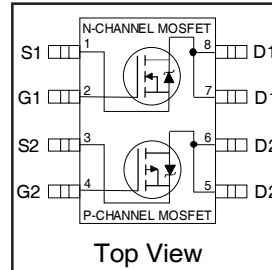


IRF7105QPbF

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- Dual N and P Channel MOSFET
- Surface Mount
- Available in Tape & Reel
- 150°C Operating Temperature
- Automotive [Q101] Qualified
- Lead-Free

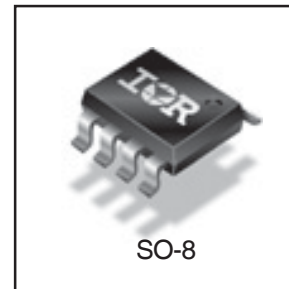


	N-Ch	P-Ch
V_{DSS}	25V	-25V
$R_{DS(on)}$	0.10 Ω	0.25 Ω
I_D	3.5A	-2.3A

Description

Specifically designed for Automotive applications, these HEXFET® Power MOSFET's in a Dual SO-8 package utilize the latest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of these Automotive qualified HEXFET Power MOSFET's are a 150°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These benefits combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in Automotive applications and a wide variety of other applications.

The efficient SO-8 package provides enhanced thermal characteristics and dual MOSFET die capability making it ideal in a variety of power applications. This dual, surface mount SO-8 can dramatically reduce board space and is also available in Tape & Reel.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.		Units
		N-Channel	P-Channel	
$I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	3.5	-2.3	A
$I_D @ T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	2.8	-1.8	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	14	-10	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation	2.0		W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.016		W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20		V
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ②	3.0	-3.0	V/nS
T_J, T_{STG}	Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 150		°C

Thermal Resistance Ratings

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JA}$	Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ④	—	—	62.5	°C/W

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 Rectifier

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Description		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	N-Ch	25	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
		P-Ch	-25	—	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = -250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	N-Ch	—	0.030	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
		P-Ch	—	-0.015	—		Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = -1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	N-Ch	—	0.083	0.10	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 1.0A$ ③
		N-Ch	—	0.14	0.16		$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 0.50A$ ③
		P-Ch	—	0.16	0.25		$V_{GS} = -10V, I_D = -1.0A$ ③
		P-Ch	—	0.30	0.40		$V_{GS} = -4.5V, I_D = -0.50A$ ③
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	N-Ch	1.0	—	3.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$
		P-Ch	-1.0	—	-3.0		$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\mu A$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	N-Ch	—	4.3	—	S	$V_{DS} = 15V, I_D = 3.5A$ ③
		P-Ch	—	3.1	—		$V_{DS} = -15V, I_D = -3.5A$ ③
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	N-Ch	—	—	2.0	μA	$V_{DS} = 20V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		P-Ch	—	—	-2.0		$V_{DS} = -20V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		N-Ch	—	—	25		$V_{DS} = 20V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 55^\circ\text{C}$
		P-Ch	—	—	-25		$V_{DS} = -20V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 55^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	N-P	—	—	± 100	$V_{GS} = \pm 20V$	
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	N-Ch	—	9.4	27	nC	N-Channel $I_D = 2.3A, V_{DS} = 12.5V, V_{GS} = 10V$ ③
P-Ch	—	10	25				
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	N-Ch	—	1.7	—	nC	P-Channel $I_D = -2.3A, V_{DS} = -12.5V, V_{GS} = -10V$
P-Ch	—	1.9	—				
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	N-Ch	—	3.1	—	nC	P-Channel $I_D = -2.3A, V_{DS} = -12.5V, V_{GS} = -10V$
P-Ch	—	2.8	—				
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	N-Ch	—	7.0	20	ns	N-Channel $V_{DD} = 25V, I_D = 1.0A, R_G = 6.0\Omega, R_D = 25\Omega$ ③
P-Ch	—	12	40				
t_r	Rise Time	N-Ch	—	9.0	20	ns	P-Channel $V_{DD} = -25V, I_D = -1.0A, R_G = 6.0\Omega, R_D = 25\Omega$ ③
P-Ch	—	13	40				
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	N-Ch	—	45	90	ns	P-Channel $V_{DD} = -25V, I_D = -1.0A, R_G = 6.0\Omega, R_D = 25\Omega$ ③
P-Ch	—	45	90				
t_f	Fall Time	N-Ch	—	25	50	ns	P-Channel $V_{DD} = -25V, I_D = -1.0A, R_G = 6.0\Omega, R_D = 25\Omega$ ③
P-Ch	—	37	50				
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	N-P	—	4.0	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	N-P	—	6.0	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	N-Ch	—	330	—	pF	N-Channel $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 15V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
		P-Ch	—	290	—		
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	N-Ch	—	250	—	pF	P-Channel $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = -15V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
		P-Ch	—	210	—		
C_{riss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	N-Ch	—	61	—	pF	P-Channel $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = -15V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
P-Ch	—	67	—				

Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

Parameter	Description		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	N-Ch	—	—	2.0	A	
		P-Ch	—	—	-2.0		
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	N-Ch	—	—	14	A	
		P-Ch	—	—	-9.2		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	N-Ch	—	—	1.2	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 1.3A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③
		P-Ch	—	—	-1.2		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -1.3A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	N-Ch	—	36	54	ns	N-Channel $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 1.3A, di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ③
		P-Ch	—	69	100		
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	N-Ch	—	41	75	nC	P-Channel $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = -1.3A, di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ③
		P-Ch	—	90	180		
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	N-P	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S + L_D$)				

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② N-Channel $I_{SD} \leq 3.5A, di/dt \leq 90A/\mu s, V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}, T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
P-Channel $I_{SD} \leq -2.3A, di/dt \leq 90A/\mu s, V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}, T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ④ Surface mounted on FR-4 board, $t \leq 10\text{sec}$.

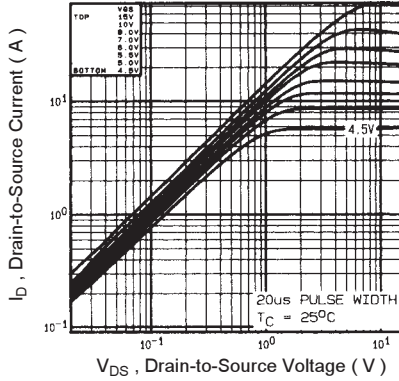


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

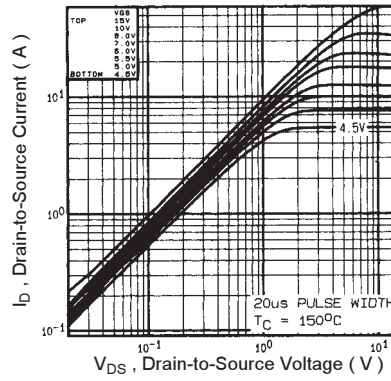


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

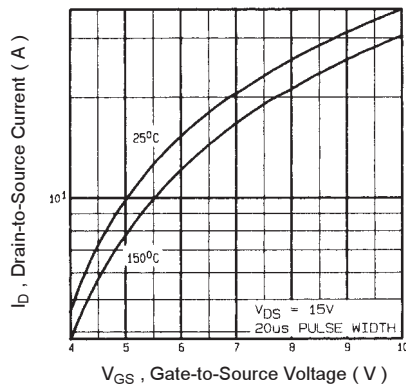


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

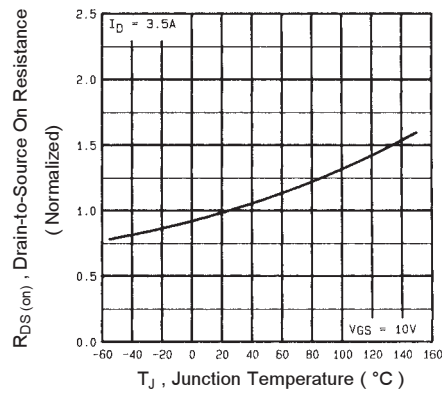


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

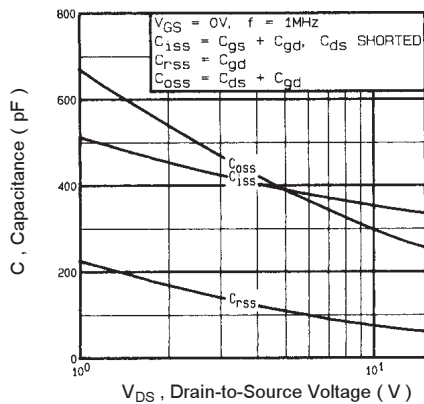


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

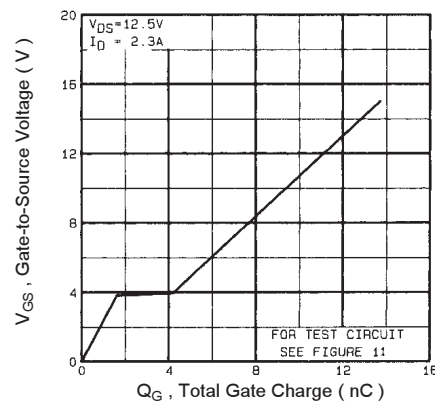


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

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N-Channel

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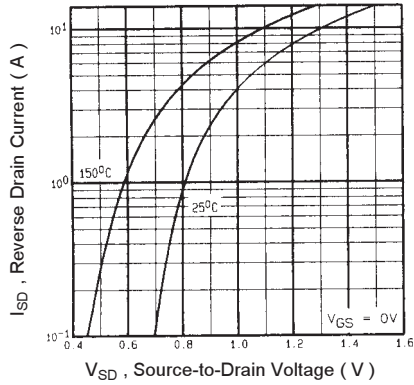


