

PC110L/PC111L PC112L/PC113L

Long Creepage Distance Type Photocoupler

* Lead forming type (I type) and taping reel type (P type) are also available. (PC110L/PC111L/PC112L/PC113L, PC110LP/PC111LP/PC112LP/PC113LP) (Page 656)

* DIN-VDE0884 approved type is also available as an option.

■ Features

1. Long creepage distance type (Creepage distance : 8mm or more)*1
2. Internal insulation distance : 0.5mm or more
3. Recognized by UL file No. E64380
Approved by VDE (DIN-VDE0884 ; No. 77292)
Approved by BSI (BS415 : 6690, BS7002 : 7421)
Approved by SEMKO (No. 9303049)
Approved by EI (PC110 : No. 099447-01
PC111 : No. 099448-01
PC112 : No. 099449-01
PC113 : No. 099450-01)

Approved by DEMKO (No. 84859)

4. High collector-emitter voltage
($V_{CEO} : 70V$) : PC112L/PC113L
5. High isolation voltage between input and output ($V_{iso} : 5\ 000V_{rms}$)
6. Dual-in-line package

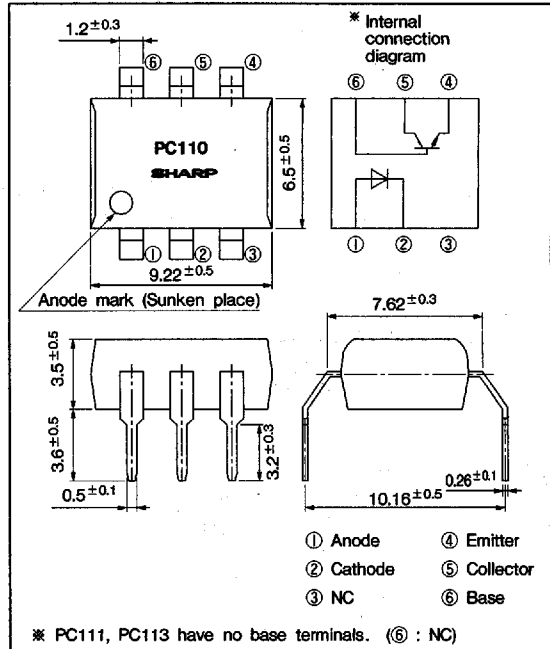
*1 Allows pin-to-pin distance minus PWB land space to be 8mm or more.

■ Applications

1. Switching power supplies
2. Home appliances and OA equipment for export to Europe
3. System appliances, measuring instruments

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



8180798 0011585 565

Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Input	Forward current	I _F	50	mA	
	*2 Peak forward current	I _{FM}	1	A	
	Reverse Voltage	V _R	6	V	
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW	
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	PC110L/PC111L	35	V	
		PC112L/PC113L	70		
	Emitter-collector voltage	V _{ECO}	6	V	
	*3 Collector-base voltage	PC110L	35	V	
		PC112L	70		
	*3 Emitter-base voltage	PC110L/PC112L	V _{EBO}	6	V
	Collector current	I _C	50	mA	
	Collector power dissipation	PC110L/PC111L	P _C	150	mW
PC112L/PC113L		160			
Total power dissipation	PC110L/PC111L	P _{tot}	170	mW	
	PC112L/PC113L		200		
*4 Isolation voltage		V _{iso}	5 000	V _{rms}	
Operating temperature		T _{opr}	-30 to +100	°C	
Storage temperature		T _{stg}	-55 to +125	°C	
*5 Soldering temperature		T _{sol}	260	°C	

*2 Pulse width ≤ 100 μs, Duty ratio = 0.001

*3 Applies only to PC110L, PC112L.

