

4K X20C04 512 x 8 Bit

Nonvolatile Static RAM

FEATURES

- High Reliability
 - Endurance: 1,000,000 Nonvolatile Store Operations
 - —Retention: 100 Years Minimum
- Power-on Recall
 - —E²PROM Data Automatically Recalled Into SRAM Upon Power-up
- Lock Out Inadvertent Store Operations
- Low Power CMOS
 - -Standby: 250μA
- Infinite E²PROM Array Recall, and RAM Read and Write Cycles
- Compatible with X2004

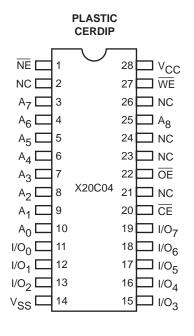
DESCRIPTION

The Xicor X20C04 is a 512 x 8 NOVRAM featuring a static RAM overlaid bit-for-bit with a nonvolatile electrically erasable PROM (E²PROM). The X20C04 is fabricated with advanced CMOS floating gate technology to achieve low power and wide power-supply margin. The X20C04 features the JEDEC approved pinout for bytewide memories, compatible with industry standard RAMs, ROMs, EPROMs, and E²PROMs.

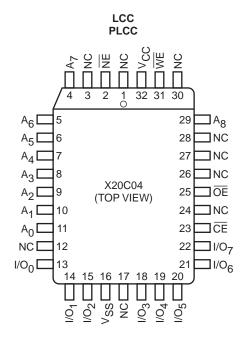
The NOVRAM design allows data to be easily transferred from RAM to E²PROM (store) and E²PROM to RAM (recall). The store operation is completed in 5ms or less and the recall operation is completed in 5µs or less.

Xicor NOVRAMS are designed for unlimited write operations to RAM, either from the host or recalls from E²PROM, and a minimum 1,000,000 store operations to the E²PROM. Data retention is specified to be greater than 100 years.

PIN CONFIGURATION



3825 FHD F02



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Addresses (A₀-A₈)

The Address inputs select an 8-bit memory location during a read or write operation.

Chip Enable (CE)

The Chip Enable input must be LOW to enable all read/write operations. When $\overline{\text{CE}}$ is HIGH, power consumption is reduced.

Output Enable (OE)

The Output Enable input controls the data output buffers and is used to initiate read and recall operations. Output Enable LOW disables a store operation regardless of the state of \overline{CE} , \overline{WE} , or \overline{NE} .

Data In/Data Out (I/O₀-I/O₇)

Data is written to or read from the X20C04 through the I/O pins. The I/O pins are placed in the high impedance state when either \overline{CE} or \overline{OE} is HIGH or when \overline{NE} is LOW.

Write Enable (WE)

The Write Enable input controls the writing of data to both the static RAM and stores to the E²PROM.

Nonvolatile Enable (NE)

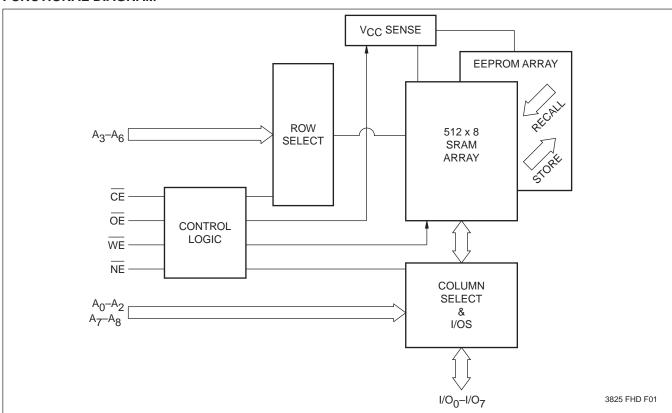
The Nonvolatile Enable input controls all accesses to the E²PROM array (store and recall functions).

