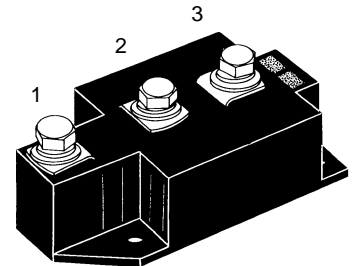
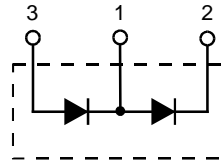


High Power Diode Modules

$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 450 \text{ A}$
 $I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 290 \text{ A}$
 $V_{RRM} = 800-1600 \text{ V}$

| V_{RSM} V | V_{RRM} V | Type |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| 900 | 800 | MDD 250-08N1 |
| 1300 | 1200 | MDD 250-12N1 |
| 1500 | 1400 | MDD 250-14N1 |
| 1700 | 1600 | MDD 250-16N1 |



| Symbol | Test Conditions | Maximum Ratings | |
|---------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| I_{FRMS} | $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ | 450 A | |
| I_{FAVM} | $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$ | 290 A | |
| I_{FSM} | $T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$ | $t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ | 11 000 A |
| | | $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ | 11 700 A |
| | $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$ | $t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ | 9000 A |
| | | $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ | 9600 A |
| $\int i^2 dt$ | $T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$ | $t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ | 605 000 A^2s |
| | | $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ | 560 000 A^2s |
| | $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$ | $t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ | 405 000 A^2s |
| | | $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ | 380 000 A^2s |
| T_{VJ} | | -40...+150 $^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| T_{VJM} | | 150 $^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| T_{stg} | | -40...+125 $^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| V_{ISOL} | 50/60 Hz, RMS $t = 1 \text{ min}$ | 3000 V~ | |
| | $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$ $t = 1 \text{ s}$ | 3600 V~ | |
| M_d | Mounting torque (M5) | 2.5-5/22-44 Nm/lb.in. | |
| | Terminal connection torque (M8) | 12-15/106-132 Nm/lb.in. | |
| Weight | Typical including screws | 320 g | |

Features

- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3 -ceramic base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered, E 72873

Applications

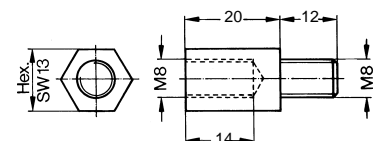
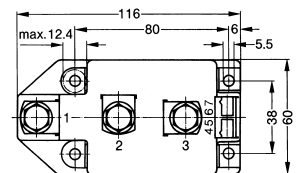
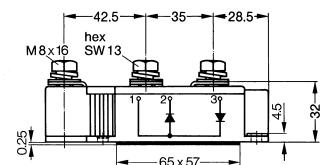
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

| Symbol | Test Conditions | Characteristic Values |
|------------|--|-----------------------|
| I_{RRM} | $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$ | 40 mA |
| V_F | $I_F = 600 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.3 V |
| V_{T0} | For power-loss calculations only | 0.75 V |
| r_T | $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ | 0.75 $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| R_{thJC} | per diode; DC current per module | 0.129 K/W |
| | | |
| R_{thJK} | per diode; DC current per module | 0.169 K/W |
| | | 0.0845 K/W |
| Q_s | $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 400 \text{ A}; -di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ | 760 μC |
| I_{RM} | | 275 A |
| d_s | Creepage distance on surface | 12.7 mm |
| d_A | Strike distance through air | 9.6 mm |
| a | Maximum allowable acceleration | 50 m/s^2 |

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Threaded spacer for higher Anode/Cathode construction: Type ZY 250, material brass

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

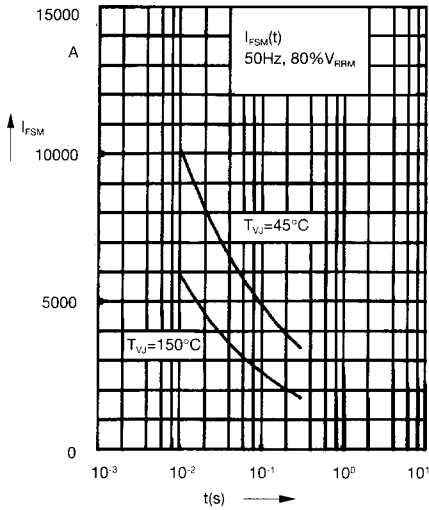


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

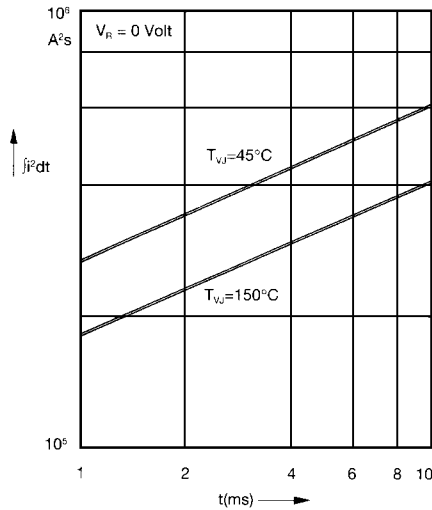


Fig. 2 j^2t versus time (1-10 ms)

