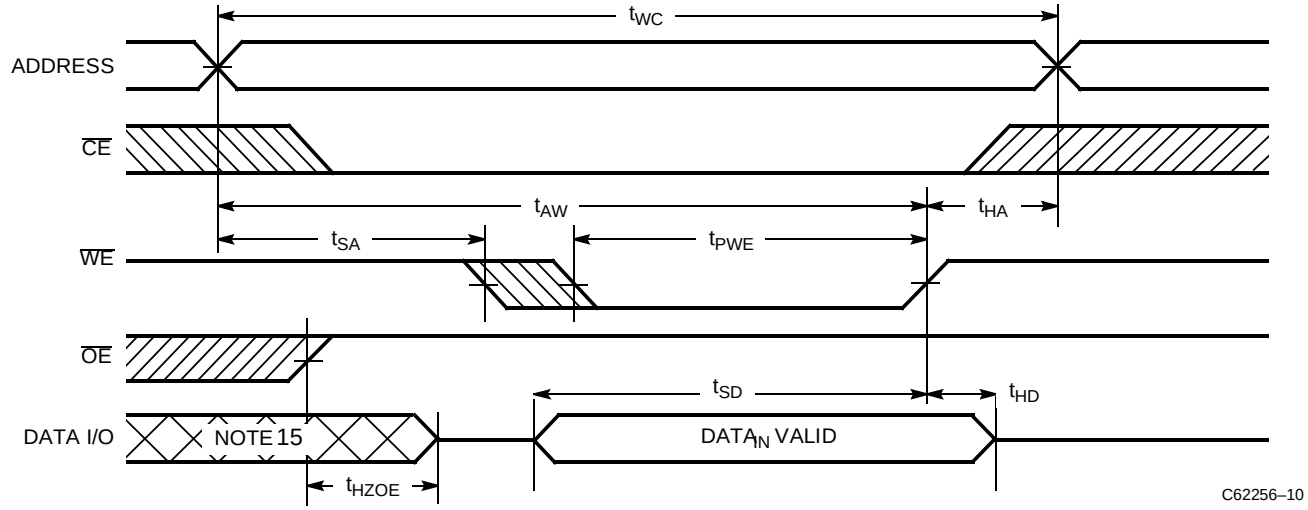
5. Test conditions assume signal transition time of 5 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V, and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} and 100-pF load capacitance.
6. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZOE}, and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any given device.
7. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, and t_{HZWE} are specified with C_L = 5 pF as in part (b) of AC Test Loads. Transition is measured ±500 mV from steady-state voltage.
8. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{CE}$ LOW and $\overline{WE}$ LOW. Both signals must be LOW to initiate a write and either signal can terminate a write by going HIGH. The data input set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the rising edge of the signal that terminates the write.
9. The minimum write cycle time for write cycle #3 ($\overline{WE}$ controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW) is the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}
10. Device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}.
11. $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH for read cycle.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

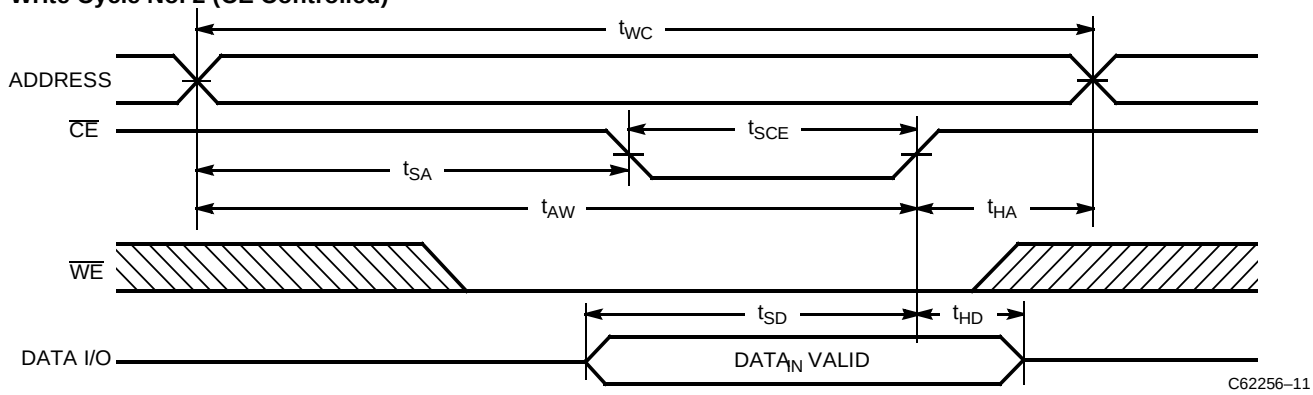
Read Cycle No. 2 [11,12]



