

## NTE7000 Integrated Circuit 5W Audio Amplifier with Muting

**Description:**

The NTE7000 is a monolithic integrated circuit in a 16-Lead DIP type package intended for use as a low frequency power amplifier in a wide range of applications in radio and TV sets.

**Features:**

- Muting Facility
- Protection Against Chip Over Temperature
- Very Low Noise
- High Supply Voltage Rejection
- Low “Switch-On” Noise
- Voltage Range: 4V to 30V

**Absolute Maximum Ratings:**

Supply Voltage, $V_S$ .....	30V
Output Peak Current, $I_O$	
Non-Repetitive .....	3A
Repetitive .....	2.5A
Input Voltage, $V_I$ .....	0 to $+V_S$ V
Differential Input Voltage, $V_{I1}$ .....	$\pm 7$ V
Muting Threshold Voltage, $V_{11}$ .....	$V_S$ V
Power Dissipation, $P_{tot}$	
$T_A = +80^\circ\text{C}$ .....	1W
$T_C = +60^\circ\text{C}$ .....	6W
Junction Temperature Range, $T_j$ .....	$-40^\circ$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range, $T_{stg}$ .....	$-40^\circ$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$

**Electrical Characteristics:** ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $R_{th}(\text{heatsink}) = 20^\circ\text{C/W}$ , unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_S$		4	–	30	V
Quiescent Output Voltage	$V_O$	$V_S = 4\text{V}$	1.6	2.1	2.5	V
		$V_S = 14\text{V}$	6.7	7.2	7.8	V
		$V_S = 30\text{V}$	14.4	15.5	16.8	V

**Electrical Characteristics (Cont'd):** ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $R_{th}(\text{heatsink}) = 20^\circ\text{C/W}$ , unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Quiescent Drain Current	$I_d$	$V_S = 4V$	–	15	–	mA
		$V_S = 14V$	–	17	–	mA
		$V_S = 30V$	–	21	35	mA
Output Stage Saturation Voltage	$V_{CEsat}$	$I_C = 1A$	–	0.5	–	V
		$I_C = 2A$	–	1	–	V
Output Power	$P_O$	$d = 10\%$ , $f = 1\text{kHz}$ $V_S = 9V, R_L = 4\Omega$ , Note 1	2.2	2.5	–	W
		$V_S = 14V, R_L = 4\Omega$	5	5.5	–	W
		$V_S = 18V, R_L = 8\Omega$	5	5.5	–	W
		$V_S = 24V, R_L = 16\Omega$	4.5	5.3	–	W
Harmonic Distortion	d	$f = 1\text{kHz}$ $V_S = 9V, R_L = 4\Omega$ , $P_O = 50\text{mW to } 1.5W$	–	0.1	–	%
		$V_S = 14V, R_L = 4\Omega$ , $P_O = 50\text{mW to } 3W$	–	0.1	–	%
		$V_S = 18V, R_L = 8\Omega$ , $P_O = 50\text{mW to } 3W$	–	0.1	–	%
		$V_S = 24V, R_L = 16\Omega$ , $P_O = 50\text{mW to } 3W$	–	0.1	–	%
Input Sensitivity	$V_i$	$f = 1\text{kHz}$ $V_S=9V, R_L=4\Omega$ , $P_O=2.5W$	–	37	–	mV
		$V_S=14V, R_L=4\Omega$ , $P_O=5.5W$	–	49	–	mV
		$V_S=18V, R_L=8\Omega$ , $P_O=5.5W$	–	73	–	mV
		$V_S=24V, R_L=16\Omega$ , $P_O=5.3W$	–	100	–	mV
Input Saturation Voltage (rms)	$V_i$	$V_S = 9V$	0.8	–	–	V
		$V_S = 14V$	1.3	–	–	V
		$V_S = 18V$	1.8	–	–	V
		$V_S = 24V$	2.4	–	–	V
Input Resistance (Pin8)	$R_i$	$f = 1\text{kHz}$	60	100	–	K $\Omega$

Note 1. With an external resistor of  $100\Omega$  between Pin3 and  $+V_S$ .