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

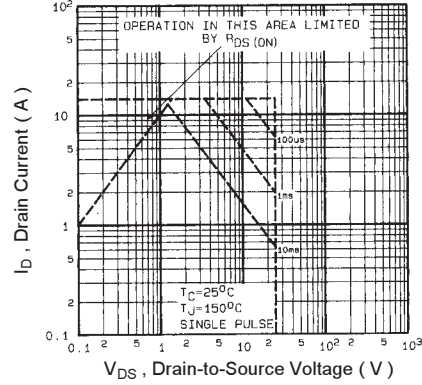


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

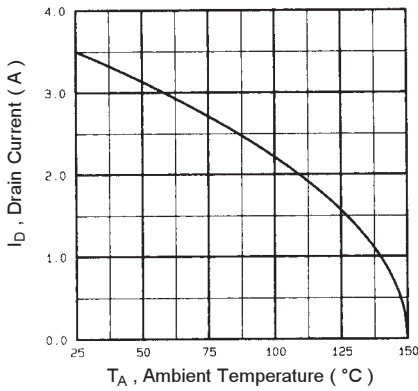


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Ambient Temperature

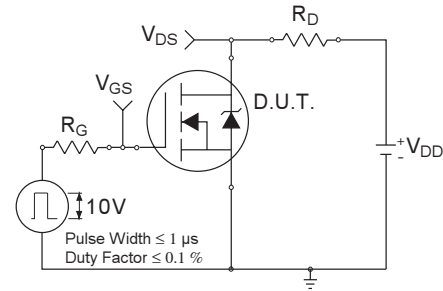


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

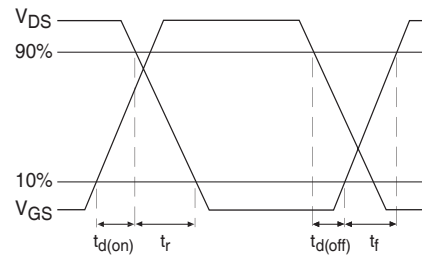


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

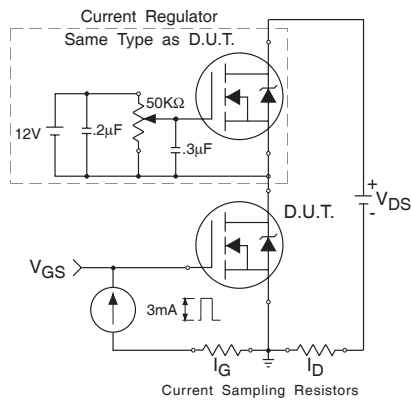


Fig 11a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

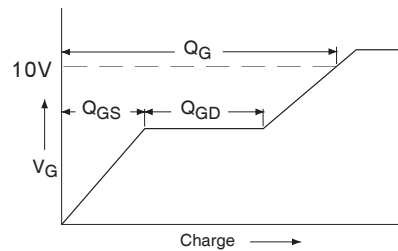


Fig 11b. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

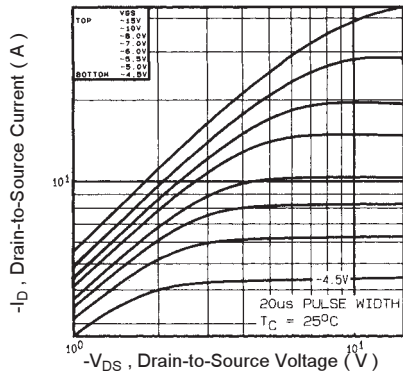


