

NOT RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGNS

Contact Linear Technology for Potential Replacement

FEATURES

- 1A, 0.5Ω , 30V Internal Switch
- 1.1MHz Fixed Frequency Operation
- Operates with V_{IN} as Low as 1.5V
- Low-Battery Detector Stays Active in Shutdown
- Low V_{CESAT} Switch: 410mV at 800mA
- Pin-for-Pin Compatible with the LT1317B
- Uses Ceramic Capacitors
- Small 8-Lead MSOP Package

APPLICATIONS

- LCD Bias Supplies
- GPS Receivers
- Battery Backup
- Portable Electronic Equipment
- Diagnostic Medical Instrumentation

1.1MHz, 1A Switch PWM DC/DC Converter

June 2000

DESCRIPTION

The LT®1949-1 is a fixed frequency step-up DC/DC converter with a 1A, 0.5Ω internal switch. Capable of generating 10V at 175mA from a 3.3V input, the LT1949-1 is ideal for generating bias voltages for large screen LCD panels. Constant frequency 1.1MHz operation results in a low noise output that is easy to filter and the 30V switch rating allows output voltage up to 28V using a single inductor. The high switching frequency allows the use of ceramic output capacitors. An external compensation pin gives the user flexibility in optimizing loop compensation, allowing small, low ESR ceramic capacitors to be used at the output. The 8-lead MSOP package ensures a low profile overall solution.

The LT1949-1 includes a low-battery detector that stays alive when the device goes into shutdown. Quiescent current in shutdown is $50\mu A$, while operating current is 8mA.

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TYPICAL APPLICATION

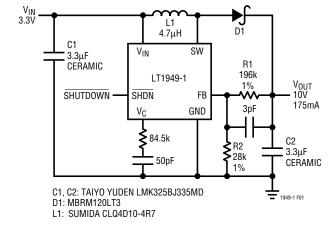


Figure 1. 3.3V to 10V/175mA DC/DC Converter

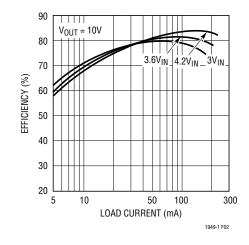


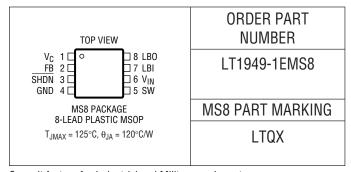
Figure 2. 3.3V to 10V Converter Efficiency



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)	
V _{IN} , LBO Voltage	12V
SW Voltage	0.4V to 30V
FB Voltage	V _{IN} + 0.3V
V _C Voltage	2V
LBI Voltage	$0V \le V_{LBI} \le 1V$
SHDN Voltage	6V
Junction Temperature	125°C
Operating Temperature Range (Note 2)	40°C to 85°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10sec)	300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult factory for Industrial and Military grade parts.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_{IN} = 2V$, $V_{\overline{SHDN}} = 2V$ unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
IQ	Quiescent Current	V _{SHDN} = 0V	•		8 50	14 80	mA μA
V_{FB}	Feedback Voltage		•	1.22 1.20	1.24 1.24	1.26 1.26	V
I _B	FB Pin Bias Current (Note 3)		•		24	150	nA
	Input Voltage Range		•	1.7		12	V
g _m	Error Amp Transconductance	$\Delta I = 5\mu A$	•	140	280	480	μmhos
A _V	Error Amp Voltage Gain				700		V/V
	Maximum Duty Cycle		•	80	85		%
	Switch Current Limit (Note 4)	V _{IN} = 2.5V, Duty Cycle = 30%		1	1.1	1.5	А
f _{OSC}	Switching Frequency		•	0.85	1.1	1.35	MHz
	Shutdown Pin Current	V _{SHDN} = V _{IN} V _{SHDN} = 0V	•		0.015 -5	0.1 -14	μA μA
	LBI Threshold Voltage		•	190 180	200 200	210 220	mV mV
	LBO Output Low	I _{SINK} = 10μA	•		0.15	0.25	V
	LBO Leakage Current	V _{LBI} = 250mV, V _{LBO} = 5V	•		20	100	nA
	LBI Input Bias Current (Note 5)	V _{LBI} = 150mV	•		30	120	nA
	Low-Battery Detector Gain	1MΩ Pull-Up			2000		V/V
	Switch Leakage Current	V _{SW} = 5V	•		0.01	3	μА
	Switch V _{CESAT}	I _{SW} = 800mA I _{SW} = 500mA	•		410 270	400	mV mV
	Reference Line Regulation	$1.8V \le V_{IN} \le 12V$			0.08		%/V
	SHDN Input Voltage High		•	1.4		6	V
	SHDN Input Voltage Low		•			0.4	V

