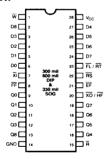
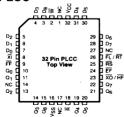
#### **FEATURES**

- First-In/First-Out static RAM based dual port memory
- · Three densities in a x9 configuration
- · Low power versions
- · Includes empty, full, and half full status flags
- Direct replacement for industry standard Mostek and IDT
- Ultra high-speed 30 MHz FIFOs available with 33 ns cycle times.
- · Fully expandable in both depth and width
- Simultaneous and asynchronous read and write
- Auto retransmit capability
- TTL compatible interface, single 5V ± 10% power supply
- Available in 28 pin 300 mil and 600 mil plastic DIP, 32 Pin PLCC and 330 mil SOG

# PIN CONFIGURATIONS 28-PIN PDIP



# 32-PIN PLCC



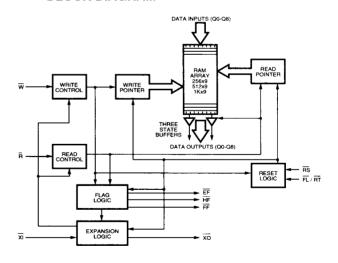
#### DESCRIPTION

The MOSEL MS7200/7201A/7202A are dual-port static RAM based CMOS First-In/First-Out (FIFO) memories organized in nine-bit wide words. The devices are configured so that data is read out in the same sequential order that it was written in. Additional expansion logic is provided to allow for unlimited expansion of both word size and depth.

The dual-port RAM array is internally sequenced by independent Read and Write pointers with no external addressing needed. Read and write operations are fully asynchronous and may occur simultaneously, even with the device operating at full speed. Status flags are provided for full, empty, and half-full conditions to eliminate data underflow and overflow. The x9 architecture provides an additional bit which may be used as a parity or control bit. In addition, the devices offer a retransmit capability which resets the Read pointer and allows for retransmission from the beginning of the data.

The MS7200/7201A/7202A are available in a range of frequencies from 10 to 30 MHz (33 - 100 ns cycle times). A low power version with a 500 $\mu$ A power down supply current is available. They are manufactured on MOSEL's high performance 1.2 $\mu$  CMOS process and operate from a single 5V power supply.

# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



MOSEL Corporation 914 West Maude Avenue, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 U.S.A 408-733-4556

# SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS

### INPUTS:

# Data In (D, - D,)

These data inputs accept 9-bit data words for sequential storage in the FIFO during write operations.

# CONTROLS:

The reset input is active LOW. When asserted, the device is asynchronously reset, and both the read and write internal pointers are set to the first location in the FIFO. A Reset is required after power-up\_before a write operation\_can occur. Both Read Enable (R) and Write Enable (W) must be HIGH during Reset.

# Read Enable (R)

The read enable input is active LOW. As long as the Empty Flag (EF) is not set, the read cycle is started on the falling edge of this signal. The data is accessed on a First-In/First-Out basis, independent of any write activity, and is presented on the Data Output pins (Q0 - Q8). When R goes HIGH the Data Output pins return to the high impedance state, and the read pointer is incremented. When the FIFO is empty or all of the data has been read, the Empty Flag will be set and further read operations are inhibited until a valid write operation has been performed.

# Write Enable (W)

The write enable input is active LOW. As long as the Full Flag (FF) is not set, the write cycle is started on the falling edge of this signal. The data present on the Data Input pins (D0 - D8) is stored sequentially, independent of any read activity. When W goes HIGH the write cycle is terminated and the write pointer is incremented. When the maximum capacity of the FIFO has been reached the Full Flag will be set, and further write operations are inhibited until a valid read operation has been performed.

# Expansion In (XI)

This input pin serves two purposes. When grounded, it indicates that the device is being operated in the single device mode. In Depth Expansion mode, <u>this</u> pin is connected to the Expansion Out Output (XO) of the previous device.

