

Features

- No External Components Except PIN Diode
- Supply-voltage Range: 2.7 V to 5.5 V
- Automatic Sensitivity Adaptation (AGC)
- Automatic Strong Signal Adaptation (ATC)
- Automatic Supply Voltage Adaptation
- Enhanced Immunity against Ambient Light Disturbances
- Available for Carrier Frequencies between 30 kHz to 76 kHz; adjusted by Zener-Diode Fusing $\pm 2.5\%$
- TTL and CMOS Compatible

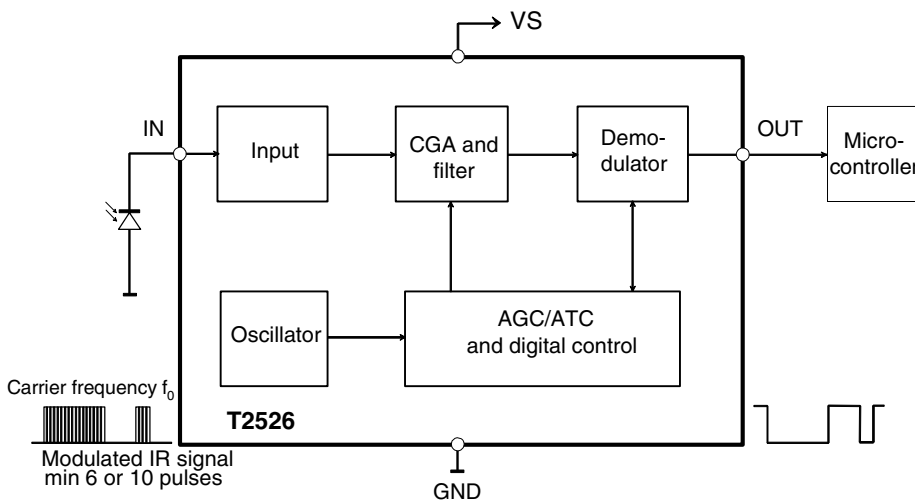
Applications

- Audio Video Applications
- Home Appliances
- Remote Control Equipment

Description

The IC T2526 is a complete IR receiver for data communication developed and optimized for use in carrier-frequency-modulated transmission applications. Its function can be described using the block diagram of Figure 1. The input stage meets two main functions. First it provides a suitable bias voltage for the PIN diode. Secondly the pulsed photo-current signals are transformed into a voltage by a special circuit which is optimized for low noise applications. After amplification by a **Controlled Gain Amplifier (CGA)** the signals have to pass a tuned integrated narrow bandpass filter with a center frequency f_0 which is equivalent to the chosen carrier frequency of the input signal. The demodulator is used first to convert the input burst signal to a digital envelope output pulse and to evaluate the signal information quality, i.e., unwanted pulses will be suppressed at the output pin. All this is done by means of an integrated dynamic feedback circuit which varies the gain as a function of the present environmental conditions (ambient light, modulated lamps etc.). Other special features are used to adapt to the current application to secure best transmission quality. The T2526 operates in a supply-voltage range from 2.7 V to 5.5 V. By default, the T2526 is optimized for best performance within 2.7 V to 3.3 V.

Figure 1. Block Diagram



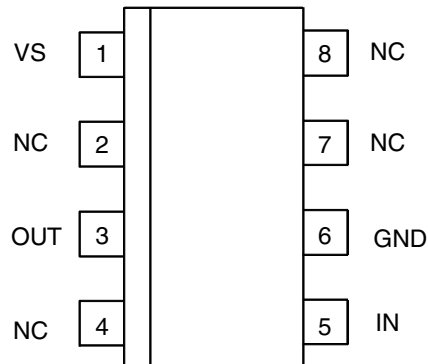
Low-voltage IR Receiver ASSP

T2526



Pin Configuration

Figure 2. Pinning SO8 and TSSOP8



Pin Description

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	VS	Supply voltage
2	NC	Not connected
3	OUT	Data output
4	NC	Not connected
5	IN	Input PIN-diode
6	GND	Ground
7	NC	Not connected
8	NC	Not connected

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply voltage	V_S	-0.3 to 6	V
Supply current	I_S	3	mA
Input voltage	V_{IN}	-0.3 to V_S	V
Input DC current at $V_S = 5\text{ V}$	I_{IN}	0.75	mA
Output voltage	V_O	-0.3 to V_S	V
Output current	I_O	10	mA
Operating temperature	T_{amb}	-25 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to +125	°C
Power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	30	mW

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction ambient SO8	R_{thJA}	130	k/W
Junction ambient TSSOP8	R_{thJA}	tbd	K/W

Electrical Characteristics, 3-V Operation

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified.

