

High Slew Rate Rail-to-Rail Quad Operational Amplifiers

Introduction

(General Description)

The EC5420A is a 30mA output current rail-to-rail quad channels operational amplifier with wide supply range from 4.5V to 18V while consumes only 750uA per channel. It provides 0.5V beyond the supply rails of common mode input range and capability of rail-to-rail output swing as well. This enables the amplifier to offer maximum dynamic range at any supply voltage among many applications. A 8MHz gain bandwidth product allows EC5420A to perform more stable than other devices in Internet applications.

With features of 20V/ μ s high slew rate and 200ns of fast settling time, as well as 30mA (sink and source) of high output driving capability, the EC5420A is ideal for the requirements of flat panel Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Displays (TFT-LCD) panel reference buffers application. Due to insensitive to power supply variation, EC5420A offers flexibility of use in multitude of applications such as battery power, portable devices and anywhere low power consumption is concerned. With standard operational amplifier pin assignment, the EC5420A is offered in space saving 14-Pin TSSOP package and specified over the -20°C to +85°C temperature range.

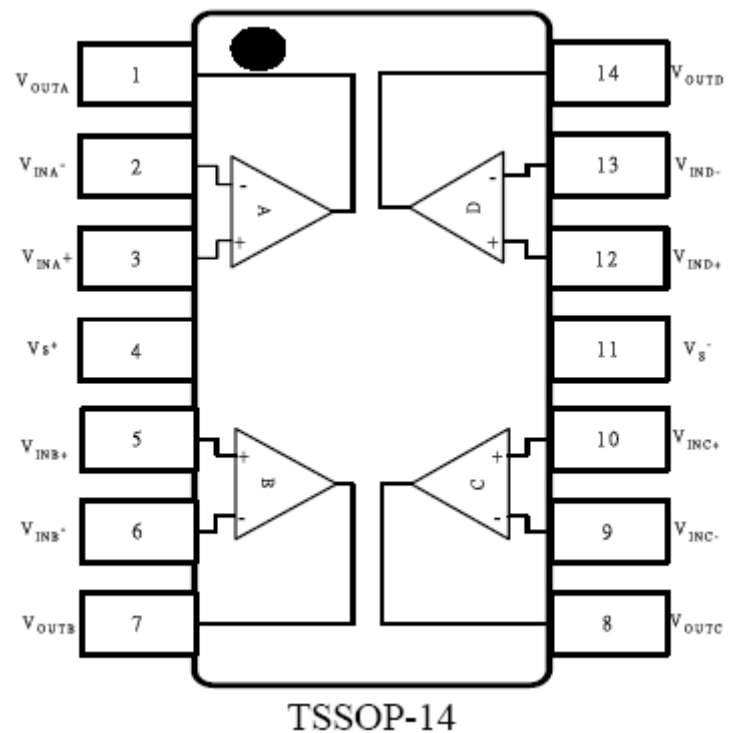
Applications

- TFT-LCD Reference Driver
- Touch-Screen Display
- Wireless LANs
- Personal Communication Devices
- Direct Access Arrangement
- Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
- Active Filter
- Sampling ADC Amplifier
- ADC/DAC Buffer
- Electronic Notebook
- Office Automation

Features

- Wide supply voltage range 4.5V ~ 18V
- Input range 500mV beyond the rails
- Unity-gain stable
- Rail-to-rail output swing
- High slew rate 20V/ μ s
- GBWP 8 MHz
- 12 MHz -3dB Bandwidth
- Ultra-small Package TSSOP-14

PIN ASSIGNMENT



High Slew Rate Rail-to-Rail Quad Operational Amplifiers

Absolute maximum ratings (TA = 25 °C)

Values beyond absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; functional device operation is not implied. Exposure to AMR conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Supply Voltage between V_{S+} and V_{S-}	+18V	Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Input Voltage	$V_{S-}-0.5V, V_{S+}+0.5V$	Operating Temperature	-20°C to +85°C
Maximum Continuous Output Current	30mA	Lead Temperature	260°C
Maximum Die Temperature	+125°C	ESD Voltage	2KV

Important Note:

All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. Typical values are for information purposes only. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are at the specified temperature and are pulsed tests, therefore: $T_J = T_C = T_A$