# First Load/Retransmit (FL/RT)

This is a dual-purpose input. In single device mode (when Expansion In  $(\overline{XI})$  is grounded) this pin acts as the retransmit input. A LOW pulse on this will reset the read pointer to the first memory location of the FIFO. The write pointer is unaffected. Both the read enable  $(\overline{R})$  and write enable  $(\overline{W})$  inputs must remain HIGH during the retransmit cycle.

In Depth Expansion mode this pin acts as a first load indicator. It must be grounded on the first device in the chain to indicate which device is the first to receive data.

# **OUTPUTS:**

# Data Output (Q<sub>0</sub> - Q<sub>8</sub>)

A 9 bit data word from the FIFO is output on these pins during read operations. They are in the high impedance state whenever  $\bar{R}$  is HIGH.

# Empty Flag (EF)

This output is active LOW. When all of the data has been read from the FIFO (defined as when the Read pointer is one location behind the Write pointer) this flag will be set. The Data Output pins will be forced into the high impedance state, and all further read operations will be inhibited until a valid write operation has been performed (which will reset this flag).

# Full Flag (FF)

This output is active LOW. To prevent data overflow, when the maximum capacity of the FIFO has been reached (defined as when the Write pointer is one location behind the Read pointer) this flag will be set. All further write operations will be inhibited until a valid read operation has been performed (which will reset this flag).

# Expansion Out/Half Full Flag (XO/HF)

This dual-purpose output is <u>active LOW</u>. In single device mode (when Expansion In (XI) is grounded) this flag will be set at the falling edge of the next write operation after the FIFO has reached one-half of its maximum capacity. This flag will remain set as long as the difference between the read pointer and the write pointer is greater than one-half of the maximum capacity of the FIFO.

In Depth Expansion mode, this output is connected to the Expansion In Input of the next device in the chain. The Expansion Out pin provides a pulse to the next device in the chain when the last memory location has been reached.

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	UNIT
V <sub>TERM</sub>	Terminal Voltage with Repect to GND	-0.5 to +7.0	٧
T <sub>BIAS</sub>	Temperature Under Bias	-10 to +125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	-60 to +150	°C
P <sub>↑</sub>	Power Dissipation	1.0	W
I <sub>out</sub>	DC Output Current	20	mA

 Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

# **OPERATING RANGE**

	AMBIENT	
RANGE	TEMPERATURE	Vcc
Commercial	0°C to + 70°C	5V ± 10%

# CAPACITANCE<sup>(1)</sup> ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , f = 1.0MHz)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MAX.	UNIT
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V	4	pF
Ca	Output Capacitance	$V_{DQ} = 0V$	6	pF

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (over the commercial operating range)

PARAMETER				200/72 7202 <i>A</i> 25, -35	<b>\</b>		200/72 7202 <i>4</i> 50, -80	4	
NAME	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage		-	-	0.8		-	0.8	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage		2.0	-	-	2.0	-	-	V
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input Leakage Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0Vto V <sub>CC</sub>	-1		11	-1		1	μA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = Max$ , $R = V_{IH}$ , $V_{IN} = 0V \text{ to } V_{CC}$	-10		10	-10		10	μΑ
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 8mA	-		0.4		-	0.4	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -2mA	2.4	-		2.4	-	-	V
I <sub>CC1</sub>	Operating Power Supply Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max, I <sub>I/O</sub> = 0mA, F = F <sub>m ax</sub>	-	-	125	-	50	80	mA
I <sub>CC2</sub>	Average Standby Current	$V_{CC} = Max$ , $R = W = RS = FL / RT = V_{IH}$ , $I_{I/O} = 0mA$	-	-	15	-	5	8	mA
I <sub>CCSB(S)</sub>	Power Down Supply Current (Standard Power)	$V_{CC} = Max$ , $R = W = RS = FL / RT > V_{CC} - 0.2V$ , $V_{IN} > V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} < 0.2V$	-	-	5	-	-	5	mA
CCSB(L)	Power Down Supply Current (Low Power)	$V_{CC} = Max$ , $R = W = RS = FL / RT > V_{CC} - 0.2V$ , $V_{IN} > V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} < 0.2V$	-	-	500	-	-	500	μА

