64k SRAM (8-kword × 8-bit) Wide Temperature Range version

HITACHI

ADE-203-492C (Z) Rev. 3.0 May. 8, 2000

Description

The Hitachi HM6264BI is 64k-bit static RAM organized 8-kword \times 8-bit. It realizes higher performance and low power consumption by 1.5 μ m CMOS process technology. The device, packaged in 450 mil SOP (foot print pitch width), 600 mil plastic DIP, is available for high density mounting.

Features

Single 5 V supply: 5 V ± 10%
Access time: 100/120 ns (max)

• Power dissipation:

— Standby: $10 \mu W (typ)$

— Operation: 15 mW (typ) (f = 1 MHz)

• Completely static memory

- No clock or timing strobe required

• Equal access and cycle times

• Common data input and output

— Three state output

• Directly TTL compatible

— All inputs and outputs

Battery backup operation capability

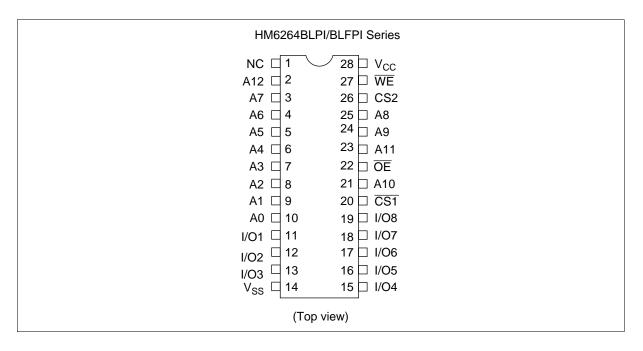
• Operating temperature range: -40°C to +85°C



Ordering Information

Type No.	Access time	Package
HM6264BLPI-10 HM6264BLPI-12	100 ns 120 ns	600-mil, 28-pin plastic DIP (DP-28)
HM6264BLFPI-10T HM6264BLFPI-12T	100 ns 120 ns	450-mil, 28-pin plastic SOP(FP-28DA)

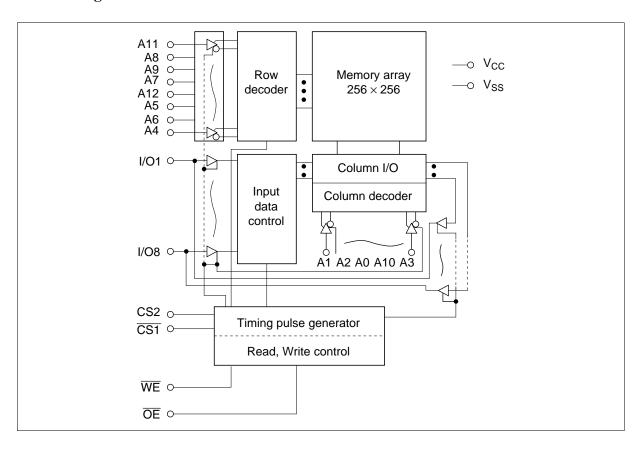
Pin Arrangement



Pin Description

Pin name	Function
A0 to A12	Address input
I/O1 to I/O8	Data input/output
CS1	Chip select 1
CS2	Chip select 2
WE	Write enable
ŌĒ	Output enable
NC	No connection
V _{cc}	Power supply
V _{SS}	Ground

Block Diagram



Function Table

WE	CS1	CS2	OE	Mode	V _{cc} current	I/O pin	Ref. cycle
×	Н	×	×	Not selected (power down)	I_{SB}, I_{SB1}	High-Z	_
×	×	L	×	Not selected (power down)	$I_{\rm SB},I_{\rm SB1}$	High-Z	_
Н	L	Н	Н	Output disable	I _{cc}	High-Z	_
Н	L	Н	L	Read	I _{cc}	Dout	Read cycle (1)–(3)
L	L	Н	Н	Write	I _{cc}	Din	Write cycle (1)
L	L	Н	L	Write	I _{cc}	Din	Write cycle (2)

