## Austin Semiconductor, Inc.

## **DRAM SMJ44400**

#### 1M x 4 DRAM

DYNAMIC RANDOM-ACCESS **MEMORY** 

#### **AVAILABLE AS MILITARY SPECIFICATIONS**

- SMD 5962-90847
- MIL-STD-883

#### **FEATURES**

- Organized 1,048,576 x 4
- Single  $+5V \pm 10\%$  power supply
- Enhanced Page-Mode operation for faster memory access ✓ Higher data bandwidth than conventional page-mode parts
- ✓ Random Single-Bit Access within a row with a column address
- CAS\-Before-RAS\ (CBR) Refresh
- Long Refresh period: 1024-cycle Refresh in 16ms (Max)
- 3-State unlatched Output
- Low Power Dissipation
- All Inputs/Outputs and Clocks are TTL Compatible
- Processing to MIL-STD-883, Class B available

| OPTIONS               | MARKING |         |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
| • Timing              |         |         |  |  |  |
| 80ns access           | -80     |         |  |  |  |
| 100ns access          | -10     |         |  |  |  |
| 120ns access          | -12     |         |  |  |  |
| • Package(s)          |         |         |  |  |  |
| Ceramic DIP (400mils) | JD      | No. 113 |  |  |  |
| Ceramic Flatpack      | HR      | No. 308 |  |  |  |

## • Operating Temperature Ranges

Military (-55°C to +125°C)

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The SMJ44400 is a series of 4,194,304-bit dynamic random-access memories (DRAMs), organized as 1,048,576 words of four bits each. This series employs state-of-the-art technology for high performance, reliability, and low-power operation.

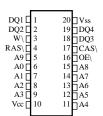
The SMJ44400 features maximum row access times of 80ns, 100ns, and 120ns. Maximum power dissipation is as low as 360mW operating and 22mW standby.

All inputs and outputs, including clocks, are compatible with Series 54 TTL. All addressses and data-in lines are latched on-chip to simplify system design. Data out is unlatched to allow greater system flexibility.

#### PIN ASSIGNMENT

(Top View)

20-Pin DIP (JD) 20-Pin Flatpack (HR) (400 MIL)



| Pin Name  | Function              |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| A0 - A9   | Address Inputs        |
| CAS\      | Column-Address Strobe |
| DQ1 - DQ4 | Data Inputs/Outputs   |
| OE/       | Output Enable         |
| RAS\      | Row-Address Strobe    |
| W\        | Write Enable          |
| Vcc       | 5V Supply             |
| Vss       | Ground                |

The SMJ44400 is offered in a 400-mil, 20-pin ceramic side-brazed dual-in-line package (JD suffix) and a 20-pin ceramic flatpack (HR suffix) that are characterized for operation from -55°C to +125°C.

#### **OPERATION**

#### **Enhanced Page Mode**

Enhanced page-mode operation allows faster memory access by keeping the same row address while selecting random column addresses. The time for row-address setup and hold and address multiplex is eliminated. The maximum number of columns that can be accessed is determined by the maximum RAS\ low time and the CAS\ page cycle time used. With minimum CAS\ page cycle time, all 1024 columns specified by column addresses A0 through A9 can be accessed without intervening RAS\ cycles.

Unlike conventional page-mode DRAMs, the columnaddress buffers in this device are activated on the

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**DRAM** SMJ44400

(continued)

#### **Enhanced Paga Mode (continued)**

falling edge of RAS\. The buffers act as transparent or flowthrough latches while CAS\ is high. The falling edge of CAS\ latches the column addresses. This feature allows the SMJ44400 to operate at a higher data bandwidth then conventional page-mode parts, since data retrieval begins as soon as column address is valid rather than when CAS\ goes low. This performance improvement is referred to as enhanced page mode. Valid column address can be presented immediately after row address hold time has been satisfied, usually well in advance of the maximum (access time from column address) has been satisfied. In the event that column addresses for the next cycle are valid at the time CAS\ goes high, access time for the next cycle is determined by the later occurrence of  $t_{\rm CAC}$  or  $t_{\rm CPA}$  (access time form rising edge of CAS\).

#### Address (A0-A9)

Twenty address bits are required to decode 1 of 1,048,576 storage cell locations. Ten row-address bits are set up on inputs A0 through A9 and latched onto the chip by RAS\. The ten column-address bits are set up on pins A0 through A9 and latched onto the chip by CAS\. All addresses must be stable on or before the falling edges of RAS\ and CAS\. RAS\ is similar to a chip enable in that it activates the sense amplifiers as well as the row decoder. CAS\ is used as a chip select, activating the output buffer as well as latching the address bits into the column-address buffer.

#### Write Enable (W\)

The read or write mode is selected through W\. A logic high on the W\ input selects the read mode and a logic low selects the write mode. The write-enable terminal can be driven from standard TTL circuits without a pullup resistor. The data input is disabled when the read mode is selected. When W\ goes low prior to CAS\ (early write), data out reamins in the high-impedance state for the entire cycle permitting a write operation independent of the state of OE\. This permits early-write operation to be completed with OE\ grounded.

