## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The EM91220 is a series of tone/pulse switchable dialers that is composed of T/P dialer and T/P dialer with 20 -set memories . The EM91220 series provides necessary functions of telephone set for application in any environment, such as Pulse dialing, Tone (DTMF) dialing, Handfree dialing, keying tone , mute and pulse mute functions. Beside this, SDO (Serial Data Output) functions is provided in advance version that is designed to drive LCD driver and voice synthesizer. In this application, the dialing numbers can be displayed on LCD screen with EM32100 ( or EM32116 ).

## FEATURES

- Tone/Pulse switchable.
- Wide operating voltage from 2.0 V to 5.5 V .
- Low operating current, 0.15 mA (Pulse) and 0.3 mA (Tone) typically.
- Adding resistor on keyboard scan pin that can select many telephone specifications, such as : Pulse rate, M/B ratio, Flash time, Pause time, P-T wait time and keyboard type.
- SDO function supports LCD driver and voice synthesizer to indicate dialing numbers.
- Handfree function provides on-hook dialing and speakerphone application.
- 20-set three touch repertory memory, each one can store data up to 16 digits.
- A 32-digit LNB (last number) redial memory.
- A 32-digit SAVE redial memory.
- Keytone function provides rapidly keying recognition.
- Pulse mute function supports pulse dialing application.
- Using 3.579545 MHz crystal or ceramic resonator.
- Package forms: PDIP, skinny.


## ORDERING INFORMATION

Versions list

| VERSION | LNB | KT | SAVE | HF | SDO(LCD) | PMUTE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EM91220A | $\sqrt{2}$ | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ |  |  | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| EM91220B | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ |  | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| EM91220C | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ |

EM91220

## Pin Assignment

EM91220AP

| COL5 | ${ }_{1}{ }_{18}$ | $\square \mathrm{PM}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COL4/KT $\square$ | 17 | $\square \mathrm{PO}$ |
| COL3 $\square$ | $3 \quad 16$ | $\square$ Row4 |
| COL2 $\square$ | $4 \quad 15$ | $\square$ Row3 |
| COL1 $\square$ | $5 \quad 14$ | $\square$ ROW2 |
| XIN $\square$ | $6 \quad 13$ | $\square$ ROW1 |
| XOUT $\square$ | $7 \quad 12$ | $\square \mathrm{HKS}$ |
| XMUTE $\square$ | $8 \quad 11$ | $\square$ VDD |
| vss $\square$ | $9 \quad 10$ | $\square$ DTMF |

## EM91220BP



## EM91220CK



## Keyboard Arrangement

Type A

|  | COL1 | COL2 | COL3 | COL4/KT |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COL5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ROW1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | SAVE |  |
| ROW2 | 4 | 5 | 6 | F |  |
| ROW3 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A |  |
| ROW4 | */T | 0 | $\#$ | RD/P | ST |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Type B

|  | COL1 | COL2 | COL3 | COL4/KT |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COL5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ROW1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | SAVE | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ T |
| ROW2 | 4 | 5 | 6 | F |  |
| ROW3 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A |  |
| ROW4 | $*$ | 0 | $\#$ | RD/P | ST |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM