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TOP MARK	PACKAGE
EC5420AI-F	EC5420A-F	Lead free 14-pin TSSOP
EC5420AI-G	EC5420A-G	Green mode TSSOP-14
EC5420AI-HG	5420A-HG	Green mode TSSOP-14 (Exposed Pad)

High Slew Rate Rail-to-Rail Quad Operational Amplifiers

Electrical Characteristics

(Typical Performance Characteristics)

$V_{S+} = +5V$, $V_{S-} = -5V$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ and $C_L = 10pF$ to $0V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Input Characteristics						
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CM} = 0V$		2	12	mV
TCV_{OS}	Average Offset Voltage Drift	[1]		5		$\mu V/^\circ C$
I_B	Input Bias Current	$V_{CM} = 0V$		2	50	nA
R_{IN}	Input Impedance			1		$G\Omega$
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance			1.35		pF
CMIR	Common-Mode Input Range		-0.5		+5.5	V
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	for V_{IN} from -0.5V to 5.5V	50	70		dB
A_{VOL}	Open-Loop Gain	$0.5V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 4.5V$	75	90		dB
Output Characteristics						
V_{OL}	Output Swing Low	$I_L = -5mA$		-4.92	-4.85	V
V_{OH}	Output Swing High	$I_L = 5mA$	4.85	4.92		V
I_{SC}	Short Circuit Current			± 150		mA
I_{OUT}	Output Current			± 30		mA
Power Supply Performance						
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V_S is moved from $\pm 2.25V$ to $\pm 7.75V$	60	80		dB
I_S	Supply Current (Per Amplifier)	No Load		750	1000	μA
Dynamic Performance						
SR	Slew Rate [2]	$-4.0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 4.0V$, 20% to 80%	13	20		$V/\mu s$
t_s	Settling to +0.1% ($AV = +1$)	($AV = +1$), $V_O = 2V$ Step		200		ns
BW	-3dB Bandwidth	$R_L = 10k$, $C_L = 10pF$		12		MHz
GBWP	Gain-Bandwidth Product	$R_L = 10k$, $C_L = 10pF$		8		MHz
PM	Phase Margin	$R_L = 10k$, $C_L = 10pF$		50		Degrees
CS	Channel Separation	$f = 5MHz$		75		dB
1. Measured over operating temperature range 2. Slew rate is measured on rising and falling edges						