#### Data In/Out (DQ1 - DQ4)

The high-impedance output buffer provides direct TTL compatibility (no pullup resistor required) with a fanout of two Series 54 TTL loads. Data out is the same polarity as data in. The output is in the high-impedance (floating) state until CAS\ and OE\ are brought low. In a read cycle the output becomes valid after all access times are satisfied. The output remains valid while CAS\ and OE\ are low. CAS\ or OE\ going high returns it to the high-impedance state.

#### Output Enable (OE\)

OE\ controls the impedance of the output buffers. When OE\ is high, the buffers remain in the high-impedance state. Bringing OE\ low during a normal cycle activates the output buffers, putting them in the low-impedance state. It is necessary for both RAS\ and CAS\ to be brought low for the output buffers to go into the low-impedance state. Once in the low-ompedance state, they remain in the low-impedance state until either OE\ or CAS\ is brought high.

#### Refresh

A refresh operation must be performed at least once every 16ms to retain data. This can be achieved by strobing each of the 1024 rows (A0-A9). A normal read or write cycle refreshes all bits in each row that is selected. A RAS\-only operation can be used by holding CAS\ at the high (inactive) level, conserving power as the output buffer remains in the high-impedance state. Externally generated addresses must be used for a RAS\-only refresh. Hidden refresh can be performed while maintaining valid data at teh output pin. This is accomplished by holding CAS\ at  $\rm V_{IL}$  after a read operation and cycling RAS\ after a specified precharge period, similar to a RAS\-only refresh cycle. The external address is ignored during the hidden refresh cycles.

#### CAS\-before-RAS\ (CBR) and hidden refresh

CBR refresh is utilized by bringing CAS\ low earlier than RAS\ (see parameter  $t_{CSR}$ ) and holding it low after RAS\ falls (see parameter  $t_{CSR}$ ). For successive CBR refresh cycles, CAS\ can remain low while cycling RAS\. The external address is ignored and the refresh address is generated internally. During CBR refresh cycles the outputs remain in the high-impedance state.

Hidden refresh can be performed while maintaining valid data at the output pins. This is accomplished by holding CAS\ at VIL after a read operation. RAS\ is cycled after the specified read cycle parameters are met. Hidden refresh can also be used in conjuction with an early-write cycle. CAS\ is maintained at VIL while RAS\ is cycled, once all the specified early-write parameters are met. Externally generated addresses must be used to specify the location to be accessed during the initial RAS\ cycle of a hidden refresh operation. Subsequent RAS\ cycles (refresh cycles) use the internally-generated addresses and the external address is ignored.

#### **Power Up**

To achieve proper device operation, an initial pause of 200µs followed by a minimum of eight initialization cycles is

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(continued)

#### Power Up (continued)

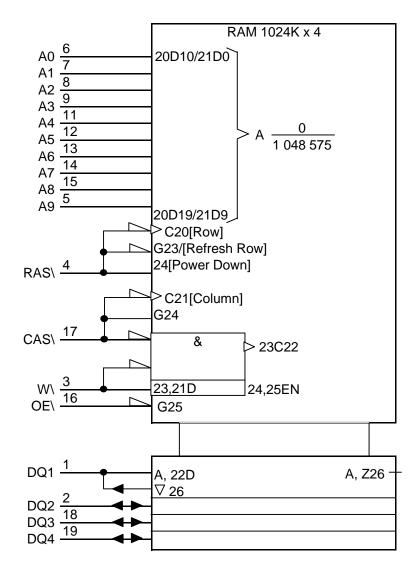
required after full Vcc level is achieved. These eight initialization cycles need to include at least one refresh (RAS\-only or CBR) cycle.

#### **Test Mode**

An industry standard Design For Test (DFT) mode is incorporated in the SMJ44400. A CBR with W\low (WCBR)

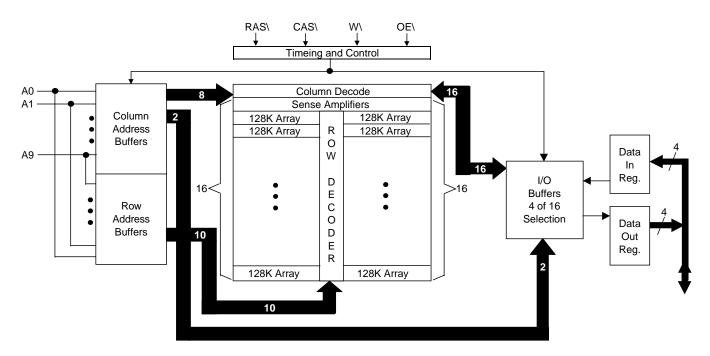
cycle is used to enter test mode. In the test mode, data is written into and read from eight sections of the array in parallel. All data is written into the array through DQ1. Data is comparted upon reading and if all bits are equal, all DQ pins go high. If any one bit is different, all the DQ pins go low. Any combination read, write, read-write, or page-mode can be used in the test mode. The test mode function reduces test times by enabling the 1M x 4-bit DRAM to be tested as if it were a 512K DRAM where column address 0 is not used. A RAS\-only or CBR refresh cycle is used to exit the DFT mode.

#### LOGIC SYMBOL<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1.</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std. 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12. The pinouts illustrated are for the JD package

### **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

| Voltage on Vcc Supply Relative to Vss    | 1V to +7.0V    |
|--|----------------|
| Voltage Range on Any Pin Relative to Vss | 1V to +7.0V    |
| Short Circuit Output Current (per I/O)   | 50mA           |
| Power Dissipation                        | 1W             |
| Storage Temperature Range                | 65°C to +150°C |
| Operating Temperature Range              | 55°C to +125°C |

\*Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

\*\* Junction temperature depends upon package type, cycle time, loading, ambient temperature and airflow.