PIN NAMES

| Symbol | Description | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| A0-A8 | Address Inputs | | | |
| I/O ₀ –I/O ₇ | Data Input/Output | | | |
| WE | Write Enable | | | |
| CE | Chip Enable | | | |
| ŌĒ | Output Enable | | | |
| NE | Nonvolatile Enable | | | |
| Vcc | +5V | | | |
| Vss | Ground | | | |
| NC | No Connect | | | |

3825 PGM T01

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



DEVICE OPERATION

The $\overline{\text{CE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$, $\overline{\text{WE}}$ and $\overline{\text{NE}}$ inputs control the X20C04 operation. The X20C04 byte-wide NOVRAM uses a 2-line control architecture to eliminate bus contention in a system environment. The I/O bus will be in a high impedance state when either $\overline{\text{OE}}$ or $\overline{\text{CE}}$ is HIGH, or when $\overline{\text{NE}}$ is LOW.

RAM Operations

RAM read and write operations are performed as they would be with any static RAM. A read operation requires \overline{CE} and \overline{OE} to be LOW with \overline{WE} and \overline{NE} HIGH. A write operation requires \overline{CE} and \overline{WE} to be LOW with \overline{NE} HIGH. There is no limit to the number of read or write operations performed to the RAM portion of the X20C04.

Nonvolatile Operations

With $\overline{\text{NE}}$ LOW, recall operation is performed in the same manner as RAM read operation. A recall operation causes the entire contents of the E²PROM to be written into the RAM array. The time required for the operation to complete is 5 μ s or less. A store operation causes the entire contents of the RAM array to be stored in the nonvolatile E²PROM. The time for the operation to complete is 5ms or less.

Power-Up Recall

Upon power-up (V_{CC}), the X20C04 performs an automatic array recall. When V_{CC} minimum is reached, the recall is initiated, regardless of the state of $\overline{\text{CE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$, $\overline{\text{WE}}$ and $\overline{\text{NE}}$.

Write Protection

The X20C04 has five write protect features that are employed to protect the contents of both the nonvolatile memory and the RAM.

- V_{CC} Sense—All functions are inhibited when V_{CC} is ≤ 3.5V.
- A RAM write is required before a Store Cycle is initiated.
- Write Inhibit—Holding either OE LOW, WE HIGH, CE HIGH, or NE HIGH during power-up and powerdown will prevent an inadvertent store operation.
- Noise Protection—A combined WE, NE, OE and CE pulse of less than 20ns will not initiate a Store Cycle.
- Noise Protection—A combined WE, NE, OE and CE pulse of less than 20ns will not initiate a recall cycle.

SYMBOL TABLE

| WAVEFORM | INPUTS | OUTPUTS |
|----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Must be steady | Will be steady |
| | May change from LOW to HIGH | Will change from LOW to HIGH |
| | May change from HIGH to LOW | Will change from HIGH to LOW |
| | Don't Care: Changes Allowed | Changing: State Not Known |
| | N/A | Center Line is High Impedance |

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

| Temperature under Bias | 65°C to +135°C |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Storage Temperature | 65°C to +150°C |
| Voltage on any Pin with | |
| Respect to VSS | 1V to +7V |
| D.C. Output Current | 10mA |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering. | 10 seconds) 300°C |

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Temperature | Min. | Max. |
|-------------|-------|--------|
| Commercial | 0°C | +70°C |
| Industrial | −40°C | +85°C |
| Military | −55°C | +125°C |

3825 PGM T02.1

*COMMENT

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and the functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

| Supply Voltage | Limits | | |
|----------------|---------|--|--|
| X20C04 | 5V ±10% | | |

3825 PGM T03

D.C. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise specified.)