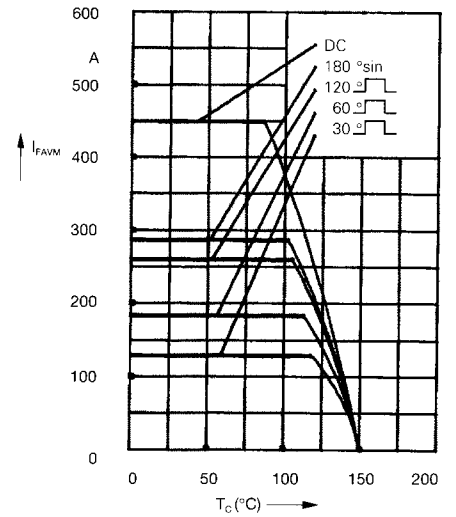


Fig. 2a Maximum forward current at case temperature

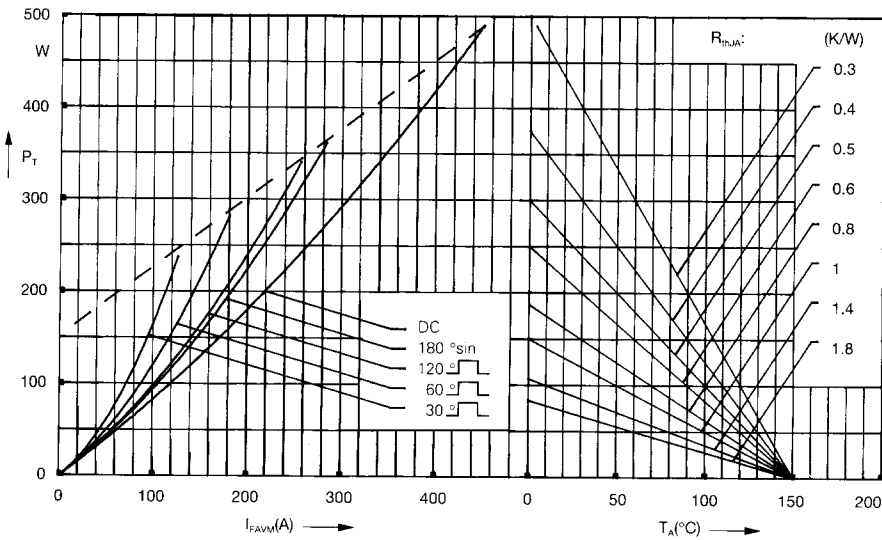


Fig. 3 Power dissipation versus forward current and ambient temperature (per diode)

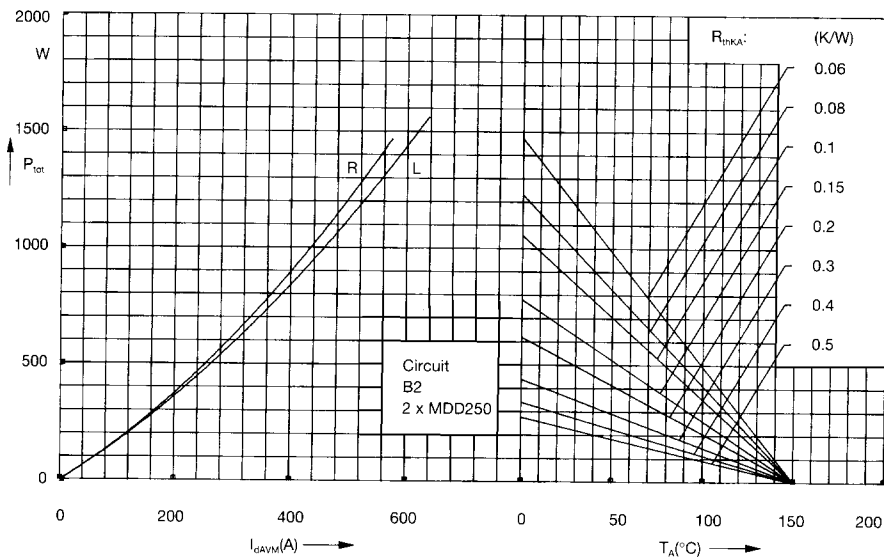


Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge:
 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature
 R = resistive load
 L = inductive load

