# 8/16-bit Data Bus Static RAM Card

**Connector Type** 

Two-piece 68-pin

MF365A-LYCATXX MF3129-LYCATXX MF3257-LYCATXX MF3513-LYCATXX MF31M1-LYCATXX MF32M1-LYCATXX MF34M1-LYCATXX

### 1. DESCRIPTION

Mitsubishi's Static RAM cards provide large memory capacities on a device approximately the size of a credit card (85.6mm×54mm×3.3mm). The cards use a 8/16 bit data-bus.

Available in 64KB, 128KB, 256KB, 512KB, 1 MB, 2 MB and 4 MB capacities, Mitsubishi's SRAM cards conform to the PC Card Standard. Mitsubishi achieved high density memory, while maintaining credit size by using a thin small outline packaging technology (TSOP). The TSOP surpasses conventional memory card chip-on-board packaging technology where larger, surface-mount devices result in a tradeoff between card size and optimum memory density. The TSOP, with external leads spaced on 20-mil centers, is over four times smaller than standard equivalent pin count surface-mount packages. This allows up to 8 memory ICs (plus interface circuitry) to be mounted in a card that in only 3.3mm thick.

#### 2. FEATURES

- ■Uses TSOP (Thin Small Outline Package) to achieve very high memory density coupled with high reliability, without enlarging card size
- ■Electrostatic discharge protection to 15kV
- ■Buffered interface
- ■Write protect switch
- ■68pin

#### 3. APPLICATIONS

■Office automation

■Data Communication

**■**Computers

■Industrial

■Telecommunications ■Consumer

### 4. PRODUCT LIST

Item Type name	Memory capacity	Data Bus width(bits)	Attribute memory	Auxiliary battery
MF365A-LYCATXX	64KB			
MF3129-LYCATXX	128KB			
MF3257-LYCATXX	256KB			
MF3513-LYCATXX	512KB	8/16	NO	NO
MF31M1-LYCATXX	1MB			
MF32M1-LYCATXX	2MB			
MF34M1-LYCATXX	4MB			

#### 5. SUMMARY

MF3XXX-LYCATXX series is the Static RAM cards which has 8/16 bit changeable data-bus width. The card has a replaceable lithium battery to maintain data in memory. When the card is not use or the supply voltage drops, the battery will automatically maintain data in memory.

### 6. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The function of the card is determined by the combination of the following five control signals, REG#, CE1#, CE2#, OE#, WE#; active low signals. (Please refer to section 10 FUNCTION TABLE on page 5) (1)COMMON MEMORY FUNCTION

When REG# signal is high level, the common memory area is selected.

### (a)READ MODE

To read, WE# is set high level and CE1# or CE2# is set low level and the memory address is applied at inputs A0-A21(4MB). Setting OE# low level executes the reading with output at data-bus. It is available to make the following functions according to the combination of CE1# and CE2#.

When CE1# is set low level and CE2# is set high level, the card operates as an 8 bit data-bus width card. The data can be dealt with lower data-bus(D0-D7).

When both CE1# and CE2# are set low level, the card operates as a 16 bit data-bus width card. At this mode LSB of address-bus (A0) is ignored.

In addition odd byte can be accessed through upper data-bus(D8-D15) when CE1# is set high level and CE2# is set low level. This mode is useful when handling only odd bytes in the 16 bit data-bus interface system (A0 is ignored).

When both CE1# and CE2# are set high level, the card becomes a standby mode where the card consumes low power and the data-bus is placed in high impedance state (above functions of CE1# and CE2# are the same as in the following modes).

When both OE# and WE# are set high level, the card becomes a output disable mode and the data-bus is placed in high impedance state.

#### (b)WRITE MODE

To write, the memory address is first applied at inputs A0-A21(4MB) and the data is applied at output pins. Setting CE1# or CE2# low level, WE# low level and OE# high level executes the writing.

### (2) ATTRIBUTE MEMORY FUNCTION

When REG# is set low level, the attribute memory area is selected. MF3XXX-LYCATXX series have no attribute memory, but outputs FFh on the lower data-bus(D0-D7) when the following conditions are applied (a)setting CE1# low, CE2# high, OE# low, WE# high and A0 low

(b)setting CE1# low, CE2# low, OE# low and WE# high

### 7. WRITE PROTECT MODE

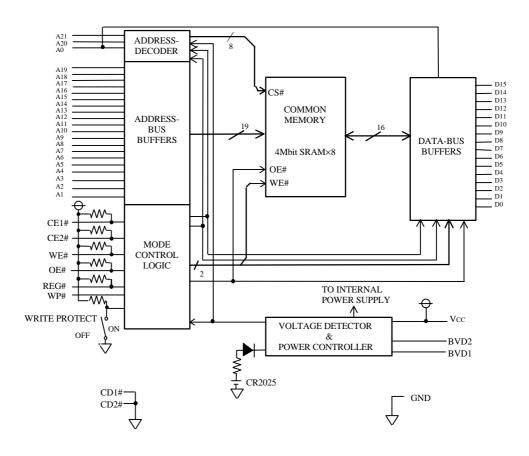
When the write protect switch is switched on, this card goes into a write protect mode that can read but not write data. In this mode, WP pin becomes "H" level.

