### DATA SHEET



# PHOTOCOUPLER PS9715

# HIGH CMR, 10 Mbps TOTEM POLE OUTPUT TYPE 5-PIN SOP PHOTOCOUPLER -NEPOC Series-

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The PS9715 is an optically coupled high-speed, totem pole output isolator containing a GaAlAs LED on the input side and a photodiode and a signal processing circuit on the output side on one chip.

#### **FEATURES**

- High common mode transient immunity (CMH, CML = ±20 kV/μs TYP.)
- Small package (5-pin SOP)
- High-speed (10 Mbps)
- Pulse width distortion ( | tphl tplh | = 7 ns TYP.)
- High isolation voltage (BV = 2 500 Vr.m.s.)
- · Totem pole output (No pull-up resistor required)
- Ordering number of taping product: PS9715-F3, F4: 3 500 pcs/reel

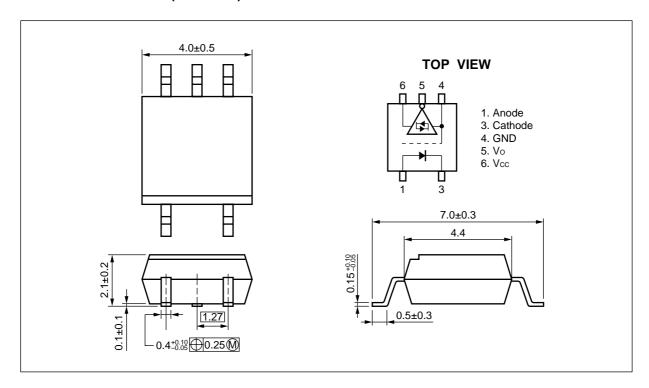
### **APPLICATIONS**

- · Measurement equipment
- PDP
- ★ Line Receiver for FA Network

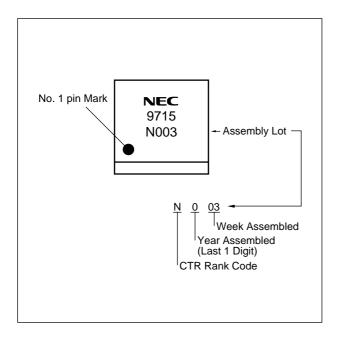
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Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



### **★ MARKING EXAMPLE**





### **★ ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number	Package	Packing Style	Application Part Number*1
PS9715	5-pin SOP	Magazine case 100 pcs	PS9715
PS9715-F3		Embossed Tape 3 500 pcs/reel	
PS9715-F4			

<sup>\*1</sup> For the application of the Safety Standard, following part number should be used.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Diode	Forward Current	lF	30	mA
	Reverse Voltage	VR	3	V
Detector	Supply Voltage	Vcc	7	V
	Output Voltage	Vo	7	V
	High Level Output Current	Іон	<b>-</b> 5	mA
	Low Level Output Current	loL	13	mA
	Power Dissipation 1	Pc	130	mW
Isolation	Isolation Voltage *2		2 500	Vr.m.s.
Operating Ambient Temperature		TA	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +125	°C

<sup>\*1</sup>  $T_A = -40$  to +85 °C, Applies to output pin Vo and power supply pin Vcc.

### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High Level Input Current	lғн	7.5		12.5	mA
Low Level Input Voltage	V <sub>F</sub> L	0		0.8	V
Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
TTL (loads)	N			3	
Operating Ambient Temperature	TA	0		+85	°C

<sup>\*2</sup> AC voltage for 1 minute at  $T_A = 25$  °C, RH = 60 % between input and output.

