

5 BIT PROGRAMMABLE SYNCHRONOUS BUCK PLUS TRIPPLE LDO CONTROLLER

PRELIMINARY DATASHEET

FEATURES

- Provides Single Chip Solution for Vcore, GTL+,AGP Bus, and 1.8V
- Automatic Voltage Selection for AGP slot Vddq supply
- Linear regulator controller on board for 1.8V
- Designed to meet Intel Latest VRM specification for next generation micrprocessors
- On board DAC programs the output voltage from 1.3V to 3.5V
- Linear regulator controller on board for 1.5V GTL+ supply
- Loss less Short Circuit Protection for all outputs
- Synchronous operation allows maximum efficiency
- Patented architecture allows fixed frequency operation as well as 100% duty cycle during dynamic load
- Minimum part count
- Soft Start
- High current totem pole driver for direct driving of the external Power MOSFET
- **■** Power Good function Monitors all Outputs
- OVP Circuitry Protects the Switcher Output and generates a Fault output

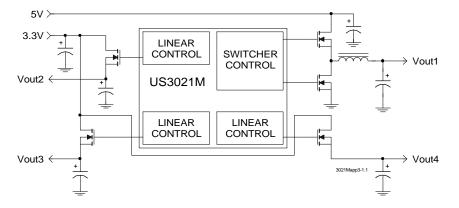
APPLICATIONS

■ Total Power Soloution for Next Generation Intel Processor application

DESCRIPTION

The US3021M controller IC is specifically designed to meet Intel specification for next generation microprocessor applications requiring multiple on board regulators . The US3021M provides a single chip controller IC for the Vcore, 3LDO controllers, one with the automatic select pin that connects to the TYPE DE-TECT pin of the AGP slot for the AGP Vddq supply, one for GTL+ and the other for the 1.8V chip set regulator as required for the next generation PC applications. The US3021M uses N ch MOSFET as pass transistor for Vout2(Vddq), Vout3(1.5V) and Vout4(1.8V). No external resistor divider is necessary for any of the regulators. The switching regulator feature a patented topology that in combination with a few external components as shown in the typical application circuit, will provide well in excess of 20A of output current for an on-board DC/DC converter while automatically providing the right output voltage via the 5 bit internal DAC .The US3021M also features, loss less current sensing for both switcher by using the Rds-on of the high side Power MOSFET as the sensing resistor, an output under voltage shutdown that detects short circuit condition for the linear outputs and latches the system off, and a Power Good window comparator that switches its open collector output low when any one of the outputs is outside of a pre programmed window.

TYPICAL APPLICATION



PACKAGE ORDER INFORMATION

Ta (°C)	Device	Package
0 TO 70	US3021MCW	28 pin Plastic SOIC WB

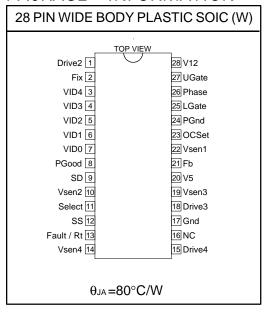
US3021M

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature Range -65 TO 150°C

Operating Junction Temperature Range 0 TO 125°C

PACKAGE INFORMATION



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Unless otherwise specified ,these specifications apply over ,V12 = 12V, V5 = 5V and Ta=0 to 70° C. Typical values refer to Ta =25°C. Low duty cycle pulse testing are used which keeps junction and case temperatures equal to the ambient temperature.

PARAMETER	SYM	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply UVLO Section						
UVLO Threshold-12V		Supply ramping up		10		V
UVLO Hysterises-12V				0.6		V
UVLO Threshold-5V		Supply ramping up		4.4		V
UVLO Hysterises-5V				0.3		V
Supply Current						
Operating Supply Current						
		V12		6		mA
		V5		30		

Switching Controllers; Vcore (Vsen 1) and AGP (Vsen 2)

VID Section (Vcore only)						
DAC output voltage (note 1)			0.99Vs	Vs	1.01Vs	V
DAC Output Line Regulation				0.1		%
DAC Output Temp Variation				0.5		%
VID Input LO					0.8	V
VID Input HI			2			V
VID input internal pull-up						
resistor to V5				27		kΩ
Vsen2 Voltage	S	elect<0.8V		1.5		V
	l s	elect>2V		3.3		V

