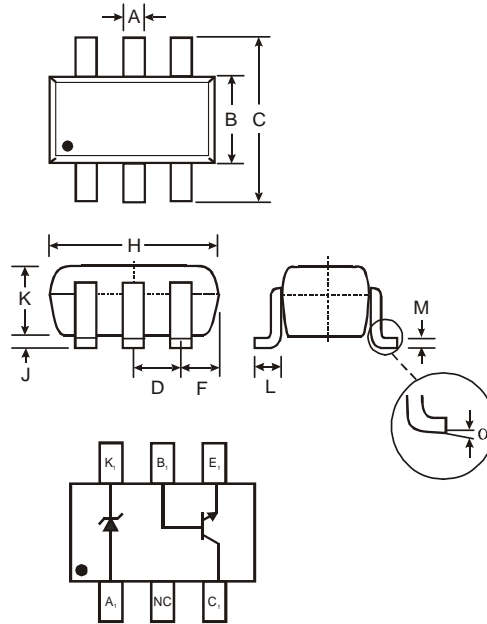


**Features**

- Epitaxial Planar Die Construction
- Selectively Paired NPN Transistors & Zener Diodes for Series Pass Voltage Regulator Circuits
- Ideally Suited for Automated Assembly Processes
- **Lead Free By Design/RoHS Compliant (Note 1)**
- **"Green" Device (Note 2)**

**Mechanical Data**

- Case: SOT-363
- Case Material: Molded Plastic. "Green" Molding Compound. UL Flammability Classification Rating 94V-0
- Moisture Sensitivity: Level 1 per J-STD-020C
- Terminals: Finish – Matte Tin annealed over Alloy 42 leadframe. Solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
- Terminal Connections: See Diagram
- Marking & Type Code Information: See Page 5
- Ordering Information: See Page 5
- Weight: 0.008 grams (approximate)



SOT-363		
Dim	Min	Max
A	0.10	0.30
B	1.15	1.35
C	2.00	2.20
D	0.65 Nominal	
F	0.30	0.40
H	1.80	2.20
J	—	0.10
K	0.90	1.00
L	0.25	0.40
M	0.10	0.25
$\alpha$	8°	
All Dimensions in mm		

**Maximum Ratings, Total Device** @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation (Note 3)	$P_d$	200	mW
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (Note 3)	$R_{\theta JA}$	625	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Operating and Storage and Temperature Range	$T_j, T_{STG}$	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

**Maximum Ratings, NPN Transistor** @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	45	V
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	18	V
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5	V
Collector Current - Continuous (Note 3)	$I_C$	1	A

**Maximum Ratings, Zener Element** @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Forward Voltage @ $I_F = 10\text{mA}$	$V_F$	0.9	V

- Notes:
1. No purposefully added lead.
  2. Diodes Inc's "Green" policy can be found on our website at [http://www.diodes.com/products/lead\\_free/index.php](http://www.diodes.com/products/lead_free/index.php).
  3. Part mounted on FR-4 board with recommended pad layout, which can be found on our website at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf>.

**Electrical Characteristics, NPN Transistor** @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Test Condition
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4)</b>					
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	45	—	V	$I_C = 100\mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	18	—	V	$I_C = 1\text{mA}, I_B = 0$
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	5	—	V	$I_E = 100\mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$
Collector Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	—	1	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{CB} = 40\text{V}, I_E = 0$
Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	—	1	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{EB} = 4\text{V}, I_C = 0$
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4)</b>					
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	150	800	—	$I_C = 100\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(SAT)}$	—	0.5	V	$I_C = 300\text{mA}, I_B = 30\text{mA}$
<b>SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance	$C_{obo}$	—	8	pF	$V_{CB} = 10\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{MHz}, I_E = 0$
Current Gain-Bandwidth Product	$f_T$	100	—	MHz	$V_{CB} = 10\text{V}, I_E = 50\text{mA}, f = 100\text{MHz}$

**Electrical Characteristics, Zener Element** @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Type Number	Zener Voltage Range (Note 5)				Maximum Reverse Leakage Current	
	$V_Z @ I_{ZT}$			$I_{ZT}$	$I_R @ V_R$	
	Nom (V)	Min (V)	Max (V)	mA	$\mu\text{A}$	V
DVR1V8W	3.3	3.1	3.5	5	5	1
DVR2V5W	3.9	3.7	4.1	5	3	1
DVR3V3W	4.7	4.4	5.0	5	3	2
DVR5V0W	5.1	4.85	5.36	0.05	5	3

- Notes:
- Short duration test pulse used to minimize self-heating effect.
  - Nominal Zener voltage is measured with the device junction in thermal equilibrium at  $T_J = 30^\circ\text{C} \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ .

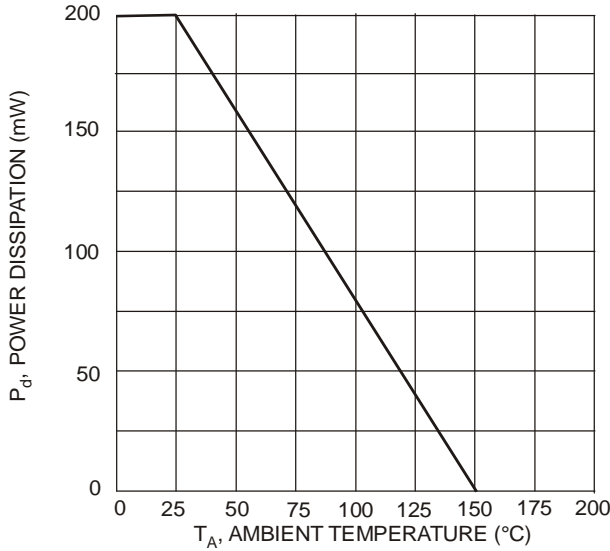


Fig. 1 Max Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature (Total Device)

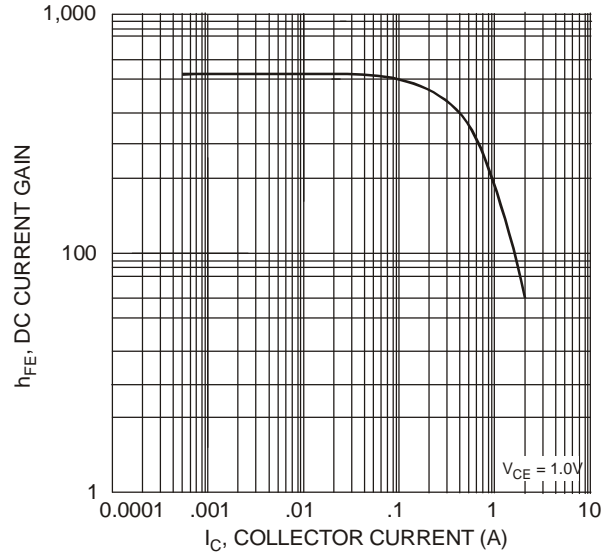


Fig. 2 Typical DC Current Gain vs. Collector Current (NPN Transistor)

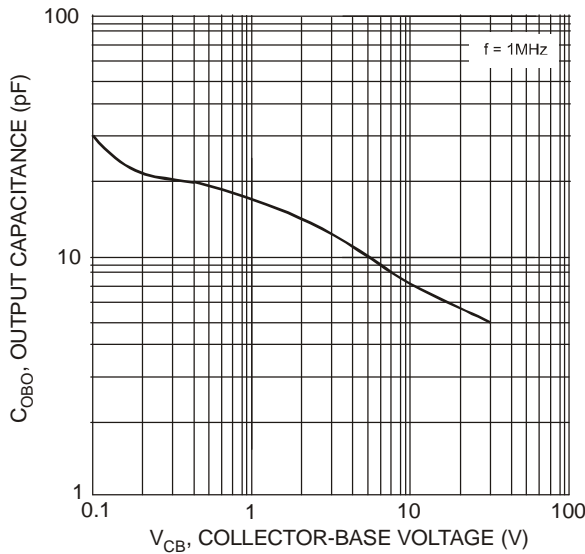


Fig. 3 Output Capacitance vs. Collector-Base Voltage (NPN Transistor)

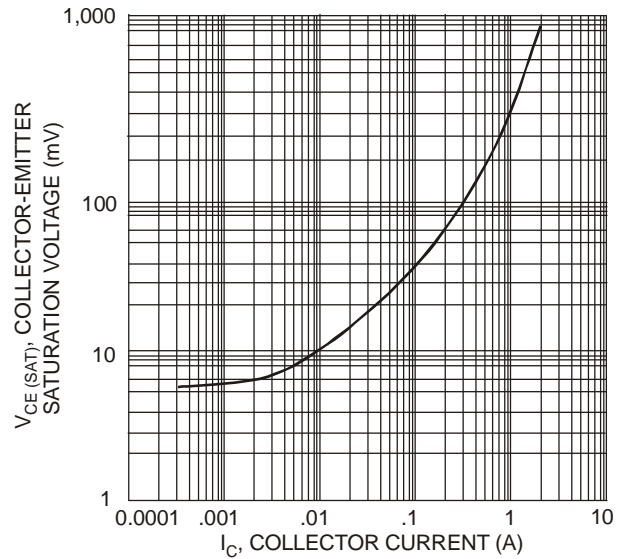


Fig. 4 Collector Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current (NPN Transistor)