Write Cycle No. 1 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled) [8,13,14]



Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{CE}$ Controlled) [8,13,14]

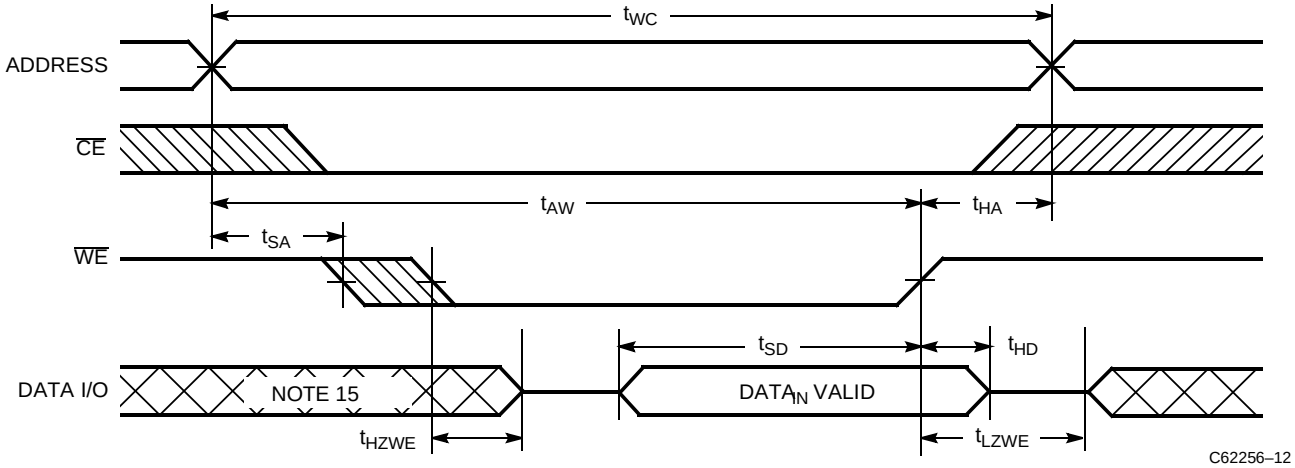


Notes:

12. Address valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{CE}$ transition LOW.
13. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$.
14. If $\overline{CE}$ goes HIGH simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Write Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW) [9,14]

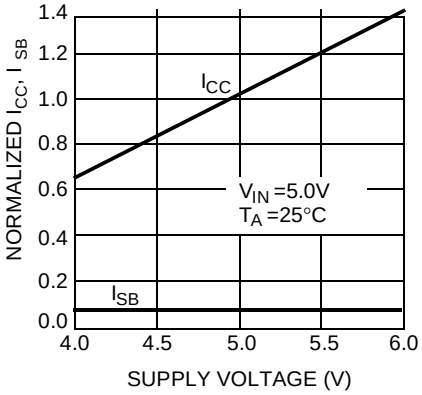


Note:

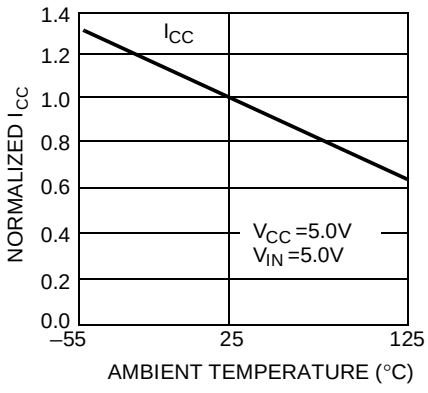
15. During this period, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