Fig 12. Typical Output Characteristics

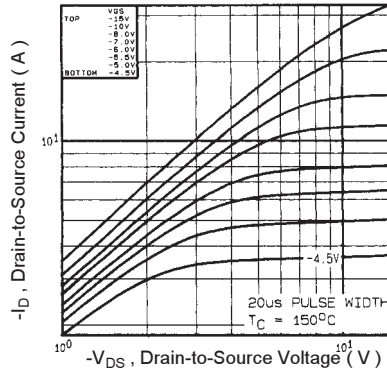


Fig 13. Typical Output Characteristics

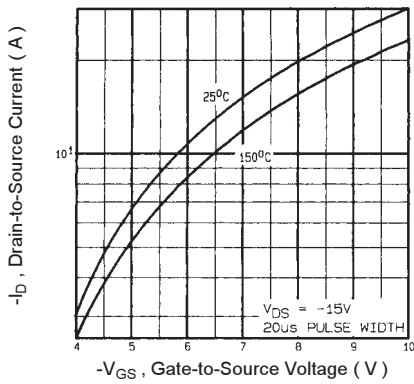


Fig 14. Typical Transfer Characteristics

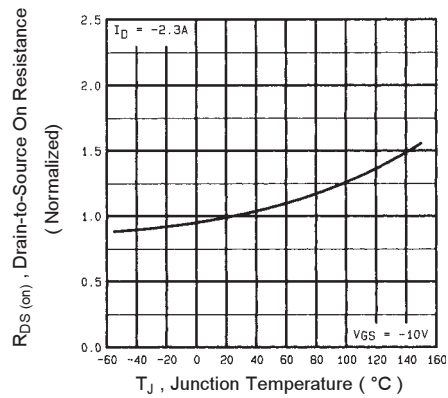


Fig 15. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

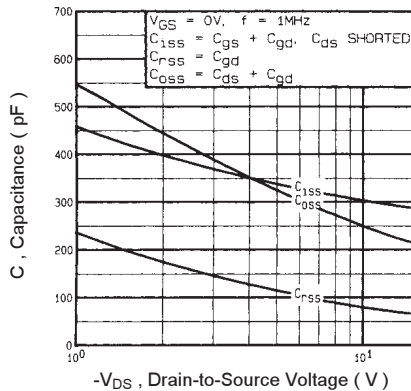


Fig 16. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

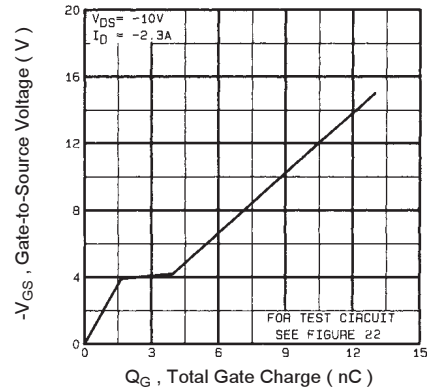


Fig 17. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

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P-Channel

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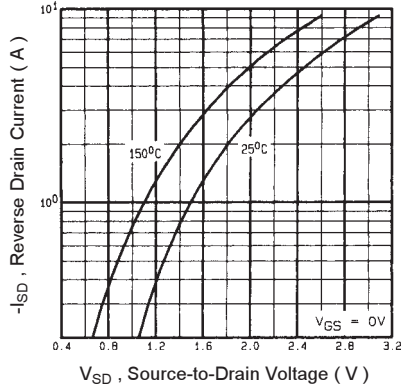


