

TRIPLE PLL FIELD PROGRAMMABLE SS VERSACLOCK SYNTHESIZER ICS345

Description

The ICS345 field programmable clock synthesizer generates up to nine high-quality, high-frequency clock outputs including multiple reference clocks from a low-frequency crystal or clock input. It is designed to replace crystals and crystal oscillators in most electronic systems.

Using IDT's VersaClockTM software to configure PLLs and outputs, the ICS345 contains a One-Time Programmable (OTP) ROM to allow field programmability. Programming features include eight selectable configuration registers, up to two sets of four low-skew outputs, and optional Spread Spectrum outputs.

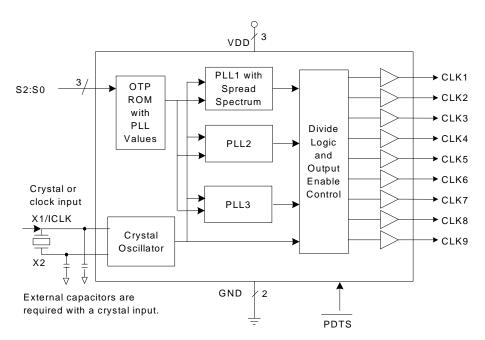
Using Phase-Locked Loop (PLL) techniques, the device runs from a standard fundamental mode, inexpensive crystal, or clock. It can replace multiple crystals and oscillators, saving board space and cost.

The ICS345 is also available in factory programmed custom versions for high-volume applications.

Features

- Packaged as 20-pin SSOP (QSOP)
- · Spread spectrum capability
- Eight addressable registers
- Replaces multiple crystals and oscillators
- Output frequencies up to 200 MHz at 3.3 V
- Input crystal frequency of 5 to 27 MHz
- Input clock frequency of 2 to 50 MHz
- Up to nine reference outputs
- Up to two sets of four low-skew outputs
- Operating voltages of 3.3 V
- Advanced, low-power CMOS process
- For one output clock, use the ICS341. For two output clocks, see the ICS342. For three output clocks, see the ICS343. For more than three outputs, see the ICS345 or ICS348.
- · Available in Pb (lead) free packaging

Block Diagram



Pin Assignment

	- 1			1	
X1/ICLK		1	20		X2
S0		2	19		VDD
S1		3	18		PDTS
CLK9		4	17		S2
VDD		5	16		VDD
GND		6	15		GND
CLK1		7	14		CLK5
CLK2		8	13		CLK6
CLK3		9	12		CLK7
CLK4		10	11		CLK8

20-pin (150 mil) SSOP (QSOP)

Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Pin Description
1	X1/ICLK	XI	Crystal input. Connect this pin to a crystal or external input clock.
2	S0	Input	Select pin 0. Internal pull-up resistor.
3	S1	Input	Select pin 1. Internal pull-up resistor.
4	CLK9	Output	Output clock 9. Weak internal pull-down when tri-state.
5	VDD	Power	Connect to +3.3 V.
6	GND	Power	Connect to ground.
7	CLK1	Output	Output clock 1. Weak internal pull-down when tri-state.
8	CLK2	Output	Output clock 2. Weak internal pull-down when tri-state.
9	CLK3	Output	Output clock 3. Weak internal pull-down when tri-state.
10	CLK4	Output	Output clock 4. Weak internal pull-down when tri-state.
11	CLK8	Output	Output clock 8. Weak internal pull-down when tri-state.
12	CLK7	Output	Output clock 7. Weak internal pull-down when tri-state.
13	CLK6	Output	Output clock 6. Weak internal pull-down when tri-state.
14	CLK5	Output	Output clock 5. Weak internal pull-down when tri-state.
15	GND	Power	Connect to ground.
16	VDD	Power	Connect to +3.3 V.
17	S2	Input	Select pin 2. Internal pull-up resisitor.
18	PDTS	Input	Power-down tri-state. Powers down entire chip and tri-states clock outputs when low. Internal pull-up resisitor.
19	VDD	Power	Connect to +3.3 V.
20	X2	XO	Crystal Output. Connect this pin to a crystal. Float for clock input.

