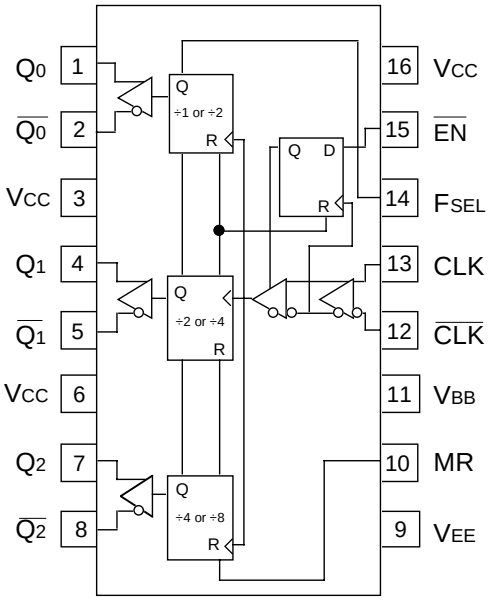
(÷1, ÷2, ÷4) OR (÷2, ÷4, ÷8) CLOCK GENERATION CHIP

FEATURES

- 3.3V and 5V power supply options
- 50ps output-to-output skew
- Synchronous enable/disable
- Master Reset for synchronization
- Internal 75KΩ input pull-down resistors
- Available in 16-pin SOIC package

PIN CONFIGURATION/BLOCK DIAGRAM



SOIC
TOP VIEW

PIN NAMES

Pin	Function
CLK	Differential Clock Inputs
FSEL	Function Select
$\overline{EN}$	Synchronous Enable
MR	Master Reset
VBB	Reference Output
Q0	Differential ÷1 or ÷2 Outputs
Q1	Differential ÷2 or ÷4 Outputs
Q2	Differential ÷4 or ÷8 Outputs

DESCRIPTION

The SY100S834/L is low skew (÷1, ÷2, ÷4) or (÷2, ÷4, ÷8) clock generation chip designed explicitly for low skew clock generation applications. The internal dividers are synchronous to each other, therefore, the common output edges are all precisely aligned. The devices can be driven by either a differential or single-ended ECL or, if positive power supplies are used, PECL input signal. In addition, by using the VBB output, a sinusoidal source can be AC-coupled into the device. If a single-ended input is to be used, the VBB output should be connected to the $\overline{CLK}$ input and bypassed to ground via a 0.01µF capacitor. The VBB output is designed to act as the switching reference for the input of the SY100S834/L under single-ended input conditions. As a result, this pin can only source/sink up to 0.5mA of current.

The Function Select (FSEL) input is used to determine what clock generation chip function is. When FSEL input is LOW, SY100S834/L functions as a divide by 2, by 4 and by 8 clock generation chip. However, if FSEL input is HIGH, it functions as a divide by 1, by 2 and by 4 clock generation chip. This latter feature will increase the clock frequency by two folds.

The common enable ($\overline{EN}$) is synchronous so that the internal dividers will only be enabled/disabled when the internal clock is already in the LOW state. This avoids any chance of generating a runt clock pulse on the internal clock when the device is enabled/disabled as can happen with an asynchronous control. An internal runt pulse could lead to losing synchronization between the internal divider stages. The internal enable flip-flop is clocked on the falling edge of the input clock, therefore, all associated specification limits are referenced to the negative edge of the clock input.

Upon start-up, the internal flip-flops will attain a random state; the master reset (MR) input allows for the synchronization of the internal dividers, as well as for multiple SY100S834/Ls in a system.

TRUTH TABLE

CLK	$\overline{EN}$	MR	Function
Z	L	L	Divide
ZZ	H	L	Hold Q0–2
X	X	H	Reset Q0–2

NOTES:
Z = LOW-to-HIGH transition
ZZ = HIGH-to-LOW transition

FSEL	Q0 Outputs	Q1 Outputs	Q2 Outputs
L	Divide by 2	Divide by 4	Divide by 8
H	Divide by 1	Divide by 2	Divide by 4

Rev.: F Amendment: /0
Issue Date: September, 1999

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS[1]