Fig 18. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

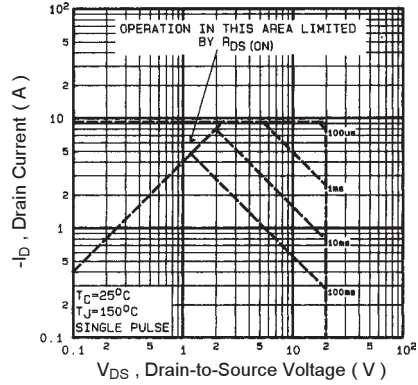


Fig 19. Maximum Safe Operating Area

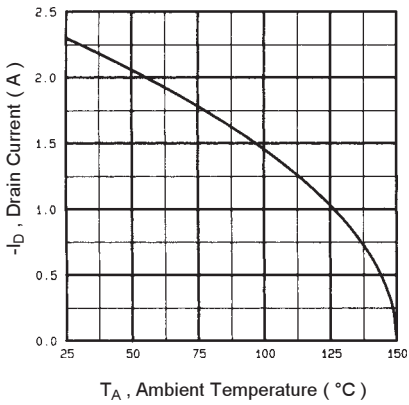


Fig 20. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Ambient Temperature

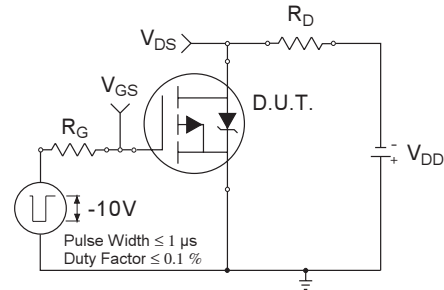


Fig 21a. Switching Time Test Circuit

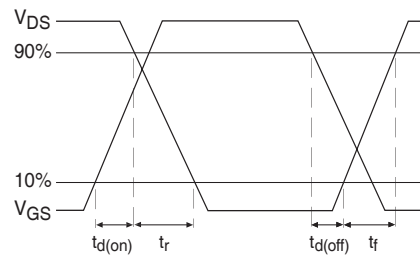


Fig 21b. Switching Time Waveforms

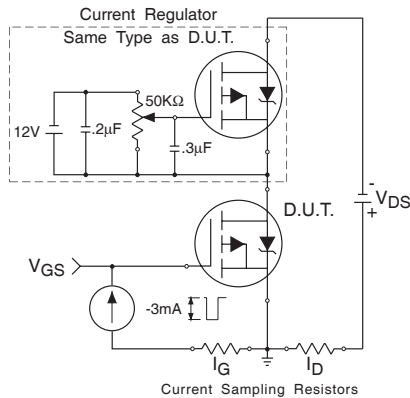


Fig 22a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

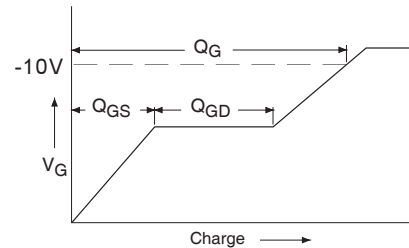