No.	Parameters	Test Conditions	Pin	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Type*
1	Supply								
1.1	Supply-voltage range		1	V_S	2.7	3.0	3.3	V	C
1.2	Supply current	$I_{IN}=0$	1	I_S	0.7	0.9	1.3	mA	B
2	Output								
2.1	Internal pull-up resistor ⁽¹⁾	$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ See Figure 12 on page 9	1, 3	R_{PU}		30/40		k Ω	A
2.2	Output voltage low	$R_2 = 2.4\text{ k}\Omega$ See Figure 12 on page 9	3, 6	V_{OL}			250	mV	B
2.3	Output voltage high		3, 1	V_{OH}	$V_S - 0.25$		V_S	V	B
2.4	Output current clamping	$R_2 = 0$ See Figure 12 on page 9	3, 6	I_{OCL}		8		mA	B
3	Input								
3.1	Input DC current	$V_{IN} = 0$ See Figure 12 on page 9	5	I_{IN_DCMAX}	-150			μA	C
3.2	Input DC current See Figure 5 on page 6	$V_{IN} = 0$; $V_S = 3\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	5	I_{IN_DCMAX}		-350		μA	B
3.3	Minimum detection threshold current See Figure 3 on page 6	Test signal: See Figure 11 on page 9 $V_S = 3\text{ V}$	3	I_{Eemin}		-700		pA	B
3.4	Minimum detection threshold current with AC current disturbance $I_{IN_AC100} =$ 3 μA at 100 Hz	$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_{IN_DC} = 1\mu\text{A}$ square pp burst N=16 $f = f_0$; $t_{PER} = 10\text{ ms}$ Figure 10 on page 8 BER = 50 ⁽²⁾	3	I_{Eemin}		-1500		pA	C
3.5	Maximum detection threshold current with $V_{IN} > 0\text{V}$	Test signal: See Figure 11 on page 9 $V_S = 3\text{ V}$, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_{IN_DC} = 1\mu\text{A}$ square pp burst N = 16 $f = f_0$; $t_{PER} = 10\text{ ms}$ Figure 10 on page 8 BER = 5% ⁽²⁾	3	I_{Eemax}	-200			μA	D

*) Type means: A = 100% tested, B = 100% correlation tested, C = Characterized on samples, D = Design parameter

Notes: 1. Depending on version, see "Ordering Information"

2. BER = bit error rate; e.g., BER = 5% means that with P = 20 at the input pin 19...21 pulses can appear at the pin OUT

3. After transformation of input current into voltage

Electrical Characteristics, 3-V Operation (Continued)

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified.

No.	Parameters	Test Conditions	Pin	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Type*
4	Controlled Amplifier and Filter								
4.1	Maximum value of variable gain (CGA)			G_{VARMAX}		51		dB	D
4.2	Minimum value of variable gain (CGA)			G_{VARMIN}		-5		dB	D
4.3	Total internal amplification ⁽³⁾			G_{MAX}		71		dB	D
4.4	Center frequency fusing accuracy of bandpass	$V_S = 3\text{ V}$, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		f_{03V_FUZE}	-2.5	f_0	+2.5	%	A
4.5	Overall accuracy center frequency of bandpass			f_{03V}	-5.5	f_0	+3.5	%	C
4.6	Overall accuracy center frequency of bandpass	$T_{amb} = 0\text{ to }70^{\circ}\text{C}$		f_{03V}	-4.5	f_0	+3.0	%	C
4.7	BPF bandwidth	-3 dB; $f_0 = 38\text{ kHz}$; See Figure 9 on page 8		B		3.8		kHz	C

*) Type means: A = 100% tested, B = 100% correlation tested, C = Characterized on samples, D = Design parameter

Notes: 1. Depending on version, see "Ordering Information"

2. BER = bit error rate; e.g., BER = 5% means that with P = 20 at the input pin 19...21 pulses can appear at the pin OUT

3. After transformation of input current into voltage

Electrical Characteristics, 5-V Operation

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified.