Typical DC and AC Characteristics

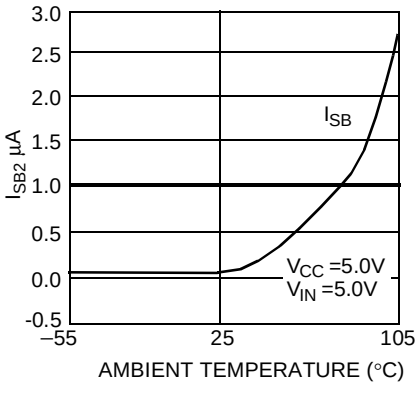
NORMALIZED SUPPLY CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



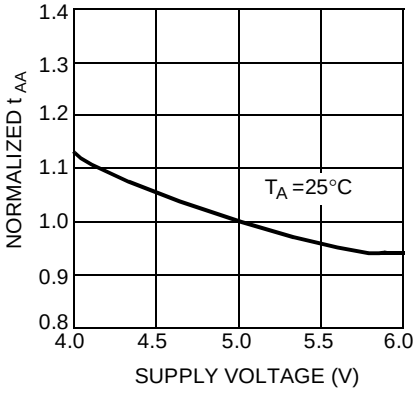
NORMALIZED SUPPLY CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



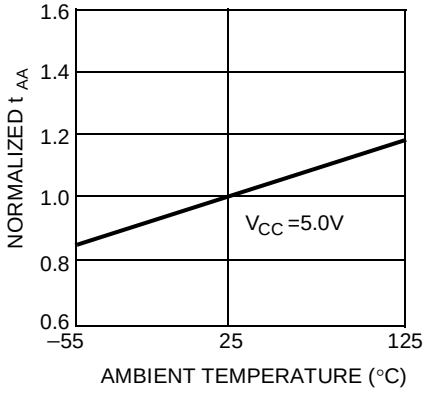
STANDBY CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



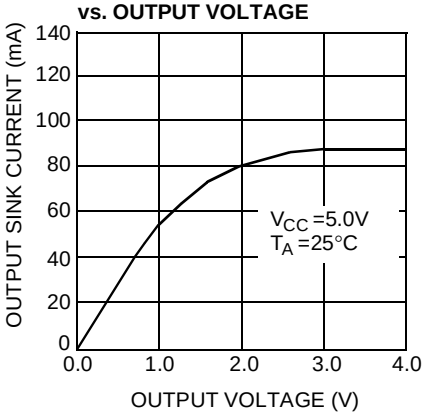
NORMALIZED ACCESS TIME vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



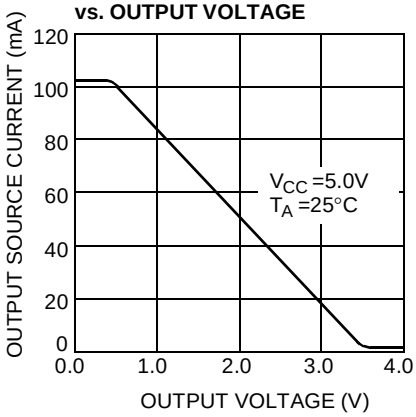
NORMALIZED ACCESS TIME vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



OUTPUT SINK CURRENT vs. OUTPUT VOLTAGE

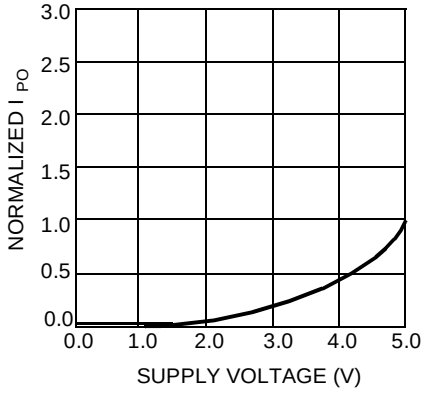


OUTPUT SOURCE CURRENT vs. OUTPUT VOLTAGE

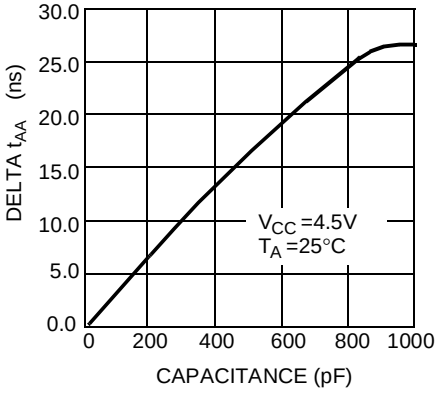


Typical DC and AC Characteristics (continued)