| | | | Limits | | |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------|------|----------------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions |
| I _{CC1} | V _{CC} Current (Active) | | 100 | mA | $\overline{NE} = \overline{WE} = V_{IH}, \overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$ Address Inputs = 0.4V/2.4V levels @ f = 5MHz. All I/Os = Open |
| I _{CC2} | V _{CC} Current During Store | | 10 | mA | All Inputs = V _{IH} |
| | | | | | All I/Os = Open |
| I _{SB1} | V _{CC} Standby Current (TTL Input) | | 10 | mA | $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$ All Other Inputs = V_{IH} , All I/Os = Open |
| I _{SB2} | V _{CC} Standby Current (CMOS Input) | | 250 | μА | All Inputs = $V_{CC} - 0.3V$ All I/Os = Open |
| ILI | Input Leakage Current | | 10 | μΑ | $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} |
| I _{LO} | Output Leakage Current | | 10 | μΑ | $V_{OUT} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} , $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$ |
| V _{IL} (1) | Input LOW Voltage | -1 | 0.8 | V | |
| V _{IH} (1) | Input HIGH Voltage | 2 | $V_{CC} + 0.5$ | V | |
| V _{OL} | Output LOW Voltage | | 0.4 | V | $I_{OL} = 2.1 \text{mA}$ |
| V _{OH} | Output HIGH Voltage | 2.4 | | V | $I_{OH} = -400 \mu A$ |

3825 PGM T04.3

POWER-UP TIMING

| Symbol | Parameter | Max. | Units |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|------|-------|
| t _{PUR} (2) | Power-Up to RAM Operation | 100 | μs |
| t _{PUW} (2) | Power-Up to Nonvolatile Operation | 5 | ms |

3825 PGM T05

CAPACITANCE $T_A = +25$ °C, F = 1MHz, $V_{CC} = 5$ V.

| Symbol | Test | Max. | Units | Conditions |
|----------------------|--------------------------|------|-------|----------------|
| C _{I/O} (2) | Input/Output Capacitance | 10 | pF | $V_{I/O} = 0V$ |
| C _{IN} (2) | Input Capacitance | 6 | pF | $V_{IN} = 0V$ |

3825 PGM T06.1

Notes: (1) V_{IL} min. and V_{IH} max. are for reference only and are not tested.

(2) This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

ENDURANCE AND DATA RETENTION

| Parameter | Min. | Units | | |
|----------------|-----------|----------------------|--|--|
| Endurance | 100,000 | Data Changes Per Bit | | |
| Store Cycles | 1,000,000 | Store Cycles | | |
| Data Retention | 100 | Years | | |

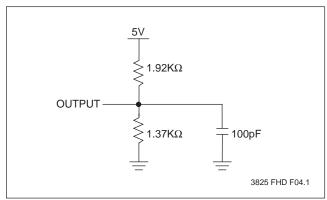
3825 PGM T07.1

MODE SELECTION

| CE | WE | NE | ŌĒ | Mode | 1/0 | Power |
|----|----|----|----|---------------------|-----------------|---------|
| Н | X | Х | Х | Not Selected | Output High Z | Standby |
| L | Н | Н | L | Read RAM | Output Data | Active |
| L | L | Н | Н | Write "1" RAM | Input Data High | Active |
| L | L | Н | Н | Write "0" RAM | Input Data Low | Active |
| L | Н | L | L | Array Recall | Output High Z | Active |
| L | L | L | Н | Nonvolatile Storing | Output High Z | Active |
| L | Н | Н | Н | Output Disabled | Output High Z | Active |
| L | L | L | L | Not Allowed | Output High Z | Active |
| L | Н | L | Н | No Operation | Output High Z | Active |

3825 PGM T09.1

EQUIVALENT A.C. LOAD CIRCUIT



A.C. CONDITIONS OF TEST

| Input Pulse Levels | 0V to 3V |
|--------------------|----------|
| Input Rise and | |
| Fall Times | 10ns |
| Input and Output | |
| Timing Levels | 1.5V |

