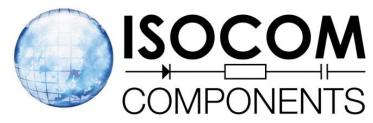
IS620, IS621, IS622, IS623 IS621X, IS622X, IS623X



# OPTICALLY COUPLED BILATERAL SWITCH LIGHTACTIVATED ZERO VOLTAGE CROSSING TRIAC



### **APPROVALS**

• UL recognised, File No. E91231 Package System " TT "

# 'X'SPECIFICATIONAPPROVALS

- IS621, IS622, IS623 approved to VDE 0884 in 3 available lead form:-
  - -STD
  - -Gform
  - SMD approved to CECC 00802

## DESCRIPTION

The IS62\_Series are optically coupled isolators consisting of a Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diode coupled with a monolithic silicon detector performing the functions of a zero crossing bilateral triac mounted in a standard 6 pin dual-in-line package.

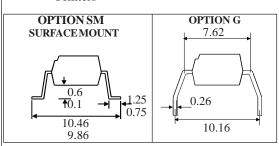
### **FEATURES**

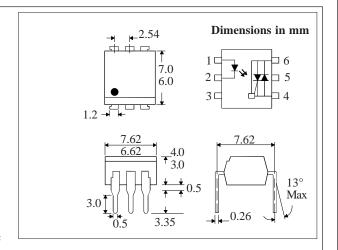
- Options: 
   10mm lead spread add G after part no.

   Surface mount add SM after part no.
   Tape&reel add SMT&R after part no.
- High Isolation Voltage (5.3kV<sub>RMS</sub>)
- Zero Voltage Crossing
- 600V Peak Blocking Voltage
- All electrical parameters 100% tested
- Custom electrical selections available

### **APPLICATIONS**

- CRTs
- Power Triac Driver
- Motors
- Consumer appliances
- Printers





# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (25 °C unless otherwise noted)

Storage Temperature	-55°C-+150°C
Operating Temperature	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} - +100^{\circ}\text{C}$
Lead Soldering Temperature	260°C
(1.6mm from case for 10 seconds	s)

### INPUT DIODE

Forward Current	_ 50mA	
Reverse Voltage	_ 6V	
Power Dissipation	_ 120mW	
(derate linearly 1.41mW/°C above 25°C)		

### **OUTPUT PHOTO TRIAC**

Off-State Output Terminal Voltage	600V
Forward Current (Peak)	1A
Power Dissipation	150mW
(derate linearly 1.76mW/°C above 25°C	C)

### POWER DISSIPATION

Total Power Dissipation —	250mW
(derate linearly 2.94mW/°C above	25°C)

## ISOCOM COMPONENTS 2004 LTD

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1777/08 DB92005

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (  $\rm T_{_{A}}$  = 25°C Unless otherwise noted )

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITION
Input	Forward Voltage $(V_F)$ Reverse Current $(I_R)$		1.2 0.05	1.4 10	V μA	$I_{\rm F} = 20 \text{mA}$ $V_{\rm R} = 6 \text{V}$
Output	Peak Off-state Current ( $I_{DRM}$ ) Peak Blocking Voltage ( $V_{DRM}$ ) On-state Voltage ( $V_{TM}$ )	600		500 3.0	nA V V	$V_{DRM} = 600 \text{V (note 1)}$ $I_{DRM} = 500 \text{nA}$ $I_{TM} = 100 \text{mA (peak)}$
	off-state Voltage ( dv/dt )	600	1500		V/µs	
Coupled	Input Current to Trigger ( I <sub>FT</sub> )(note 2 ) IS620 IS621 IS622 IS623			30 15 10 5	mA mA mA	$V_{TM} = 3V \text{ (note 2)}$
	$\begin{aligned} & \text{Holding Current , either direction ( I}_{_{\text{H}}}) \\ & \text{Input to Output Isolation Voltage V}_{_{\text{ISO}}} \end{aligned}$	5300	400		$\mu A \\ V_{RMS}$	See note 3
Zero Crossing Charact-	Inhibit Voltage (V <sub>IH</sub> )				20 V	I <sub>F</sub> = Rated I <sub>FT</sub> MT1-MT2 Voltage above which device
-eristic	Leakage in Inhibited State ( $I_S$ )			500	μΑ	will not trigger $I_F = Rated I_{FT}$ $V_{DRM} = 600 V off-state$

17/7/08 DB92005m-AAS/A5

Note 1. Test voltage must be applied within dv/dt rating. Note 2. Guaranteed to trigger at an  $I_F$  value less than or equal to max.  $I_{FT}$ , recommended  $I_F$  lies between Rated  $I_{FT}$  and absolute max.  $I_{FT}$ . Note 3. Measured with input leads shorted together and output leads shorted together.