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Error Comparator Section						
Input bias current					2	uA
Input Offset Voltage			-2		+2	mV
Delay to Output		Vdiff=10mV			100	nS
Current Limit Section						
C.S Threshold Set Current				200		uA
C.S Comp Offset Voltage			-5		+5	mV
Hiccup Duty Cycle		Css=0.1 uF		10		%
Output Drivers Section						
Rise Time		CL=3000pF		70		nS
Fall Time		CL=3000pF		70		nS
Dead band Time Between		•				
High side and Synch Drive						
(Vcore Switcher Only)		CL=3000pF		200		nS
Oscillator Section (internal)		•				
Osc Frequency		Rt=Open	†	217		Khz
1.8V Regulator (Vsen 4)		•	1			
Vsense Voltage	Vo4	Ta=25, Drive4 = Vsen4		1.800		V
Vsense Voltage		•	†	1.800		V
Input bias current					2	uA
Output Drive Current		Vaux-Vdrive>0.6V	50			mA
'						
1.5V Regulator (Vsen 3)						
Vsense Voltage	Vo3	Ta=25, Drive3 = Vsen3		1.500		V
Vsense Voltage				1.500		V
Input bias current					2	uA
Output Drive Current		Vaux-Vdrive>0.6V	50			mA
Power Good Section						
Vsen1 UV lower trip point		Vsen1 ramping down		0.90Vs		V
Vsen1 UV upper trip point		Vsen1 ramping up		0.92Vs		V
Vsen1 UV Hysterises				.02Vs		V
Vsen1 HV upper trip point		Vsen1 ramping up		1.10Vs		V
Vsen1 HV lower trip point		Vsen1 ramping down		1.08Vs		V
Vsen1 HV Hysterises				.02Vs		V
Vsen2 trip point		Select<0.8V		1.100		V
		Select>2V		2.560		V
Vsen4 trip point		Fix=GND		0.920		V
		Fix=Open		1.320		V
Vsen3 trip point		Fix=GND		0.920	,	V
•		Fix=Open		1.140		V
Power Good Output LO		RL=3mA		0.4		V
Power Good Output HI		RL=5K pull up to 5V		4.8		V
Fault (Overvoltage) Section						
Core O.V. upper trip point		Vsen1 ramping up		1.17Vs		V
Core O.V. lower trip point		Vsen1 ramping down		1.15Vs		V
FAULT Output HI		Io=3mA		10		V
Soft Start Section						
Soft Start Current	T	OCset=0V, Phase=5V		20		uA

Note 1: Vs refers to the set point voltage given in Table 1.

D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Vs
0	1	1	1	1	1.30
0	1	1	1	0	1.35
0	1	1	0	1	1.40
0	1	1	0	0	1.45
0	1	0	1	1	1.50
0	1	0	1	0	1.55
0	1	0	0	1	1.60
0	1	0	0	0	1.65
0	0	1	1	1	1.70
0	0	1	1	0	1.75
0	0	1	0	1	1.80
0	0	1	0	0	1.85
0	0	0	1	1	1.90
0	0	0	1	0	1.95
0	0	0	0	1	2.00
0	0	0	0	0	2.05

D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Vs
1	1	1	1	1	2.0
1	1	1	1	0	2.1
1	1	1	0	1	2.2
1	1	1	0	0	2.3
1	1	0	1	1	2.4
1	1	0	1	0	2.5
1	1	0	0	1	2.6
1	1	0	0	0	2.7
1	0	1	1	1	2.8
1	0	1	1	0	2.9
1	0	1	0	1	3.0
1	0	1	0	0	3.1
1	0	0	1	1	3.2
1	0	0	1	0	3.3
1	0	0	0	1	3.4
1	0	0	0	0	3.5