Fig 22b. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

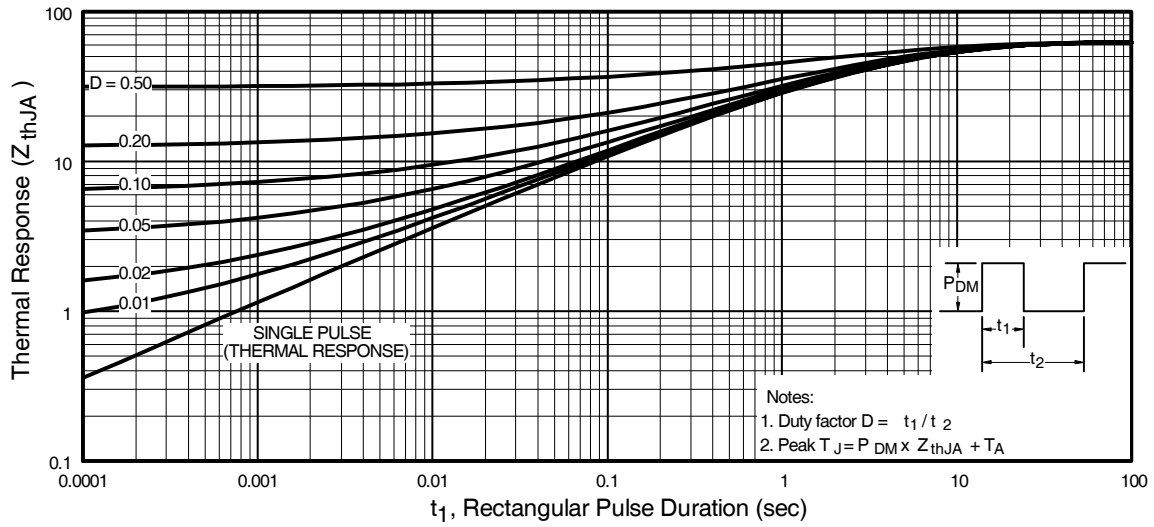
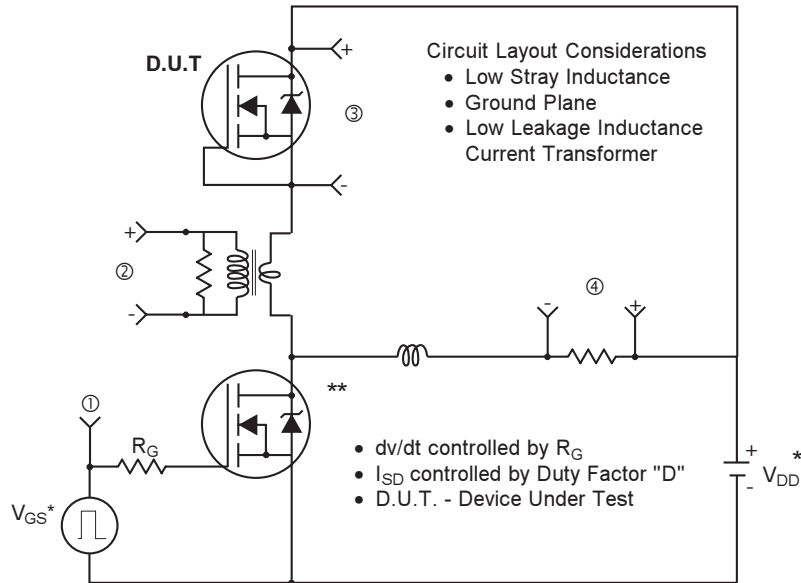


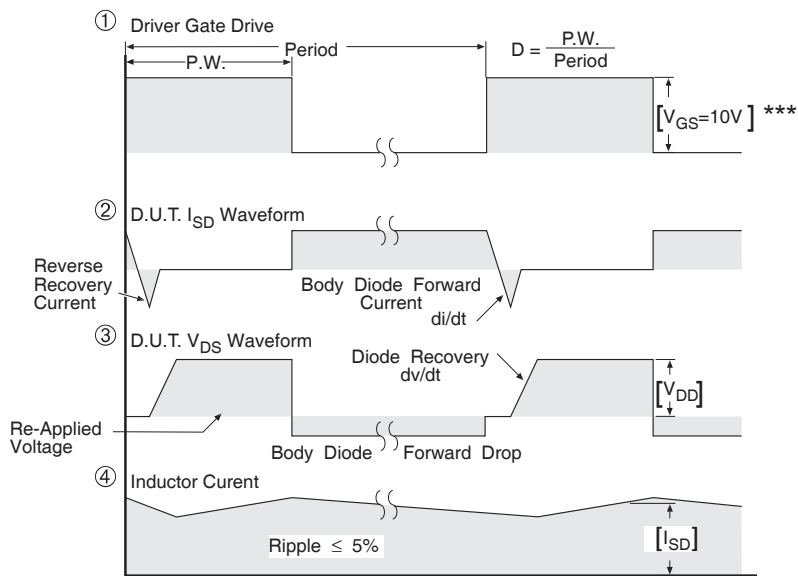
Fig 23. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit



* Reverse Polarity for P-Channel

** Use P-Channel Driver for P-Channel Measurements

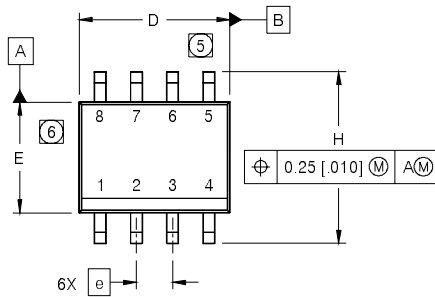


*** $V_{GS} = 5.0V$ for Logic Level and 3V Drive Devices

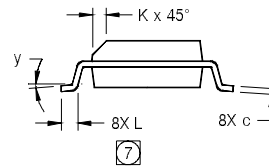
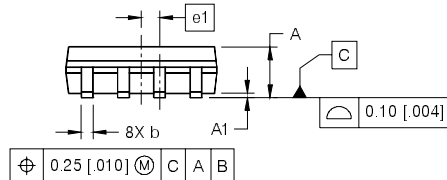
Fig 24. For N and P Channel HEXFETS