At the shipment the write protect switch is switched off (Normal mode : The card can be written ; WP pin indicates "L" level).

# 8. PIN ASSIGNMENTS

Pin			Pin		
No.	Symbol	Function	No.	Symbol	Function
1	GND	Ground	35	GND	Ground
2	D3	)	36	CD1#	Card detect 1
3	D4		37	D11	
4	D5	> Data I/O	38	D12	
5	D6		39	D13	> Data I/O
6	D7	J	40	D14	
7	CE1#	Card enable 1	41	D15	γ
8	A10	Address input	42	CE2#	Card enable 2
9	OE#	Output enable	43	NC	
10	A11	j	44	NC	No connection
11	A9		45	NC	γ
12	A8	Address input	46	A17	A17 (NC for $\leq$ 128KB types)
13	A13		47	A18	A18 (NC for $\leq$ 256KB types)
14	A14	J	48	A19	A19 (NC for $\leq$ 512KB types) Address
15	WE#	Write enable	49	A20	A20 (NC for $\leq$ 1MB type) input
16	NC	No connection	50	A21	A21 (NC for $\leq$ 2MB type)
17	VCC	Power supply voltage	51	VCC	Power supply voltage
18	NC	No connection	52	NC	<u> </u>
19	A16	\A16 (NC for 64KB type)	53	NC	
20	A15		54	NC	
21	A12		55	NC	
22	A7		56	NC	> No connection
23	A6	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	57	NC	
24	A5	Address input	58	NC NC	
25 26	A4 A3		59 60	NC NC	)
27	A3 A2		61	REG#	Attribute memory calcut
28	A2 A1		62	BVD2	Attribute memory select Battery voltage detect 2
29	A1 A0		63	BVD2 BVD1	Battery voltage detect 2  Battery voltage detect 1
30	D0	1	64	D8	Datiety voltage detect 1
31	D0 D1	Data I/O	65	D8 D9	Data I/O
32	D1		66	D10	
33	WP	Write protect	67	CD2#	Card detect 2
34	GND	Ground	68	GND	Ground

### 9. BLOCK DIAGRAM (4MB) (MF34M1-LYCATXX)



# 10. FUNCTION TABLE

Mode	REG#	CE1#	CE2#	OE#	WE#	A0	I/O (D15~D8)	I/O (D7~D0)	Icc
Standby	X	Н	Н	X	X	X	High-impedance	High-impedance	standby
Read A (16bit)	Н	L	L	L	Н	X	Odd Byte	Even Byte	Active
common							Data out	Data out	
Write A (16bit)	Н	L	L	Н	L	X	Odd Byte	Even Byte	Active
common							Data in	Data in	
Read B (8bit)	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L	High-impedance	Even Byte	Active
								Data out	
common	Н	L	Н	L	Н	Н	High-impedance	Odd Byte	Active
								Data out	
Write B (8bit)	Н	L	Н	Н	L	L	High-impedance	Even Byte Data in	Active
common	Н	L	Н	Н	L	Н	High-impedance	Odd Byte Data in	Active
Read C (8bit)	Н	Н	L	L	Н	X	Odd Byte	High-impedance	Active
common							Data out		
Write C (8bit)	Н	Н	L	Н	L	X	Odd Byte	High-impedance	Active
common							Data in		
Output disable	X	X	X	Н	Н	X	High-impedance	High-impedance	Active
Read A (16bit)	L	L	L	L	Н	X	Data out	Data out	Active
attribute							(unknown)	(FFh)	
Read B (8bit)	L	L	Н	L	Н	L	High-impedance	Data out	Active
attribute								(FFh)	
	L	L	Н	L	Н	Н	High-impedance	Data out	Active
								(unknown)	
Read C (8bit)	L	Н	L	L	Н	X	Data out	High-impedance	Active
attribute							(unknown)		