V_{EE} = V_{EE} (Min.) to V_{EE} (Max.); V_{CC} = GND

		T_A = –40°C			T_A = 0°C			T_A = +25°C			T_A = +85°C			
Symbol	**Parameter**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Unit**
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current	—	—	49	—	—	49	—	—	49	—	—	54	mA
V_{BB}	Output Reference Voltage	-1.38	—	-1.26	-1.38	—	-1.26	-1.38	—	-1.26	-1.38	—	-1.26	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	µA

NOTE:

1. Parametric values specified at: 5 volt Power Supply Range 100S834 Series: -4.2V to -5.5V.
   3 volt Power Supply Range 100S834L Series -3.0V to -3.8V.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS[1]

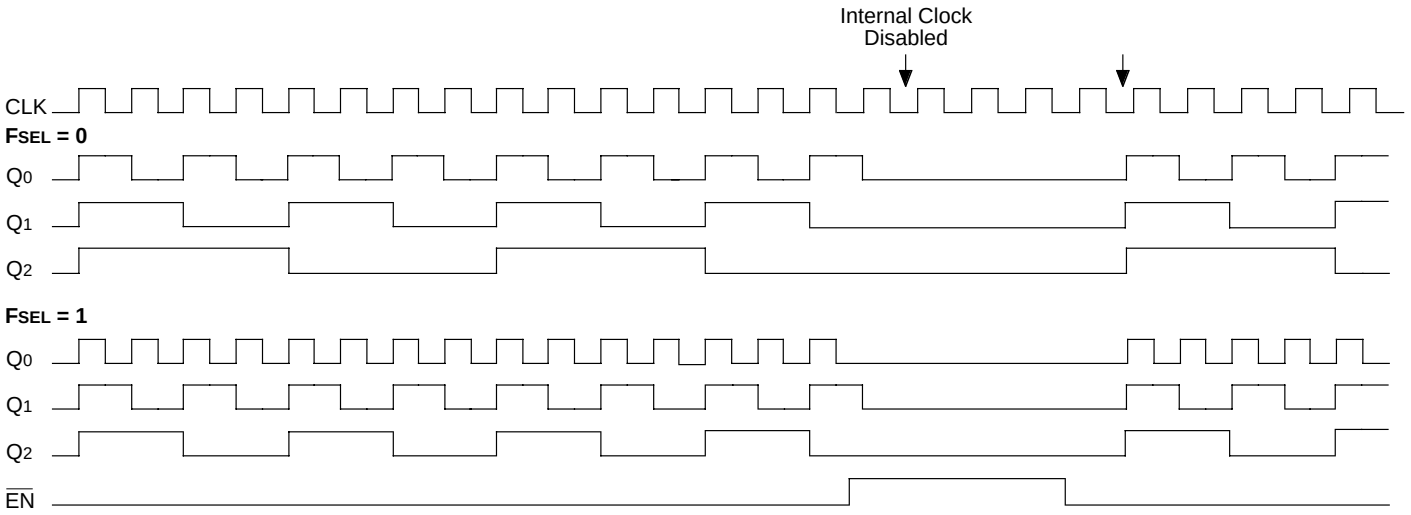
V_{EE} = V_{EE} (Min.) to V_{EE} (Max.); V_{CC} = GND

		T_A = –40°C			T_A = 0°C			T_A = +25°C			T_A = +85°C			
Symbol	**Parameter**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Unit**
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay CLK to Output MR	960 650	1100 800	1200 1010	960 650	1100 800	1200 1010	960 650	1100 800	1200 1010	960 650	1100 800	1200 1010	ps
t_{skew}	Within-Device Skew[2]	—	—	50	—	—	50	—	—	50	—	—	50	ps
t_S	Set-up Time $\overline{EN}$	400	—	—	400	—	—	400	—	—	400	—	—	ps
t_H	Hold Time $\overline{EN}$	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	ps
V_{PP}	Minimum Input Swing	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	mV
V_{CMR}	Common Mode Range[3] CLK	 –1.3	 —	 –0.4	 –1.4	 —	 –0.4	 –1.4	 —	 –0.4	 –1.4	 —	 –0.4	V
t_r t_f	Output Rise/Fall Times Q (20% – 80%)	275	400	525	275	400	525	275	400	525	275	400	525	ps

NOTES:

1. Parametric values specified at: 5 volt Power Supply Range 100S834 Series: -4.2V to -5.5V.
   3 volt Power Supply Range 100S834L Series -3.0V to -3.8V.
2. Within-Device Skew is specified for identical transition.
3. The CMR range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal. Normal operation is obtained if the HIGH level falls within the specified range and the peak-to-peak voltage lies between V_{PP} min. and 1V. The lower end of the CMR range varies 1:1 with V_{EE}. The numbers in the spec table assume a nominal V_{EE} = –3.3V. Note for PECL operation, the V_{CMR} (min) will be fixed at 3.3V – IV_{CMR} (min)I.