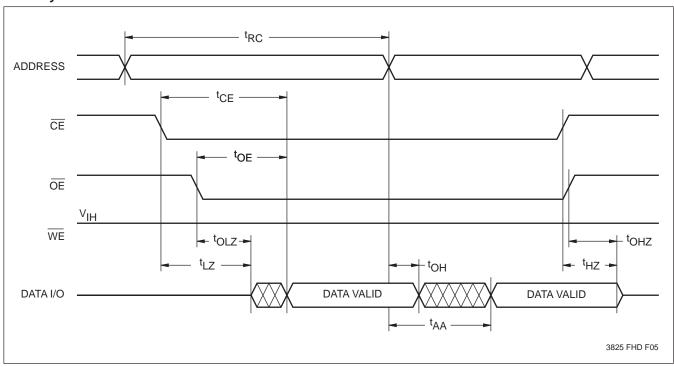
3825 PGM T08.2

A.C. CHARACTERISTICS (Over the recommended operating conditions unless otherwise specified) **Read Cycle Limits**

| | | X20C04-15 X20 | | X20C04-20 | | X20C04-25 | | X20C04 | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|--------|------|-------|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Units |
| t _{RC} | Read Cycle Time | 150 | | 200 | | 250 | | 300 | | ns |
| t _{CE} | Chip Enable Access Time | | 150 | | 200 | | 250 | | 300 | ns |
| t _{AA} | Address Access Time | | 150 | | 200 | | 250 | | 300 | ns |
| toE | Output Enable Access Time | | 50 | | 70 | | 100 | | 150 | ns |
| t _{LZ} (3) | Chip Enable to Output in Low Z | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | ns |
| t _{OLZ} (3) | Output Enable to Output in Low Z | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | ns |
| t _{HZ} (3) | Chip Disable to Output in High Z | | 80 | | 100 | | 100 | | 100 | ns |
| t _{OHZ} (3) | Output Disable to Output in High Z | | 80 | | 100 | | 100 | | 100 | ns |
| t _{OH} | Output Hold From Address Change | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | ns |

3825 PGM T10

Read Cycle



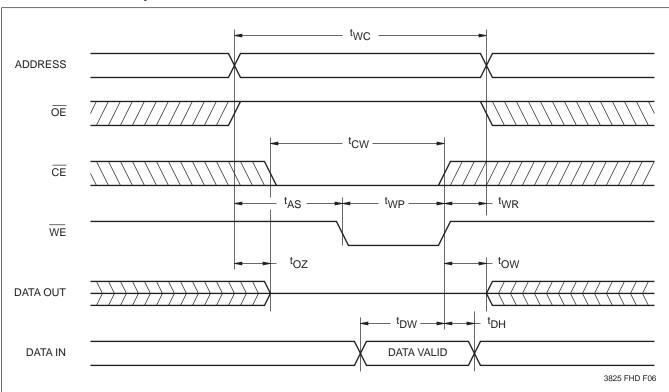
Note: (3) t_{LZ} min., t_{HZ} , t_{OLZ} min., and t_{OHZ} are periodically sampled and not 100% tested. t_{HZ} max. and t_{OHZ} max. are measured, with $C_L = 5pF$ from the point when \overline{CE} or \overline{OE} return HIGH (whichever occurs first) to the time when the outptus are no longer driven.

Write Cycle Limits

| | | X20C04-15 | | X20C04-20 | | X20C04-25 | | X20C04 | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|--------|------|-------|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Units |
| t _{WC} | Write Cycle Time | 150 | | 200 | | 250 | | 300 | | ns |
| t _{CW} | Chip Enable to End of Write Input | 150 | | 200 | | 250 | | 300 | | ns |
| t _{AS} | Address Setup Time | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | ns |
| t _{WP} | Write Pulse Width | 100 | | 120 | | 150 | | 200 | | ns |
| t _{WR} | Write Recovery Time | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | ns |
| t _{DW} | Data Setup to End of Write | 100 | | 120 | | 150 | | 200 | | ns |
| t _{DH} | Data Hold Time | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | ns |
| t _{WZ} (4) | Write Enable to Output in High Z | | 80 | | 100 | | 100 | | 100 | ns |
| t _{OW} (4) | Output Active from End of Write | 5 | | 5 | | 5 | | 5 | | ns |
| t _{OZ} (4) | Output Enable to Output in High Z | | 80 | | 100 | | 100 | | 100 | ns |