Note: x: H or L

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power supply voltage*1	V _{cc}	-0.5 to +7.0	V
Terminal voltage*1	V _T	-0.5^{*2} to V _{CC} + 0.3^{*3}	3 V
Power dissipation	P _T	1.0	W
Operating temperature	Topr	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C
Storage temperature under bias	Tbias	-40 to +85	°C

Notes: 1. Relative to V_{ss}

2. V_T min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 50 ns

3. Maximum voltage is 7.0 V

Recommended DC Operating Conditions ($Ta = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{cc}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
	V _{ss}	0	0	0	V
Input high voltage	V _{IH}	2.4	_	V _{cc} + 0.3	V
Input low voltage	V _{IL}	-0.3*1	_	0.6	V

Note: 1. V_{IL} min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 50 ns

DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to $+85^{\circ}$ C, $V_{CC} = 5$ V $\pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0$ V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ*1	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input leakage current	I _{LI}	_	_	2	μΑ	$Vin = V_{SS} to V_{CC}$
Output leakage current	I _{LO}	_	_	2	μΑ	$\overline{\text{CS1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}} \text{ or CS2} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}} \text{ or } \overline{\text{OE}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}} \text{ or } \overline{\text{WE}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{ V}_{\text{I/O}} = \text{V}_{\text{SS}} \text{ to V}_{\text{CC}}$
Operating power supply current	I _{CCDC}	_	7	20	mA	$\overline{\text{CS1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{CS2} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}, \text{I}_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{ mA}$ others = $\text{V}_{\text{IH}}/\text{V}_{\text{IL}}$
Average operating power supply current	I _{CC1}	_	30	50	mA	$\frac{\text{Min cycle, duty} = 100\%,}{\overline{\text{CS1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{CS2} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}, \text{I}_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{ mA}}{\text{others} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}/\text{V}_{\text{IL}}}$
	I _{CC2}	_	3	8	mA	$\begin{split} & \frac{\text{Cycle time}}{\text{CS1}} = 1 \text{ µs, duty} = 100\%, \ I_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{ mA} \\ & \frac{\text{CS1}}{\text{CS}} \leq 0.2 \text{ V, CS2} \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V,} \\ & V_{\text{IH}} \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V, } V_{\text{IL}} \leq 0.2 \text{ V} \end{split}$
Standby power supply current	I _{SB}	_	1	3	mA	$\overline{\text{CS1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}, \text{CS2} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}$
	_{SB1} *2	_	2	200	μΑ	$\label{eq:cstate} \begin{split} \overline{CS1} \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \ \text{V}, \ CS2 \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \ \text{V} \ \text{or} \\ 0 \ \text{V} \le CS2 \le 0.2 \ \text{V}, \ 0 \ \text{V} \le \text{Vin} \end{split}$
Output low voltage	V_{OL}	_	_	0.4	V	I _{OL} = 2.1 mA
Output high voltage	V _{OH}	2.4	_	_	V	I _{OH} = -1.0 mA

Notes: 1. Typical values are at $V_{cc} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $Ta = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and not guaranteed.

2. $V_{IL} \min = -0.3V$

Capacitance (Ta = 25°C, f = 1.0 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input capacitance*1	Cin	_	_	5	pF	Vin = 0 V
Input/output capacitance*1	C _{I/O}	_	_	7	pF	$V_{I/O} = 0 V$

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to +85°C, $V_{CC} = 5$ V ± 10 %, unless otherwise noted.)

Test Conditions

• Input pulse levels: 0.6 V to 2.4 V

• Input and output timing reference level: 1.5 V

• Input rise and fall time: 10 ns

• Output load: 1 TTL Gate + C_L (100 pF) (Including scope & jig)