TIMING DIAGRAM



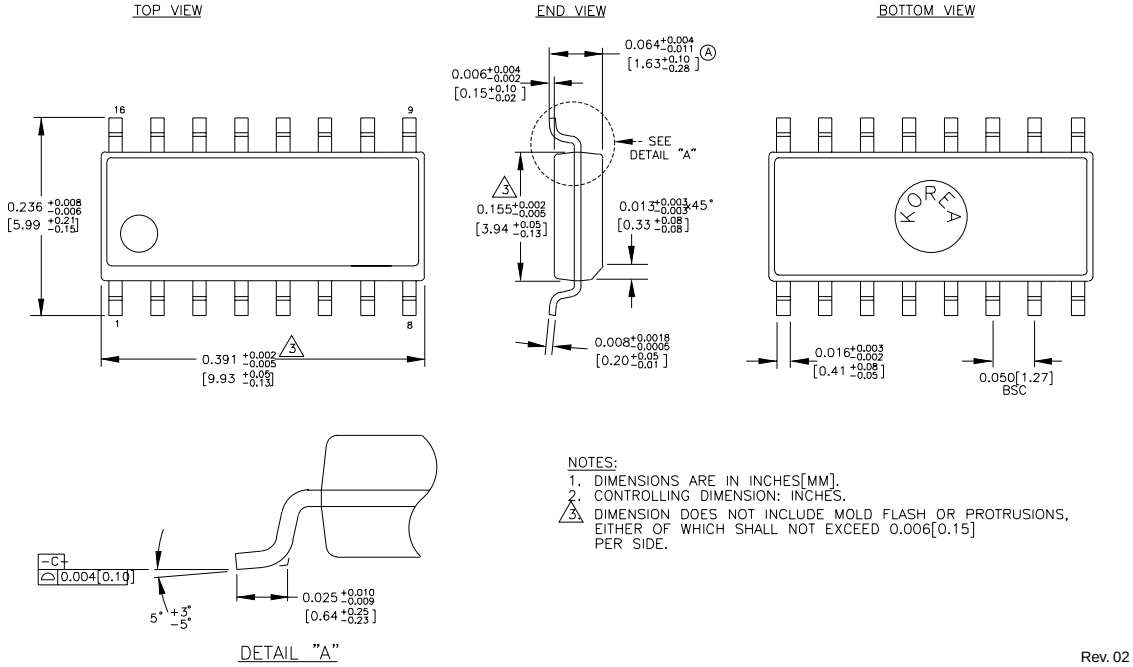
The $\overline{EN}$ signal will freeze the internal clocks to the flip-flops on the first falling edge of CLK after its assertion. The internal dividers will maintain their state during the internal clock freeze and will return to clocking once the internal clocks are unfrozen. The outputs will transition to their next states in the same manner, time and relationship as they would have had the $\overline{EN}$ signal not been asserted.

PRODUCT ORDERING CODE

Ordering Code	Package Type	Operating Range	V_{EE} Range (V)
SY100S834ZC	Z16-2	Commercial	-4.2 to -5.5
SY100S834ZCTR	Z16-2	Commercial	-4.2 to -5.5
SY100S834LZC	Z16-2	Commercial	-3.0 to -3.8
SY100S834LZCTR	Z16-2	Commercial	-3.0 to -3.8

Ordering Code	Package Type	Operating Range	V_{EE} Range (V)
SY100S834ZI	Z16-2	Industrial	-4.2 to -5.5
SY100S834ZITR	Z16-2	Industrial	-4.2 to -5.5
SY100S834LZI	Z16-2	Industrial	-3.0 to -3.8
SY100S834LZITR	Z16-2	Industrial	-3.0 to -3.8

16 LEAD SOIC .150" WIDE (Z16-2)



Rev. 02