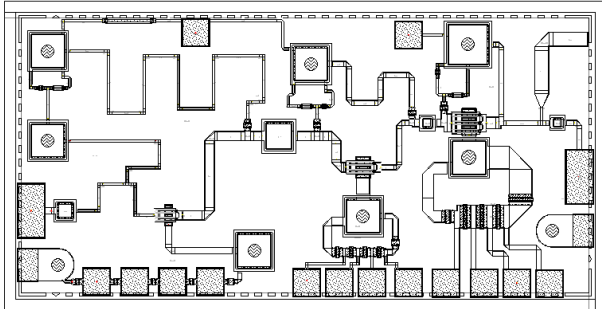


**Ka Band Low Noise Amplifier**

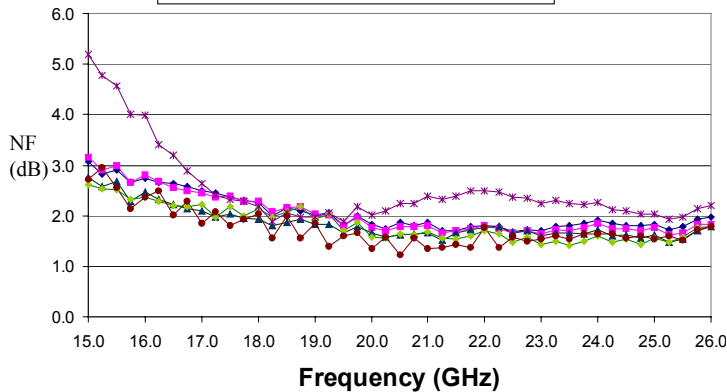
**TGA1319B**



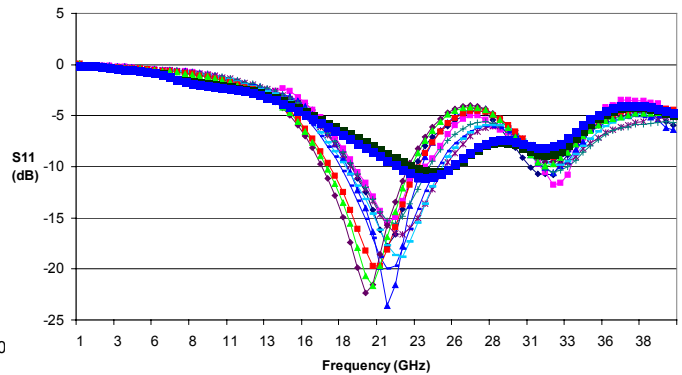
Chip Dimensions 2.237 mm x 1.144 mm

Preliminary Data, 6-10 Fixtured samples @ 25C

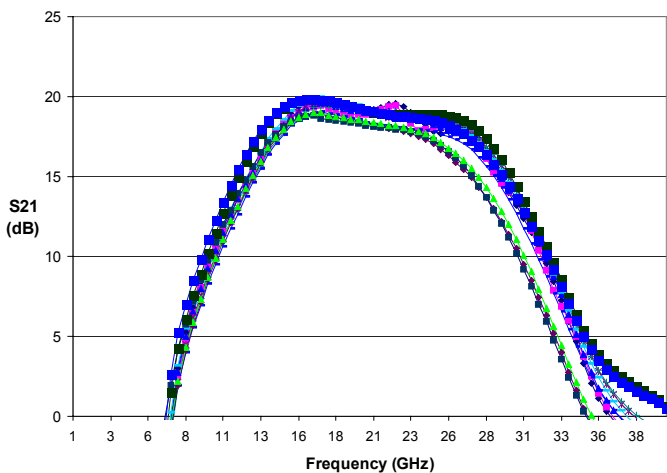
two 1-mil ball bonds at RF interconnects



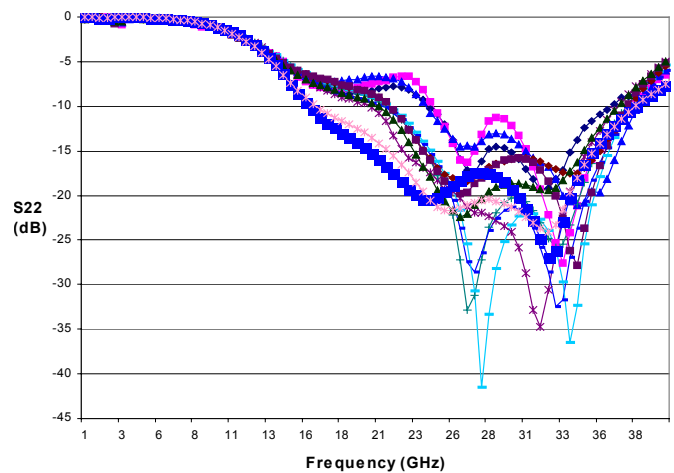
NF @ 25C



S11 @ 25C



Gain @ 25C



S22 @ 25C

**Key Features and Performance**

- 0.15um pHEMT Technology
- 21-27 GHz Frequency Range
- 1.75 dB Nominal Noise Figure
- 19 dB Nominal Gain
- 8dBm Pout
- 3V, 45 mA Self -biased