External Components

Series Termination Resistor

Clock output traces over one inch should use series termination. To series terminate a $50\Omega\,\text{trace}$ (a commonly used trace impedance), place a $33\Omega\,\text{resistor}$ in series with the clock line, as close to the clock output pin as possible. The nominal impedance of the clock output is 20Ω

Decoupling Capacitors

As with any high-performance mixed-signal IC, the ICS345 must be isolated from system power supply noise to perform optimally.

Decoupling capacitors of 0.01µF must be connected between each VDD and the PCB ground plane.

Crystal Load Capacitors

The device crystal connections should include pads for small capacitors from X1 to ground and from X2 to ground. These capacitors are used to adjust the stray capacitance of the board to match the nominally required crystal load capacitance. Because load capacitance can only be increased in this trimming process, it is important to keep stray capacitance to a minimum by using very short PCB traces (and no vias) between the crystal and device. Crystal capacitors must be connected from each of the pins X1 and X2 to ground.

The value (in pF) of these crystal caps should equal (C_L -6 pF)*2. In this equation, C_L = crystal load capacitance in pF. Example: For a crystal with a 16 pF load capacitance, each crystal capacitor would be 20 pF [(16-6) x 2 = 20].

PCB Layout Recommendations

For optimum device performance and lowest output phase noise, the following guidelines should be observed.

- 1) Each $0.01\mu F$ decoupling capacitor should be mounted on the component side of the board as close to the VDD pin as possible. No vias should be used between decoupling capacitor and VDD pin. The PCB trace to VDD pin should be kept as short as possible, as should the PCB trace to the ground via.
- 2) The external crystal should be mounted just next to the device with short traces. The X1 and X2 traces should not be routed next to each other with minimum spaces, instead

they should be separated and away from other traces.

- 3) To minimize EMI, the 33Ω series termination resistor (if needed) should be placed close to the clock output.
- 4) An optimum layout is one with all components on the same side of the board, minimizing vias through other signal layers.

ICS345 Configuration Capabilities

The architecture of the ICS345 allows the user to easily configure the device to a wide range of output frequencies, for a given input reference frequency.

The frequency multiplier PLL provides a high degree of precision. The M/N values (the multiplier/divide values available to generate the target VCO frequency) can be set within the range of M=1 to 2048 and N=1 to 1024.

The ICS345 also provides separate output divide values, from 2 through 20, to allow the two output clock banks to support widely differing frequency values from the same PLL.

Each output frequency can be represented as:

$$\mathsf{DutputFreq} \ = \ \frac{\mathsf{REFFreq}}{\mathsf{OutputDivide}} \cdot \ \frac{\mathsf{M}}{\mathsf{N}}$$

IDT VersaClock Software

IDT applies years of PLL optimization experience into a user friendly software that accepts the user's target reference clock and output frequencies and generates the lowest jitter, lowest power configuration, with only a press of a button. The user does not need to have prior PLL experience or determine the optimal VCO frequency to support multiple output frequencies.

VersaClock software quickly evaluates accessible VCO frequencies with available output divide values and provides an easy to understand, bar code rating for the target output frequencies. The user may evaluate output accuracy, performance trade-off scenarios in seconds.

Spread Spectrum Modulation

The ICS345 utilizes frequency modulation (FM) to distribute energy over a range of frequencies. By modulating the output clock frequencies, the device effectively lowers energy across a broader range of frequencies; thus, lowering a system's electromagnetic interference (EMI). The modulation rate is the time from transitioning from a minimum frequency to a maximum frequency and then back to the minimum.

Spread Spectrum Modulation can be applied as either "center spread" or "down spread". During center spread modulation, the deviation from the target frequency is equal in the positive and negative directions. The effective average frequency is equal to the target frequency. In applications where the clock is driving a component with a maximum frequency rating, down spread should be applied. In this case, the maximum frequency, including modulation, is the target frequency. The effective average frequency is less than the target frequency.