Read Cycle

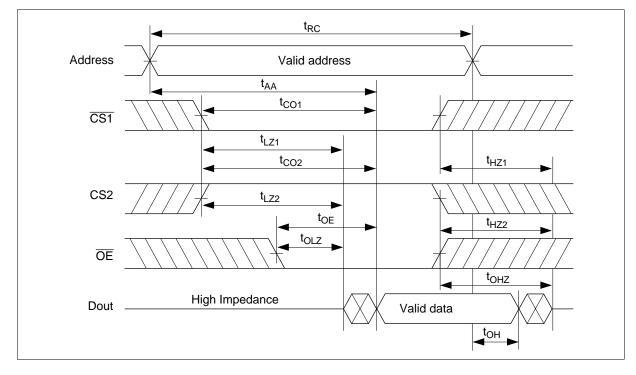
			HM6264BI-10		HM6264BI-12			
Parameter		Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Read cycle time		t _{RC}	100	_	120	_	ns	
Address access time		t _{AA}	_	100	_	120	ns	
Chip select access time	CS1	t _{co1}	_	100	_	120	ns	
	CS2	t _{CO2}	_	100	_	120	ns	
Output enable to output valid		t _{oe}	_	50	_	60	ns	
Chip selection to output in low-Z	CS1	t _{LZ1}	10	_	10	_	ns	2
	CS2	t _{LZ2}	10	_	10	_	ns	2
Output enable to output in low-Z		t _{oLZ}	5	_	5	_	ns	2
Chip deselection in to output in high-Z	CS1	t _{HZ1}	0	35	0	40	ns	1, 2
	CS2	t _{HZ2}	0	35	0	40	ns	1, 2
Output disable to output in high-Z		t _{OHZ}	0	35	0	40	ns	1, 2
Output hold from address change		t _{oh}	10	_	10	_	ns	

Notes: 1. t_{HZ} is defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

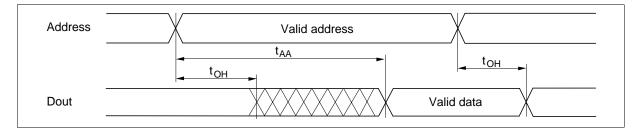
^{2.} At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZ} maximum is less than t_{LZ} minimum both for a given device and from device to device.

^{3.} Address must be valid prior to or simultaneously with $\overline{\text{CS1}}$ going low or CS2 going high.

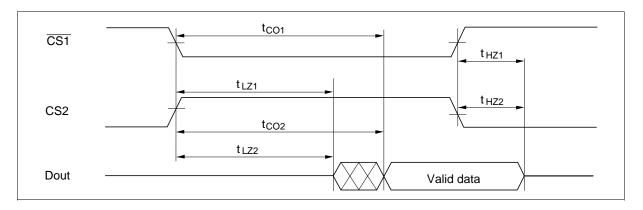
Read Timing Waveform (1) $(\overline{WE} = V_{IH})$



Read Timing Waveform (2) $(\overline{WE}=V_{IH},\,\overline{OE}=V_{IL})$



Read Timing Waveform (3) $(\overline{WE}=V_{IH},\,\overline{OE}=V_{IL})^{*3}$



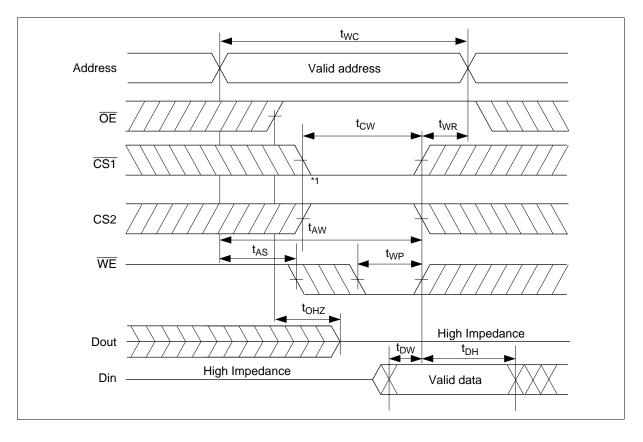
Write Cycle

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write cycle time	t _{wc}	100	_	120	_	ns	
Chip selection to end of write	t _{cw}	80	_	85	_	ns	2
Address setup time	t _{AS}	0	_	0	_	ns	3
Address valid to end of write	t _{AW}	80	_	85	_	ns	
Write pulse width	t _{wP}	60	_	70	_	ns	1, 9
Write recovery time	t _{wr}	0	_	0	_	ns	4
WE to output in high-Z	t _{whz}	0	35	0	40	ns	5
Data to write time overlap	t _{DW}	40	_	40	_	ns	
Data hold from write time	t _{DH}	0	_	0	_	ns	
Output active from end of write	t _{ow}	5	_	5	_	ns	
Output disable to output in high-Z	t _{OHZ}	0	35	0	40	ns	5