## PIN DESCRIPTIONS

| Symbol | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| ROW1~ROW4 | Keyboard scan pins of row group. In idle state (HKS is "High" and HFO is "Low"), these pins stay "High impedance" level to prevent power consumption. Otherwise, these pins switch to "High" level for detecting keyboard entry. These pins will output 600 Hz signal while keyboard is scanning. |
| COL1~COL3 and COL5 | Keyboard scan pins of column group. In idle state, these pins stay "High impedance" level. Otherwise these pins switch to "Low" level for detecting keyboard entry. These pins will output 600 Hz signal while keyboard is scanning. |
| COL4/KT | The fourth column group pin of the keyboard that also provides the keytone output . Normally, this pin stays "Low" level for detecting keyboard entry. After a valid keyboard entry, this pin will output keying confirmation tone that is 600 Hz signal and 30 ms duration. While DTMF output, the key tone will be disabled. To prevent signal interference, while DTMF issue, it will disable key tone output except function key. |
| XIN and XOUT | Oscillator input and output pins. A 3.579545 MHz crystal or ceramic resonator mus be crossed connection to XIN and XOUT pins which generate system clock. |
| XMUTE | The Tone/Pulse MUTE signal output pin that is NMOS open-drain output structure. This pin will switch to "Low" level during Tone/Pulse dialing. Otherwise, this pin stays "High impedance" level. |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Ss }}$ | Positive and negative power supply input pins. Recommended operating voltage from 2.0 Vdc to 5.5 Vdc . |
| $\overline{\mathrm{HFI}}$ | Handfree inputs pin which accepts falling edge signal to turn "on" or turn "off" handfree function. This pin is hysteresis input structure and built-in pull up resistor (typically 200 Kohms). |
| HFO | Handfree outputs pin that is designed to control telephone line for on-hook dialing or control speakerphone circuit for handfree conversation. When handfree function is executed, this pin will switch to"High". Otherwise, this pin stays "Low" level. |
| DTMF | The DTMF (Dual Tone Multi-Frequency) output pin. Normally, this pin stays"Low" level. In Tone dialing mode, this pin will output DTMF signal that is corresponding to keyboard 0..9, * and \# keys. |
| $\overline{\mathrm{HKS}}$ | Control signal inputs pin that is corresponding hook switch status. When handset was left from cradle, this pin must be connected to "Low" level to operate all functions. Otherwise, this pin must be connected to "High" level to disable all function and prevent power consumption. |
| $\overline{\mathrm{PO}}$ | Pulse signal outputs pin that is NMOS open-drain output structure. Normally, this pin stays "High impedance" level. In Pulse dialing mode and keypad was entry. This pin will output pulse trains signal that is corresponding to keyboard 0 .. 9 keys. |
| PM | Pulse signal outputs pin that is CMOS inverter output structure. Normally, this pin stays "Low" level. During pulse signal dialing or flash function executing, this pin will switch to "High" level to control the external circuit. |
| SDO | SDO function output that is NMOS open-drain structure. When there is a valid entry on keyboard, this pin will output a serial data. This serial data is designed to drive LCD driver to display dialing number on LCD screen or drive voice synthesizer to announce dialing number to speaker. |
| NC | No connection. |

## FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

## Dialing signal selection

The EM91220 series incorporated a special keyboard scanning function that is connecting a resistor (typically is 560 Kohms ) on keyboard scan pin to select many telephone specifications. The specifications are described as following :
a. Mode

| ROW 1 | Mode |
| :---: | :---: |
| R-Vdd | 20 PPS |
| NR | Tone |
| R-Vss | 10 PPS |

c. Flash time

| ROW3 | ROW4 | Tf (ms) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NR | NR | 600 |
| NR | R-Vss | 100 |
| R-Vss | NR | 80 |
| R-Vss | R-Vss | 300 |

e. Pause time and P-T wait time

| COL2 | $\mathrm{Tp}(\mathrm{sec})$ | $\mathrm{Tpt}(\mathrm{ms})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NR | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| R-Vss | 2.0 | 2.0 |

b. M/B ratio

| ROW2 | MBR (\%) |
| :---: | :---: |
| NR | $40: 60$ |
| R-Vss | $33: 66$ |

d. DTMF signal

| COL1 | Td (ms) | Titp (ms) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R-Vdd | 90 | 90 |
| NR | 98 | 98 |
| R-Vss | 83 | 83 |

f. Keyboard operate type

| COL3 | Type |
| :---: | :---: |
| NR | A |
| R-Vss | B |

## Normal dialing

Directly keying digital key on keyboard which number can be dialing output and stored in LNB memory automatically. Operating procedure described as follow :

- To select Pulse or Tone mode.
- Off-hook or turn on HF function.
- Keying d1, d2, .. , dn. The "d" expressed digital keypad that included $1 \sim 9$, *, $0, \#, \mathrm{P}$, and $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{T}$ keys. The " n " expressed unlimited.
- The numbers d1, d2,.., dn will be dialed out in Pulse or Tone mode as selection.


## LNB redial memory

Storing:
In normal dialing mode, every digital key was entry which number will be stored in LNB memory automatically. If entry digits are more than 32 digits, the redial function of LNB memory will be disabled.
Otherwise, these numbers stored in LNB memory can be redial output.
Redialing:
After normal dialing, directly keying $\underline{F}$ key (or On-Off hook once) and keying $\underline{R D}$ key on keyboard. The numbers that are stored into LNB memory will be dialed output.