**Primary Applications**

- Point-to-Point Radio
- Point-to-Multipoint Communications

Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications subject to change without notice

MAXIMUM RATINGS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER <sup>4/</sup>	VALUE	NOTES
V <sup>+</sup>	POSITIVE SUPPLY VOLTAGE	5 V	
I <sup>+</sup>	POSITIVE SUPPLY CURRENT	60 mA	<u>1/</u>
I <sup>-</sup>	NEGATIVE GATE CURRENT	5.28 mA	
P <sub>IN</sub>	INPUT CONTINUOUS WAVE POWER	15 dBm	
P <sub>D</sub>	POWER DISSIPATION	.3 W	
T <sub>CH</sub>	OPERATING CHANNEL TEMPERATURE	150 °C	<u>2/</u> <u>3/</u>
T <sub>M</sub>	MOUNTING TEMPERATURE (30 SECONDS)	320 °C	
T <sub>STG</sub>	STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-65 to 150 °C	

- 1/ Total current for all stages.
- 2/ These ratings apply to each individual FET.
- 3/ Junction operating temperature will directly affect the device median time to failure (T<sub>M</sub>). For maximum life, it is recommended that junction temperatures be maintained at the lowest possible levels.
- 4/ These ratings represent the maximum operable values for the device.

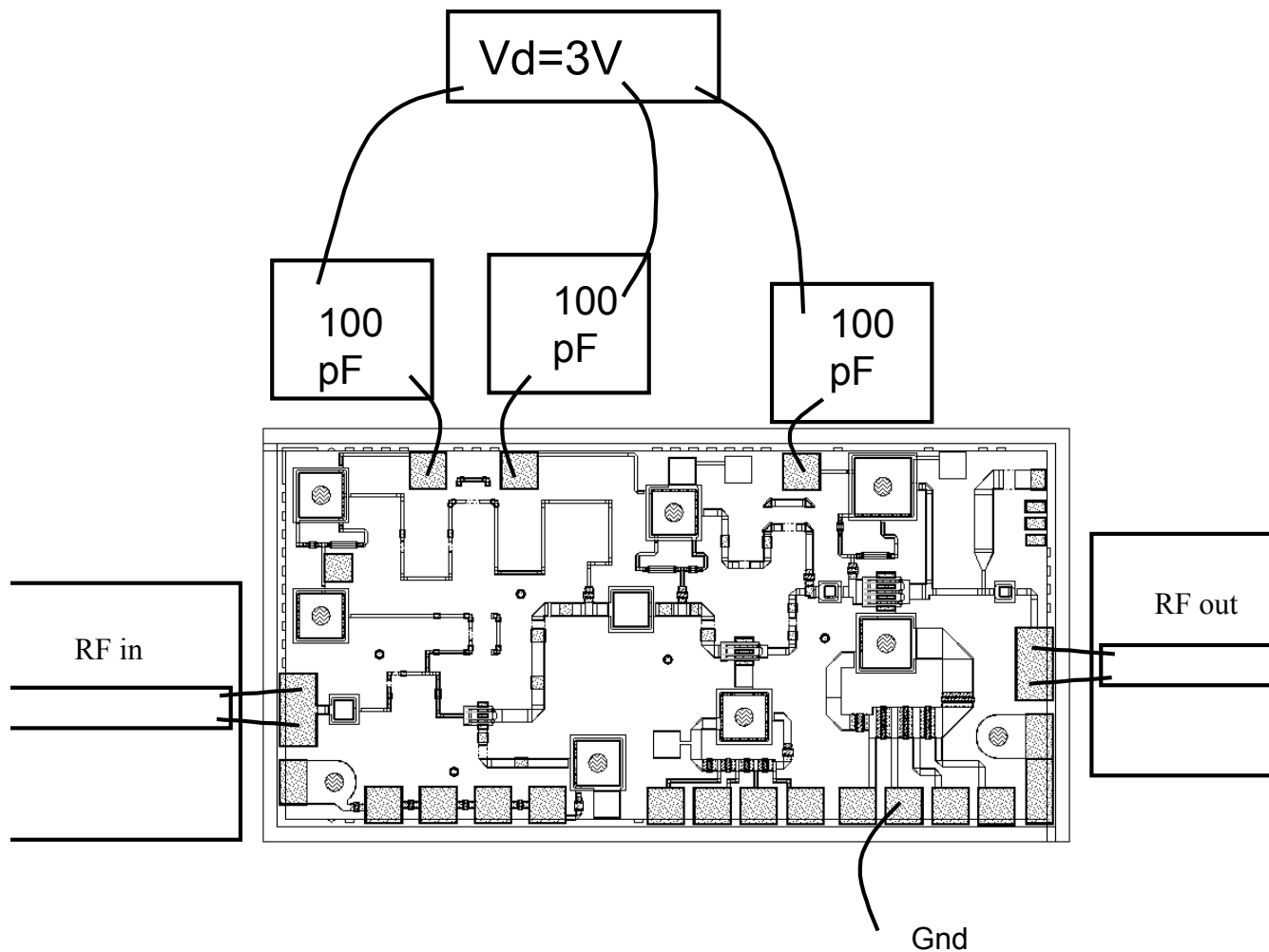
ON-WAFER RF PROBE CHARACTERISTICS

(T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C ± 5°C)