The ICS345 operates in both center spread and down spread modes. For center spread, the frequency can be modulated between ±0.125% to ±2.0%. For down spread, the frequency can be modulated between -0.25% to -4.0%.

Both output frequency banks will utilize identical spread spectrum percentage deviations and modulation rates, if a common VCO frequency can be identified.

Spread Spectrum Modulation Rate

The spread spectrum modulation frequency applied to the output clock frequency may occur at a variety of rates. For applications requiring the driving of "down-circuit" PLLs, Zero Delay Buffers, or those adhering to PCI standards, the spread spectrum modulation rate should be set to 30-33 kHz. For other applications, a 120 kHz modulation option is available.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above the ratings listed below can cause permanent damage to the ICS345. These ratings, which are standard values for IDT commercially rated parts, are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect product reliability. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the recommended operating temperature range.

Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Supply Voltage, VDD	Referenced to GND			7	V
Inputs	Referenced to GND	-0.5		VDD+0.5	V
Clock Outputs	Referenced to GND	-0.5		VDD+0.5	V
Storage Temperature		-65		150	°C
Soldering Temperature	Max 10 seconds			260	°C
Junction Temperature				125	°C

Recommended Operation Conditions

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Ambient Operating Temperature (ICS345RP)	0		+70	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature (ICS345RIP)	-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage (measured in respect to GND)	+3.15	+3.3	+3.45	V
Power Supply Ramp Time			4	ms

DC Electrical Characteristics

Unless stated otherwise, **VDD = 3.3 V ±5%**, Ambient Temperature -40 to +85° C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Operating Voltage	VDD		3.15		3.45	V
Operating Supply Current Input High Voltage	IDD	Configuration Dependent - See VersaClock TM Estimates				mA
		Nine 33.3333 MHz outs, PDTS = 1, no load, Note 1		23		mA
		PDTS = 0, no load, Note 1		20		μΑ
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	S2:S0	2			V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	S2:S0			0.4	V
Input High Voltage, PDTS	V _{IH}		VDD-0.5			V
Input Low Voltage, PDTS	V _{IL}				0.4	V
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	ICLK	VDD/2+1			V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	ICLK			VDD/2-1	V
Output High Voltage (CMOS High)	V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -4 mA	VDD-0.4			V
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -12 mA	2.4			V
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OL} = 12 mA			0.4	V
Short Circuit Current	Ios			±70		mA
Nominal Output Impedance	Z _O			20		Ω
Internal Pull-up Resistor	R _{PUS}	S2:S0, PDTS		250		kΩ
Internal Pull-down Resistor	R _{PD}	CLK outputs		525		kΩ
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}	Inputs		4		pF

Note 1: Example with 25 MHz crystal input with nine outputs of $33.\overline{3}$ MHz, no load, and VDD = 3.3 V.

AC Electrical Characteristics

Unless stated otherwise, VDD = 3.3 V ±5%, Ambient Temperature -40 to +85° C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Input Frequency	F _{IN}	Fundamental crystal	5		27	MHz
		Input clock	2		50	MHz
Output Frequency		VDD=3.3 V	0.25		200	MHz
Output Rise Time	t _{OR}	20% to 80%, Note 1		1		ns
Output Fall Time	t _{OF}	80% to 20%, Note 1		1		ns
Duty Cycle		Note 2	40	49-51	60	%
Output Frequency Synthesis Error (Note 4)		Configuration Dependent		0		ppm
Power-up Time		PLL lock-time from power-up, Note 3		4	10	ms
		PDTS goes high until stable CLK output, Spread Spectrum Off, Note 3		0.2	2	ms
		PDTS goes high until stable CLK output, Spread Spectrum On, Note 3		4	7	ms
One Sigma Clock Period Jitter		Configuration Dependent		50		ps
Maximum Absolute Jitter	t _{ja}	Deviation from Mean. Configuration Dependent		<u>+</u> 200		ps
Pin-to-Pin Skew		Low Skew Outputs	-250		250	ps

Note 1: Measured with 15 pF load.