#### **TRUTH TABLES**

#### SINGLE DEVICE CONFIGURATION/WIDTH EXPANSION MODE

MODE	MODE INPUTS			INTERNAL	LSTATUS	OUTPUTS			
	RS RT XI Read Pointer Write Pointer		Write Pointer	EF	FF	HF			
Reset	0	Х	0	Location Zero	Location Zero	0	1	1	
Retransmit	1	0	0	Location Zero	Unchanged	Х	X	X	
Read/Write	1	1	0	Increment (1)	Increment (1)	Х	Х	Х	

#### NOTE

#### **DEPTH EXPANSION/COMPOUND EXPANSION MODE**

MODE	MODE INPUTS			INTERNAL	STATUS	OUTPUTS		
	RS	FL	XI	Read Pointer Write Pointer		ĒF	FF	
Reset-First Device	0	0	(1)	Location Zero	Location Zero	0	1	
Reset all Other Devices	0	1	(1)	Location Zero	Unchanged	0	1	
Read/Write	1	Х	(1)	х	Х	X	×	

### NOTE:

<sup>1.</sup> Pointer will increment if flag is high.

<sup>1.</sup> XI is connected to XO of previous device. See Figure 15.

RS = Reset Input. FL/RT = First Load/Retransmit. EF = Empty Flag Output. FF Full Flag Output. XI = Expansion Input.

# AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (over the commercial operating range)

		M\$72		MS72			00-50	MS72		
DADAMETER		MS720		MS720			1A-50	MS720		
PARAMETER NAME	DARAMETER	MS720		MS720			2A-50	MS720		
f <sub>S</sub>	PARAMETER Shift Frequency	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	UNITS
READ CYCLE	Shirt Frequency		30		22.2		15	L	10	MHz
	Read Cycle Time	33		45		1 05		1 400		
t <sub>RC</sub>	Access Time			45		65		100		ns
t <sub>A</sub>			25		35		50		80	ns
t <sub>RPW</sub>	Read Pulse Width	25		35		50		80		ns
t <sub>RR</sub>	Read Recovery Time	8		10		15		20		ns
** (2.3)	Read Pulse Low to Data Bus at Low Z	5		_ 5		10		10		ns
t <sub>RHZ</sub> <sup>(2,3)</sup>	Read Pulse High to Data Bus at High Z		18		20		30		30	ns
t <sub>DV</sub>	Data Valid from Read Pulse High	5		5		5		5		ns
WRITE CYCLE		,								¥
t <sub>wc</sub>	Write Cycle Time	33		45		65		100		ns
t <sub>WPW</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Write Pulse Width	25		35		50		80		ns
t <sub>WB</sub>	Write Recovery Time	8		10		15		20		ns
t <sub>DS</sub>	Data Setup Time	15		18		30		40		ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data Hold Time	0		0		5		10		ns
t <sub>WLZ</sub> <sup>(2,3)</sup>	Write Pulse High to Data Bus at Low Z	5		10		15		20		ns
FLAG TIMING										
t <sub>REF</sub>	Read Low to Empty Flag Low		25		30		45		60	ns
t <sub>RHF</sub>	Read High to Half Full Flag High		33	I	45		65		100	ns
t <sub>RFF</sub>	Read High to Full Flag High		25		30		45		60	ns
t <sub>WEF</sub>	Write High to Empty Flag High		25		30		45		60	ns
t <sub>WFF</sub>	Write Low to Full Flag Low		25		30		45		60	ns
t <sub>WHE</sub>	Write Low to Half Full Flag Low		33		45		65		100	ns
t <sub>RPE</sub>	Read Pulse Width After EF High	25		35		50		80		ns
t <sub>WPF</sub>	Write Pulse Width After FF High	25		35		50		80		ns
RESET TIMING										
t <sub>RSC</sub>	Reset Cycle Time	33		45		65		100		ns
t <sub>RS</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Reset Pulse Width	25		35		50		80		ns
t <sub>RSS</sub>	Reset Set Up Time	25		35		50		80		ns
t <sub>BSB</sub>	Reset Recovery Time	8		10		15		20		ns
t <sub>EFL</sub>	Reset to Empty Flag Low		33		45		65		100	ns
t <sub>HEH</sub>	Reset to Half Full Flag High		33		45		65		100	ns
t <sub>FFH</sub>	Reset to Full Flag High		33		45		65		100	ns
RETRANSMIT TIMI	<del></del>	4		<b></b>				<u> </u>	,00	110
t <sub>RTC</sub>	Retransmit Cycle Time	33		45		65		100		ns
t <sub>RT</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Retransmit Pulse Width	25		35		50		80		ns
t <sub>RTS</sub>	Retransmit Set up Time	25		35		50		80		ns
t <sub>RTR</sub>	Retransmit Recovery Time	8		10		15	<del></del>	20		ns
EXPANSION TIMING	<u> </u>			10		13		1 20		115
t <sub>XOL</sub>	Read/Write to XO Low	T	25	Γ	35		50		80	
	Read/Write to XO High	+	25	<del></del>	35		50		80	ns
t <sub>XOH</sub>	XI Pulse Width	25		35		50				ns
	XI Set up Time	15						80		ns
t <sub>XIS</sub>				15		15		15		ns
t <sub>XIR</sub>	XI Recovery Time	8	•-	10		10		10		ns