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| SYM             | DESCRIPTION                          | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $V_{CC}$        | Supply Voltage                       | 4.5 | 5   | 5.5 | V    |
| V <sub>IH</sub> | High-Level Input Voltage             | 2.4 |     | 6.5 | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub> | Low-Level Input Voltage <sup>1</sup> | -1  |     | 0.8 | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Minimum Operating Temperature        | -55 |     |     | °C   |
| T <sub>C</sub>  | Maximum Operating Case Temperature   |     |     | 125 | °C   |

<sup>1.</sup> The algebraic convention, where the more negative (less positive) limit is designated as minimum, is used for logic-voltage levels only.



## **DRAM** SMJ44400

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

 $(-55^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{T.} < 125^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ or } -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C} : \text{Vcc} = 5\text{V} +10\%)$ 

| , 55 ,           | 1 00 051 <sub>A</sub> 5120 0 01 10 0 to 100 0, voo = 0 v ±1070) |  | -   | -8  | -   | 10  |     | 12  |      |
|------------------|---|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| SYM              | PARAMETER   | TEST CONDITIONS  | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| V <sub>OH</sub>  | High-level output voltage                                       | I <sub>OH</sub> = -5mA   | 2.4 |     | 2.4 |     | 2.4 |     | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | Low-level output voltage  | $I_{OL} = 4.2 \text{mA}$   |     | 0.4 |     | 0.4 |     | 0.4 | V    |
| II               | Input current (leakage)   | $V_{CC} = 5.5V$ , $V_{I} = 0V$ to 6.5V, All other pins = 0V to $V_{CC}$  |     | ±10 |     | ±10 |     | ±10 | μΑ   |
| Io               | Output current (leakage)  | $V_{CC}$ = 5.5V, $V_{O}$ = 0V to $V_{CC}$ , CAS\ High  |     | ±10 |     | ±10 |     | ±10 | μΑ   |
| I <sub>CC1</sub> | Read - or write-cycle current <sup>1</sup>                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V, Minimum cycle  |     | 85  |     | 80  |     | 70  | mA   |
| I <sub>CC2</sub> | Standby current   | After 1 memory cycle,<br>RAS\ and CAS\ High,<br>V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.4V   |     | 4   |     | 4   |     | 4   | mA   |
| I <sub>CC3</sub> | Average refresh current (RAS\ only, or CBR\) <sup>1</sup>       | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V, Minimum cycle,<br>RAS\ cycling,<br>CAS\ High (RAS\ only),<br>RAS\ Low after CAS\ Low (CBR) |     | 85  |     | 75  |     | 65  | mA   |
| I <sub>CC4</sub> | Average page current <sup>2</sup>                               | $V_{CC} = 5.5V$ , $t_{PC} = minimum$ ,<br>RAS\ Low, CAS\ cycling   |     | 50  |     | 40  |     | 35  | mA   |

### CAPACITANCE (f = 1MHz)<sup>3</sup>

| SYM  | PARAMETER                         | MAX | UNIT |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----|------|
| $C_{i(A)}$   | Input capacitance, address inputs | 7   | pF   |
| C <sub>i(RC)</sub>                                       | Input capacitance, strobe inputs  | 10  | pF   |
| C <sub>i(W)</sub> Input capacitance, write-enable inputs |                                   | 10  | pF   |
| Co   | Output capacitance                | 10  | pF   |

## **SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS** (-55°C $\leq$ T<sub>A</sub> $\leq$ 125°C or -40°C to +85°C; Vcc = 5V $\pm$ 10%)

|                  |  | -8  | -10 | -12 |      |
|------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| SYM              | PARAMETERS                                       | MAX | MAX | MAX | UNIT |
| $t_{AA}$         | Access time from column address                  | 40  | 45  | 55  | ns   |
| t <sub>CAC</sub> | Access time from CAS\ low                        | 20  | 25  | 30  | ns   |
| t <sub>CPA</sub> | Access time from column precharge                | 45  | 50  | 55  | ns   |
| t <sub>RAC</sub> | Access time from RAS\ low                        | 80  | 100 | 120 | ns   |
| t <sub>OEA</sub> | Access time from OE\ low                         | 20  | 25  | 30  | ns   |
| t <sub>OFF</sub> | Output disable time after CAS\ High <sup>4</sup> | 20  | 25  | 30  | ns   |
| $t_{OEZ}$        | Output disable tiem after OE\ High <sup>4</sup>  | 20  | 25  | 30  | ns   |

- 1. Measured with a maximum of one address change while RAS\ =  $V_{IL}$ .
- 2. Measured with a maximum of one address change while CAS\ =  $\boldsymbol{V}_{IH}.$
- 3.  $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 0.5V$  and the bias on the pins under test is 0V. Capacitance is sampled only at initial design and after any major change.
- $4.\ t_{OFF}\ and\ t_{OEZ}\ are\ specified\ when\ the\ output\ is\ no\ longer\ driven.\ \ The\ outputs\ are\ disabled\ by\ bringing\ either\ OE\backslash\ or\ CAS\backslash\ High.$