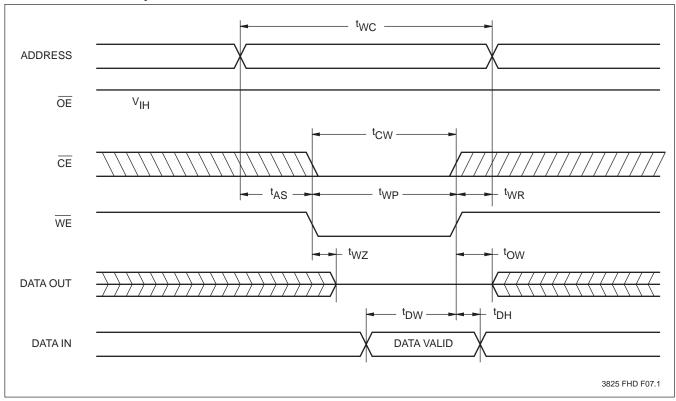
3825 PGM T11

WE Controlled Write Cycle



Note: (4) t_{WZ} , t_{OW} , and t_{OZ} are periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

CE Controlled Write Cycle

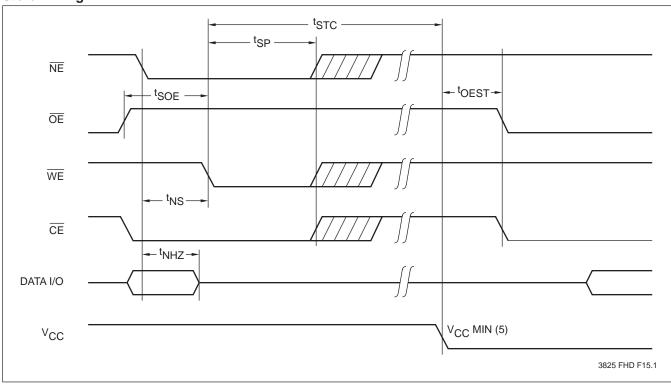


STORE CYCLE LIMITS

| | | X20C04-15 | | X20C04-20 | | X20C04-25 | | X20C04 | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|--------|------|-------|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Units |
| t _{STC} | Store Cycle Time | | 5 | | 5 | | 5 | | 5 | ms |
| t _{SP} | Store Pulse Width | 100 | | 120 | | 150 | | 200 | | ns |
| t _{NHZ} | Nonvolatile Enable to Output in High Z | | 80 | | 100 | | 100 | | 100 | ns |
| toest | Output Enable From End of Store | 10 | | 10 | | 10 | | 10 | | ns |
| t _{SOE} | OE Disable to Store Function | 20 | | 20 | | 20 | | 20 | | ns |
| t _{NS} | NE Setup Time from WE | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | ns |

3825 PGM T09

Store Timing



Note: (5) $X20C04 V_{CC} min. = 4.5V$

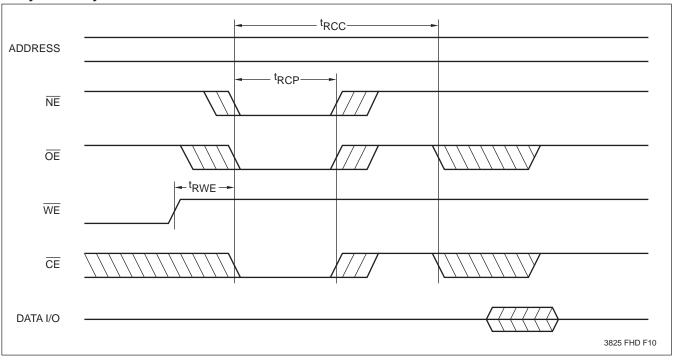
The Store Pulse Width (t_{SP}) is a minimum time that \overline{NE} , \overline{WE} and \overline{CE} must be LOW simultaneously.