*4 40 to 60%RH, AC for 1 minute

*5 For 10 seconds

Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage	V _F	I _F = 20mA	—	1.2	1.4	V
	Reverse current	I _R	V _R = 4V	—	—	10	μA
	Terminal capacitance	C _t	V = 0, f = 1kHz	—	30	250	pF
Output	Collector dark current	I _{CEO}	V _{CE} = 20V, I _F = 0, R _{BE} = ∞	—	—	10 ⁻⁷	A
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	PC110L/PC111L	BV _{CEO} I _C = 0.1mA, I _F = 0	35	—	—	V
		PC112L/PC113L		70	—	—	
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	BV _{ECO}	I _E = 10 μA, I _F = 0	6	—	—	V
	Collector-base breakdown voltage	PC110L	BV _{CBO} I _C = 0.1mA, I _F = 0	35	—	—	V
PC112L		70		—	—		
Transfer characteristics	Current transfer ratio	CTR	I _F = 5mA, V _{CE} = 5V, R _{BE} = ∞	50	—	600	%
				50	100	400	
				40	—	320	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V _{CE(sat)}	I _F = 20mA, I _C = 1mA, R _{BE} = ∞	—	0.1	0.2	V	
Isolation resistance	R _{ISO}	DC500V, 40 to 60%RH	5 × 10 ¹⁰	1 × 10 ¹¹	—	Ω	
Floating resistance	C _f	V = 0, f = 1MHz	—	0.6	1.0	pF	
Cut-off frequency	f _c	V _{CE} = 5V, I _C = 2mA, R _L = 100Ω, -3dB	—	80	—	kHz	
Response time	Rise time	PC110L/PC111L	V _{CE} = 2V, I _C = 2mA R _L = 100Ω	—	4	18	μs
		PC112L/PC113L		—	4	15	
	Fall time	PC110L/PC111L		—	3	18	μs
		PC112L/PC113L		—	3	15	

PC110L/PC111L

Model No.	CTR(%)
PC110L1/PC111L1	50 to 125
PC110L2/PC111L2	100 to 250
PC110L5/PC111L5	50 to 250
PC110L/PC111L	50 to 400

PC112L/PC113L

Model No.	CTR(%)
PC112L1/PC113L1	40 to 120
PC112L2/PC113L2	80 to 200
PC112L5/PC113L5	40 to 200
PC112L/PC113L	40 to 320