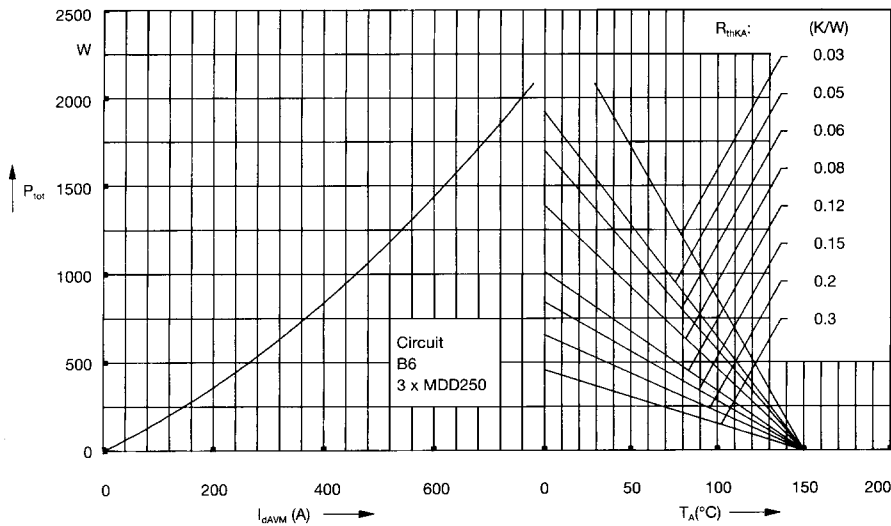


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

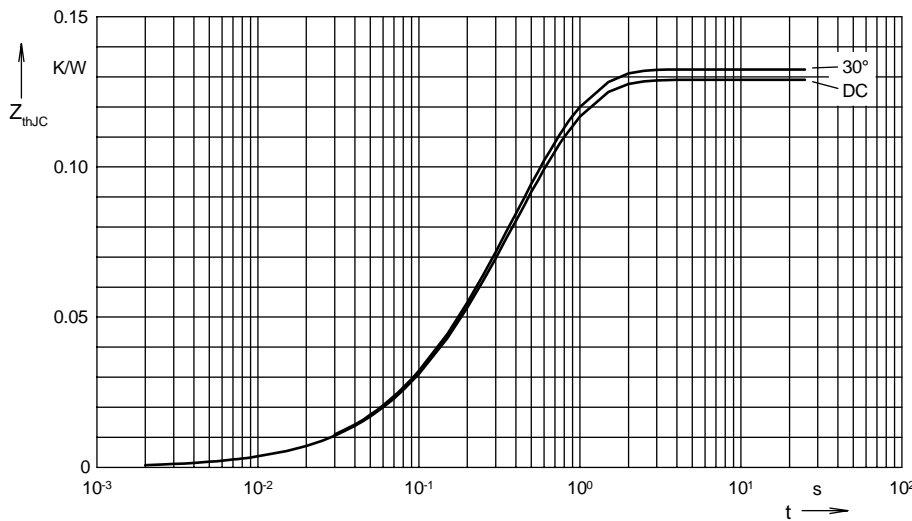


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

| d | R_{thJC} (K/W) |
|------|------------------|
| DC | 0.129 |
| 180° | 0.131 |
| 120° | 0.132 |
| 60° | 0.132 |
| 30° | 0.133 |

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

| i | R_{thi} (K/W) | t_i (s) |
|---|-----------------|-----------|
| 1 | 0.0035 | 0.0099 |
| 2 | 0.0165 | 0.168 |
| 3 | 0.1091 | 0.456 |

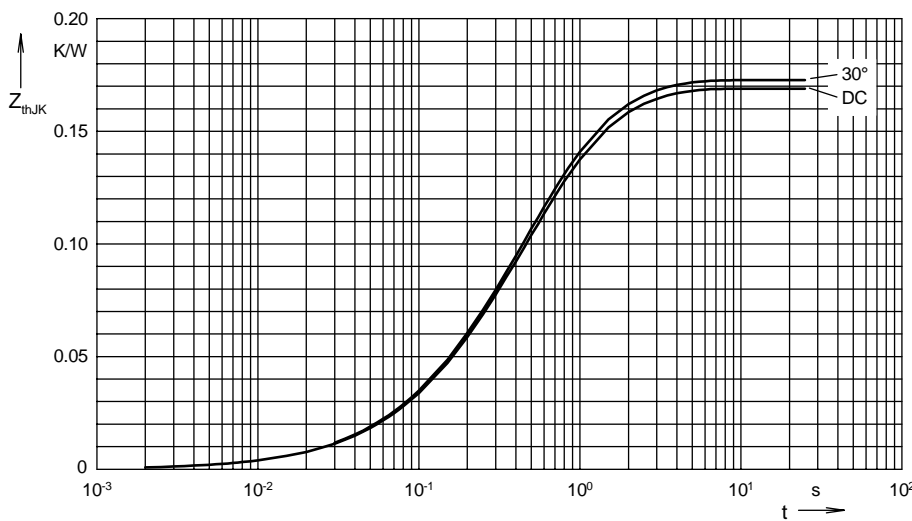


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

| d | R_{thJK} (K/W) |
|------|------------------|
| DC | 0.169 |
| 180° | 0.171 |
| 120° | 0.172 |
| 60° | 0.172 |
| 30° | 0.173 |

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

| i | R_{thi} (K/W) | t_i (s) |
|---|-----------------|-----------|
| 1 | 0.0035 | 0.0099 |
| 2 | 0.0165 | 0.168 |
| 3 | 0.1091 | 0.456 |
| 4 | 0.04 | 1.36 |