ARRAY RECALL CYCLE LIMITS

| | | X20C04-15 | | X20C04-20 | | X20C04-25 | | X20C04 | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|--------|------|-------|
| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Units |
| t _{RCC} | Array Recall Cycle Time | | 5 | | 5 | | 5 | | 5 | μs |
| t _{RCP} (6) | Recall Pulse Width to InitiateRecall | 0.1 | 1 | 0.12 | 1 | 0.15 | 1 | 0.2 | 1 | μs |
| t _{RWE} | WE Setup Time to NE | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | ns |

Array Recall Cycle

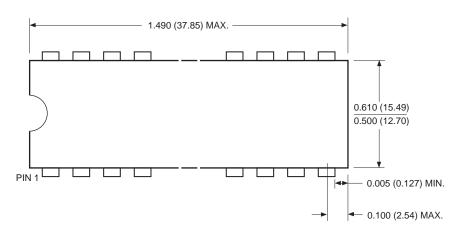
3825 PGM T13.1

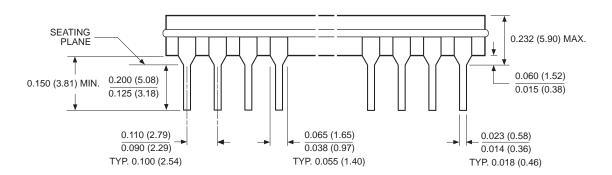


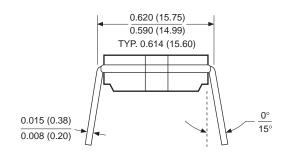
Note: (6) The Recall Pulse Width (t_{RCP}) is a minimum time that \overline{NE} , \overline{OE} and \overline{CE} must be LOW simultaneously to insure data integrity, \overline{NE} and \overline{CE} .

PACKAGING INFORMATION

28-LEAD HERMETIC DUAL IN-LINE PACKAGE TYPE D



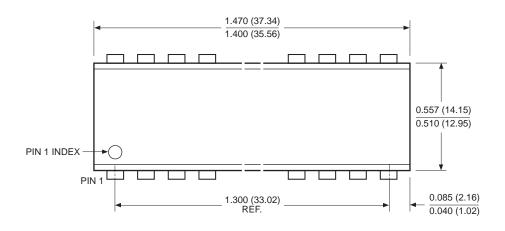


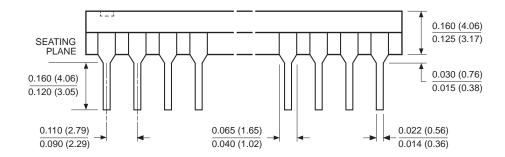


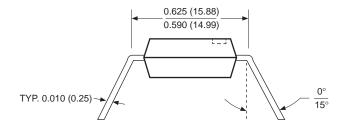
NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES (IN PARENTHESES IN MILLIMETERS)