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## **TIMING REQUIREMENTS** (-55°C $\leq$ T<sub>A</sub> $\leq$ 125°C or -40°C to +85°C; Vcc = 5V $\pm$ 10%)

|                   |  | -8 -10 |        | -10 | -12    |     |        |      |
|-------------------|--|--------|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|------|
| SYM               | PARAMETER  | MIN    | MAX    | MIN | MAX    | MIN | MAX    | UNIT |
| t <sub>RC</sub>   | Cycle time, random read or write <sup>1</sup>                    | 150    |        | 180 |        | 210 |        | ns   |
| t <sub>RWC</sub>  | Cycle time, read-write   | 205    |        | 245 |        | 285 |        | ns   |
| t <sub>PC</sub>   | Cycle time, page-mode read or write <sup>2</sup>                 | 50     |        | 60  |        | 65  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>PRWC</sub> | Cycle time, page-mode read-write                                 | 100    |        | 120 |        | 135 |        | ns   |
| t <sub>RASP</sub> | Pulse duration, page mode, RAS\ low3                             | 80     | 100000 | 100 | 100000 | 120 | 100000 | ns   |
| t <sub>RAS</sub>  | Pulse duration, nonpage mode, RAS\ low <sup>3</sup>              | 80     | 10000  | 100 | 10000  | 120 | 10000  | ns   |
| $t_{CAS}$         | Pulse duration, CAS\ low <sup>4</sup>                            | 20     | 10000  | 25  | 10000  | 30  | 10000  | ns   |
| $t_{CP}$          | Pulse duration, CAS\ High  | 10     |        | 10  |        | 15  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>RP</sub>   | Pulse duration, RAS\ High (precharge)                            | 60     |        | 70  |        | 80  |        | ns   |
| $t_{WP}$          | Pulse duration, write  | 15     |        | 20  |        | 25  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>ASC</sub>  | Setup time, column address before CAS\ low                       | 0      |        | 0   |        | 0   |        | ns   |
| t <sub>ASR</sub>  | Setup time, row address before RAS\ low                          | 0      |        | 0   |        | 0   |        | ns   |
| t <sub>DS</sub>   | Setup time, data <sup>5</sup>                                    | 0      |        | 0   |        | 0   |        | ns   |
| t <sub>RCS</sub>  | Setup time, read before CAS\ low                                 | 0      |        | 0   |        | 0   |        | ns   |
| t <sub>CWL</sub>  | Setup time, W\ low before CAS\ high                              | 20     |        | 25  |        | 30  |        | ns   |
| $t_{RWL}$         | Setup time, W\ low before RAS\ high                              | 20     |        | 25  |        | 30  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>WCS</sub>  | Setup time, W\ low before CAS\ low (early-write operation only)  | 0      |        | 0   |        | 0   |        | ns   |
| t <sub>WSR</sub>  | Setup time, W\ High (CBR refresh only)                           | 10     |        | 10  |        | 10  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>CAH</sub>  | Hold time, column address after CAS\ low                         | 15     |        | 20  |        | 20  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>DHR</sub>  | Hold time, data after RAS\ low                                   | 60     |        | 75  |        | 90  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>DH</sub>   | Hold time, data <sup>5</sup>                                     | 15     |        | 20  |        | 25  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>AR</sub>   | Hold time, column address after CAS\ low <sup>4</sup>            | 60     |        | 75  |        | 90  |        | ns   |
| $t_{RAH}$         | Hold time, row address after RAS\ low                            | 10     |        | 15  |        | 15  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>RCH</sub>  | Hold time, read after CAS\ High <sup>6</sup>                     | 0      |        | 0   |        | 0   |        | ns   |
| t <sub>RRH</sub>  | Hold time, read after RAS\ High <sup>6</sup>                     | 0      |        | 0   |        | 0   |        | ns   |
| t <sub>WCH</sub>  | Hold time, write after CAS\ low (early-write operation only)     | 15     |        | 20  |        | 25  |        | ns   |
| $t_{WCR}$         | Hold time, write after RAS\ low <sup>4</sup>                     | 60     |        | 75  |        | 90  |        | ns   |
| $t_{WHR}$         | Hold time, W∖ High (CBR refresh only)                            | 10     |        | 10  |        | 10  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>OEH</sub>  | Hold time, OE\ command   | 20     |        | 25  |        | 30  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>ROH</sub>  | Hold time, RAS\ referenced to OE\                                | 20     |        | 25  |        | 30  |        | ns   |
| $t_{AWD}$         | Delay time, column address to W\ low (read-write operation only) | 70     |        | 80  |        | 90  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>CHR</sub>  | Delay time, RAS\ low to CAS\ High (CBR refresh only)             | 20     |        | 20  |        | 25  |        | ns   |
| t <sub>CRP</sub>  | Delay time, CAS\ High to RAS\ low                                | 0      |        | 0   |        | 0   |        | ns   |
| t <sub>CSH</sub>  | Delay time, RAS\ low to CAS\ High                                | 80     |        | 100 |        | 120 |        | ns   |
| t <sub>CSR</sub>  | Delay time, CAS\ low to RAS\ low (CBR refresh only)              | 10     |        | 10  |        | 10  |        | ns   |
| $t_{\text{CWD}}$  | Delay time, CAS\ low to W\ low (read-write operation only)       | 50     |        | 60  |        | 70  |        | ns   |

- 1. All cycle times assume  $t_T = 5$ ns.
- 2. To assure  $t_{\mbox{\footnotesize PC}}$  min,  $t_{\mbox{\footnotesize ASC}}$  should be  $\geq t_{\mbox{\footnotesize CP}}.$
- 3. In a read-write cycle,  $\boldsymbol{t}_{RWD}$  and  $\boldsymbol{t}_{RWL}$  must be observed.
- 4. In a read-write cycle, t<sub>CWD</sub> and t<sub>CWL</sub> must be observed.