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

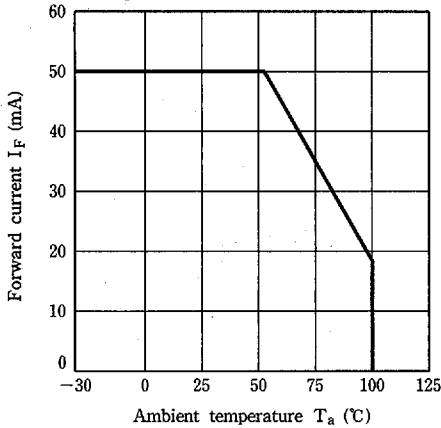


Fig. 2 Diode Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

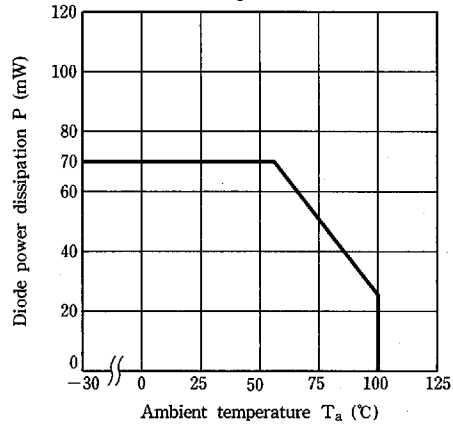


Fig. 3 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

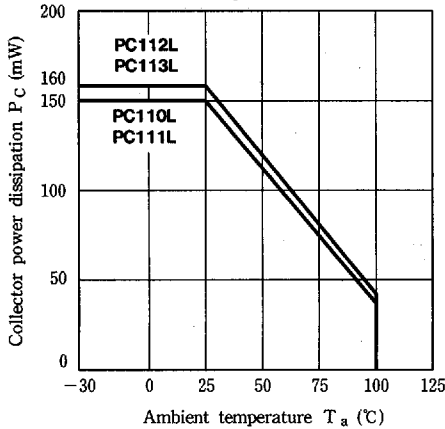


Fig. 4 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

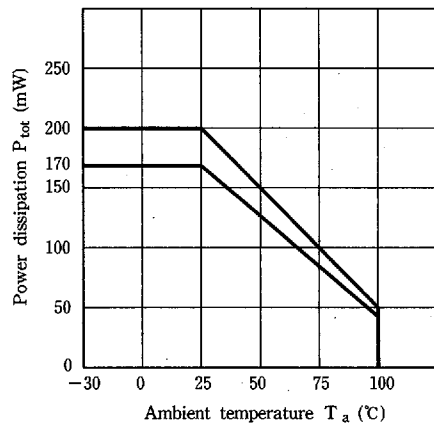


Fig. 5 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

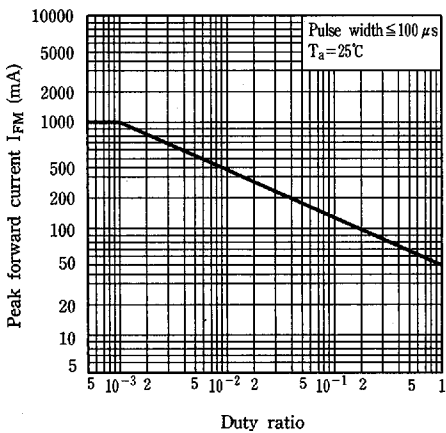
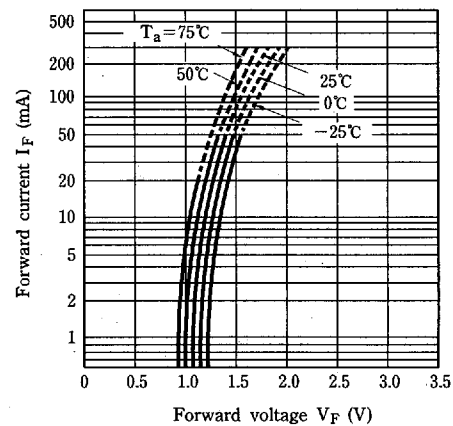


Fig. 6 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



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Fig. 7-a Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current (PC110L, PC111L*)
 (*Applies only to $R_{BE} = \infty$)

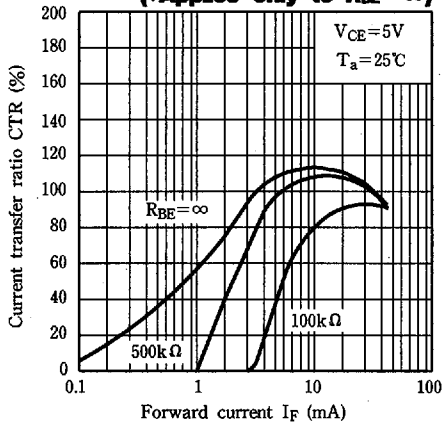


Fig. 7-b Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current (PC112L, PC113L*)
 (*Applies only to $R_{BE} = \infty$)

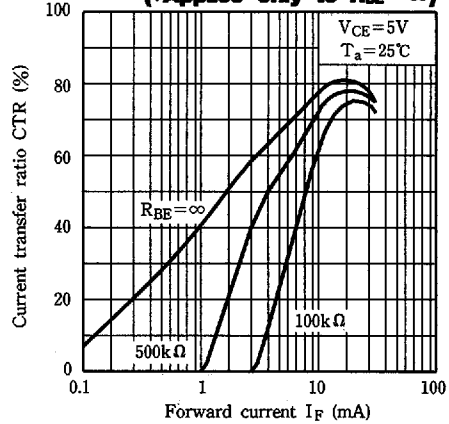


Fig. 8-a Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage (PC110L, PC111L)

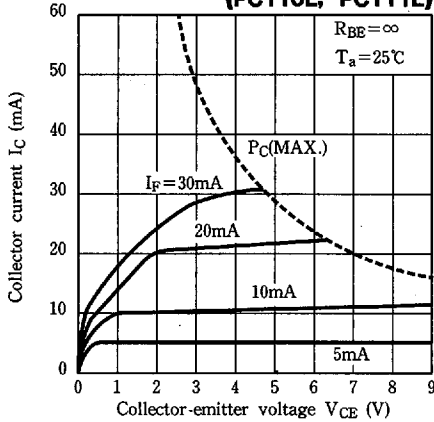


Fig. 8-b Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage (PC112L, PC113L)

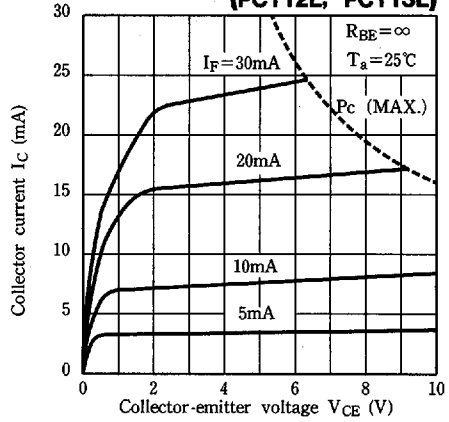


Fig. 9-a Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature (PC110, PC111L)