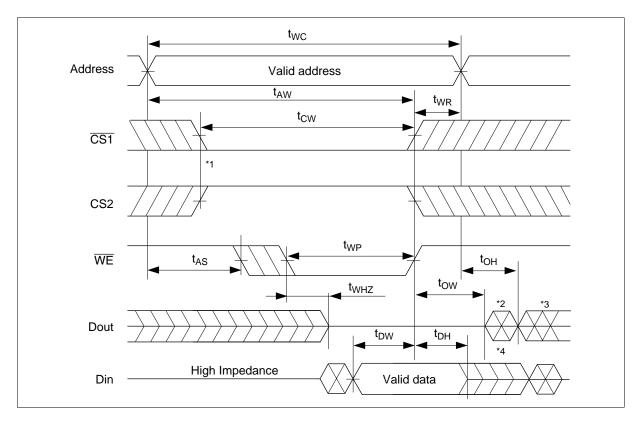
- Notes: 1. A write occurs during the overlap of a low $\overline{CS1}$, and high CS2, and a high \overline{WE} . A write begins at the latest transition among $\overline{CS1}$ going low, CS2 going high and \overline{WE} going low. A write ends at the earliest transition among $\overline{CS1}$ going high CS2 going low and \overline{WE} going high. Time t_{WP} is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
 - 2. t_{cw} is measured from the later of $\overline{CS1}$ going low or CS2 going high to the end of write.
 - 3. t_{AS} is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
 - 4. t_{wR} is measured from the earliest of $\overline{\text{CS1}}$ or $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going high or CS2 going low to the end of write cycle.
 - 5. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state, therefore the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
 - 6. If CS1 goes low simultaneously with WE going low after WE goes low, the outputs remain in high impedance state.
 - 7. Dout is the same phase of the written data in this write cycle.
 - 8. Dout is the read data of the next address
 - 9. In the write cycle with $\overline{\text{OE}}$ low fixed, t_{WP} must satisfy the following equation to avoid a problem of data bus contention

 $t_{WP} \ge t_{WHZ} \max + t_{DW} \min$.

Write Timing Waveform (1) $(\overline{OE} \ Clock)$



Write Timing Waveform (2) (\overline{OE} Low Fixed) (\overline{OE} = V_{IL})



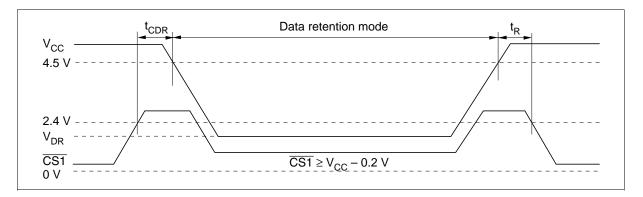
Low V_{CC} **Data Retention Characteristics** (Ta = -40 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ*1	Max	Unit	Test conditions*3
V _{cc} for data retention	V_{DR}	2.0	_	_	V	$\label{eq:cstart} \begin{split} \overline{CS1} &\geq V_{\rm CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ CS2 &\geq V_{\rm CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or } CS2 \leq 0.2 \text{ V} \\ \text{Vin} &\geq 0 \text{ V} \end{split}$
Data retention current	I _{CCDR}	_	1 * ¹	100*2	μΑ	$\begin{tabular}{ll} $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 0 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vin} \leq \text{V}_{CC} \\ \hline $CS1 \geq \text{V}_{CC}$ -0.2 \text{ V}, $CS2 \geq \text{V}_{CC}$ -0.2 \text{ V} \\ $\text{or } 0 \text{ V} \leq \text{CS2} \leq 0.2 \text{ V} \\ \end{tabular}$
Chip deselect to data retention time	t _{CDR}	0	_	_	ns	See retention waveform
Operation recovery time	t _R	5	_	_	ms	_

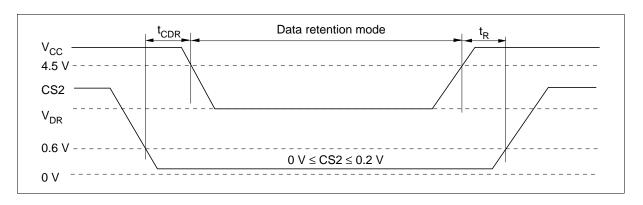
Notes: 1. Reference data at Ta = 25°C.