  5. Referenced to the later of CAS\ or W\ in write operations.
- 6. Either  $\boldsymbol{t}_{RRH}$  or  $\boldsymbol{t}_{RCH}$  must be satisfied for a read cycle.

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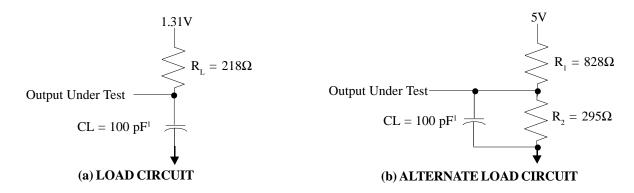
## **TIMING REQUIREMENTS** (continued)

|                  |  | -8  |     | -10 -12 |     | -12 |     |      |
|------------------|--|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| SYM              | PARAMETER  | MIN | MAX | MIN     | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| t <sub>RAD</sub> | Delay time, RAS\ low to column address <sup>1</sup>        | 15  | 40  | 20      | 50  | 20  | 65  | ns   |
| t <sub>RAL</sub> | Delay time, column addresss to RAS\ High                   | 40  |     | 50      |     | 55  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>CAL</sub> | Delay time, column addresss to CAS\ High                   | 40  |     | 50      |     | 55  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>RCD</sub> | Delay time, RAS\ low to CAS\ low <sup>1</sup>              | 20  | 60  | 25      | 75  | 25  | 90  | ns   |
| t <sub>RPC</sub> | Delay time, RAS\ High to CAS\ low                          | 0   |     | 0       |     | 0   |     | ns   |
| t <sub>RSH</sub> | Delay time, CAS\ low to RAS\ High                          | 20  |     | 25      |     | 30  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>RWD</sub> | Delay time, RAS\ low to W\ low (read-write operation only) | 110 |     | 135     |     | 160 |     | ns   |
| t <sub>CLZ</sub> | CAS\ to output in low Z <sup>2</sup>                       | 0   |     | 0       |     | 0   |     | ns   |
| t <sub>OED</sub> | OE\ to data delay  | 20  |     | 25      |     | 30  |     | ns   |
| t <sub>REF</sub> | Refresh time interval                                      |     | 16  |         | 16  |     | 16  | ms   |
| t <sub>T</sub>   | Tranistion time <sup>3</sup>                               |     |     |         |     |     |     |      |

#### NOTES:

- Maximum value specified only to assure access time.
- 2. Valid data is presented at the outputs after all access times are satisfied but can go from the high-impedance state to an invalid-data state prior to the specified access times as the outputs are driven when CAS\ and OE\ are low.
- 3. Transition times (rise and fall) for RAS\ and CAS\ are to be a minimum of 3ns and a maximum of 50ns.

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION Figure 1. Load Circuit for Timing Parameters

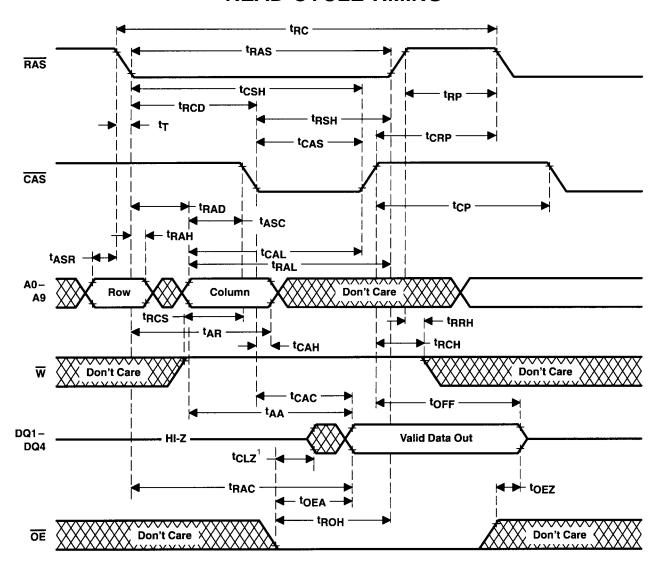


#### NOTES:

1. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and fixture capacitance.