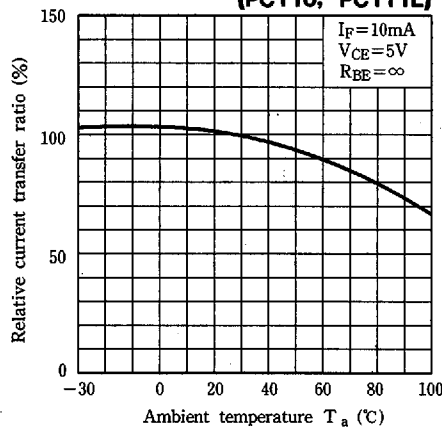


Fig. 9-b Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature (PC112L, PC113L)

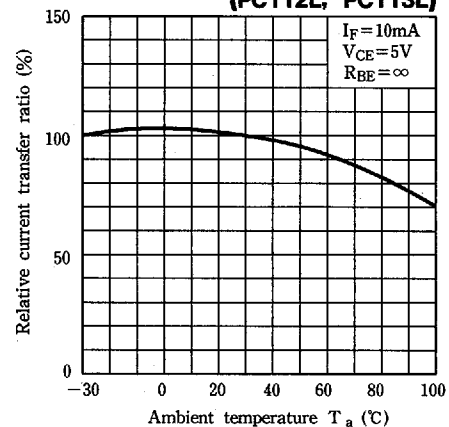


Fig.10-a Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (PC110L, PC111L)

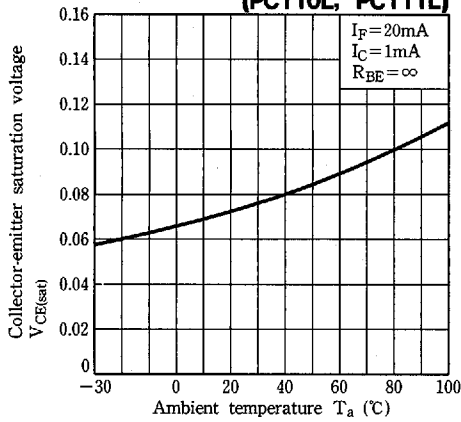


Fig.10-b Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (PC112L, PC113L)

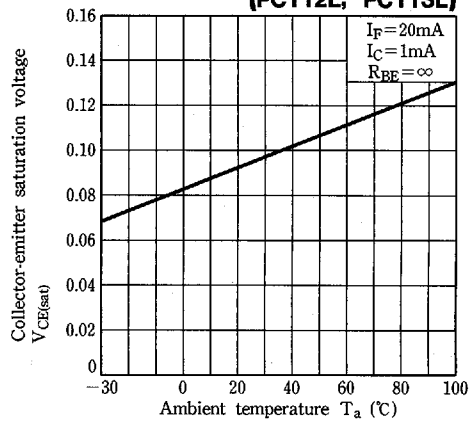


Fig.11-a Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature (PC110L, PC111L)

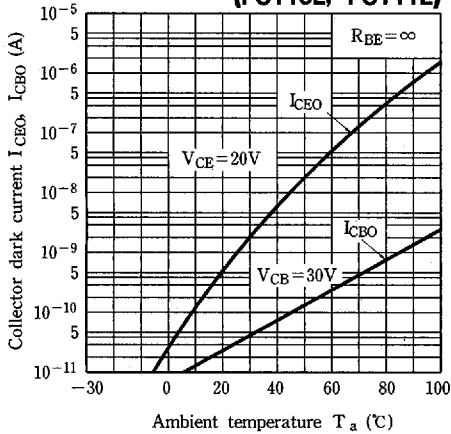


Fig.11-b Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature (PC112L, PC113L)

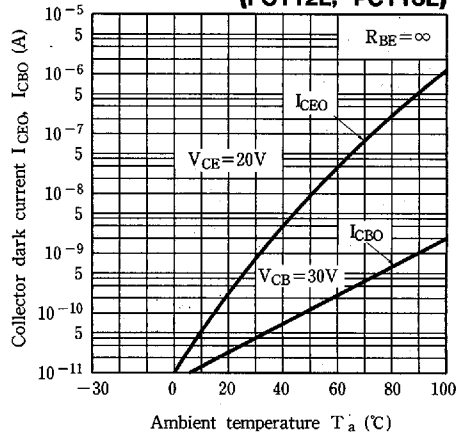


Fig.12-a Response Time vs. Load Resistance (PC110L, PC111L)