V<sub>d</sub> = 3 V

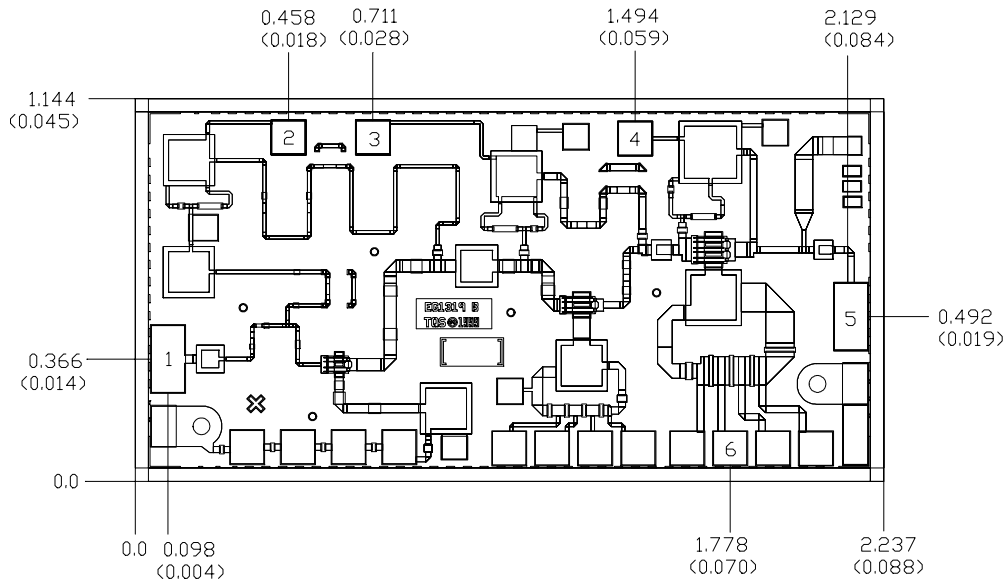
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Limit			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
Gain	Small Signal Gain	F = 21 – 26 GHz	18.5		---	dB
		F = 27 GHz	17		---	
NF	Noise Figure	F = 21 – 26.5 GHz	---		2	dB
PWR	Output Power @ P1dB	F = 21 GHz	5		---	dBm
		F = 22 GHz	6		---	
		F = 23 – 24 GHz	7		---	
		F = 25 – 26 GHz	8		---	
		F = 27 GHz	10		---	

*Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications subject to change without notice*



TGA1319B - Recommended Assembly Drawing

*Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications subject to change without notice*



Units: millimeters (inches)  
 Thickness: 0.1016 (0.004)  
 Chip edge to bond pad dimensions are shown to center of bond pad  
 Chip size tolerance: +/- 0.051 (0.002)

Bond Pad #1 (RF Input)	0.100 x 0.200 (0.004 x 0.008)
Bond Pad #2 (Vd1)	0.100 x 0.100 (0.004 x 0.004)
Bond Pad #3 (Vd2)	0.100 x 0.100 (0.004 x 0.004)
Bond Pad #4 (Vd3)	0.100 x 0.100 (0.004 x 0.004)
Bond Pad #5 (RF Output)	0.100 x 0.200 (0.004 x 0.008)
Bond Pad #6 (GND)	0.100 x 0.100 (0.004 x 0.004)

**Mechanical Drawing**

*Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications subject to change without notice*

## Assembly Process Notes

Reflow process assembly notes:

- AuSn (80/20) solder with limited exposure to temperatures at or above 300°C
- alloy station or conveyor furnace with reducing atmosphere
- no fluxes should be utilized
- coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical for long-term reliability
- storage in dry nitrogen atmosphere

Component placement and adhesive attachment assembly notes:

- vacuum pencils and/or vacuum collets preferred method of pick up
- avoidance of air bridges during placement
- force impact critical during auto placement
- organic attachment can be used in low-power applications
- curing should be done in a convection oven; proper exhaust is a safety concern
- microwave or radiant curing should not be used because of differential heating
- coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical

Interconnect process assembly notes:

- thermosonic ball bonding is the preferred interconnect technique
- force, time, and ultrasonics are critical parameters
- aluminum wire should not be used
- discrete FET devices with small pad sizes should be bonded with 0.0007-inch wire
- maximum stage temperature: 200°C

***GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.***

*Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.*