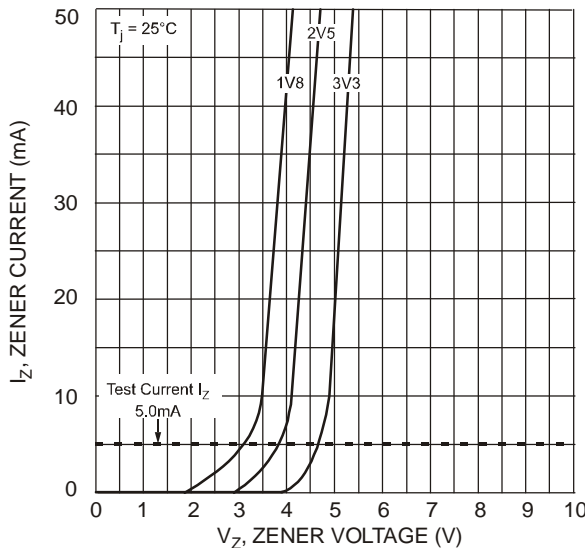


Fig. 5 Zener Breakdown Characteristics (DVR1V8W - DVR3V3W)

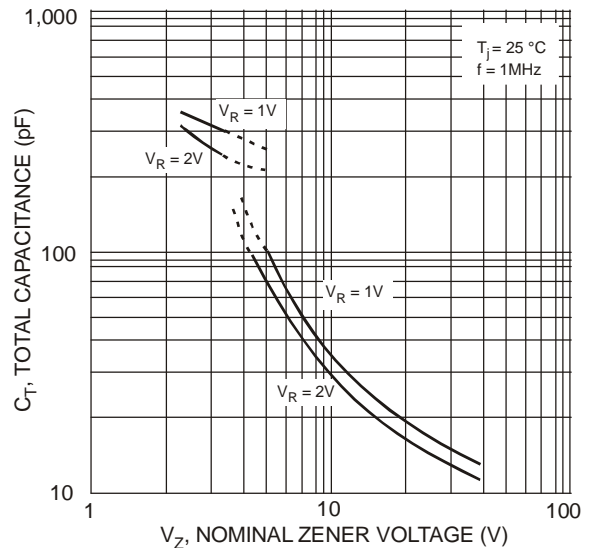


Fig. 6 Total Capacitance vs. Nominal Zener Voltage (DVR1V8W - DVR3V3W)

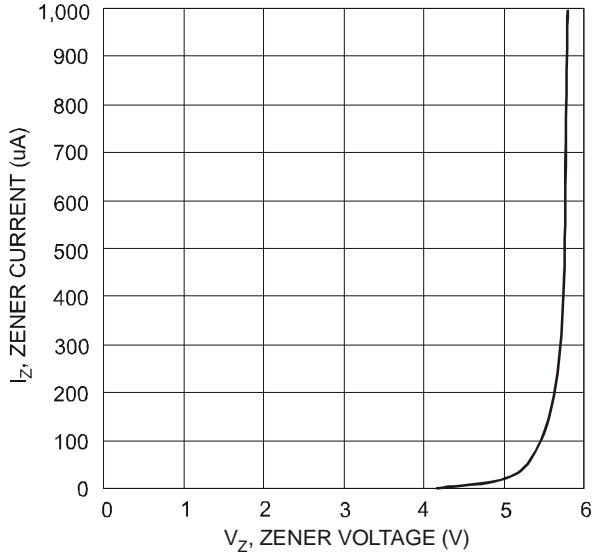


Fig. 7 Zener Breakdown Characteristics (DVR5V0W)

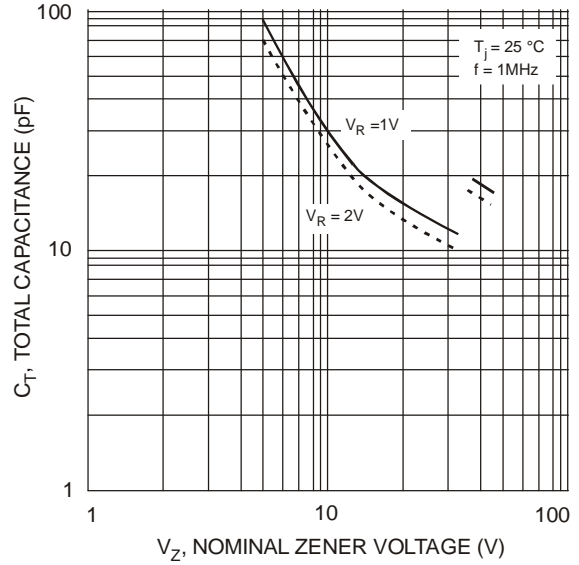


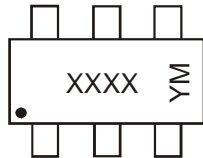
Fig. 8 Total Capacitance vs. Nominal Zener Voltage (DVR5V0W)

## Ordering Information (Note 6)

Device	Packaging	Shipping
DVR1V8W-7	SOT-363	3000/Tape & Reel
DVR2V5W-7	SOT-363	3000/Tape & Reel
DVR3V3W-7	SOT-363	3000/Tape & Reel
DVR5V0W-7	SOT-363	3000/Tape & Reel

Notes: 6. For packaging details, go to our website at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02007.pdf>.