High Slew Rate Rail-to-Rail Quad Operational Amplifiers

Typical Performance Characteristics

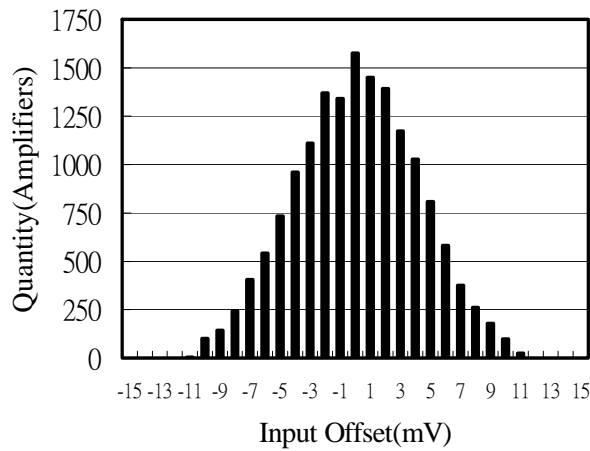


Figure (a) Input Offset Voltage Distribution

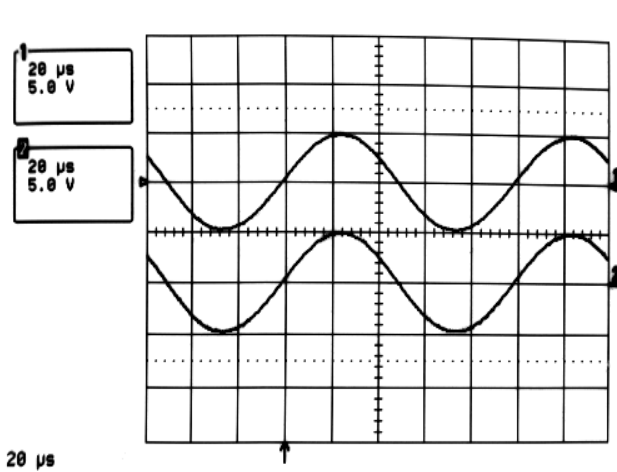


Figure (b) Rail to Rail Capability

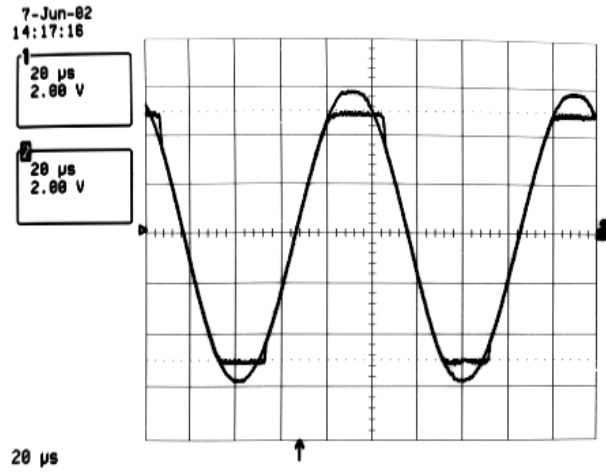


Figure (c) Input Beyond the Rails Signal

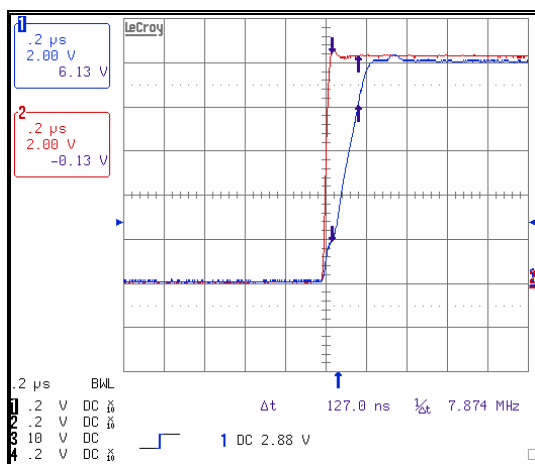


Figure (d) Large Signal Transient Response

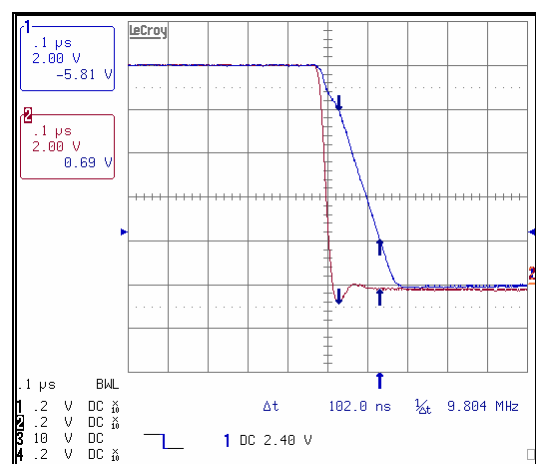


Figure (e) Large Signal Transient Response

High Slew Rate Rail-to-Rail Quad Operational Amplifiers

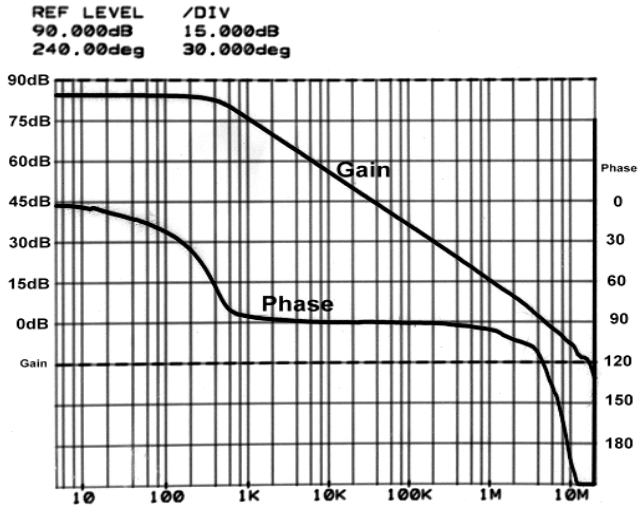


Figure (f) Open Loop Gain & Phase vs. Frequency

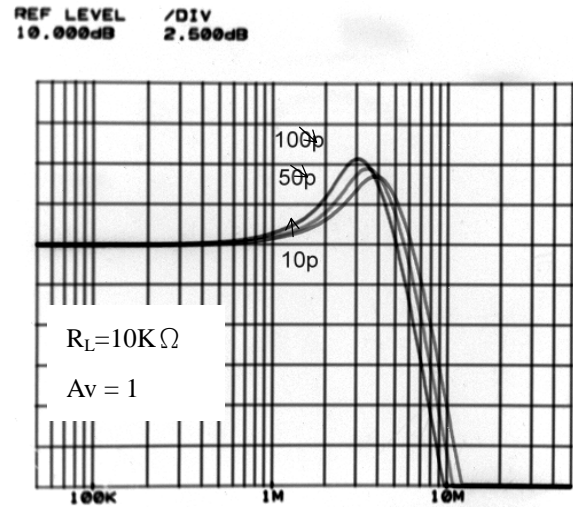


Figure (g) Frequency Response for Various C_L

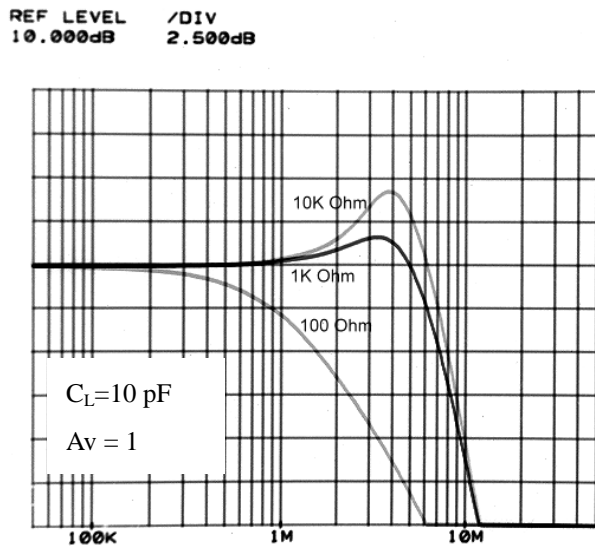


Figure (h) Frequency Response for Various R_L

High Slew Rate Rail-to-Rail Quad Operational Amplifiers

Applications Information

Product Description

The EC5420A rail-to-rail quad channels amplifier is built on an advanced high voltage CMOS process. Its beyond rails input capability and full swing of output range made itself an ideal amplifier for use in a wide range of general-purpose applications. The features of 20V/ μ S high slew rate, fast settling time, 8MHz of GBWP as well as high output driving capability have proven the EC5420A a good voltage reference buffer for TFT-LCD for applications. High phase margin make the EC5420A ideal for Connected in voltage follower mode for high drive applications

Supply Voltage, Input Range and Output Swing

The EC5420A can be operated with a single nominal wide supply voltage ranging from 4.5V to 18V with stable performance over operating temperatures of -20 °C to +85 °C.

With 500mV greater than rail-to-rail input common mode voltage range and 80dB of Common Mode Rejection Ratio, the EC5420A allows a wide range sensing among many applications without having any concerns over exceeding the range and no compromise in accuracy. The output swings of the EC5420A typically extend to within 80mV of positive and negative supply rails with load currents of 5mA. The output voltage swing can be even closer to the supply rails by merely decreasing the load current. Figure 1 shows the input and output waveforms for the device in the unity-gain configuration. The amplifier is operated under ± 5 V supply with a 10k Ω load connected to GND. The input is a 10Vp-p sinusoid. An approximately 9.985 Vp-p of output voltage swing can be easily achieved.