## SAVE redial memory

The SAVE meomry is designed in EM91220 series to support 32 digits capacity buffer for second redial, pager, Memory and other system applications.

## Method 1

- To select Pulse or Tone mode.
- Off-hook (or turn on HF function), push $\underline{d l}, \underline{d 2}, . ., \underline{d n}$. The numbers d1, d2, .. , dn will be dialed out in Pulse or Tone mode as selection.
- After dn had been dialed out and push [ST], Save key. If the keying numbers are more than 32 digits that content of SAVE memory can not be updated. Otherwise, these numbers will be stored into SAVE memory. In the [] key allows to be omitted.


## Method 2

Off-hook (or turn on HF function), push $\underline{S T}, \underline{d 1}, \underline{d 2}, . ., \mathrm{dn},[S T], \underline{S a v e}$. If the keying numbers are not over 32 digits, the numbers $\mathrm{d} 1, \mathrm{~d} 2, .$. , dn will be stored in SAVE redial memory automatically.

## Dialing :

- To select Pulse or Tone mode.
- Off-hook (or turn on HF function), push Save key. The numbers stored in SAVE memory will be dialed out in Pulse or Tone mode as selection.


## Repertory memory

The EM91220 series incorporated several sets repertory memory and each one can store number up to 16 digits. In memory storing, if stored numbers are more than 16 digits that only the previous 16 digits can be stored into specific memory. Otherwise, these numbers can be stored entirely. After memory dialed out, the content of LNB is keeping to current data.

## Storing of $\mathbf{2 0}$ sets memory types

## Indirect (three-touch) operation

Off-hook (or turn on HF function), push ST, d1, d2, .. , dn, ST, n, n. The numbers $d 1, d 2, . ., d n$ will be stored into memory location " n ". The " n n " expressed digital number from 01 to 20.

Dialing (after memory dialed out, the content of LNB is keeping to current data)

## Indirect (three-touch) memory types

- To select Pulse or Tone mode.
- Off-hook (or Turn on HF function), push $\underline{\boldsymbol{A}}, \underline{\boldsymbol{n}}, \underline{\boldsymbol{n}}$ key. The numbers that are stored in indirect memory location " n "" will be dialed out in Pulse or Tone mode as selection. The " n n " expressed digital number from 01 to 20 .


## Pause (P) key operation

The Pause ( P ) key is designed to support pause operation in dialing duration. " P " key can be stored in memory and it will occupy one digital position.

- To select Pulse or Tone mode.
- Off-hook (or turn on HF function), push $\underline{\mathbf{d 1}}, \underline{\mathbf{d} \mathbf{2}}, . ., \underline{\mathbf{d n}} \underline{\mathbf{R D} / \mathbf{P}}, \underline{\mathbf{k} 1}, \underline{\mathbf{k} \mathbf{2}} . . ., \underline{\mathbf{k n}}$. These numbers will be dialed out as following sequence:
d1, d2, .. , dn, Tp, k1, k2, .. , kn.


## Pulse to Tone (*/T or P-T) key operation

The Pulse to Tone (*/T or P-T) key is designed to support toll dialing (long distance call) or PABX system operation. The "*/T (or P-T)" key can be stored in memory and it will occupy one digital position.

- To select Pulse mode.
- Off-hook (or turn on HF function), push $\underline{\mathrm{d} 1}, \underline{\mathrm{~d} 2}, . ., \underline{\mathrm{dn}}, \underline{* / \mathrm{T}}$, (or $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{T}) \underline{\mathrm{k} 1}, \underline{\mathrm{k} 2}, . ., \underline{\mathrm{kn}}$. These numbers will be dialed out as following sequence:
d1, d2, .. , dn, Tpt, k1, k2, .., kn.
(pulse mode) (tone mode)


## Flash (F) key operation

The Flash (F) key is designed to break telephone line temporarily. After F key is depressed, this dialer will send a flash signal to break line $600 \mathrm{~ms}, 300 \mathrm{~ms}, 100 \mathrm{~ms}$ or 80 ms as ROW3 and ROW4 selection.