Note 1 : H=Vih, L=Vil, X=Vih or Vil

# 11. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage		-0.3~6.0	V
VI	Input voltage	With respect to GND	-0.3~Vcc+0.3	V
Vo	Output voltage		0~Vcc	V
Topr1	Operating temperature 1	Read, Write Operation	0~60	°C
Topr2	Operating temperature 2	Data retention	0~60	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature	Excludes data retention	-20~70	°C

# 12. RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Ta=0~55°C, unless otherwise noted)

				,		
Symbol	Parameter		Unit			
by moor	T utumotor	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Vcc	Vcc Supply voltage	4.50	5.0	5.25	V	
GND	System ground		0		V	
VIH	High input voltage	3.5		Vcc	V	
VIL	Low input voltage	0		0.8	V	

# **13. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Ta=0~55°C, Vcc=4.50~5.25V, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter		Test conditi	ons			Limits		Unit
					Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Vон	High output voltage	Іон= -1.	IOH = -1.0 mA			2.4			V
Vol	Low output voltage	IOL=2m	A					0.4	V
Іін	High input current	V <sub>I</sub> =V <sub>c</sub> c	V					10	μΑ
IIL	Low input current	VI=0V	CE1#, CE2#, WI	E#, OE#, R	EG#	-10		-70	μΑ
			Other inputs					-10	
IOZH	High output current	CE1#=C	E2#=Vih or OE#=	VIH WE#=	=Vih,			10	μA
	in off state	Vo=Vcc							
Iozl	Low output current		E2#=Vih or OE#=	VIH WE#=	=Vih,			-10	μΑ
	in off state	Vo=0V							
Icc 1 • 1	Active supply	CE1#=C	E2#=VIL,	64KB~	16bit			170	mA
	current 1	Other in	puts= VIH or VIL	512KB	8bit			115	
		Outputs=	open=	1MB~	16bit			230	
				4MB	8bit			155	
Icc 1 • 2	Active supply	CE1#=C	E2# ≤ 0.2V	64KB~	16bit			160	mA
	current 2	Other in	puts $\leq 0.2V$ or	512KB	8bit			110	
			≥ Vcc-0.2V	1MB~	16bit			220	
		Outputs=	=open	4MB	8bit			150	
Icc 2 • 1	Standby supply	CE1#=C	E2#=Vін	64KB	~4MB			10	mA
	current 1	Other in	puts=VIH or VIL						
Icc 2 • 2	Standby supply	CE1#=C	$E2# \ge Vcc-0.2V$	64KB~	512KB		0.15	0.45	mA
	current 2	Other in	puts $\leq 0.2V$ or	1MB~	-4MB		0.30	0.65	
		$\geq$ Vcc-0.	2V						
VBDET1	Battery detect	Vcc=5V	, Ta=25°C			2.27	2.37	2.47	V
	reference voltage								
VBDET2	Battery detect	Vcc=5V	, Ta=25°C			2.55	2.65	2.75	V
	reference voltage								

Note 2: Currents flowing into the card are taken as positive (unsigned).

# 14. CAPACITANCE

Crymbol	Doromotor	Test conditions		Limits			
Symbol Parameter Test cond	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Cı	Input capacitance	VI=GND, vi=25mVrms f=1MHz, Ta=25°C			30	pF	
Co	Output Capacitance	Vo=GND, vo=25mVrms f=1MHz, Ta=25°C			20	pF	

Note 4: These parameters are not 100% tested.

<sup>3 :</sup> Typical values are measured at Vcc=5V, Ta=25  $^{\circ}$ C.

# 15. SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

**Read Cycle** (Ta=0~55°C, Vcc=4.5~5.25V, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Lin	nits	
		Min.	Max.	Unit
tcR	Read cycle time	150		ns
ta(A)	Address access time		150	ns
ta(CE)	Card enable access time		150	ns
ta(OE)	Output enable access time		75	ns
tdis(CE)	Output disable time (from CE#)		75	ns
tdis(OE)	Output disable time (from OE#)		75	ns
ten(CE)	Output enable time (from CE#)	5		ns
ten(OE)	Output enable time (from OE#)	5		ns
tv(A)	Data valid time (after address change)	0		ns

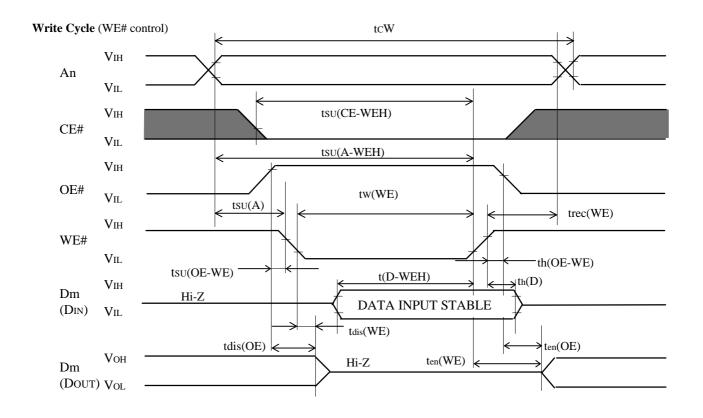
# **16. TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