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

Note 2: The LT1949-1E is guaranteed to meet performance specifications from 0° C to 70° C. Specifications over the -40° C to 85° C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.

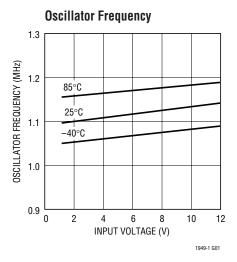
Note 3: Bias current flows into FB pin.

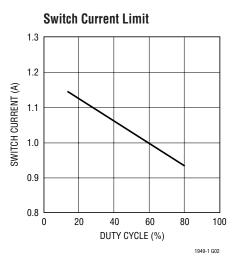
Note 4: Switch current limit guaranteed by design and/or correlation to static tests. Duty cycle affects current limit due to ramp generator.

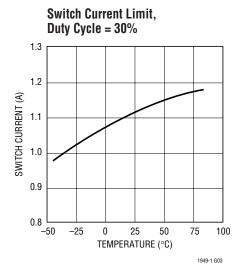
Note 5: Bias current flows out of LBI pin.

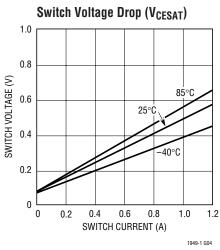


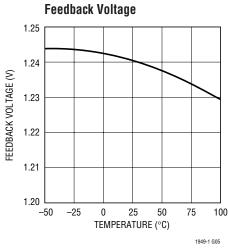
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

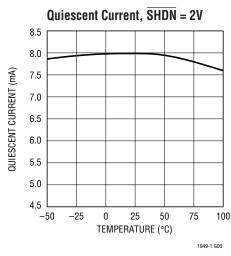


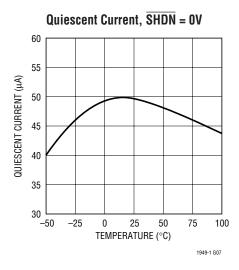


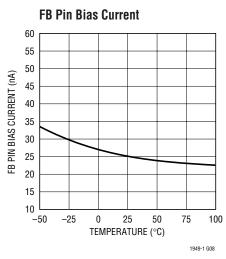


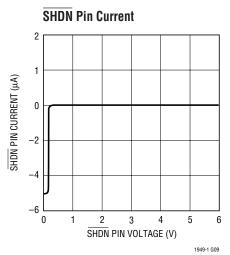






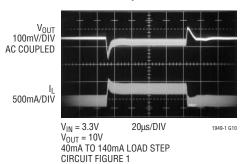






TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Transient Response



PIN FUNCTIONS

 V_{C} (Pin 1): Compensation Pin for Error Amplifier. Connect a series RC network from this pin to ground. Typical values for compensation are a 30k/330pF combination when using ceramic output capacitors. Minimize trace area at V_{C} .

FB (**Pin 2**): Feedback Pin. Reference voltage is 1.24V. Connect resistor divider tap here. Minimize trace area at FB. Set V_{OUT} according to: $V_{OUT} = 1.24V(1 + R1/R2)$.

SHDN (Pin 3): Shutdown. Pull this pin low for shutdown mode (only the low-battery detector remains active). Leave this pin floating or <u>tie to a</u> voltage between 1.4V and 6V to enable the device. SHDN pin is logic level and need only meet the logic specification (1.4V for high, 0.4V for low).