No.	Parameters	Test Conditions	Pin	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Type*
5	Supply								
5.1	Supply-voltage range		1	V_S	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	C
5.2	Supply current	$I_{IN} = 0$	1	I_S	0.9	1.2	1.6	mA	B
6	Output								
6.1	Internal pull-up resistor ⁽¹⁾	$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ See Figure 12 on page 9	1, 3	R_{PU}		30/40		k Ω	A
6.2	Output voltage low	$R_2 = 2.4\text{ k}\Omega$ See Figure 12 on page 9	3, 6	V_{OL}			250	mV	B
6.3	Output voltage high		3, 1	V_{OH}	$V_S - 0.25$		V_S	V	B
6.4	Output current clamping	$R_2 = 0$ See Figure 12 on page 9	3, 6	I_{OCL}		8		mA	B
7	Input								
7.1	Input DC current	$V_{IN} = 0$ See Figure 12 on page 9	5	I_{IN_DCMAX}	-400			μA	C
7.2	Input DC-current See Figure 6 on page 7	$V_{IN} = 0$; $V_S = 5\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	5	I_{IN_DCMAX}		-700		μA	B

*) Type means: A = 100% tested, B = 100% correlation tested, C = Characterized on samples, D = Design parameter

Notes: 1. Depending on version, see "Ordering Information"

2. BER = bit error rate; e.g., BER = 5% means that with P = 20 at the input pin 19...21 pulses can appear at the pin OUT

3. After transformation of input current into voltage

Electrical Characteristics, 5-V Operation (Continued)

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified.

No.	Parameters	Test Conditions	Pin	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Type*
7.3	Min. detection threshold current See Figure 4 on page 6	Test signal: See Figure 11 on page 9 $V_S = 5\text{ V}$	3	I_{Eemin}		-890		pA	B
7.4	Min. detection threshold current with AC current disturbance $I_{IN_AC100} = 3\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ at 100 Hz	$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_{IN_DC} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ square pp burst $N = 16$ $f = f_0$; $t_{PER} = 10\text{ ms}$ Figure 10 on page 8 $BER = 50^{(2)}$	3	I_{Eemin}		-2500		pA	C
7.5	Max. detection threshold current with $V_{IN} > 0\text{V}$	Test signal: See Figure 11 on page 9 $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_{IN_DC} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ square pp burst $N = 16$ $f = f_0$; $t_{PER} = 10\text{ ms}$ Figure 10 on page 8 $BER = 5\%^{(2)}$	3	I_{Eemax}	-500			μA	D
8	Controlled Amplifier and Filter								
8.1	Maximum value of variable gain (CGA)			G_{VARMAX}		51		dB	D
8.2	Minimum value of variable gain (CGA)			G_{VARMIN}		-5		dB	D
8.3	Total internal amplification ⁽³⁾			G_{MAX}		71		dB	D
8.4	Resulting center frequency fusing accuracy	f_0 fused at $V_S = 3\text{ V}$ $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		f_{05V}		$f_{03V-FUSE} + 0.5$		%	A

*) Type means: A = 100% tested, B = 100% correlation tested, C = Characterized on samples, D = Design parameter

Notes: 1. Depending on version, see "Ordering Information"

2. BER = bit error rate; e.g., BER = 5% means that with $P = 20$ at the input pin 19...21 pulses can appear at the pin OUT

3. After transformation of input current into voltage

ESD

All pins \Rightarrow 2000V HBM; 200V MM, MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015.7

Reliability

Electrical qualification (1000h) in molded SO8 plastic package

Typical Electrical Curves at $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$