Write Cycle (Ta=0~55°C, Vcc=4.5~5.25V, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Liı	Limits		
		Min.	Max.	Unit	
tcW	Write cycle time	150		ns	
tw(WE)	Write pulse width	80		ns	
tsu(A)	Address set up time	20		ns	
tsu(A-WEH)	Address set up time with respect to WE# high	100		ns	
tsu(CE-WEH)	Card enable set up time with respect to WE# high	100		ns	
t(D-WEH)	Data set up time with respect to WE# high	50		ns	
th(D)	Data hold time	20		ns	
trec(WE)	Write recovery time	20		ns	
tdis(WE)	Output disable time (from WE#)		75	ns	
tdis(OE)	Output disable time (from OE#)		75	ns	
ten(WE)	Output enable time (from WE#)	5		ns	
ten(OE)	Output enable time (from OE#)	5		ns	
tsu(OE-WE)	OE# set up time with respect to WE# low	10		ns	
th(OE-WE)	OE# hold time with respect to WE# high	10		ns	

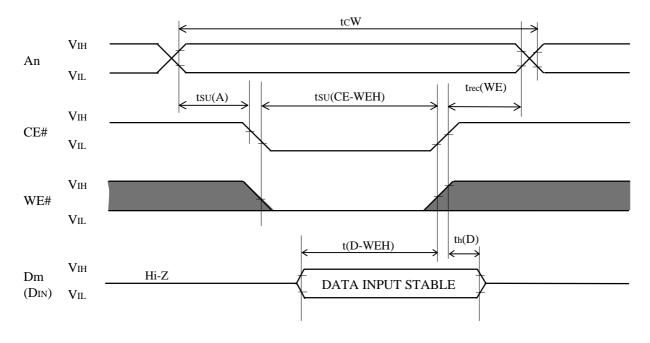
#### TIMING DIAGRAM Read Cycle tcR $V_{IH}$ An $V_{IL}$ ta(A) tv(A) ta(CE) $V_{IH}$ CE# $V_{IL} \\$ tdis(CE)ten(CE) $V_{IH}$ > ta(OE) OE# $V_{IL} \\$ ten(OE) tdis(OE) Von Hi-Z Dm **OUTPUT VALID** (DOUT) VOL

WE#="H" level REG#="H" level



REG#="H" level

### Write Cycle (CE# control)

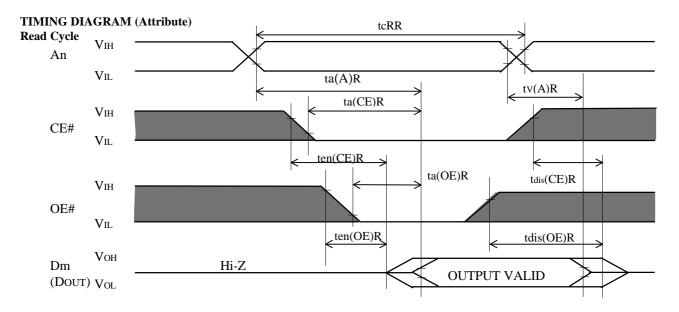


OE#="H" level REG#="H" level

### 17. SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Attribute)

**Read Cycle** (Ta=0~55°C, Vcc=4.5~5.25V, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Lin	nits	Unit
		Min.	Max.	
tcRR	Read cycle time	300		ns
ta(A)R	Address access time		300	ns
ta(CE)R	Card enable access time		300	ns
ta(OE)R	Output enable access time		150	ns
tdis(CE)R	Output disable time (from CE#)		100	ns
tdis(OE)R	Output disable time (from OE#)		100	ns
ten(CE)R	Output enable time (from CE#)	5		ns
ten(OE)R	Output enable time (from OE#)	5		ns
tV(A)R	Data valid time after address change	0		ns



WE#="H" level REG#="L" level

Note 5 : Test Conditions

Input pulse levels : VIL=0.4V, VIH=4.0V

Input pulse rise, fall time : tr=tf=10ns

Reference voltage

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Input} & : \text{Vil}=0.8\text{V}, \text{ViH}=3.5\text{V} \\ \text{Output} & : \text{Vol}=0.8\text{V}, \text{Voh}=3.0\text{V} \\ \end{array}$ 

(ten and tdis are measured when output voltage is  $\pm$  500mV from steady state.)