## Handfree (HF) function

The handfree function is designed to support on-hook dialing and loudspeaker application which can be turn "on" or "off" with falling edge signal from HFI pin. During handfree function is executed, the HFO pin is switched to "high". Otherwise the HFO pin stays "low" level.

## Truth table

| Operating state | Input/Output pin level |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HKS | PO | XMUTE | PM | HFO |
| (0) On-hook, idle state | H | F | F | L | L |
| (1) Off-hook line | L | F | F | L | L |
| (2) Off-hook, HF line | L | F | F | L | H |
| (3) On-hook, HF line | H | F | F | L | H |

Note : F=floating (high impedance); H=logic "High"; L=logic "Low" level.

## SDO (Serial Data Output) function

The SDO is serial data output which format is same as UART protocol. SDO function is designed to drive LCD driver and voice synthesizer. So the dialing numbers can be display on LCD screen with EM32100 (or EM32116 ). The SDO signal consists of two start bits, six data bits and two stop bits. Each bit time is about $3.9 \mathrm{~ms}(256 \mathrm{~Hz})$ and output sequences are following by start bits, data bits (LSB to MSB) and stop bits.


## SDO Keypad Encoded table:

- Digital key (b5,b4=0,0)

| keypad | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 0 | "*"/T | $\#$ | P | $* /$ "T"or P-T |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| output <br> b3,b2,b1,b0 | 0001 | 0010 | 0011 | 0100 | 0101 | 0110 | 0111 | 1000 | 1001 | 1010 | 1011 | 1100 | 1101 | 1110 |
| Display | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 0 | L | $\rfloor$ | P | - |

- Function key (b5,b4=1,0)

| keypad | ST | HF | A | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| output <br> b3,b2,b1,b0 | 0000 | 1010 | 1110 | 1111 |
| Display S | TORE | Speaker | A | clear all display |

- Function key (b5,b4=1,1)

| keypad | RD | Save |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| output <br> b3,b2,b1,b0 | 1101 | 1110 |
| Display | RD | SAVE |

<Note> : The display of LCD panel "ST","HF","A","RD","Save" is corresponding to EM32116 with flag types.

* Keypad,SDO format and LCD display reference table:

| Keypad | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | Display |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 6 |
| 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| 9 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| "*"/T | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | $L$ |
| $\#$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\rfloor$ |
| P | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | P |
| */’T" or P-T | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | - |
| ST | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | STORE |
| HF | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Speaker |
| A | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Auto |
| F | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | clear all display |
| RD | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | RD |
| SAVE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | SAVE |

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(Ambient temperature is $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, all voltages referenced to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ss}}$ )

| Items | Sym. | Rating | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | 6.0 Vdc | V |
| Input voltage range | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}-0.3 \mathrm{~V} \sim \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | V |
| Operating temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {OPR }}$ | $0 \sim+50$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {STO }}$ | $-55 \sim 125$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Power consumption | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | 500 | mW |

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ambient temperature is $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ unless otherwise noted, all voltages referenced to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$, Fosc $=3.579545 \mathrm{MHz}$ )