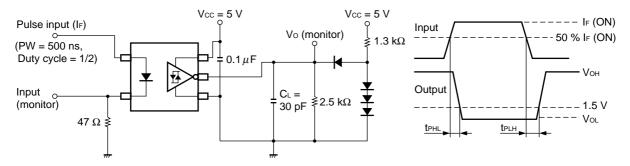


### **★** ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>A</sub> = 0 to +85 °C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP. <sup>*1</sup>	MAX.	Unit
Diode	Forward Voltage	VF	IF = 10 mA, TA = 25 °C		1.4	1.65	1.9	V
	Reverse Current	IR	VR = 3 V, TA = 25 °C				10	μΑ
	Terminal Capacitance	Ct	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C			30		pF
Detector	High Level Output Current <sup>2</sup>	Іон	Vcc = Vo = 5.5 V, V <sub>F</sub> = 0.8 V			0.003	200	μΑ
	High Level Output Voltage	Vон	Vcc = 4.5 V, V <sub>F</sub> = 0	2.4	3.0		V	
	Low Level Output Voltage	Vol	Vcc = 4.5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 7	Vcc = 4.5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 7 mA, I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA		0.25	0.6	V
	High Level Supply Current	Іссн	$Vcc = 5.5 V, I_F = 0$	mA		12	17	mA
	Low Level Supply Current	Iccl	Vcc = 5.5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 10	) mA		13	18	mA
	High Level Output Short Circuit Current	Іоѕн	Vcc = 5.5 V, Vo = GND, I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, 10 ms or less			-26		mA
	Low Level Output Short Circuit Current	losL	Vcc = Vo = 5.5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 8 mA, 10 ms or less			34		mA
Coupled	Threshold Input Current	IFHL	Vcc = 5 V	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		2.3	5	mA
	$(H \rightarrow L)$						6	
	Isolation Resistance	Rı-o	$V_{I-O} = 1 \text{ kVpc}, RH = 40 \text{ to } 60 \text{ \%},$ $T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$		1011			Ω
	Isolation Capacitance	CI-O	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C			0.4		pF
	Propagation Delay Time	<b>t</b> PHL		T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	15	33	65	ns
	$(H \rightarrow L)^{*3}$		Vcc = 5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 7.5 mA		10		85	
	Propagation Delay Time	<b>t</b> PLH		T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	15	40	65	ns
	$(L \rightarrow H)^{*3}$		Vcc = 5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 7.5 mA		10		85	
	Pulse Width Distortion (PWD)*3	tphl—tplh	Vcc = 5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 7.5 mA			7	50	ns
	Common Mode Transient Immunity at High Level Output <sup>*4</sup>	СМн	$Vcc = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ Ta} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ IF} = 0 \text{ mA},$ $Vo \text{ (MIN.)} = 2 \text{ V}, \text{ VcM} = 1 \text{ kV}$		10	20		kV/μs
	Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Level Output <sup>*4</sup>	CML	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, I_F = 7.5 \text{ mA}, V_{O (MAX.)} = 0.8 \text{V}, V_{CM} = 1 \text{kV}$		10	20		kV/μs

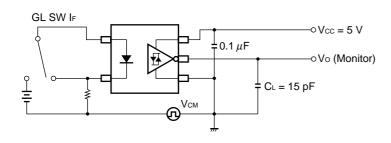


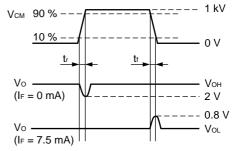
- \*1 Typical values at T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C
- \*2 Because a high-level output current (IoH) of 300 μA or more may be output when the temperature is 0 °C or less and when Vcc is around 3 to 4 V, it is important to confirm the characteristics (operation with the power supply on and off) during design, before using this device.
  - \*3 Test circuit for propagation delay time



CL includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

\*4 Test circuit for common mode transient immunity



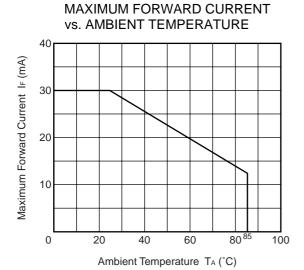


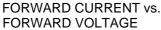
C∟ includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

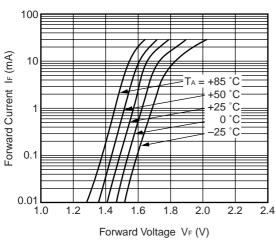
### **USAGE CAUTIONS**

- 1. This product is weak for static electricity by designed with high-speed integrated circuit so protect against static electricity when handling.
- 2. By-pass capacitor of more than 0.1  $\mu$ F is used between Vcc and GND near device. Also, ensure that the distance between the leads of the photocoupler and capacitor is no more than 10 mm.

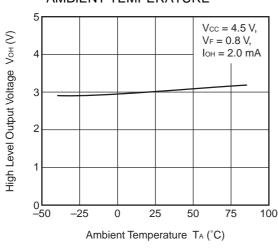
### **★** TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)



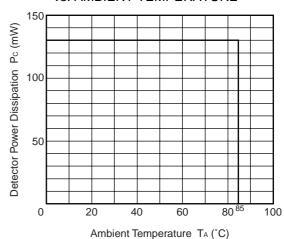




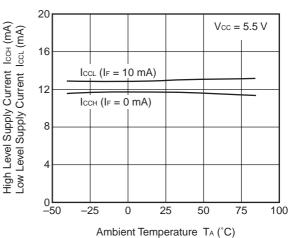
# HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



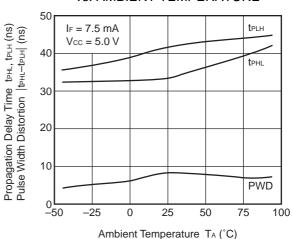
## DETECTOR POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



# SUPPLY CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

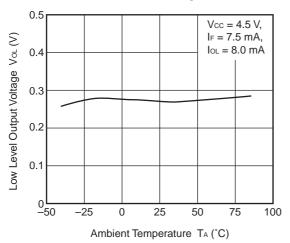


### PROPAGATION DELAY TIME, PULSE WIDTH DISTORTION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

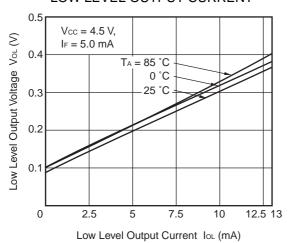




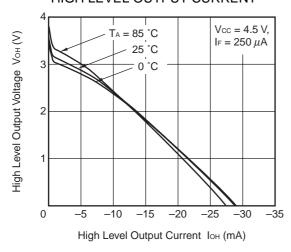
## LOW LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