#### NOTES:

<sup>1.</sup> Pulse widths less than minimum value are not allowed.

<sup>2.</sup> Values guaranteed by design, not currently tested.

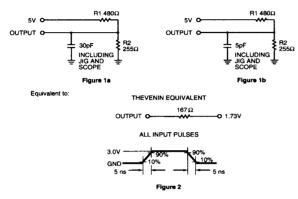
<sup>3.</sup> Only applies to read data flow-through mode.

# 6

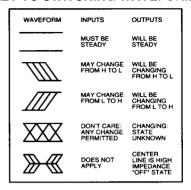
# **AC TEST CONDITIONS**

Input Pulse Levels	0V~ 3.0V
Input Rise and Fall Times	5 ns
Timing Reference Level	1.5V

# **AC TEST LOADS AND WAVEFORMS**

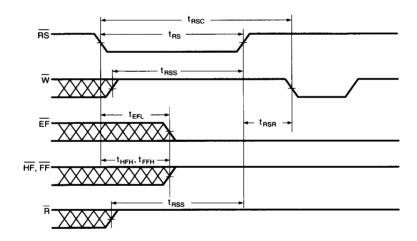


# **KEY TO SWITCHING WAVEFORMS**

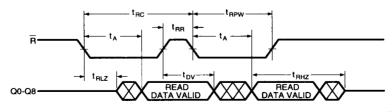


# **TIMING WAVEFORMS**

# RESET

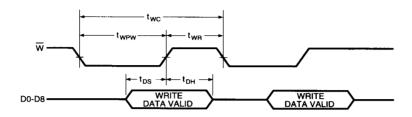


# **ASYNCHRONOUS READ OPERATION**

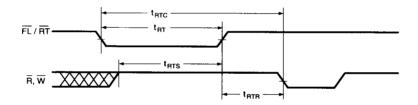


# **TIMING WAVEFORMS**

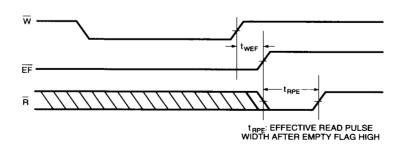
# **ASYNCHRONOUS WRITE OPERATION**



# **RETRANSMIT**



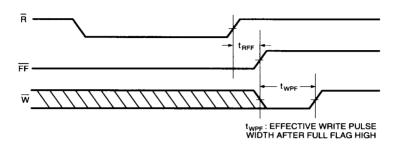
# **EMPTY FLAG TIMING**



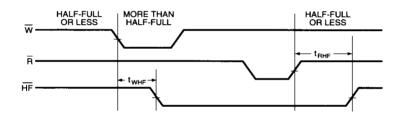
### 6

# **TIMING WAVEFORMS**

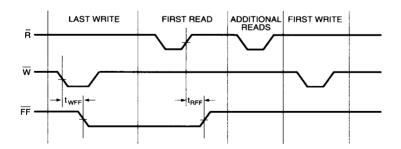
#### **FULL FLAG TIMING**



# **HALF-FULL FLAG TIMING**



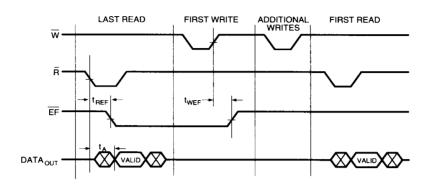
# **FULL FLAG FROM LAST WRITE TO FIRST READ**



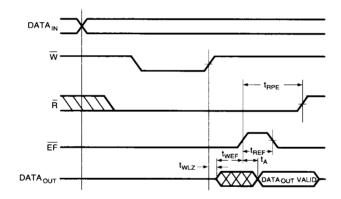
6-9

# **TIMING WAVEFORMS**

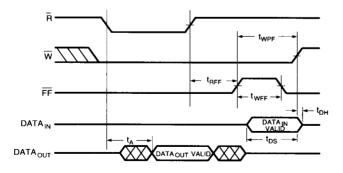