## **READ-CYCLE TIMING**

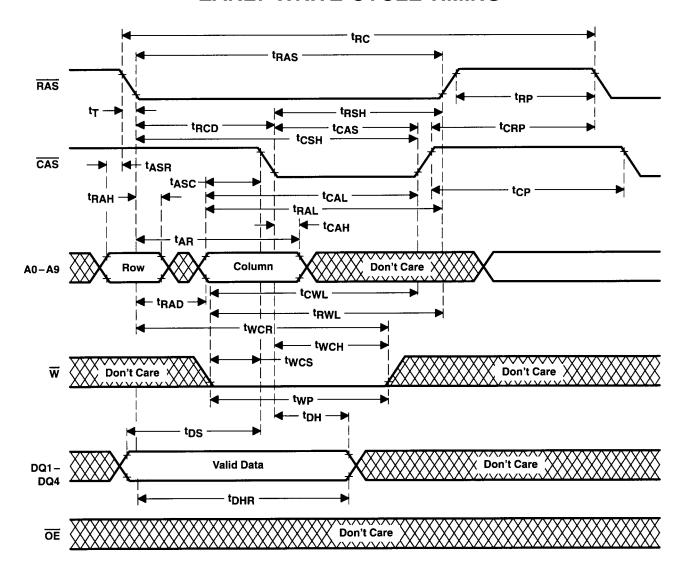


#### NOTES

1. Valid data is presented at the outputs after all access times are satisfied but can go from the high-impedance state to an invalid-data state prior to the specified access tiems as the outputs are driven when CAS\ and OE\ are low.

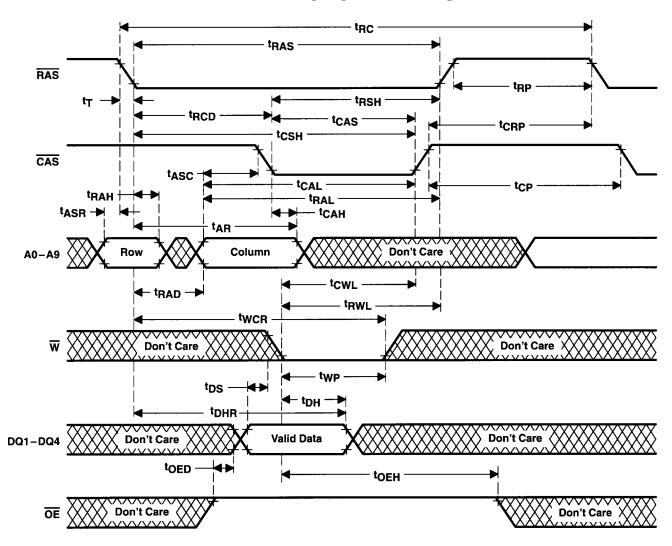


## **EARLY-WRITE-CYCLE TIMING**



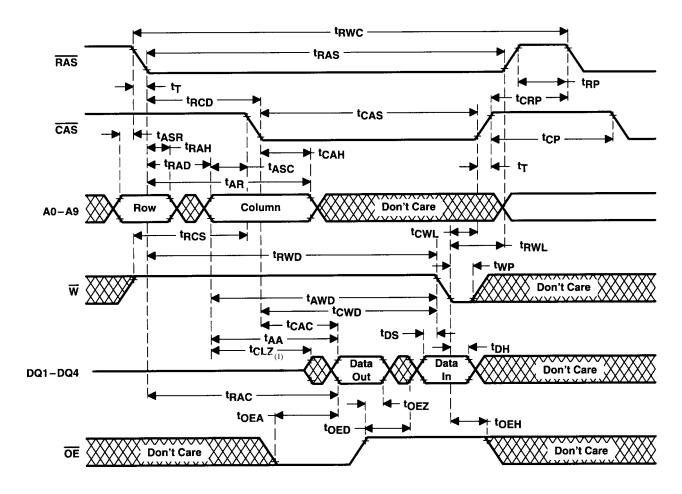


## **WRITE-CYCLE TIMING**





## **READ-WRITE CYCLE TIMING**

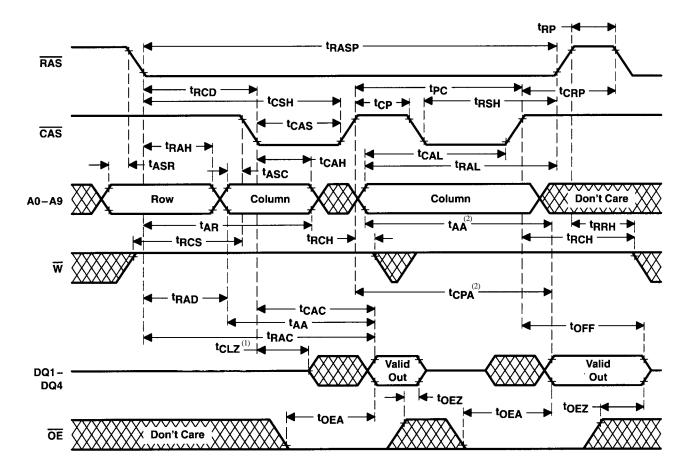


#### NOTES:

1. Valid data is presented at the outputs after all access times are satisfied but can go from the high-impedance state to an invalid-data state prior to the specified access tiems as the outputs are driven when CAS\ and OE\ are low.