Figure 3. I_{Eemin} versus I_{IN_DC} , $V_S = 3 V$

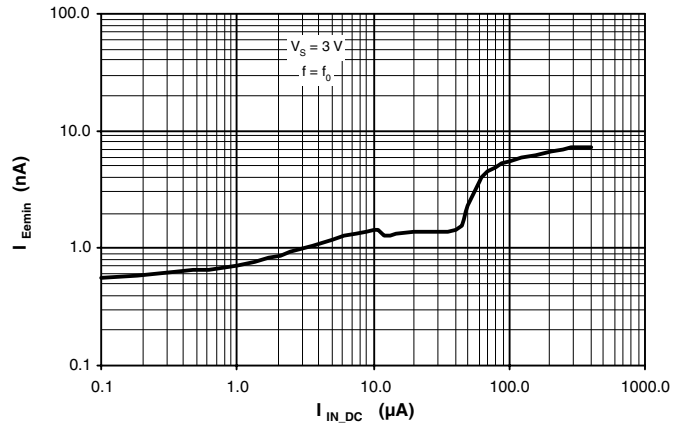


Figure 4. I_{Eemin} versus I_{IN_DC} , $V_S = 5 V$

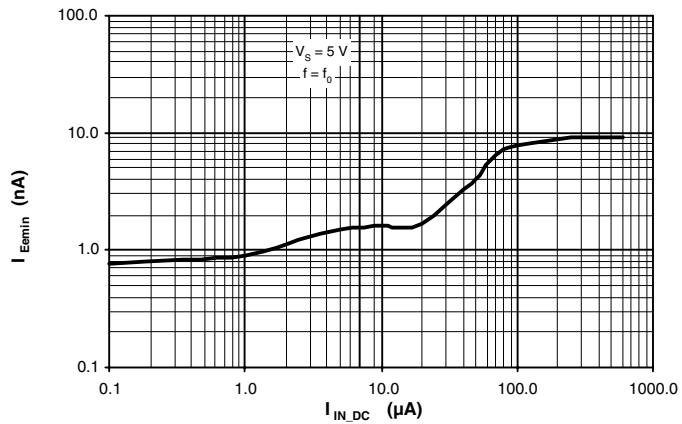


Figure 5. V_{IN} versus I_{IN_DC} , $V_S = 3 V$

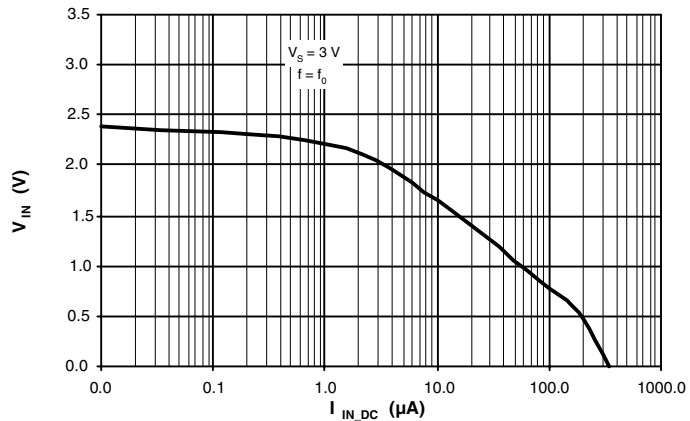


Figure 6. V_{IN} versus I_{IN_DC} , $V_S = 5\text{ V}$

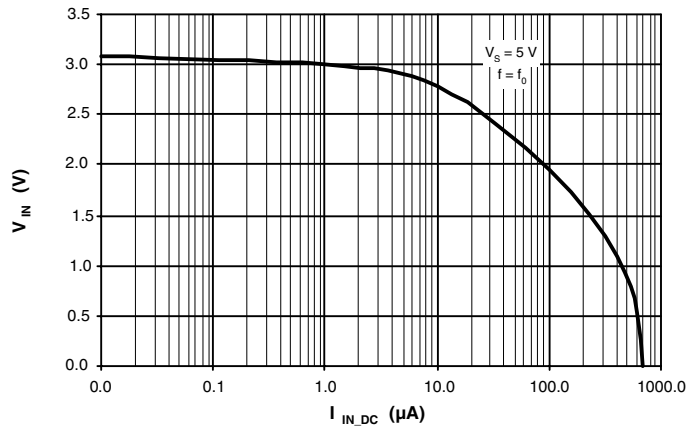


Figure 7. Data Transmission Rate, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$