# **EMPTY FLAG FROM LAST READ TO FIRST WRITE**



#### **READ DATA FLOW-THROUGH MODE**



# WRITE DATA FLOW-THROUGH MODE



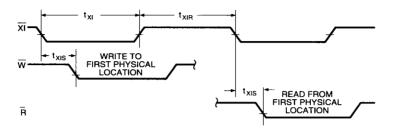
PID022 6-10

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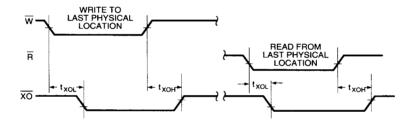
### 6

#### **TIMING WAVEFORMS**

#### **EXPANSION IN**



#### **EXPANSION OUT**



# **OPERATING MODES:**

(Note: The7201A is used as example - these figures apply to all three devices, MS7200/7201A/7202A

#### SINGLE DEVICE MODE

When one MS7201A is used standalone in Single Device Mode, the Expansion In  $(\overline{XI})$  control input pin must be grounded. See Figure 3.

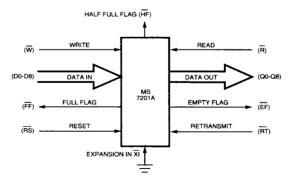
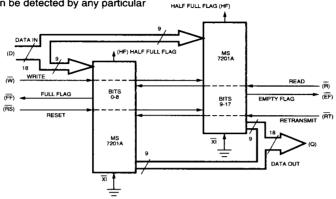


Figure 3. Single Device Mode

#### WIDTH EXPANSION MODE

Word width may be expanded by connecting the corresponding control input signals of multiple devices together. The EMPTY, HALF FULL and FULL FLAGS (EE. HF and FF) can be detected by any particular

device. Figure 4 shows an 18 bit wide configuration using two devices. They may be configured to any word width in this manner.



NOTES:

Figure 4. Width Expansion Mode

Flag detection is accomplished by monitoring the EF, HF and EF pins on the device used in the Width Expansion Mode. Do not connect output control signals together.