## **ENHANCED-PAGE-MODE READ-CYCLE TIMING**

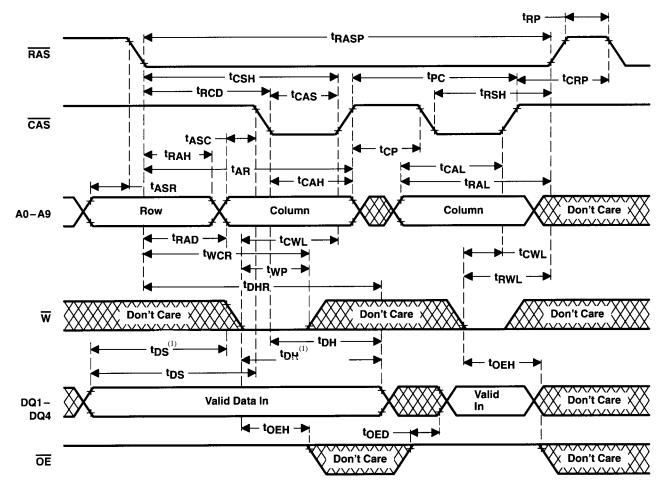


L. Valid data is presented at the outputs after all access times are satisfied but can go from the high-impedance state to an invalid-data state prior to the specified access tiems as the outputs are driven when CAS\ and OE\ are low.

<sup>2.</sup> Access time is t<sub>CPA</sub> or t<sub>AA</sub> dependent.



## **ENHANCED-PAGE-MODE WRITE-CYCLE TIMING<sup>2</sup>**

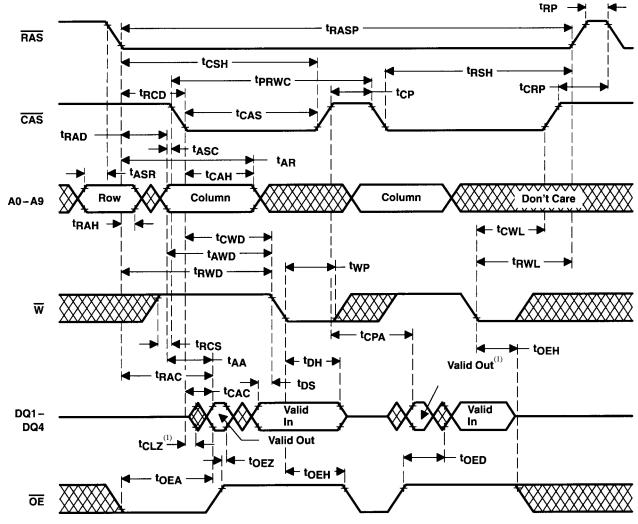


#### NOTES:

1. Referenced to CAS\ or W\, whichever occurs last.
2. A read cycle or a read-write cycle can be intermixed with write cycles as long as read and read-write timing specifications are not violated.



## **ENHANCED-PAGE-MODE READ-WRITE-CYCLE TIMING<sup>2</sup>**

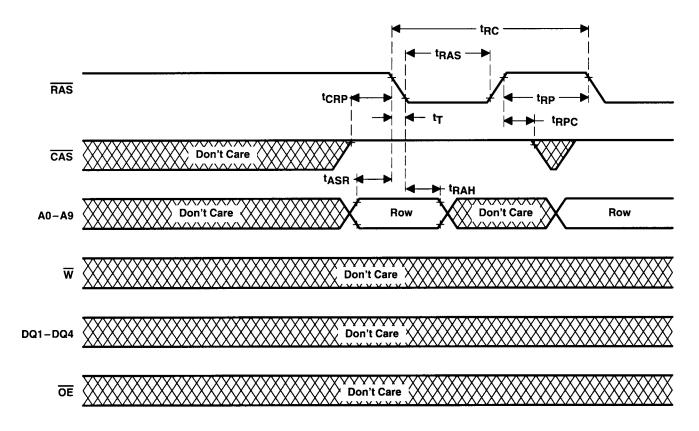


#### NOTES:

<sup>1.</sup> Valid data is presented at the outputs after all access times are satisfied but can go from the high-impedance state to an invalid-data state prior to the specified access times as the outputs are driven when CAS\ and OE\ are low.

<sup>2.</sup> A read or write cycle can be intermixed with read-write cycles as long as the read and write timing specifications are not violated.

## **RAS\-ONLY REFRESH TIMING**

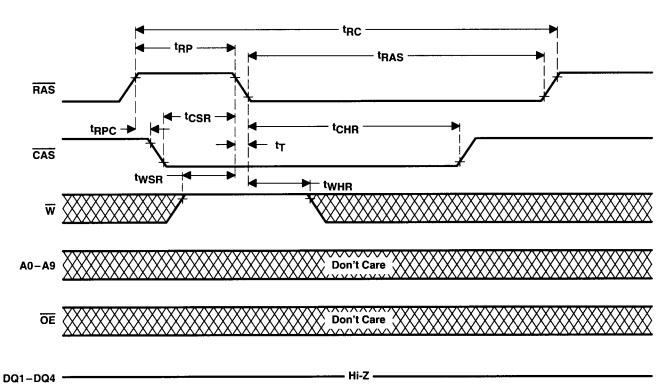




## **DRAM** SMJ44400

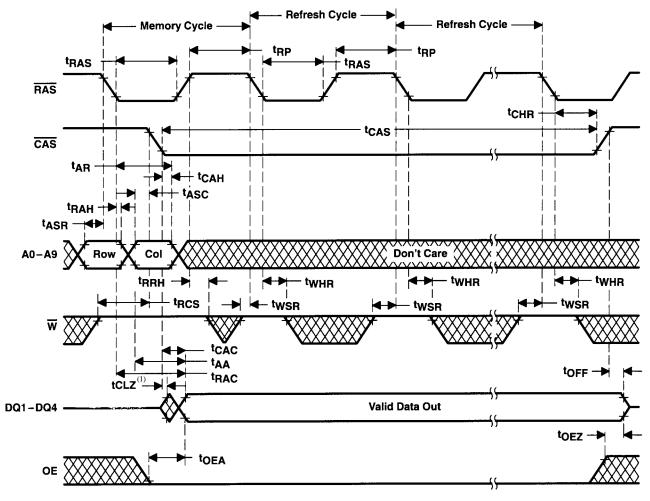
Austin Semiconductor, Inc.