GND (Pin 4): Ground. Connect directly to local ground plane.

SW (**Pin 5**): Switch Pin. Connect inductor/diode here. Minimize trace area at this pin to keep EMI down.

 V_{IN} (Pin 6): Supply Pin. Must be bypassed close to the pin.

LBI (Pin 7): Low-Battery Detector Input. 200mV reference. Voltage on LBI must stay between ground and 700mV. Low-battery detector remains active in shutdown mode.

LBO (Pin 8): Low-Battery Detector Output. Open collector, can sink $10\mu A$. A $1M\Omega$ pull-up is recommended.



BLOCK DIAGRAM

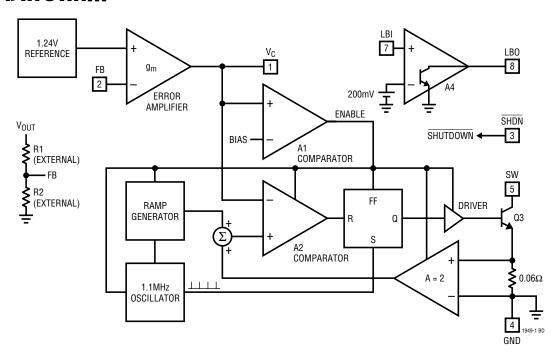


Figure 3. LT1949-1 Block Diagram

OPERATION

The LT1949-1 is a current mode, fixed frequency step-up DC/DC converter with an internal 1A NPN power transistor. Operation can best be understood by referring to the Block Diagram.

At the beginning of each oscillator cycle, the flip-flop is set and the switch is turned on. Current in the switch ramps up until the voltage at A2's positive input reaches the V_{C} pin voltage, causing A2's output to change state and the switch to be turned off. The signal at A2's positive input is a summation of a signal representing switch current and a ramp generator (introduced to avoid subharmonic oscillations at duty factors greater than 50%). If the load increases, V_{OUT} (and FB) will drop slightly and the error amplifier will drive V_{C} to a higher voltage, causing current in the switch to increase. In this way, the error amplifier drives the V_{C} pin to the voltage necessary to satisfy the load. Frequency compensation is provided by an external series RC network connected between the V_{C} pin and ground.

Layout Hints

The LT1949-1 switches current at high speed, mandating careful attention to layout for proper performance. *You will not get advertised performance with careless layouts.* Figure 4 shows recommended component placement for a boost (step-up) converter. Follow this closely in your PC layout. Note the direct path of the switching loops. Input capacitor C1 *must* be placed close (<5mm) to the IC package. As little as 10mm of wire or PC trace from C_{IN} to V_{IN} will cause problems such as inability to regulate or oscillation.

The ground terminal of output capacitor C2 should tie close to Pin 4 of the LT1949-1. Doing this reduces dl/dt in the ground copper which keeps high frequency spikes to a minimum. The DC/DC converter ground should tie to the PC board ground plane at one place only, to avoid introducing dl/dt in the ground plane.



OPERATION

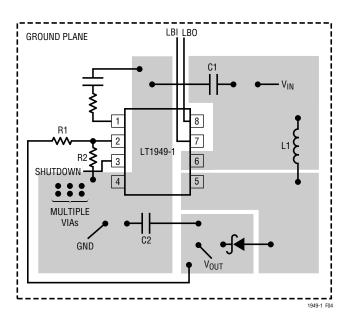


Figure 4. Recommended Component Placement for Boost Converter. Note Direct High Current Paths Using Wide PC Traces. Minimize Trace Area at Pin 1 (V_C) and Pin 2 (FB). Use Multiple Vias to Tie Pin 4 Copper to Ground Plane. Use Vias at One Location Only to Avoid Introducing Switching Currents into the Ground Plane

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Low-Battery Detector

The LT1949-1's low-battery detector is a simple PNP input gain stage with an open collector NPN output. The negative input of the gain stage is tied internally to a 200mV $\pm 5\%$ reference. The positive input is the LBI pin. Arrangement as a low-battery detector is straightforward.