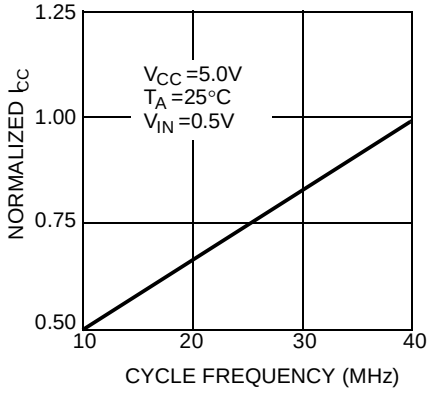
TYPICAL POWER-ON CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



TYPICAL ACCESS TIME CHANGE vs. OUTPUT LOADING



NORMALIZED I_{CC} vs.CYCLE TIME



Truth Table

$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
H	X	X	High Z	Deselect/Power-Down	Standby (I_{SB})
L	H	L	Data Out	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	Data In	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	High Z	Deselect, Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})

Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
55	CY62256–55SNC	S22	28-Lead 450-Mil (300-Mil Body Width) SOIC	Commercial
	CY62256L–55SNC	S22	28-Lead 450-Mil (300-Mil Body Width) SOIC	
	CY62256LL–55SNC	S22	28-Lead 450-Mil (300-Mil Body Width) SOIC	
	CY62256–55ZRC	ZR28	28-Lead Reverse Thin Small Outline Package	
	CY62256L–55ZRC	ZR28	28-Lead Reverse Thin Small Outline Package	
	CY62256LL–55ZRC	ZR28	28-Lead Reverse Thin Small Outline Package	
	CY62256–55ZC	Z28	28-Lead Thin Small Outline Package	
	CY62256L–55ZC	Z28	28-Lead Thin Small Outline Package	
	CY62256LL–55ZC	Z28	28-Lead Thin Small Outline Package	
	CY62256–55PC	P15	28-Lead (600-Mil) Molded DIP	
70	CY62256–70SNC	S22	28-Lead 450-Mil (300-Mil Body Width) SOIC	Commercial
	CY62256L–70SNC	S22	28-Lead 450-Mil (300-Mil Body Width) SOIC	
	CY62256LL–70SNC	S22	28-Lead 450-Mil (300-Mil Body Width) SOIC	
	CY62256–70SNI	S22	28-Lead 450-Mil (300-Mil Body Width) SOIC	Industrial
	CY62256L–70SNI	S22	28-Lead 450-Mil (300-Mil Body Width) SOIC	
	CY62256LL–70SNI	S22	28-Lead 450-Mil (300-Mil Body Width) SOIC	
	CY62256–70ZC	Z28	28-Lead Thin Small Outline Package	Commercial
	CY62256L–70ZC	Z28	28-Lead Thin Small Outline Package	
	CY62256LL–70ZC	Z28	28-Lead Thin Small Outline Package	
	CY62256–70ZI	Z28	28-Lead Thin Small Outline Package	Industrial
	CY62256L–70ZI	Z28	28-Lead Thin Small Outline Package	
	CY62256LL–70ZI	Z28	28-Lead Thin Small Outline Package	
	CY62256–70PC	P15	28-Lead (600-Mil) Molded DIP	Commercial
	CY62256L–70PC	P15	28-Lead (600-Mil) Molded DIP	
	CY62256LL–70PC	P15	28-Lead (600-Mil) Molded DIP	
	CY62256–70ZRC	ZR28	28-Lead Reverse Thin Small Outline Package	
	CY62256L–70ZRC	ZR28	28-Lead Reverse Thin Small Outline Package	
	CY62256LL–70ZRC	ZR28	28-Lead Reverse Thin Small Outline Package	