Load : 100pF + 1 TTL gate

5pF + 1 TTL gate (at ten and tdis measuring)

6: Indicates the don't care input

7: Writing is executed in overlap of CE# and WE# are "L" level. (only for Common Memory)

8: Don't apply inverted phase signal externally when Dm pin is in output mode.

9 : CE# is indicated as follows:

Read A/Write A: CE#=CE1#=CE2#

Read B/Write B : CE#=CE1#, CE2#="H" level Read C/Write C : CE#=CE2#, CE1#="H" level

# 18. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

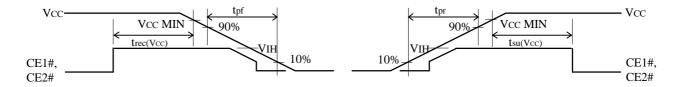
# **BATTERY BACKUP** (Ta=0~55°C, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test condi	tions		Limits		Unit
				Min.	Тур.	Max.	
VBATT	Back-up enable battery voltage	All pins open	2.6			V	
Vi(CE)	Card enable voltage	3.5V≤VCC≤5.25°	V	3.5			V
		0V≤VCC<3.5V	0V≤VCC<3.5V V		Vcc	Vcc+0.1	
			64KB			3	
	Battery back-up supply current		128KB			3	
		All pins open,	256KB			3	
		VBATT=3V,	512KB			5	μΑ
		Ta=25°C	1MB			3	
			2MB			5	
Icc			4MB			9	
(Bup)			64KB			30	
			128KB			30	
		All pins open,	256KB			30	
	Battery back-up supply current	VBATT=3V	512KB			50	μΑ
			1MB			30	
			2MB			50	
			4MB			90	

### **19. TIMING REQUIREMENTS** (Ta=0~55°C, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits			
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	
Tpr	Power supply rise time	0.1		300	ms
tpf	Power supply fall time	3		300	ms
tsu(Vcc)	Setup time at power on	20			ms
trec(Vcc)	Recovery time at power off	1000			ns

### CARD INSERTION/REMOVAL TIMING DIAGRAM



### **20.BATTERY SPECIFICATIONS**

Please use the following coin type lithium battery.

Type of main battery; CR2025 or equivalents

### 20.1 BATTERY LIFE EXPECTANCY

The calculated main battery's life expectancies are as follows.

-	main battery's life
Card Type	(when the card is
	left continuously)
MF365A-LYCATXX	5.9years
MF3129-LYCATXX	5.9years
MF3257-LYCATXX	5.9years
MF3513-LYCATXX	3.6years
MF31M1-LYCATXX	5.9years
MF32M1-LYCATXX	3.6years
MF34M1-LYCATXX	2.0years

Conditions; Temperature : 25°C Humidity : 60%RH

#### 21. CONNECTOR

The number of card insertion and removal are as follows.

Office environment 10000 times min. at speed of 10 cycles/min. 5000 times min. at speed of 10 cycles/min. Harsh environment

#### 22. CARD WEIGHT about 30g

#### 23. UL CLASS OF MAIN CARD PARTS

(1)MAIN FRAME UL94V-0 (2)PCB UL94V-0 (3)PLASTIC PART OF CONNECTOR UL94V-0

#### 24. THE BATTERY VOLTAGE DETECT SIGNALS (BVD1,2)

BVD1	BVD2	Comment
Н	Н	Battery operational
Н	L	Battery operational, but battery should be replaced
L	L	Battery and data integrity is not kept

Note 10. The battery voltage detect signals indicate the present state of the battery. They do not guarantee the data retention.

### 25.CONCERNING THE SECURITY OF DATA

There is always the possibility that a soft-error (this malfunction is not permanent hence it is called soft and the data can be restored by rewriting) may occur with semiconductor products.

When keeping the important data within an IC card, remember to give due consideration to safety when making your circuit designs, with appropriate measures such as

- (1) Keeping multiple copies of the data.
- (2) Addition of ECC or CRC by software or hardware.

# – $\triangle$ Warning ( if card with battery / card with auxiliary battery ) –

- (1)Do not charge, short, disassemble, deform, heat, or throw the batteries into fire, as they may ignite, overheat, rupture or explode.
- (2)Place the batteries out of the reach of children. If somebody swallows them, they should see a doctor immediately.
- (3)When discarding or storing the batteries, wrap them individually with cellophane tape or other nonconductive material. If they are positioned in contact with any other metals or batteries, they may explode, rupture or leak electrolyte solution.

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# OUTLINE(68P-012)