Table 1 - Set point voltage vs. VID codes

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

PIN#	PIN SYMBOL	Pin Description
7	VID0	LSB input to the DAC that programs the output voltage. This pin is TTL compatible that realizes a logic "1" as either HI or Open. When left open, his pin is pulled up internally by
	\/ID4	a 27kΩ resistor to 5V supply.
6	VID1	Input to the DAC that programs the output voltage. This pin is TTL compatible that realizes a logic "1" as either HI or Open. When left open, his pin is pulled up internally by a $27k\Omega$ resistor to 5V supply.
5	VID2	Input to the DAC that programs the output voltage. This pin is TTL compatible that real-
		izes a logic "1" as either HI or Open. When left open, his pin is pulled up internally by a $27k\Omega$ resistor to 5V supply.
4	VID3	MSB input to the DAC that programs the output voltage. This pin is TTL compatible that
		realizes a logic "1" as either HI or Open. When left open, his pin is pulled up internally by
		a 27kΩ resistor to 5V supply.
3	VID4	This pin selects a range of output voltages for the DAC. When in the LOW state the range
		is 1.3V to 2.05V and when it switches to HI state the range is 2.0V to 3.5V. This pin is
		TTL compatible that realizes a logic "1" as either HI or Open. When left open, his pin is
		pulled up internally by a $27k\Omega$ resistor to 5V supply.
8	PGOOD	This pin is an open collector output that switches LO when any of the outputs are outside
		of the specified under voltage trip point. It also switches low when Vsen1 pin is more than
	ED	10% above the DAC voltage setting.
21	FB	This pin provides the feedback for the synchronous switching regulator. Typically this pin
		can be connected directly to the output of the switching regulator. However, a resistor
		divider is recommended to be connected from this pin to vout1 and GND to adjust the
		output voltage for any drop in the output voltage that is caused by the trace resistance.
1	Drive2	The value of the resistor connected from Vout1 to FB1 must be less than 1000Ω.
9	SD	This pin controls the gate of an external MOSFET for the AGP linear regulator.
9	טט	This pin provides shutdown for all the regulatos. A TTL compatible, logic level high applied
		to this pin disables all the outputs and discharges the soft start capacitor. The SD signal turns off the synchronous allowing body diode to conduct and discharge the output cap.
		Trums on the synchronous anowing body diode to conduct and discharge the output cap.