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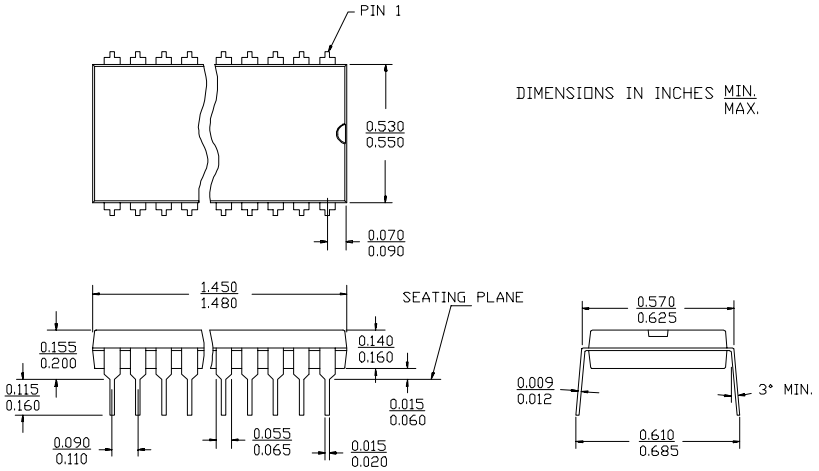
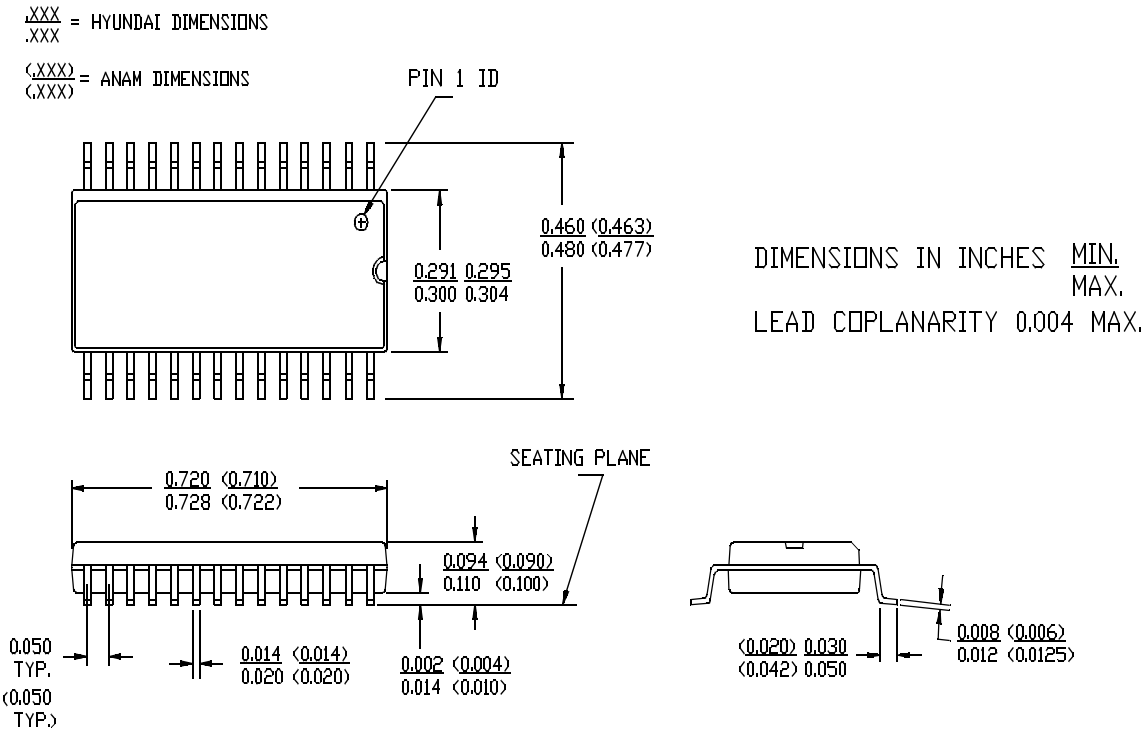
Package Diagrams