| Parameter |  | Sym. | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating voltage | Pulse |  | 2.0 | - | 5.5 | V | unload |
|  | Tone |  | 2.0 | - | 5.5 |  |  |
| Operating current $(\overline{\text { HKS }}=0)$ | Pulse | Idd | - | 0.15 | 0.3 | mA | unload |
|  | Tone |  | - | 0.3 | 0.5 |  |  |
|  | Pulse |  | - | 0.15 | 0.3 |  | with pull up/down resistor * 8 |
|  | Tone |  | - | 0.3 | 0.5 |  |  |
| Memory retention current |  | Imrt | - | 0.001 | 0.1 | uA | $\overline{\mathrm{HKS}}=1, \mathrm{Vdd}=1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Standby current | $\overline{\text { HKS }}=1$ | Istby | - | 0.001 | 0.1 | uA | unload |
|  | $\overline{\text { HKS }}=0$ |  | - | 1 | 10 |  |  |
|  | $\overline{\mathrm{HKS}}=1$ |  |  | -0.001 | 0.1 |  | with pull up/down resistor * 8 |
|  | $\overline{\mathrm{HKS}}=0$ |  | - | 10 | 30 |  |  |
| $\overline{\overline{H K S}}, \mathrm{HFI}$ pins: input voltage |  | ViH | 0.8 Vdd | - | Vdd | V |  |
|  |  | ViL | Vss | - | 0.2 Vdd |  |  |
| HFO \& PM pins source current |  | IoH | 0.2 | - | - | mA | $\mathrm{Vo}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $\overline{\mathrm{PO}}, \mathrm{HFO}, \overline{\text { XMUTE }}$, <br> \& PM, SDO pins: sink current |  | IoL | -0.2 | - | - | mA | $\mathrm{Vo}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $\overline{\mathrm{PO}}, \overline{\mathrm{XMUTE}}$ and SDO <br> pins: leakage current |  | IoH | - | - | $\pm 0.001$ | uA | $\mathrm{Vo}=\mathrm{Vdd}$ |
| $\overline{\text { HFI }}$ pin input resistance |  | Rhfi | - | 200 | - | $\mathrm{K} \Omega$ | Vhfi $=$ Vss |
| Keyboard scanning pins output current (except COL4/KT) |  | IoH | 2 | 10 | 50 | uA | Vksn=Vss |
|  |  | IoL | 200 | 400 | 800 |  | Vksn=Vdd |
| COL4/KT source current sink current |  | IoH | 0.2 | - | - | mA | $\mathrm{Vo}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  |  | IoL | 0.2 | - | - |  | $\mathrm{Vo}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC

(Ambient temperature is $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ unless otherwise noted, all voltages referenced to Vss,Fosc=3.579545 MHz)

| Parameter | Sym. | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Keyboard debounce time | Tdb | - | 20 | - | ms |  |
| Key tone signal: frequency present duration | Fkt | - | 600 | - | Hz |  |
|  | Tkt | - | 30 | - | ms |  |
| Pause time and pulse to tone | Tp | - | 3.6 | - | sec. | COL2=NR |
|  | Tpt | - | 2 | - | sec. | COL2=R-Vss |
| Flash time | Tf | - | 600 | - | ms | Row3, Row4=NR, NR |
|  |  | - | 100 | - |  | Row3, Row4=NR, R-Vss |
|  |  | - | 80 | - |  | Row3, Row4=R-Vss, NR |
|  |  | - | 300 | - |  | Row3, Row4=R-Vss,R-Vss |
| Flash pause time | Tfp | - | 300 | - | ms |  |
| Pulse rate | PSR | - | 20 | - | pps | Row1 = R-Vdd |
|  |  | - | 10 | - |  | Row1 = R-Vss |
| Make/Break ratio | MBR | - | 40:60 | - | \% | Row2 = NR |
|  |  | - | 33:66 | - |  | Row2 $=$ R-Vss |
| Inter-digit pause time | Tidp | - | 800 | - | ms | PSR $=10 \mathrm{pps}$ |
|  |  | - | 500 | - |  | $\mathrm{PSR}=20 \mathrm{pps}$ |
| DTMF pin: sink current | IoL | -0.2 | - | - | mA | Vdtmf $=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| DTMF signal DC level | Vdc | 0.5 | - | 0.75 | Vdd | $\mathrm{Vdd}=2.0 \mathrm{~V} \sim 5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| DTMF signal: ac level pre-emphase distortion load resistance | Vdtmf | 142 | 160 | 180 | mVrms | Row group |
|  | Twist | 1 | 2 | 3 | dB | Column - Row |
|  | THD | - | -30 | -23 | dB | $\mathrm{RL}=5 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ |
|  | ZL | 5 | - | - | K $\Omega$ | THD $<-23 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Minimum tone duration | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | 96 | 98 | 100 | ms | Memory dialing |
|  |  | 88 | 90 | 92 |  |  |
|  |  | 81 | 83 | 85 |  |  |
| Minimum inter-tone pause | Titp | 96 | 98 | 100 | ms | Memory dialing |
|  |  | 88 | 90 | 92 |  |  |
|  |  | 81 | 83 | 85 |  |  |
| SDO every bit time | Tbit | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.1 | ms |  |