## **AUTOMATIC-CBR-REFRESH-CYCLE TIMING**





## **HIDDEN-REFRESH-CYCLE (READ) TIMING**

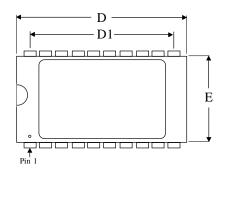


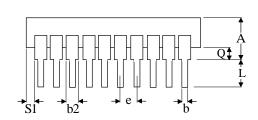
#### NOTES

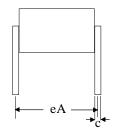
1. Valid data is presented at the outputs after all access times are satisfied but can go from the high-impedance state to an invalid-data state prior to the specified access times as the outputs are driven when CAS\ and OE\ are low.

## **MECHANICAL DEFINITIONS\***

ASI Case #113 (Package Designator JD) SMD 5962-90847, Case Outline U





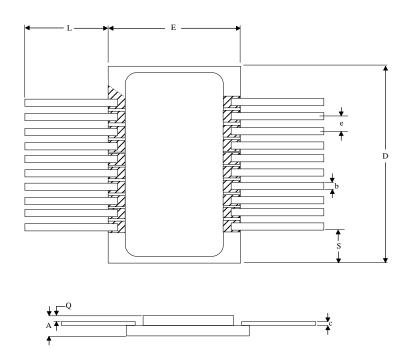


|        | SMD Specifications |       |  |  |  |
|--------|--------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| SYMBOL | MIN                | MAX   |  |  |  |
| Α      |                    | 0.175 |  |  |  |
| b      | 0.015              | 0.021 |  |  |  |
| b2     | 0.045              | 0.065 |  |  |  |
| С      | 0.008              | 0.014 |  |  |  |
| D      | 0.980              | 1.030 |  |  |  |
| D1     | 0.890              | 0.910 |  |  |  |
| Е      | 0.380              | 0.410 |  |  |  |
| eA     | 0.385              | 0.420 |  |  |  |
| е      | 0.100              | ) BSC |  |  |  |
| Q      | 0.015              | 0.060 |  |  |  |
| L      | 0.125              | 0.200 |  |  |  |
| S1     |                    | 0.070 |  |  |  |

**NOTE:** These dimensions are per the SMD. ASI's package dimensional limits may differ, but they will be within the SMD limits.

### **MECHANICAL DEFINITIONS\***

ASI Case #308 (Package Designator HR) SMD 5962-90847, Case Outline X



| SYMBOL | SMD Specifications |       |  |  |  |  |
|--------|--------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| STMBOL | MIN                | MAX   |  |  |  |  |
| Α      | 0.080              | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |
| b      | 0.015              | 0.021 |  |  |  |  |
| С      | 0.004              | 0.010 |  |  |  |  |
| D      | 0.690              | 0.710 |  |  |  |  |
| E      | 0.483              | 0.497 |  |  |  |  |
| е      | 0.050              | ) TYP |  |  |  |  |
| L      | 0.340              | 0.370 |  |  |  |  |
| Q      | 0.025              | 0.035 |  |  |  |  |
| S      | 0.101              | 0.133 |  |  |  |  |

**NOTE:** These dimensions are per the SMD. ASI's package dimensional limits may differ, but they will be within the SMD limits.

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

**EXAMPLE:** SMJ44400-12JDM

| Device<br>Number | Speed ns | Package<br>Type | Process |
|------------------|----------|-----------------|---------|
| SMJ44400         | -80      | JD              | /*      |
| SMJ44400         | -10      | JD              | /*      |
| SMJ44400         | -12      | JD              | /*      |

**EXAMPLE:** SMJ44400-80HRM

| Device<br>Number | Speed ns | Package<br>Type | Process |
|------------------|----------|-----------------|---------|
| SMJ44400         | -80      | HR              | /*      |
| SMJ44400         | -10      | HR              | /*      |
| SMJ44400         | -12      | HR              | /*      |

#### \*AVAILABLE PROCESSES

M = Extended Temperature Range

-55°C to +125°C

## **ASI TO DSCC PART NUMBER CROSS REFERENCE\***

## **ASI Package Designator JD**

| TI Part #**     | SMD Part #      |  |
|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| SMJ44400-12/JDM | 5962-9084701MUA |  |
| SMJ44400-10/JDM | 5962-9084702MUA |  |
| SMJ44400-80/JDM | 5962-9084703MUA |  |

## **ASI Package Designator HR**

| TI Part #**     | SMD Part #      |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| SMJ44400-12/HRM | 5962-9084701MXA |
| SMJ44400-10/HRM | 5962-9084702MXA |
| SMJ44400-80/HRM | 5962-9084703MXA |

<sup>\*</sup> ASI part number is for reference only. Orders received referencing the SMD part number will be processed per the SMD.