- 2. $10 \mu A \text{ max at Ta} = -40 \text{ to} + 40^{\circ} \text{C}.$
- 3. CS2 controls address buffer, \overline{WE} buffer, $\overline{CS1}$ buffer, \overline{OE} buffer, and Din buffer. If CS2 controls data retention mode, Vin levels (address, \overline{WE} , \overline{OE} , $\overline{CS1}$, I/O) can be in the high impedance state. If $\overline{CS1}$ controls data retention mode, CS2 must be $CS2 \ge V_{cc} 0.2$ V or 0 V $\le CS2 \le 0.2$ V. The other input levels (address, \overline{WE} , \overline{OE} , I/O) can be in the high impedance state.

$\textbf{Low}~\textbf{V}_{CC}~\textbf{Data}~\textbf{Retention}~\textbf{Timing}~\textbf{Waveform}~\textbf{(1)}~(\overline{CS1}~\textbf{Controlled})$

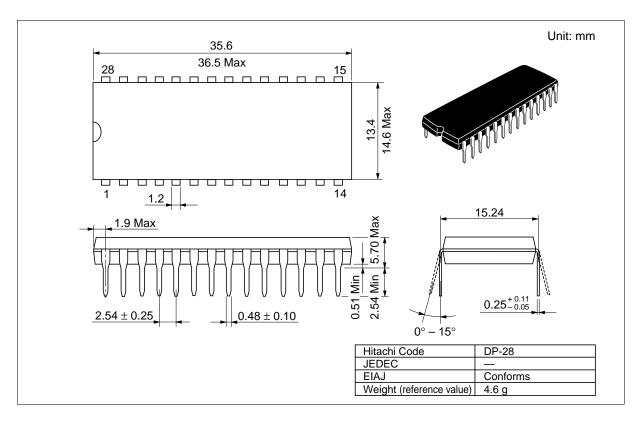


Low V_{CC} Data Retention Timing Waveform (2) (CS2 Controlled)



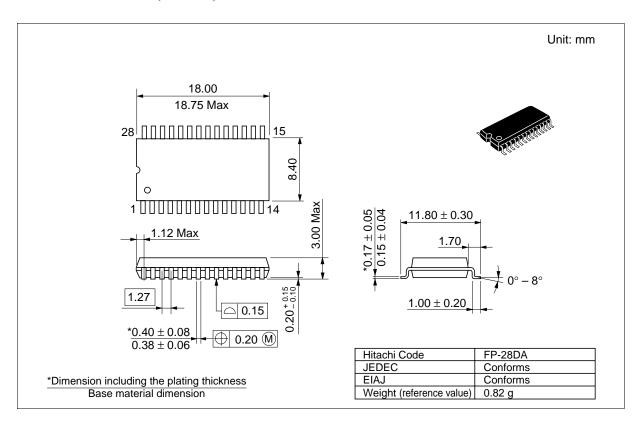
Package Dimensions

HM6264BLPI Series (DP-28)



Package Dimensions (cont.)

HM6264BLFPI Series (FP-28DA)



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Revision Record

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0.0	Dec. 1, 1995	Initial issue	I. Ogiwara	K. Yoshizaki
1.0	Sep. 5, 1996	Deletion of Preliminary	I. Ogiwara	K. Imato
2.0	Feb. 9, 1998	Change of subtitle Change of FP-28DA	I. Ogiwara	K. Imato
3.0	May. 8, 2000	Low V_{CC} Data Retention Characteristics Note 2: V_{IL} min = -0.3 V to 10 μ A max at Ta = -40 to + 40°C		