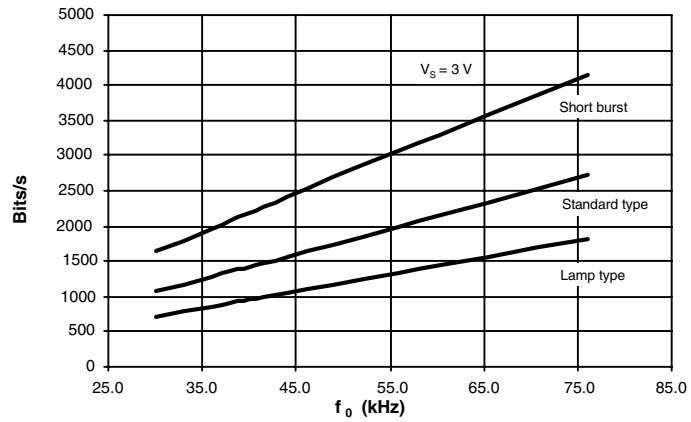


Figure 8. Data Transmission Rate, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$

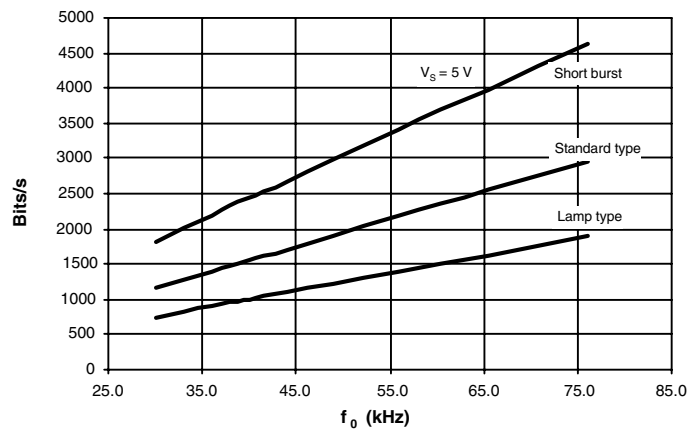
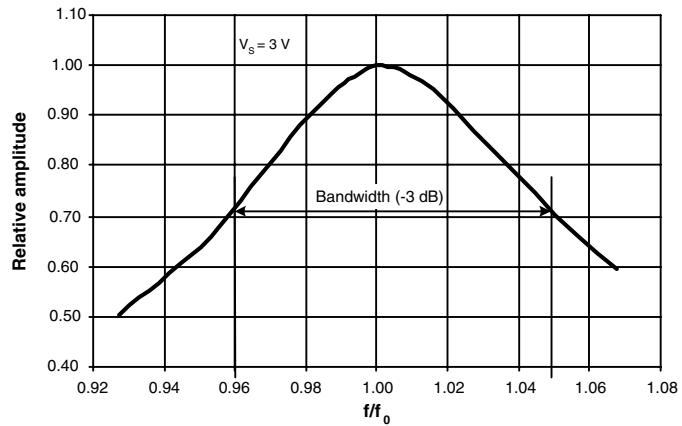


Figure 9. Typical Bandpass Curve



$Q = f/f_0/B$; $B \Rightarrow$ -3 dB values.