LOW LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. LOW LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

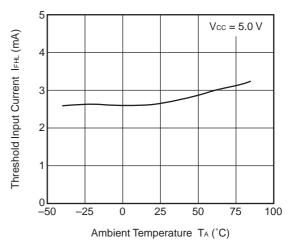


HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

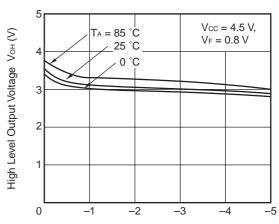


**Remark** The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

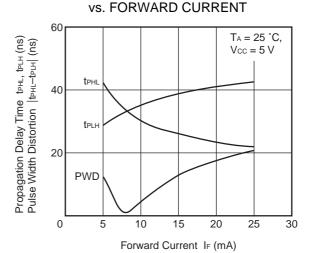
### THRESHOLD INPUT CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

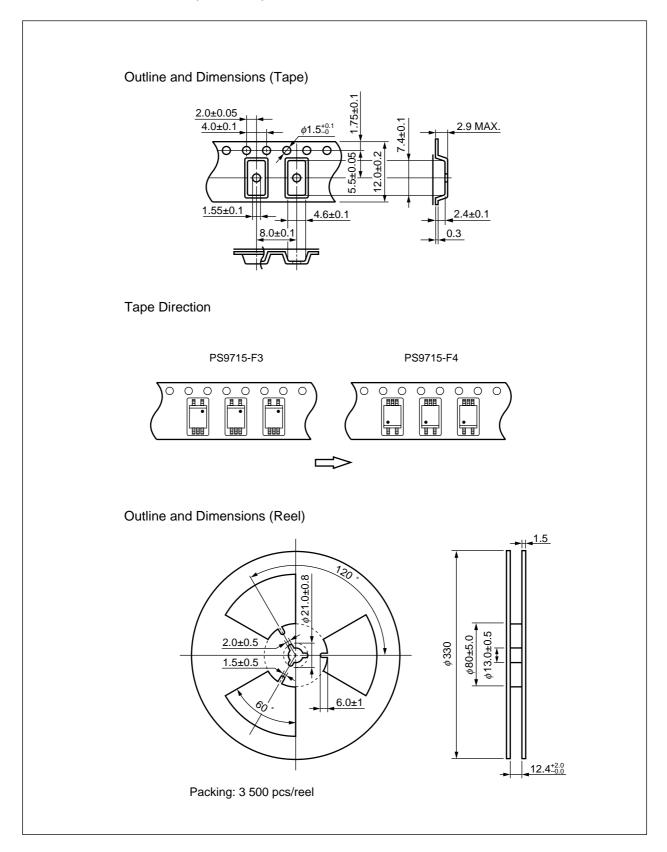


High Level Output Current IoH (mA) PROPAGATION DELAY TIME, PULSE WIDTH DISTORTION



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### **★ TAPING SPECIFICATIONS (UNIT: mm)**





### RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

### (1) Infrared reflow soldering

Peak reflow temperature
 235 °C or below (package surface temperature)

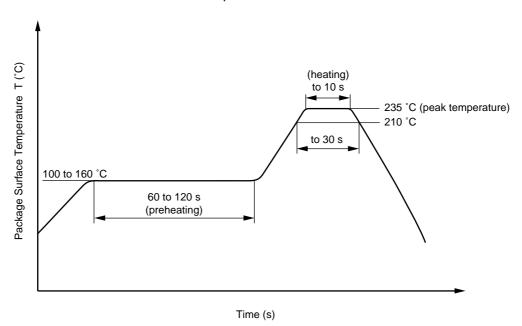
• Time of temperature higher than 210 °C 30 seconds or less

• Number of reflows Three

• Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a

maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt % is recommended.)

### Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow



### ★ (2) Wave soldering

• Temperature 260 °C or below (molten solder temperature)

• Time 10 seconds or less

• Preheating conditions 100 °C or below (package surface temperature)

• Number of times One

• Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine

content of 0.2 Wt % is recommended.)

### (3) Cautions

Fluxes

Avoid removing the residual flux with freon-based and chlorine-based cleaning solvent.

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### SAFETY INFORMATION ON THIS PRODUCT

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GaAs Products

The product contains gallium arsenide, GaAs.

GaAs vapor and powder are hazardous to human health if inhaled or ingested.

- Do not destroy or burn the product.
- Do not cut or cleave off any part of the product.
- · Do not crush or chemically dissolve the product.
- · Do not put the product in the mouth.

Follow related laws and ordinances for disposal. The product should be excluded from general industrial waste or household garbage.

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