## Marking Information



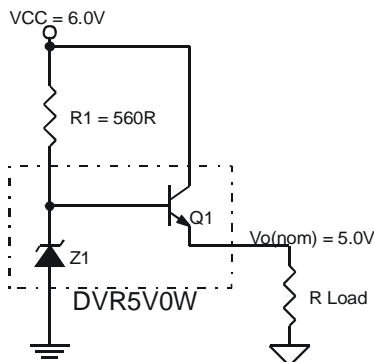
XXXX = Product Type Marking Code,  
See Table Above, e.g., VR01 = DVR1V8W  
YM = Date Code Marking  
Y = Year ex: R = 2004  
M = Month ex: 9 = September

### Date Code Key

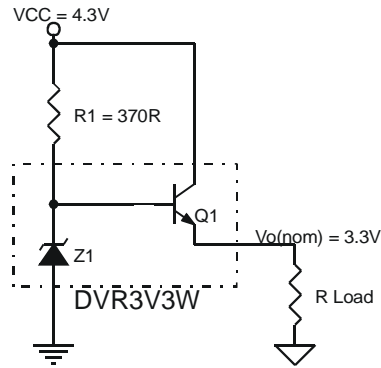
Year	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Code	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	O	N	D

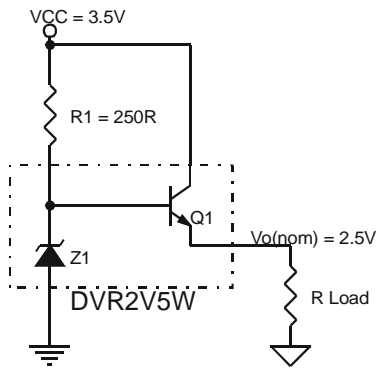
## Sample Applications



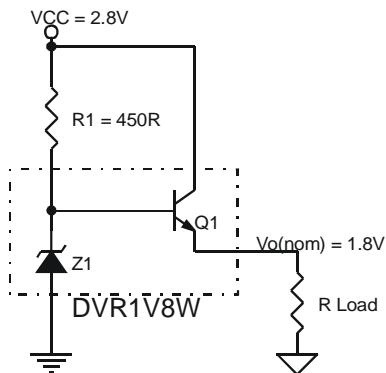
Sample Application for DVR5V0W:  
 $VCC^9 = 6.0V$        $R1^7 = 560\Omega$   
 $Vo(nom) = 5.0V$        $I_o = 100mA$   
 $I_q(\text{typical}^8) = 0.5mA @ I_o = 0mA$   
 $\text{Typical}^6 V_{reg}(\text{load}) = 0.2V \text{ from } I_o = 100mA \text{ to } 0mA$



Sample Application for DVR3V3W:  
 $VCC^9 = 4.3V$        $R1^7 = 3700\Omega$   
 $Vo(nom) = 3.3V$        $Io = 100mA$   
 $Iq(\text{typical}^8) = 0.7mA @ Io = 0mA$   
 Typical<sup>8</sup>  $Vreg(\text{load}) = 0.21V$  from  $Io = 100mA$  to  $0mA$



Sample Application for DVR2V5W:  
 $VCC^9 = 3.5V$        $R1^7 = 250\Omega$   
 $Vo(nom) = 2.5V$        $Io = 100mA$   
 $Iq(\text{typical}^8) = 0.91mA @ Io = 0mA$   
 Typical<sup>8</sup>  $Vreg(\text{load}) = 0.13V$  from  $Io = 100mA$  to  $0mA$



Sample Application for DVR1V8W:  
 $VCC^9 = 2.8V$        $R1^7 = 450\Omega$   
 $Vo(nom) = 1.8V$        $Io = 100mA$   
 $Iq(\text{typical}^8) = 0.55mA @ Io = 0mA$   
 Typical<sup>8</sup>  $Vreg(\text{load}) = 0.25V$  from  $Io = 100mA$  to  $0mA$

- Notes:
7. Resistor R1 not included.
  8. Typical performance shown is under setup and operating conditions specified in the sample applications.
  9. Recommended  $VCC(\text{min}) \sim Vo(\text{nom}) + 1V$ .

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