Example: $Q = 1/(1.047 - 0.954) = 11$

Figure 10. Illustration of Used Terms

Example: $f = 30$ kHz, burst with 16 pulses, 16 periods

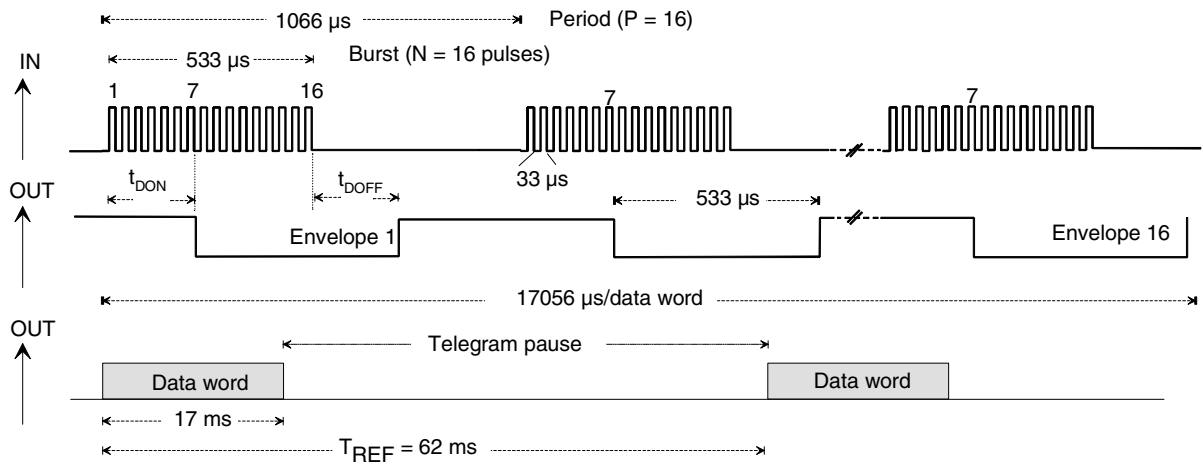