Note 2: Duty Cycle is configuration dependent. Most configurations are min 45% / max 55%

Note 3: IDT test mode output occurs for first 170 clock cycles on CLK7 for each PLL powered up. PDTS transition high on select address change.

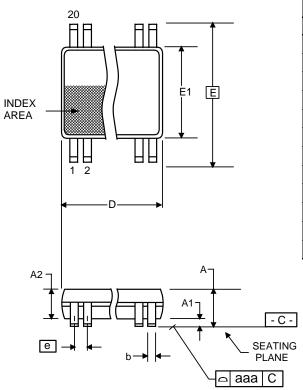
Note 4: The actual ppm error will be displayed in the VersaClock software when the programming file is generated for the customer's specific configuration. In general, zero ppm error can be achieved, but please note that the device cannot improve upon the error of the input reference clock. For example, if the input crystal has 25 ppm error, then the outputs will also have 25 ppm error.

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Thermal Resistance Junction to	θ_{JA}	Still air		135		° C/W
Ambient	θ_{JA}	1 m/s air flow		93		° C/W
	θ_{JA}	3 m/s air flow		78		° C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	θ_{JC}			60		° C/W

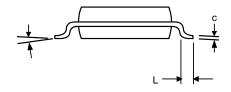
Package Outline and Package Dimensions (20-pin SSOP, 150 Mil. Wide Body)

Package dimensions are kept current with JEDEC Publication No. 95



	Millimeters		Incl	nes*
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
A1	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
A2		1.50		0.059
b	0.20	0.30	0.008	0.012
С	0.18	0.25	0.007	0.010
D	8.55	8.75	0.337	0.344
Е	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244
E1	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
е	.635 Basic		.025 Basic	
L	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050
α	0°	8°	0°	8°
aaa		0.10		0.004

*For reference only. Controlling dimensions in mm.



Ordering Information

Part / Order Number	Marking	Shipping Packaging	Package	Temperature
ICS345RP	ICS345RP	Tubes	20-pin SSOP	0 to +70° C
ICS345RPT	ICS345RP	Tape and Reel	20-pin SSOP	0 to +70° C
ICS345RIP	ICS345RIP	Tubes	20-pin SSOP	-40 to +85° C
ICS345RIPT	ICS345RIP	Tape and Reel	20-pin SSOP	-40 to +85° C
ICS345RPLF	ICS345RPLF	Tubes	20-pin SSOP	0 to +70° C
ICS345RPLFT	ICS345RPLF	Tape and Reel	20-pin SSOP	0 to +70° C
ICS345RIPLF	ICS345RIPLF	Tubes	20-pin SSOP	-40 to +85° C
ICS345RIPLFT	ICS345RIPLF	Tape and Reel	20-pin SSOP	-40 to +85° C
ICS345R-XX	ICS345R-XX	Tubes	20-pin SSOP	0 to +70° C
ICS345R-XXT	ICS345R-XX	Tape and Reel	20-pin SSOP	0 to +70° C
ICS345RI-XX	ICS345RI-XX	Tubes	20-pin SSOP	-40 to +85° C
ICS345RI-XXT	ICS345RI-XX	Tape and Reel	20-pin SSOP	-40 to +85° C
ICS345R-XXLF	345R-XXLF	Tubes	20-pin SSOP	0 to +70° C
ICS345R-XXLFT	345R-XXLF	Tape and Reel	20-pin SSOP	0 to +70° C
ICS345RI-XXLF	345RI-XXLF	Tubes	20-pin SSOP	-40 to +85° C
ICS345RI-XXLFT	345RI-XXLF	Tape and Reel	20-pin SSOP	-40 to +85° C

Parts that are ordered with a "LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant. The ICS345R-XX, ICS345R-XXLF, ICS345RI-XX, and ICS345RI-XXLF are factory programmed versions of the ICS345RP, ICS345RIP, and ICS345RIPLF. A unique "-XX" suffix is assigned by the factory for each custom configuration, and a separate data sheet is kept on file. For more information on custom part numbers programmed at the factory, please contact your local IDT sales and marketing representative.

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