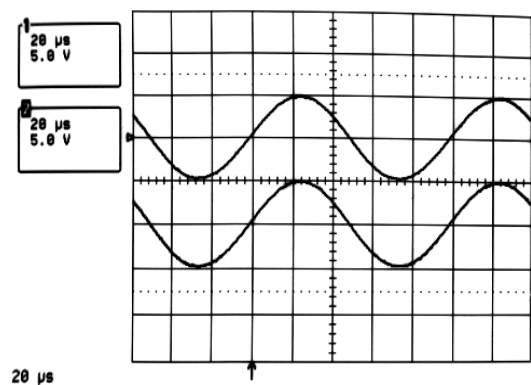


Figure 1. Operation with Rail-to-Rail Input and Output

Output Short Circuit Current Limit

A ± 150 mA short circuit current will be limited by the EC5420A if the output is directly shorted to the positive or the negative supply. For an indefinitely output short circuit, the power dissipation could easily increase such that the device may be damaged. The internal metal interconnections are well designed to prevent the output continuous current from exceeding ± 30 mA such that the maximum reliability can be well maintained.

High Slew Rate Rail-to-Rail Quad Operational Amplifiers

Output Phase Reversal

The EC5420A is designed to prevent its output from being phase reversal as long as the input voltage is limited from $V_{S-} - 0.5V$ to $V_{S+} + 0.5V$. Figure 2 shows a photo of the device output with its input voltage driven beyond the supply rails. Although the phase of the device's output will not be reversed, the input's over-voltage should be avoided. An improper input voltage exceeds supply range by more than 0.6V may result in an over stress damage.

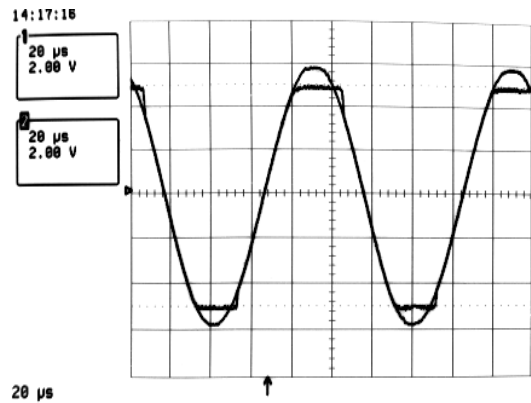


Figure 2. Operation with Beyond-the Rails Input

Power Dissipation

The EC5420A is designed for maximum output current capability. Even though momentary output shorted to ground causes little damage to the device.

For the high drive amplifier EC5420A, it is possible to exceed the 'absolute-maximum junction temperature' under certain load current conditions. Therefore, it is important to calculate the maximum junction temperature for the application to determine if load conditions need to be modified for the amplifier to remain in the safe operating area. The maximum power dissipation allowed in a package is determined according to:

$$P_{Dmax} = \frac{T_{Jmax} - T_{Amax}}{\Theta_{JA}}$$

Where:

T_{Jmax} = Maximum Junction Temperature

T_{Amax} = Maximum Ambient Temperature

Θ_{JA} = Thermal Resistance of the Package

P_{Dmax} = Maximum Power Dissipation in the Package.

The maximum power dissipation actually produced by an IC is the total quiescent supply current times the total power supply voltage, plus the power in the IC due to the loads, or:

$$P_{Dmax} = I_S [V_S * I_{Smax} + (V_{S+} - V_O) * I_L]$$

When sourcing, and

$$P_{Dmax} = I_S [V_S * I_{Smax} + (V_O - V_{S-}) * I_L]$$

When sinking.

High Slew Rate Rail-to-Rail Quad Operational Amplifiers

Where:

$i = 1 \text{ to } 4$

V_S = Total Supply Voltage

I_{Smax} = Maximum Supply Current Per Amplifier

V_O = Maximum Output Voltage of the Application

I_L = Load current

R_L = Load Resistance = $(V_{S+} - V_O) / I_L = (V_O - V_{S-}) / I_L$

A calculation for R_L to prevent device from overheat can be easily solved by setting the two P_{Dmax} equations equal to each other.

PIN Count	Θ_{ja} (°C/W)	Θ_{jc} (°C/W)	
TSSOP14	100	33	Normal
TSSOP14	60	16	EXPOSED PAD

Driving Capacitive Loads

The EC5420A is designed to drive a wide range of capacitive loads. In addition, the output current handling capability of the device allows for good slewing characteristics even with large capacitive loads. The combination of these features make the EC5420A ideally for applications such as TFT LCD panel buffers, ADC input amplifiers, etc.