Figure 11. Test Circuit

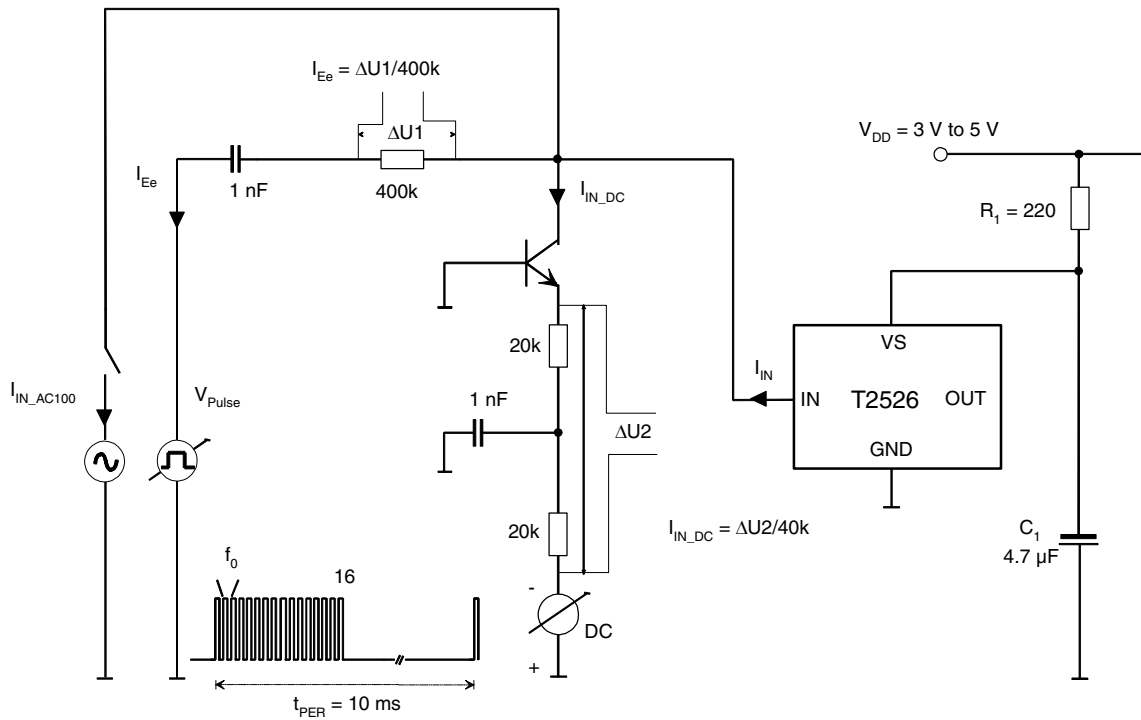
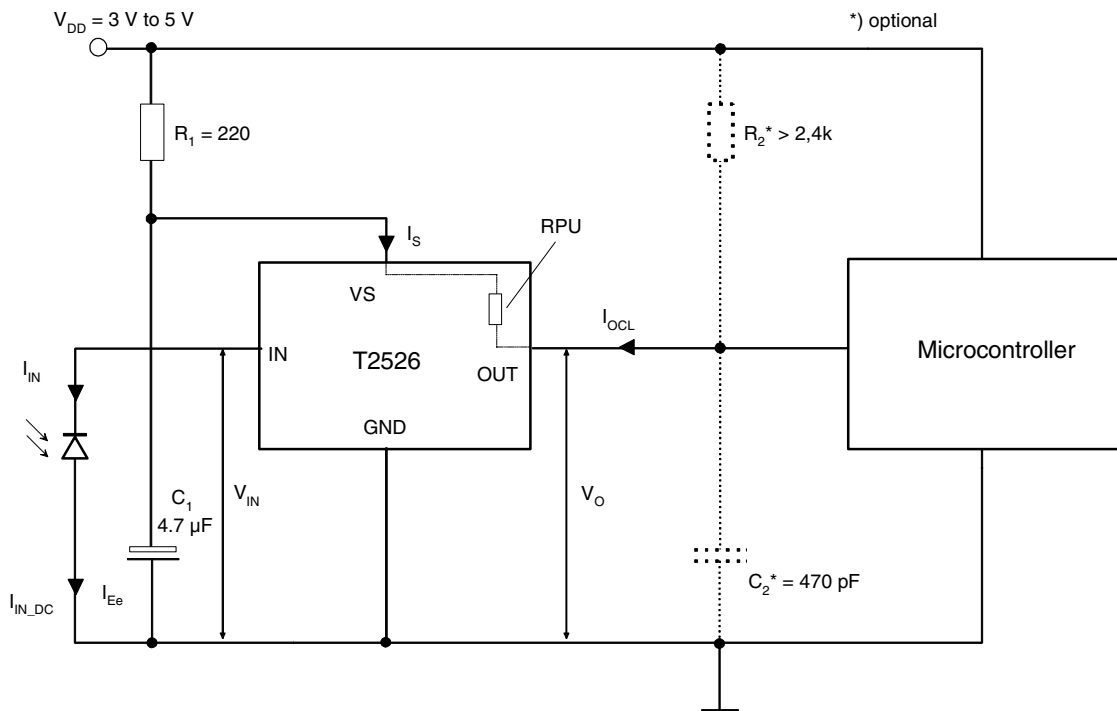
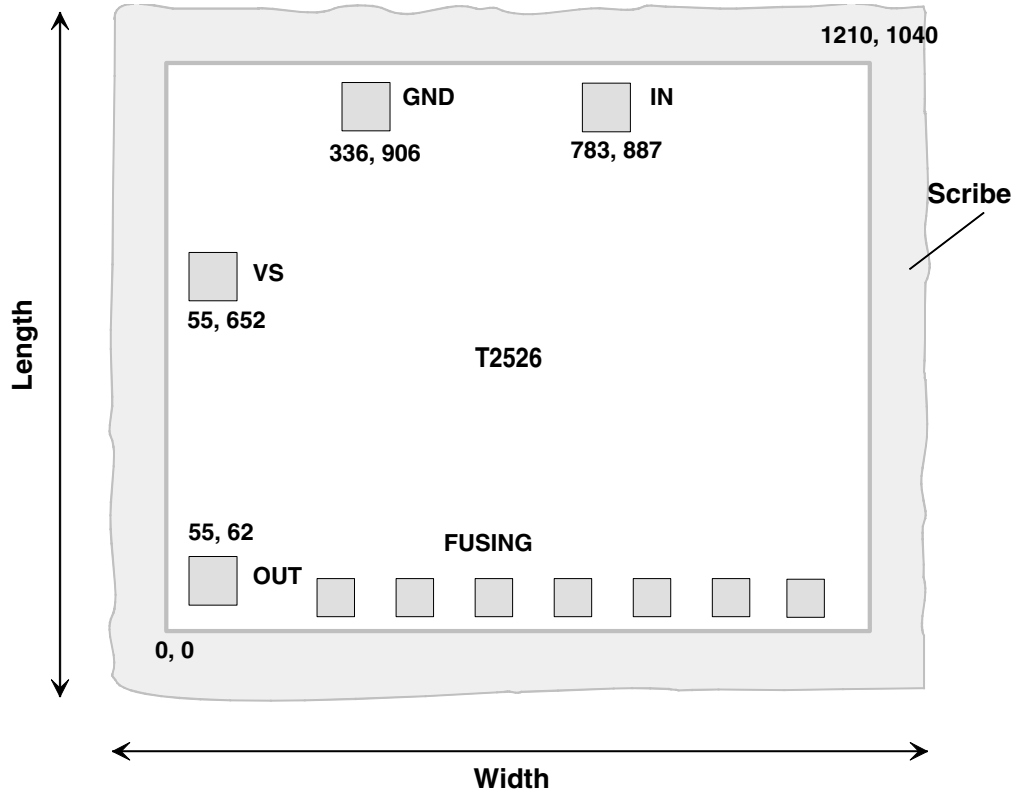