DTMF output frequency (fosc $=3.579545 \mathrm{MHz}$ )

| Keyboard scan pin | CCITT standard (Hz) | Actual output (Hz) | Deviation (\%) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ROW1 (f1) | 697 | 699.1 | 0.30 |
| ROW2 (f2) | 770 | 766.2 | 0.49 |
| ROW3 (f3) | 852 | 847.4 | -0.53 |
| ROW4 (f4) | 941 | 947.9 | 0.73 |
| COL1 (f5) | 1209 | 1215.8 | 0.56 |
| COL2 (f6) | 1336 | 1331.6 | -0.32 |
| COL3 (f7) | 1477 | 1471.8 | -0.35 |

TIMING DIAGRAM


Figure 1. Pulse mode operating timing


Figure 2. DTMF mode operating timing


Figure 3. Pulse mode LNB redial timing


Figure 4. DTMF mode LNB redial timing


Figure 5. Pause key operating timing


Figure 6. Pulse to Tone ( $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{T}$ ) operating timing


Figure 7. Flash key operating timing

<Note>L=LSB,M=MSB, sT=START bit time, spT=STOP bit time
Figure 8. SDO operating timing


Figure 9. HF operating timing

## APPLICATION CIRCUIT



EM32100 Application Circuit :


Package type : QFP 48 pins or chip form provided

EM32116 Application Circuit :


Package type : QFP 64 pins or chip form provided

## PACKAGE INFORMATION

Example :

EM $\underline{91220} \underline{\mathrm{P}}$

(1)
(2) (3)
(1) ELAN MICRO. pefix
(2) Type number
(3) Package code:
$\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ PDIP
$\mathrm{K} \rightarrow$ Skinny
$\mathrm{R} \rightarrow$ SDIP

## 18/20/28 Lead Plastic Package




## 22/24 Lead Plastic Package-Skinny



| 22 PDIP (skinny) |  |  |  |  | 24 PDIP (skinny) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIM | MILIMETERS |  | INCHES |  | DIM | MILIMETERS |  | INCHES |  |
|  | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. |  | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. |
| A | - | 4.752 | - | . 180 | A | - | 4.572 | - | . 180 |
| A1 | 0.381 | - | . 015 | - | A1 | 0.381 | - | . 015 | - |
| B | 0.356 | 0.558 | . 014 | . 022 | B | 0.356 | 0.558 | . 014 | . 022 |
| B1 | 1.27 | 1.778 | . 050 | . 070 | B1 | 1.27 | 1.778 | . 050 | . 070 |
| C | 0.204 | 3.556 | . 008 | . 014 | C | 0.204 | 0.381 | . 008 | . 015 |
| D | 25.90 | 26.67 | 1.02 | 1.05 | D | 31.24 | 32.26 | 1.23 | 1.270 |
| E | 7.620 | 8.255 | . 300 | . 325 | E | 7.620 | 8.255 | . 300 | . 325 |
| E1 | 6.223 | 6.604 | . 245 | . 260 | E1 | 6.223 | 6.731 | . 245 | . 265 |
| e | 2.286 | 2.794 | . 090 | . 110 | e | 2.286 | 2.794 | . 090 | . 110 |
| eB | 8.382 | 10.16 | . 330 | . 400 | eB | 8.636 | 9.652 | . 340 | . 380 |
| L | 2.921 | 4.064 | . 115 | . 160 | L | 2.921 | 4.064 | . 115 | . 160 |

## 42 SDIP Package



| 42 SDIP |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MILIMETERS |  | INCHES |  |
| DIM | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. |
| A | - | 5.08 | - | 0.200 |
| A1 | 0.381 | - | 0.015 | - |
| A2 | 3.937 | 4.191 | 0.155 | 0.165 |
| B | 0.356 | 0.559 | 0.014 | 0.022 |
| B1 | 0.914 | 1.116 | 0.036 | 0.044 |
| C | 0.204 | 0.304 | 0.008 | 0.012 |
| D | 36.70 | 37.34 | 1.445 | 1.470 |
| E1 | 13.84 | 14.10 | 0.545 | 0.555 |
| e | 1.727 | 1.829 | 0.068 | 0.072 |
| eB | 15.24 | 17.78 | 0.600 | 0.70 |
| D1 | 0 | 0.127 | 0 | 0.005 |
| L | 2.921 | 3.429 | 0.115 | 0.135 |