PACKAGING INFORMATION

28-LEAD PLASTIC DUAL IN-LINE PACKAGE TYPE P





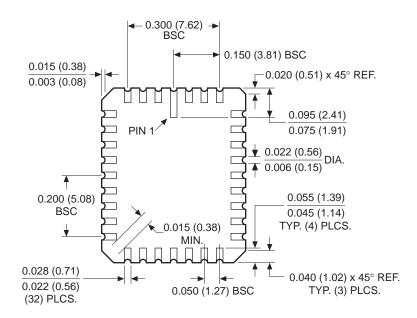


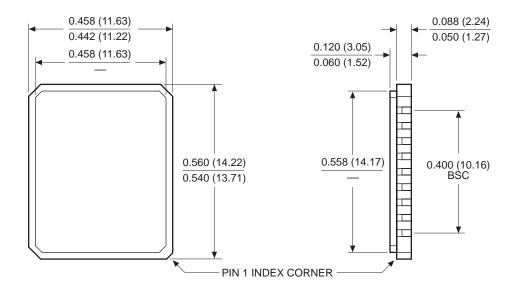
NOTE:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES (IN PARENTHESES IN MILLIMETERS)
- 2. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS EXCLUDE MOLDING FLASH

PACKAGING INFORMATION

32-PAD CERAMIC LEADLESS CHIP CARRIER PACKAGE TYPE E

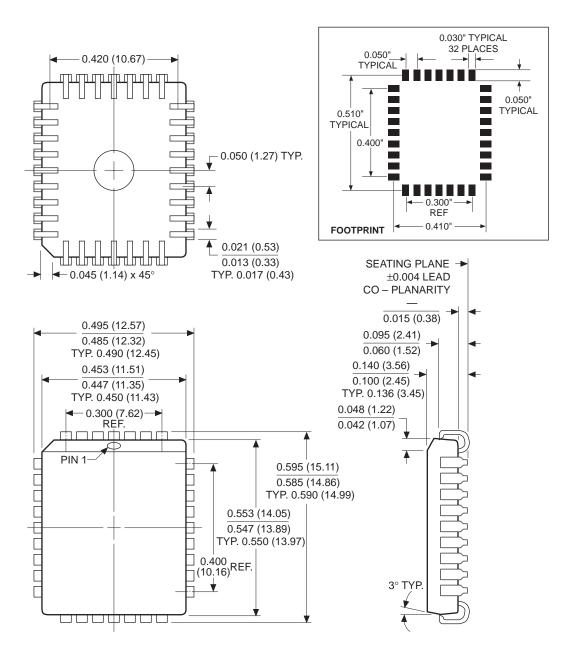




NOTE:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES (IN PARENTHESES IN MILLIMETERS)
- 2. TOLERANCE: ±1% NLT ±0.005 (0.127)

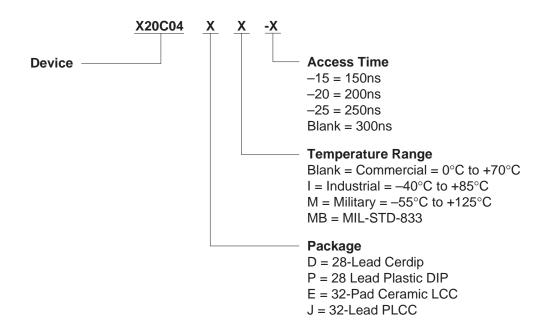
32-LEAD PLASTIC LEADED CHIP CARRIER PACKAGE TYPE J



NOTES

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES (IN PARENTHESES IN MILLIMETERS)
- 2. DIMENSIONS WITH NO TOLERANCE FOR REFERENCE ONLY

ORDERING INFORMATION



LIMITED WARRANTY

Devices sold by Xicor, Inc. are covered by the warranty and patent indemnification provisions appearing in its Terms of Sale only. Xicor, Inc. makes no warranty, express, statutory, implied, or by description regarding the information set forth herein or regarding the freedom of the described devices from patent infringement. Xicor, Inc. makes no warranty of merchantability or fitness tor any purpose. Xicor, Inc. reserves the right to discontinue production and change specifications and prices at any time and without notice.

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LIFE RELATED POLICY

In situations where semiconductor component failure may endanger life, system designers using this product should design the system with appropriate error detection and correction, redundancy and back-up features to prevent such an occurrence.

Xicor's products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems.

- 1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform, when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its satety or effectiveness.