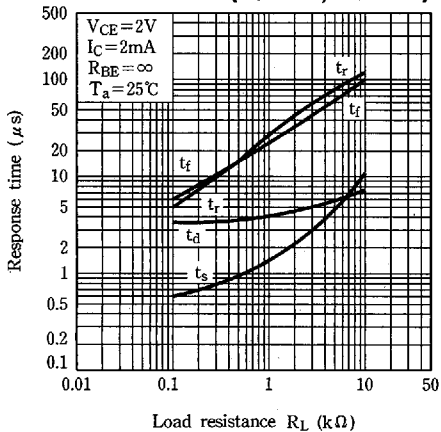
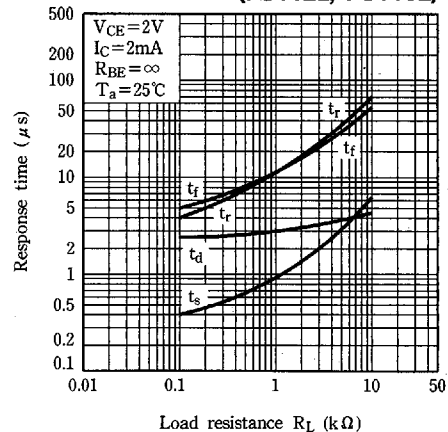
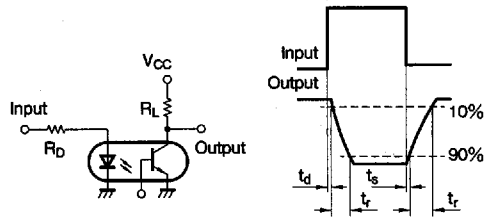


Fig.12-b Response Time vs. Load Resistance (PC112L, PC113L)



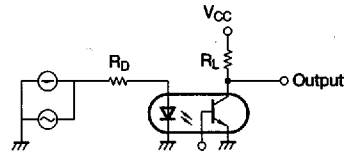
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Test Circuit for Response Time



PC111L and PC113L have no base terminal.

Test Circuit for Frequency Response



PC111L and PC113L have no base terminal.

Fig.13-a Frequency Response (PC110L, PC111L)

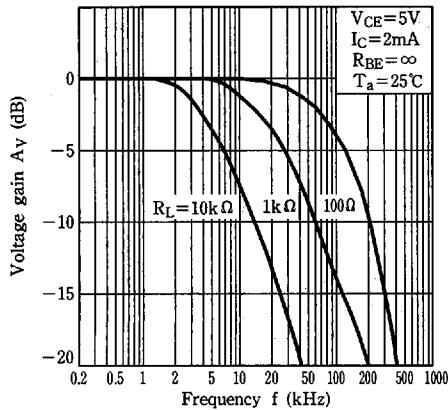


Fig.13-b Frequency Response (PC112L, PC113L)

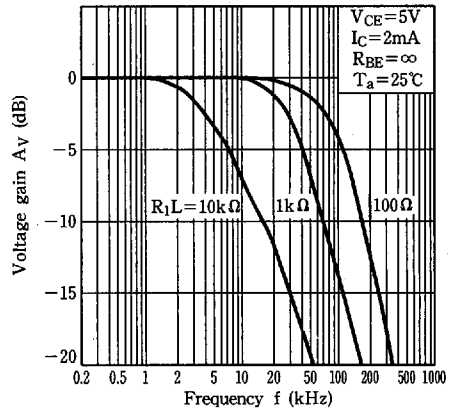


Fig.14-a Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current (PC110L, PC111L)

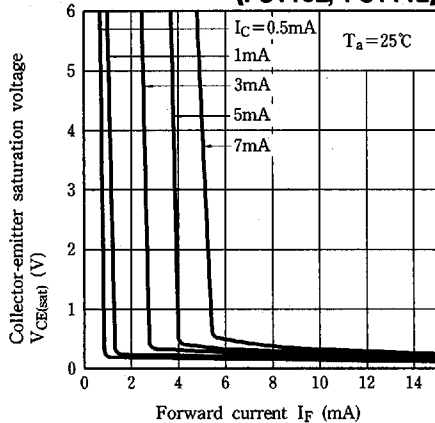
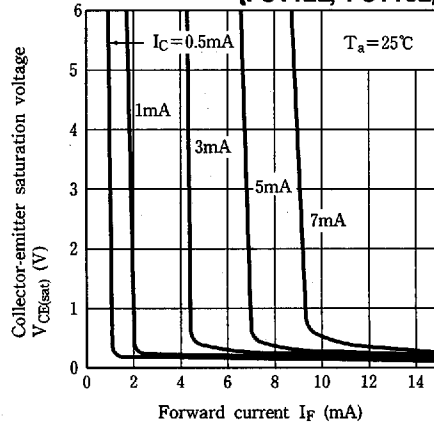


Fig.14-b Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current (PC112L, PC113L)



● Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use" (Page 78 to 93)