Figure 12. Application Circuit



Chip Dimensions

Figure 13. Chip Size in μm



Note: Pad coordinates are given for lower left corner of the pad in μm from the origin 0,0

Dimensions	Length inclusive scribe	1.15 mm
	Width inclusive scribe	1.29 mm
	Thickness	$290 \mu \pm 5\%$
	Pads	$90 \mu \times 90 \mu$
	Fusing pads	$70 \mu \times 70 \mu$
Pad metallurgy	Material	AlCu/AlSiTi ⁽¹⁾
	Thickness	$0.8 \mu\text{m}$
Finish	Material	$\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4/\text{SiO}_2$
	Thickness	$0.7/0.3 \mu\text{m}$

Note: 1. Value depends on manufacture location.

Ordering Information

Delivery: unsawn wafers (DDW) in box, SO8 (150 mil) and TSSOP8 (3 mm body).

Extended Type Number	PL ⁽²⁾	R _{PU} ⁽³⁾	D ⁽⁴⁾	Type
T2526N0xx ⁽¹⁾ -yyy ⁽⁵⁾	2	30	2179	Standard type: ≥ 10 pulses, enhanced sensibility, high data rate
T2526N1xx ⁽¹⁾ -DDW	1	30	2179	
T2526N2xx ⁽¹⁾ -yyy ⁽⁵⁾	2	40	1404	Lamp type: ≥ 10 pulses, enhanced suppression of disturbances, secure data transmission
T2526N3xx ⁽¹⁾ -DDW	1	40	1404	
T2526N6xx ⁽¹⁾ -yyy ⁽⁵⁾	2	30	3415	Short burst type: ≥ 6 pulses, enhanced data rate
T2526N7xx ⁽¹⁾ -DDW	1	30	3415	

- Notes:
- xx means the used carrier frequency value f_0 30, 33, 36, 38, 40, 44 or 56 kHz (76 kHz type on request)
 - Two pad layout versions (see Figure 14 and Figure 15) available for different assembly demand
 - Integrated pull-up resistor at pin OUT (see electrical characteristics)
 - Typical data transmission rate up to bit/s with $f_0 = 56$ kHz, $V_S = 5$ V (see Figure 10 on page 8)
 - yyy means kind of packaging:
DDW -> unsawn wafers in box
6AQ -> (only on request, TSSOP8 taped and reeled)

Pad Layout

Figure 14. Pad Layout 1 (DDW only)

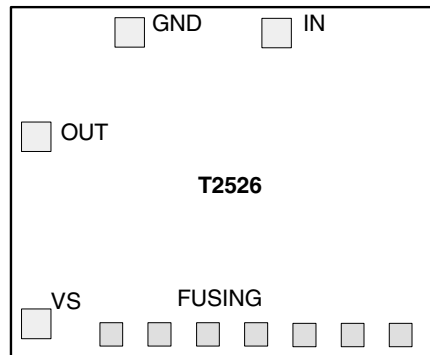
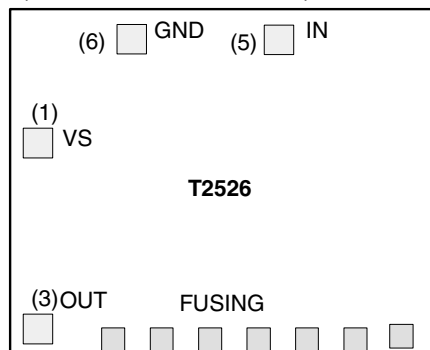


Figure 15. Pad Layout 2 (DDW, SO8 or TSSOP8)





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