#### **DEPTH EXPANSION (DAISY CHAIN) MODE**

Word depths may be expanded in multiples of 512 words by Daisy Chaining the devices together as follows:

- The FIRST LOAD (FL) control signal of the first device must be grounded. This FIFO represents word 1-512.
- All other devices in the Daisy Chain must have the FIRST LOAD (FL) control signal tied to V<sub>cc</sub> in the inactive-high state.
- The EXPANSION OUT (XO) pin of each device must be connected to the EXPANSION IN (XI) pin of the next device as shown in Figure 5.
- External logic is required to generate a common FULL FLAG (FF) and EMPTY FLAG (EF) signal by ORing all of the FFs together and ORing all of the EFs together.
- 5. The RETRANSMIT (RT) fuction and HALF FULL FLAG (HF) are not available in Daisy Chain Mode.

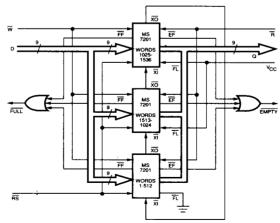


Figure 5. Diagram of a 1536 x 9 FIFO in Depth Expansion Mode

#### **BIDIRECTIONAL MODE**

Data buffering between two systems can be achieved by pairing two FIFO arrays as shown in Figure 6. This allows each system to READ and WRITE shared data. The FULL FLAG (FF) must be monitored on the FIFO where WRITE ENABLE (W) is used and the EMPTY FLAG (EF) must be monitored on the FIFO where READ ENABLE (R) is used. Both Width Expansion and Depth

Expansion Modes may be used in combination with Bidirectional Mode.

# **COMPOUND EXPANSION MODE:**

Both Width Expansion Mode and Depth Expansion (Daisy Chain) Mode can be used together to configure a large FIFO array (See Figure 4 and 5).

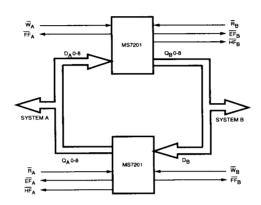


Figure 6. BiDirectional FIFO Mode

# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

SPEED (ns)	ORDE	RING PART NUMB	ER <sup>(1)</sup>	PACKAGE REFERENCE NO.	TEMPERATURE RANGE
25		MS7201A-25PC	MS7202A-25PC	P28-1	0°C to +70°C
25	MS7200-25NC	MS7201A-25NC	MS7202A-25NC	P28-2	0°C to +70°C
25	MS7200-25JC	MS7201A-25JC	MS7202A-25JC	J32-1	0°C to +70°C
25	MS7200-25FC	MS7201A-25FC	MS7202A-25FC	S28-2	0°C to +70°C
35		MS7201A-35PC	MS7202A-35PC	P28-1	0°C to +70°C
35	MS7200-35NC	MS7201A-35NC	MS7202A-35NC	P28-2	0°C to +70°C
35	MS7200-35JC	MS7201A-35JC	MS7202A-35JC	J32-1	0°C to +70°C
35	MS7200-35FC	MS7201A-35FC	MS7202A-35FC	S28-2	0°C to +70°C
50		MS7201A-50PC	MS7202A-50PC	P28-1	0°C to +70°C
50	MS7200-50NC	MS7201A-50NC	MS7202A-50NC	P28-2	0°C to +70°C
50	MS7200-50JC	MS7201A-50JC	MS7202A-50JC	J32-1	0°C to +70°C
50	MS7200-50FC	MS7201A-50FC	MS7202A-50FC	S28-2	0°C to +70°C
80		MS7201A-80PC	MS7202A-80PC	P28-1	0°C to +70°C
80	MS7200-80NC	MS7201A-80NC	MS7202A-80NC	P28-2	0°C to +70°C
80	MS7200-80JC	MS7201A-80JC	MS7202A-80JC	J32-1	0°C to +70°C
80	MS7200-80FC	MS7201A-80FC	MS7202A-80FC	S28-2	0°C to +70°C

<sup>\*\*</sup> For the low power version, add L after part number and before dash information. For example, MS7200L-25PC.