**Electrical Characteristics (Cont'd):** ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $R_{th}(\text{heatsink}) = 20^\circ\text{C/W}$ , unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
Drain Current	$I_d$	$f = 1\text{kHz}$	$V_S=9\text{V}$ , $R_L=4\Omega$ , $P_O=2.5\text{W}$	–	380	–	mA	
			$V_S=14\text{V}$ , $R_L=4\Omega$ , $P_O=5.6\text{W}$	–	550	–	mA	
			$V_S=18\text{V}$ , $R_L=8\Omega$ , $P_O=5.5\text{W}$	–	410	–	mA	
			$V_S=24\text{V}$ , $R_L=16\Omega$ , $P_O=5.3\text{W}$	–	295	–	mA	
Efficiency	$\eta$	$f = 1\text{kHz}$	$V_S=9\text{V}$ , $R_L=4\Omega$ , $P_O=2.5\text{W}$	–	73	–	%	
			$V_S=14\text{V}$ , $R_L=4\Omega$ , $P_O=5.5\text{W}$	–	71	–	%	
			$V_S=18\text{V}$ , $R_L=8\Omega$ , $P_O=5.6\text{W}$	–	74	–	%	
			$V_S=24\text{V}$ , $R_L=16\Omega$ , $P_O=5.3\text{W}$	–	75	–	%	
Small Signal Bandwidth (–3dB)	BW	$V_S = 14\text{V}$ , $R_L = 4\Omega$ , $P_O = 1\text{W}$		40 to 40,000		Hz		
Voltage Gain (Open Loop)	$G_V$	$V_S = 14\text{V}$ , $f = 1\text{kHz}$		–	75	–	dB	
Voltage Gain (Closed Loop)	$G_V$	$V_S = 14\text{V}$ , $R_L = 4\Omega$ , $f = 1\text{kHz}$ , $P_O = 1\text{W}$		39.5	40.0	40.5	dB	
Total Noise Input	$e_N$	$R_g = 50\Omega$		–	1.2	–	$\mu\text{V}$	
		$R_g = 1\text{k}\Omega$		–	1.3	–		
		$R_g = 10\text{k}\Omega$		–	1.5	4.0		
		Note 2	$R_g = 50\Omega$		–	2.0		–
			$R_g = 1\text{k}\Omega$		–	2.0		–
			$R_g = 10\text{k}\Omega$		–	2.2		5.0
Signal to Noise Ratio	S/N	$V_S = 14\text{V}$ , $P_O = 5.5\text{W}$ , $R_L = 4\Omega$	$R_g = 10\text{k}\Omega$	–	90	–	dB	
			$R_g = 0$	–	92	–		
			$R_g = 10\text{k}\Omega$ , Note 2	–	87	–		
			$R_g = 0$ , Note 2	–	87	–		
Supply Voltage Rejection	SVR	$V_S = 18\text{V}$ , $R_L = 8\Omega$ , $R_G = 10\text{k}\Omega$ , $f_{\text{ripple}} = 100\text{Hz}$ , $V_{\text{ripple}} = 0.5\text{V}_{\text{rms}}$		40	50	–	dB	
Thermal Shut-Down Case Temperature	$T_{sd}$	$P_{\text{tot}} = 2.5\text{W}$		–	115	–	$^\circ\text{C}$	

Note 2. Filter with noise bandwidth: 22Hz to 22kHz.

**Muting Function:**

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Muting-Off Threshold Voltage (Pin4)	$V_{T(OFF)}$		1.9	–	4.7	V
Muting-On Threshold Voltage (Pin4)	$V_{T(ON)}$		0	–	1.3	V
			6.2	–	$V_S$	
Input Resistance (Pin5)	$R_5$	Muting Off	80	200	–	$k\Omega$
		Muting On	–	10	30	$\Omega$
Input Resistance (Pin4)	$R_4$		150	–	–	$k\Omega$
Muting Attenuation	$A_T$	$R_g + R_1 = 10k\Omega$	50	60	–	dB

**Pin Connection Diagram**

