

KBP301G – KBP307G

KBP

BRIDGE RECTIFIERS

FEATURES

- UL Recognized File # E469616
- Diffused Junction
- Low Forward Voltage Drop
- High Current Capability
- High Reliability
- High Surge Current Capability
- Ideal for Printed Circuit Boards

MECHANICAL DATA

Case: Molded Plastic

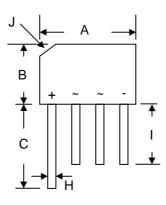
MIL-STD-202, Method 208

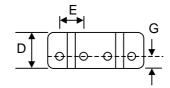
Polarity: As Marked on Body

• Weight: 1.7 grams (approx.)

Mounting Position: AnyMarking: Type Number

• Lead Free: For RoHS / Lead Free Version,





KBP						
Dim	Min	Max				
Α	14.22	15.24				
В	10.60	11.68				
С	15.2	_				
D	3.40	4.20				
Е	3.60	4.10				
G	1.27	_				
Н	0.70	0.90				
ı	12.7	_				
J	4.2 x 45° Typical					
All Dimensions in mm						

Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics @T_A=25°C unless otherwise specified

Single Phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load. For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

Characteristic	Symbol	KBP 301G	KBP 302G	KBP 303G	KBP 304G	KBP 305G	KBP 306G	KBP 307G	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage Working Peak Reverse Voltage DC Blocking Voltage	VRRM VRWM VR	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
RMS Reverse Voltage	VR(RMS)	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	٧
Average Rectified Output Current (Note 1)	lo	3.0					А		
Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	IFSM	80							А
Forward Voltage (per element) @I _F = 3.0A	VFM	1.1					V		
	lгм	10 500					μΑ		
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 3)	R_{θ} JA	30						K/W	
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	Tj, Tstg	-55 to +150						°C	

Note: 1. Leads maintained at ambient temperature at a distance of 9.5mm from the case.

- 2. Measured at 1.0 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V D.C.
- 3. Thermal resistance junction to ambient mounted on PC board with 12mm² copper pad.





Characteristic Curves (T_A =25 $^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise noted)

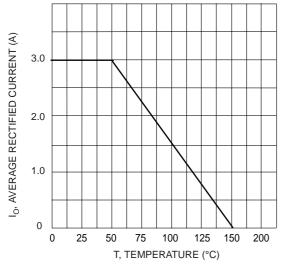


Fig. 1 Forward Current Derating Curve

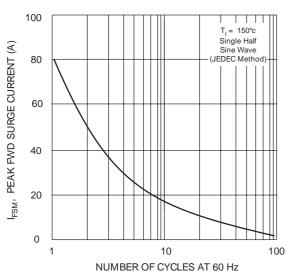
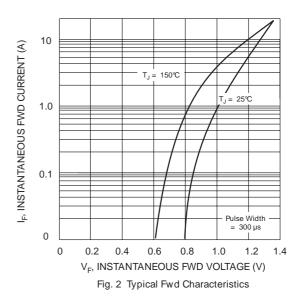


Fig. 3 Max Non-Repetitive Peak Fwd Surge Current



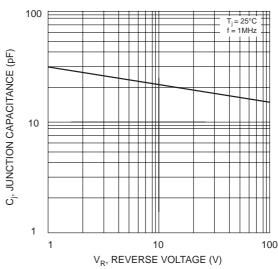
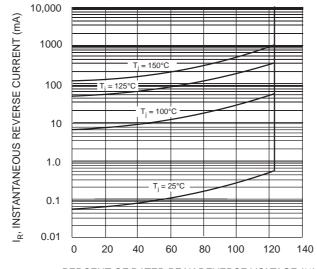


Fig. 4 Typical Junction Capacitance



PERCENT OF RATED PEAK REVERSE VOLTAGE (%)

Fig. 5 Typical Reverse Characteristics