As load capacitance increases, however, the -3dB bandwidth of the device will decrease and the peaking increase. The amplifiers drive 10pF loads in parallel with 10 k Ω with just 1.5dB of peaking, and 100pF with 6.4dB of peaking. If less peaking is desired in these applications, a small series resistor (usually between 5 Ω and 50 Ω) can be placed in series with the output. However, this will obviously reduce the gain slightly. Another method of reducing peaking is to add a "snubber" circuit at the output. A snubber is a shunt load consisting of a resistor in series with a capacitor. Values of 150 Ω and 10nF are typical. The advantage of a snubber is that it improves the settling and overshooting performance while does not draw any DC load current or reduce the gain.

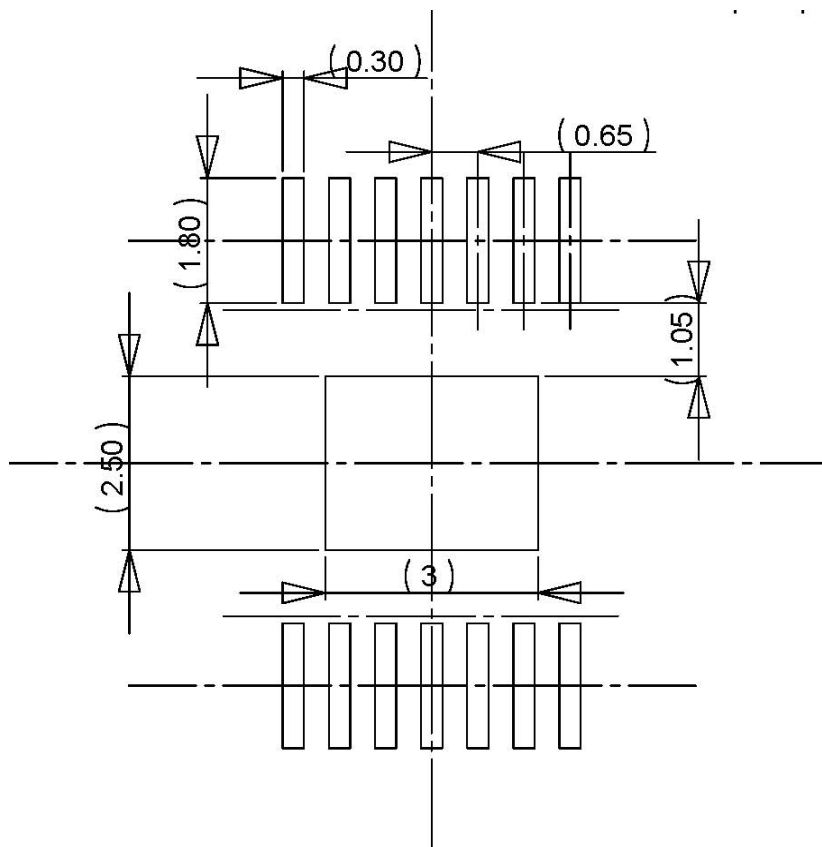
High Slew Rate Rail-to-Rail Quad Operational Amplifiers

Power Supply Bypassing and Printed Circuit Board Layout

With high phase margin, the EC5420A performs stable gain at high frequency. Like any high-frequency device, good layout of the printed circuit board usually comes with optimum performance. Ground plane construction is highly recommended, lead lengths should be as short as possible and the power supply pins must be well bypassed to reduce the risk of oscillation. For normal single supply operation, where the V_{S-} pin is connected to ground, a $0.1 \mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor should be placed from V_{S+} pin to V_{S-} pin as a bypassing capacitor. A $4.7 \mu\text{F}$ tantalum capacitor should then be connected in parallel, placed in the region of the amplifier. One $4.7 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor may be used for multiple devices. This same capacitor combination should be placed at each supply pin to ground if split supplies are to be used.

Layout arrangement

LEAD POSITION OVERLAY FOR TSSOP-14 (millimeters)



High Slew Rate Rail-to-Rail Quad Operational Amplifiers

Outline Dimensions (Dimensions shown in millimeters)

TSSOP (Thin-Shrink Small Outline Package)