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PIN#	PIN SYMBOL	Pin Description
22	Vsen1	This pin is internally connected to the undervoltage and overvoltage comparators sensing
		the Vcore status. It must be connected directly to the Vcore supply.
10	Vsen2	This pin provides the feedback for the AGP linear regulator. The Select pin when con-
		nected to the "Type Detect" pin of the AGP slot automatically selects the right voltage for
		the AGP Vddq.
15	Drive4	This pin controls the gate of an external MOSFET for the 1.8V chip set linear regulator.
23	OCSET	This pin is connected to the Drain of the power MOSFET of the Core supply and it
		provides the positive sensing for the internal current sensing circuitry. An external resis-
		tor programs the C.S threshold depending on the Rds of the power MOSFET. An external
		capacitor is placed in parallel with the programming resistor to provide high frequency
00	DUAGE	noise filtering.
26	PHASE	This pin is connected to the Source of the power MOSFET for the Core supply and it
12	SS	provides the negative sensing for the internal current sensing circuitry.
12	55	This pin provides the soft start for all the regulators. An internal current source charges an external capacitor that is connected from this pin to GND which ramps up the outputs
		of the regulators, preventing the outputs from overshooting as well as limiting the input
		current. The second function of the Soft Start cap is to provide long off time (HICCUP) for
		the synchronous MOSFET during current limiting.
13	FAULT/Rt	This pin has dual function. It acts as an output of the OVP circuitry or it can be used to
10	1710217111	program the frequency using an external resistor. When used as a fault detector, if any
		of the switcher outputs exceed the OVP trip point, the FAULT pin switches to 12V and
		the soft start cap is discharged. If the FAULT pin is to be connected to any external
		circuitry, it needs to be buffered.
18	Drive3	This pin controls the gate of an external transistor for the 1.5V GTL+ linear regulator.
19	Vsen3	This pin provides the feedback for the linear regulator that its output drive is Drive3.
16	NC	This pin is not connected internally.
14	Vsen4	This pin provides the feedback for the linear regulator that its output drive is Drive4.
17	GND	This pin serves as the ground pin and must be connected directly to the ground plane.
24	PGND	This pin serves as the Power ground pin and must be connected directly to the GND
		plane close to the source of the synchronous MOSFET. A high frequency capacitor
05	LOATE	(typically 1 uF) must be connected from V12 pin to this pin for noise free operation.
25	LGATE	Output driver for the synchronous power MOSFET for the Core supply.
27	UGATE	Output driver for the high side power MOSFET for the Core supply.
28	V12	This pin is connected to the 12 V supply and serves as the power Vcc pin for the output
		drivers. A high frequency capacitor (typically 1 uF) must be placed close to this pin and PGND pin and be connected directly from this pin to the GND plane for the noise free
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
20	VE	operation.
20	V5	operation. 5V supply voltage. A high frequency capacitor (0.1 to 1 uF) must be placed close to this
		 operation. 5V supply voltage. A high frequency capacitor (0.1 to 1 uF) must be placed close to this pin and connected from this pin to the GND plane for noise free operation.
20	V5 Select	 operation. 5V supply voltage. A high frequency capacitor (0.1 to 1 uF) must be placed close to this pin and connected from this pin to the GND plane for noise free operation. This pin provides automatic voltage selection for the AGP switching regulator. When it is
11		operation. 5V supply voltage. A high frequency capacitor (0.1 to 1 uF) must be placed close to this pin and connected from this pin to the GND plane for noise free operation. This pin provides automatic voltage selection for the AGP switching regulator. When it is pulled LO, the voltage is 1.5V and when left open or pulled to HI, the voltage is 3.3V.
		operation. 5V supply voltage. A high frequency capacitor (0.1 to 1 uF) must be placed close to this pin and connected from this pin to the GND plane for noise free operation. This pin provides automatic voltage selection for the AGP switching regulator. When it is pulled LO, the voltage is 1.5V and when left open or pulled to HI, the voltage is 3.3V. Leaving this pin open provides fixed output voltages of the 1.5V and 1.8V for the #3 and #4
11		operation. 5V supply voltage. A high frequency capacitor (0.1 to 1 uF) must be placed close to this pin and connected from this pin to the GND plane for noise free operation. This pin provides automatic voltage selection for the AGP switching regulator. When it is pulled LO, the voltage is 1.5V and when left open or pulled to HI, the voltage is 3.3V. Leaving this pin open provides fixed output voltages of the 1.5V and 1.8V for the #3 and #4 linear regulators. When this pin is grounded the reference to the linear regulators are set
11		operation. 5V supply voltage. A high frequency capacitor (0.1 to 1 uF) must be placed close to this pin and connected from this pin to the GND plane for noise free operation. This pin provides automatic voltage selection for the AGP switching regulator. When it is pulled LO, the voltage is 1.5V and when left open or pulled to HI, the voltage is 3.3V. Leaving this pin open provides fixed output voltages of the 1.5V and 1.8V for the #3 and #4 linear regulators. When this pin is grounded the reference to the linear regulators are set to 1.26V and therefore the output of the regulators can be programmed to any voltages
11		operation. 5V supply voltage. A high frequency capacitor (0.1 to 1 uF) must be placed close to this pin and connected from this pin to the GND plane for noise free operation. This pin provides automatic voltage selection for the AGP switching regulator. When it is pulled LO, the voltage is 1.5V and when left open or pulled to HI, the voltage is 3.3V. Leaving this pin open provides fixed output voltages of the 1.5V and 1.8V for the #3 and #4 linear regulators. When this pin is grounded the reference to the linear regulators are set to 1.26V and therefore the output of the regulators can be programmed to any voltages above the 1.26V using; Vout=1.26*(1+Rtop/Rbot)
11		operation. 5V supply voltage. A high frequency capacitor (0.1 to 1 uF) must be placed close to this pin and connected from this pin to the GND plane for noise free operation. This pin provides automatic voltage selection for the AGP switching regulator. When it is pulled LO, the voltage is 1.5V and when left open or pulled to HI, the voltage is 3.3V. Leaving this pin open provides fixed output voltages of the 1.5V and 1.8V for the #3 and #4 linear regulators. When this pin is grounded the reference to the linear regulators are set to 1.26V and therefore the output of the regulators can be programmed to any voltages

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BLOCK DIAGRAM

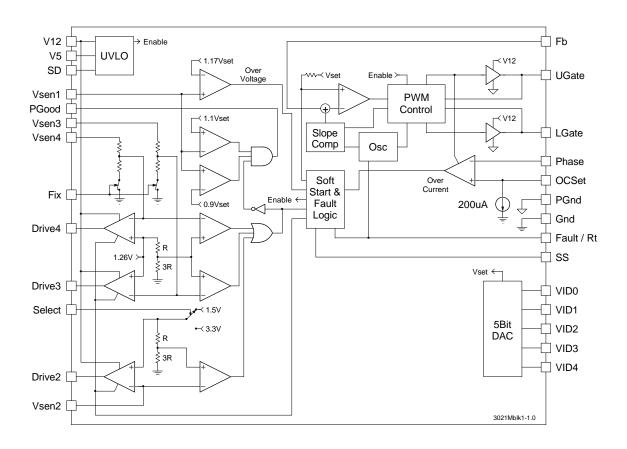


Figure 1 - Simplified block diagram of the US3021M.