28-Lead (600-Mil) Molded DIP P15

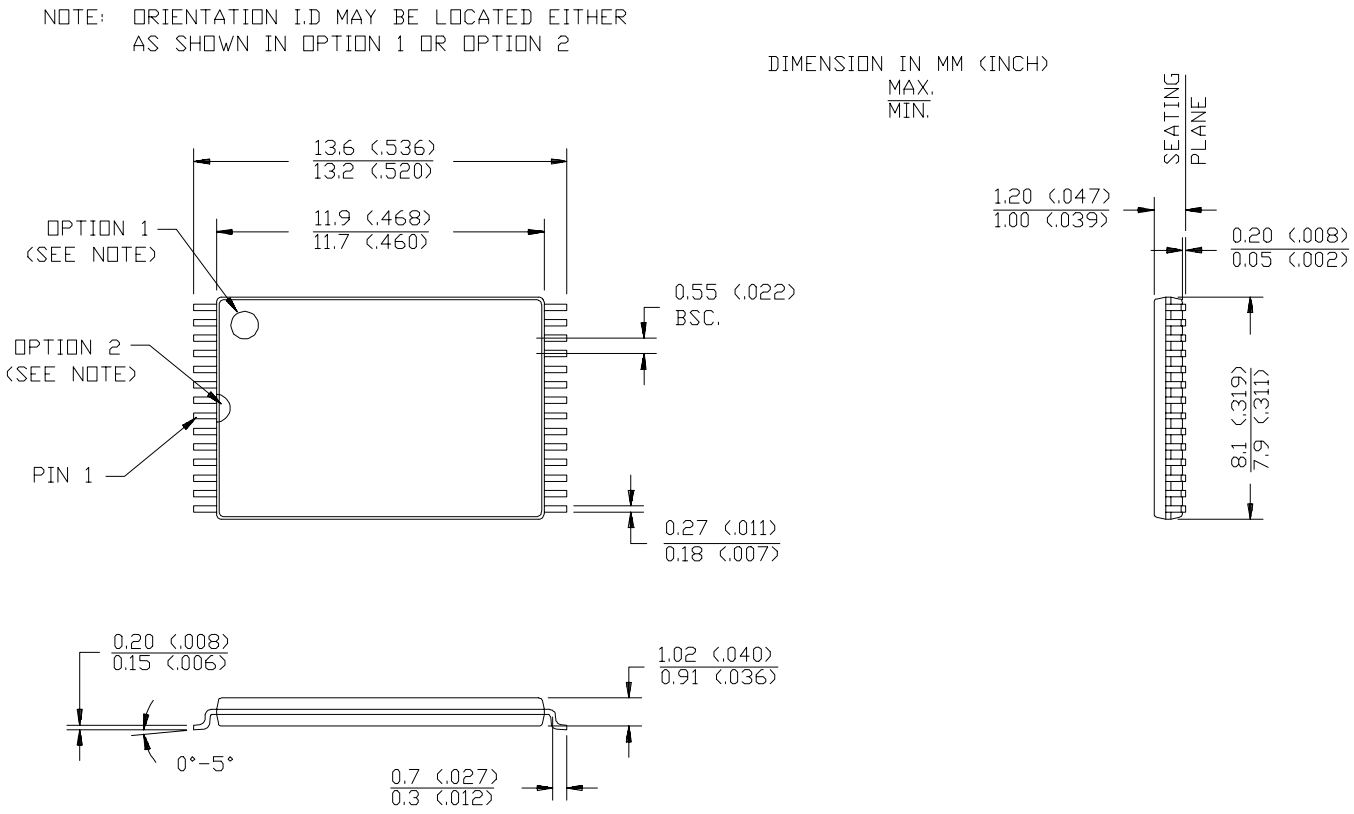


28-Lead 450-Mil (300-Mil Body Width) SOIC S22



Package Diagrams (continued)

28-Lead Thin Small Outline Package Z28



Package Diagrams (continued)

28-Lead Reverse Thin Small Outline Package ZR28