Figure 5 details hookup. R1 and R2 need only be low enough in value so that the bias current of the LBI pin doesn't cause large errors. For R2, 49.9k is adequate. The 200mV reference can also be accessed as shown in Figure 6. The low-battery detector remains active in shutdown.

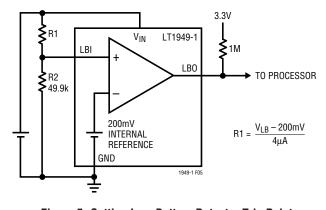


Figure 5. Setting Low-Battery Detector Trip Point

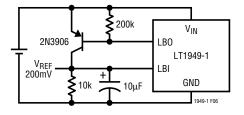
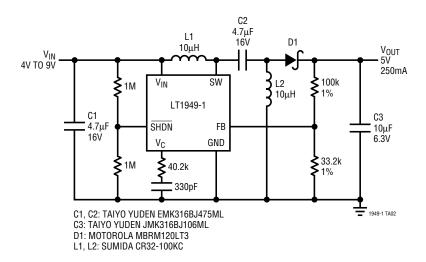


Figure 6. Accessing 200mV Reference



TYPICAL APPLICATION

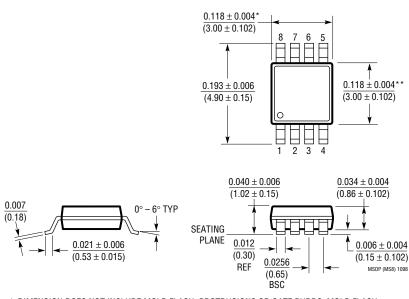
4 Cell to 5V SEPIC Converter



PACKAGE DESCRIPTION Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

MS8 Package 8-Lead Plastic MSOP

(LTC DWG # 05-08-1660)

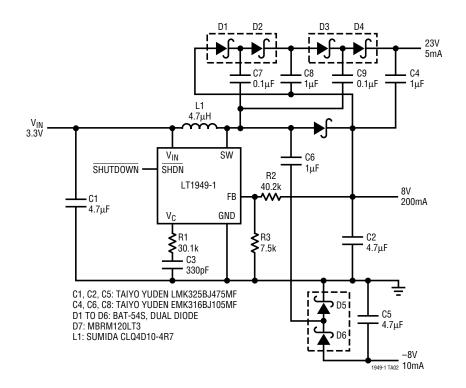


- * DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE
- ** DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
 INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE



TYPICAL APPLICATION

Low Profile Triple Output LCD Bias Generator



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT1302	High Output Current Micropower DC/DC Converter	5V/600mA from 2V, 2A Internal Switch, 200μA I _Q
LT1304	2-Cell Micropower DC/DC Converter	Low-Battery Detector Active in Shutdown
LT1307B	Single Cell Micropower 600kHz PWM DC/DC Converter	3.3V at 75mA from 1 Cell, MSOP Package
LT1308B	2A 600kHz PWM DC/DC Converter	36V Switch, Fixed Frequency Operation, SO-8 and TSSOP Packages
LT1317B	Micropower, 600kHz PWM DC/DC Converter	2 Cells to 3.3V at 200mA, MSOP Package
LT1377	Monolithic 1MHz, 1.5A Switching Regulator	Regulates Positive or Negative Outputs, Ext Synchronization
LT1613	Single Cell 1.4MHz PWM DC/DC Converter	3.3V to 5V at 200mA, SOT-23 Package
LT1615	Micropower Boost Converter in SOT-23	$I_Q = 20\mu A$, < 1 μA in Shutdown, V_{OUT} Up to 34V
LT1930	1.2MHz Boost Converter in SOT-23	1A, 36V Internal Switching, V _{IN} = 2.6V to 16V
LT1949	600kHz, 1A Switch PWM DC/DC Converter	1A, 0.5Ω , 30V Internal Switch, 8-Lead MSOP and SO Packages