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TYPICAL APPLICATION

(Dual Layout with HIP6021)

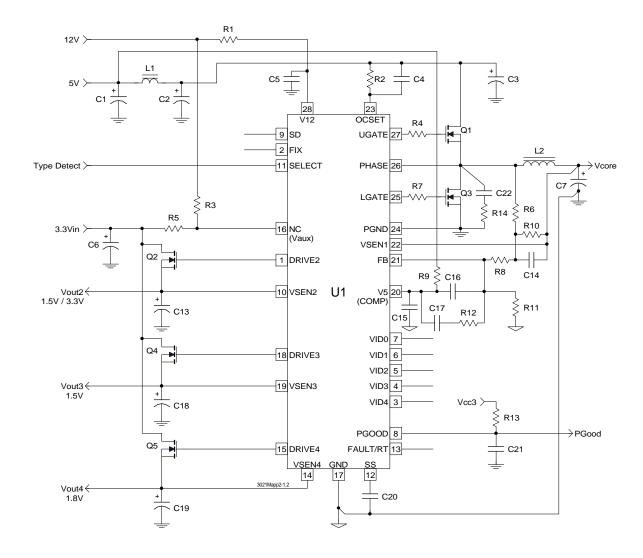


Figure 2 - Typical application of US3021M in a dual layout with HIP6021 for an on board DC-DC converter providing power for the Vcore, GTL+, 1.8V chip set supply as well as auto select AGP supply for the next generation PC applications.

Part#	R3	R5	R9	R12	C15	C16	C17
HIP6021	0	S	0	V	0	V	V
US3021M	S	0	S	0	V	0	0

S - Short O - Open V - See Unisem or Harris parts list for the value.

Table 2 - Dual layout component table

US3021M

US3021M Application Parts List Dual Layout with HIP6021

Ref Desig	Description	Qty	Part#	Manuf
Q1	MOSFET	1	IRL3103S, TO263 package	IR
Q2	MOSFET	1	IRLR3103, TO252 package	IR
Q3	MOSFET with Schottky	1	IRL3103D1S, TO263 package	IR
Q4,5	MOSFET	2	IRLR024, TO252 package	IR
L1	Inductor	1	L=1uH, 5052 core with 4 turns of	Micro Metal
			1.0mm wire	
L2	Inductor	1	L=2.7uH, 5052B core with 7 turns of	Micro Metal
			1.2mm wire	
C1	Capacitor, Electrolytic	1	10MV470GX, 470uF,10V	Sanyo
C2,3	Capacitor, Electrolytic	2	10MV1200GX, 1200uF,10V	Sanyo
C4 C5	Capacitor, Ceramic	1	220pF, 0603	
	Capacitor, Ceramic	1	1uF, 0805	
C6,18	Capacitor, Electrolytic	2	6MV1000GX, 1000uF,6.3V	Sanyo
C7	Capacitor, Electrolytic	6	6MV1500GX, 1500uF,6.3V,	Sanyo
C13,19	Capacitor, Electrolytic	1	6MV1500GX, 1500uF,6.3V,	Sanyo
C14,15	Capacitor, Ceramic	2	1uF, 0603	
C16,17	Capacitor, Ceramic	2	See Table 2, dual layout component	
			0603 * 2	
C20,21	Capacitor, Ceramic	2	0.1uF, 0603	
C22	Capacitor, Ceramic	1	1000pF, 0603	
R1	Resistor	1	10Ω, 5%, 0603	
R2	Resistor	1	3.3 k Ω , 5%, 0603	
R3,5,12	Resistor	3	See Table 2, dual layout component	
			0603 * 3	
R4,7,14	Resistor	3	4.7Ω , 5%, 1206	
R6,8,10	Resistor	3	2.2kΩ, 1%, 0603	
R9	Resistor	1	$0\Omega, 0603$	
R11	Resistor	1	220kΩ, 1%, 0603	
R13	Resistor	1	10kΩ, 5%, 0603	

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