SO-8 Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



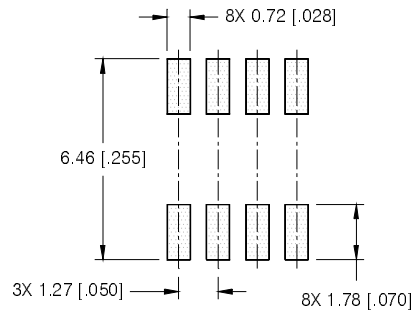
DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.0532	.0688	1.35	1.75
A1	.0040	.0098	0.10	0.25
b	.013	.020	0.33	0.51
c	.0075	.0098	0.19	0.25
D	.189	.1968	4.80	5.00
E	.1497	.1574	3.80	4.00
e	.050 BASIC		1.27 BASIC	
e 1	.025 BASIC		0.635 BASIC	
H	.2284	.2440	5.80	6.20
K	.0099	.0196	0.25	0.50
L	.016	.050	0.40	1.27
y	0°	8°	0°	8°



NOTES:

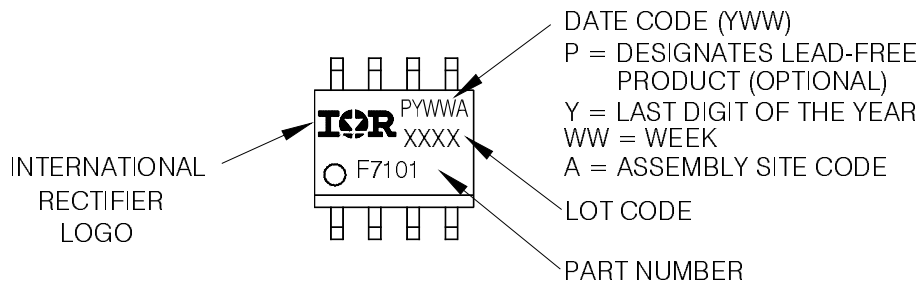
- DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER
- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS-012AA.
- DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.15 [0.006].
- DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.25 [0.010].
- DIMENSION IS THE LENGTH OF LEAD FOR SOLDERING TO A SUBSTRATE.

FOOTPRINT



SO-8 Part Marking

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF7101 (MOSFET)



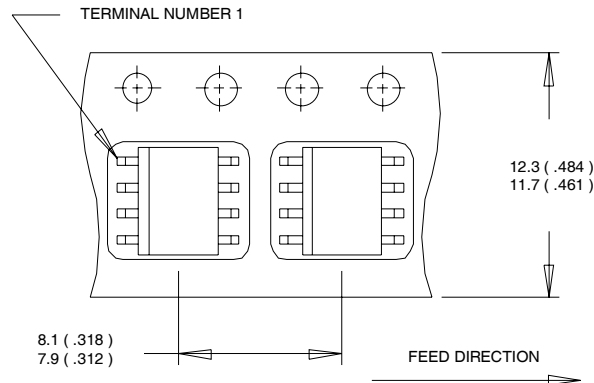
Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

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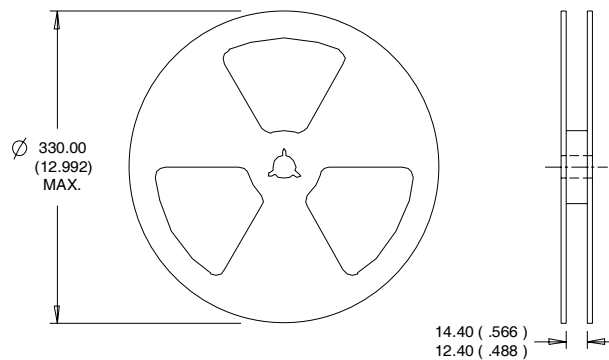
SO-8 Tape and Reel

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS(INCHES).
3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



NOTES :

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for the Automotive [Q101] market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International
IR Rectifier

IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105
TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

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